# **Islamic University of Technology (IUT)**

Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC)

Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering (EEE)

EEE 4416: Simulation Lab Lab – 01 Assignment

# Exercise - 01

### **Problem statement: Leap Year Matrix**

You are required to create a matrix consisting of 4 rows, where each row contains the leap years from a specific century (1601–2000). Follow the steps below to complete this task:

## 1. Generate Century-wise Arrays

Create four arrays:

- o `c\_17` containing years from 1601 to 1700 (inclusive) with a step of 4 years.
- o `c\_18` containing years from 1701 to 1800 (inclusive) with a step of 4 years.
- o `c\_19` containing years from 1801 to 1900 (inclusive) with a step of 4 years.
- o `c\_20` containing years from 1901 to 2000 (inclusive) with a step of 4 years.

## 2. Handle Non-Leap Centurial Years

Replace the years 1700, 1800, and 1900 with `NaN`, since these years are divisible by 100 but not by 400 and thus are not leap years.

### 3. Create the Matrix

Stack the four arrays vertically to form a 4-row matrix, where each row represents leap years of the corresponding century.

### **Expected Output**

# Exercise - 02

#### **Problem statement:**

A retail company sells 5 different products. At the end of each week, they collect two types of data:

- i. The number of units sold for each product during the week.
- ii. The price per unit for each product.

You are required to calculate the total revenue generated during the week.

## Data (example):

- i. units\_sold = [120, 85, 40, 60, 100] (units sold for 5 products)
- ii. unit\_price = [10.0, 25.5, 30.0, 15.0, 8.5] (price per unit for each product)

Output: Total\_Revenue: 5147.5

# Exercise - 03

#### **Problem statement:**

Write a program that takes A, an n-by-m matrix, as an input where both n and m are odd numbers and k, a positive odd integer that is smaller than both m and n (the program does not have to check the input). The program returns the input matrix with its center k-by k matrix zeroed out.

### **Input:**

```
n = 7;
m = 7;
A = reshape(1:m*n, n, m)
k = 3;
```

## **Output:**

```
A = 7 \times 7
  [1
     8
        15 22 29 36 43
  2
     9
        16
           23 30 37 44
  3
    10
        0
           0
               0 38 45
  4
    11
           0
               0 39 46
        0
  5
    12
               0 40 47
        0
           0
           27 34 41 48
  6
    13
        20
  7
    14
        21
           28 35 42 49]
```

# Exercise - 04

#### **Problem statement:**

- i. Create a **row vector v1** containing all even numbers from 2 to 20 using the **colon operator**.
- ii. Create (1x10) row vector v2 of row indices squared  $(1^2, 2^2, ..., 10^2)$
- iii. Generate an 8x8 matrix M, containing random integers between the **last 3 digits of your id** and 1000 and then extract the **diagonal elements** into a vector D.
- iv. Calculate the **mean value** of the vector D.

### **Test case:**

## **Input:**

Id: 208

## **Output**:

```
i. Expected output v1 = [2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20]
```

ii. Expected output v2 = [2 49 16 25 36 49 64 81 100]

```
iii. M = 8x8
```

```
    [664
    722
    752
    594
    718
    701
    387
    925

    255
    788
    353
    553
    508
    673
    343
    984

    394
    721
    500
    562
    851
    372
    388
    556

    488
    565
    704
    450
    630
    446
    553
    296

    859
    641
    826
    611
    486
    581
    454
    412

    220
    442
    272
    613
    952
    390
    940
    532

    242
    798
    945
    856
    902
    877
    549
    679

    342
    357
    823
    838
    644
    362
    354
    415]
```

```
[664
788
500
450
486
390
549
415]
```

D = 8x1

iv. Mean = 530.2500