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# How to calculate MD5 and SHA hash values in Java

now! needs

In cryptography, **MD5** (*Message Digest version 5*) and **SHA** (*Secure Hash Algorithm*) are two well-known message digest algorithms. They are also referred as cryptographic hash functions, which take arbitrary-sized data as input (message) and produce a fixed-length hash value. One of the most important properties of hash functions is, it's infeasible to generate a message that has a given hash (secure one-way). Hash functions are frequently used to check data integrity such as checking integrity of a downloaded file against its publicly-known hash value. Another common usage is to encrypt user's password in database.

The Java platform provides two implementation of hashing functions: MD5 (produces 128-bit hash value), SHA-1 (160-bit) and SHA-2 (256-bit). This tutorial demonstrates how to generate MD5 and SHA hash values from String or file using Java.

Here are general steps to generate a hash value from an input (message):

• First approach (suitable for small-sized message):

```
// algorithm can be "MD5", "SHA-1", "SHA-256"
MessageDigest digest = MessageDigest.getInstance(algorithm);

byte[] inputBytes = // get bytes array from message

byte[] hashBytes = digest.digest(inputBytes);

// convert hash bytes to string (usually in hexadecimal form)
```

• Second approach (suitable for large-size message, i.e. large file):

```
MessageDigest digest = MessageDigest.getInstance(algorithm);

byte[] inputBytes = // get bytes array from message

digest.update(inputBytes);

byte[] hashedBytes = digest.digest();

// convert hash bytes to string (usually in hexadecimal form)
```

Now, let's see some examples in details.

## 1. Generating Hash from String

The following method takes a message and algorithm name as inputs and returns hexadecimal form of the calculated hash value:

```
1
     private static String hashString(String message, String algorithm)
2
             throws HashGenerationException {
3
4
         try {
5
             MessageDigest digest = MessageDigest.getInstance(algorithm);
             byte[] hashedBytes = digest.digest(message.getBytes("UTF-8"));
6
7
8
             return convertByteArrayToHexString(hashedBytes);
9
         } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException | UnsupportedEncodingException ex) {
10
             throw new HashGenerationException(
                     "Could not generate hash from String", ex);
11
12
         }
     }
13
```

The HashGenerationException is a custom exception (you can find this class in the attachment). The convertByteArrayToHexString() method is implemented as follows:

The hashstring() is a general method. Here are four public utility methods that are specific to each algorithm (MD5, SHA-1 and SHA-256):

```
1
     public static String generateMD5(String message) throws HashGenerationExce
2
         return hashString(message, "MD5");
3
4
5
     public static String generateSHA1(String message) throws HashGenerationExc
6
         return hashString(message, "SHA-1");
7
8
9
     public static String generateSHA256(String message) throws HashGenerationE
10
         return hashString(message, "SHA-256");
11
     }
```

Hence we have the following utility class:

```
1
     package net.codejava.security;
 2
 3
     import java.io.UnsupportedEncodingException;
     import java.security.MessageDigest;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
 4
 5
 6
7
      * Hash functions utility class.
8
9
        @author www.codejava.net
10
11
12
     public class HashGeneratorUtils {
13
         private HashGeneratorUtils() {
14
15
16
17
         public static String generateMD5(String message) throws HashGeneration
18
              return hashString(message, "MD5");
19
20
         public static String generateSHA1(String message) throws HashGeneration
21
22
              return hashString(message, "SHA-1");
23
24
25
         public static String generateSHA256(String message) throws HashGenerat
              return hashString(message, "SHA-256");
26
27
         }
28
29
         private static String hashString(String message, String algorithm)
30
                  throws HashGenerationException {
31
32
              try {
33
                  MessageDigest digest = MessageDigest.getInstance(algorithm);
                  byte[] hashedBytes = digest.digest(message.getBytes("UTF-8"));
34
35
36
                  return convertByteArrayToHexString(hashedBytes);
37
              } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException | UnsupportedEncodingException e
38
                  throw new HashGenerationException(
39
                           "Could not generate hash from String", ex);
40
              }
41
         }
42
43
         private static String convertByteArrayToHexString(byte[] arrayBytes) {
44
              StringBuffer stringBuffer = new StringBuffer();
45
              for (int i = 0; i < arrayBytes.length; i++) {</pre>
46
                  stringBuffer.append(Integer.toString((arrayBytes[i] & 0xff) +
47
                           .substring(1));
48
49
              return stringBuffer.toString();
50
         }
51
     }
```

Here's a test program:

```
1
     package net.codejava.security;
 2
 3
 4
      * Test generating hash values from String.
      * @author www.codejava.net
 5
 6
 7
     public class StringHashGeneratorExample {
 8
 9
10
         public static void main(String[] args) {
11
12
                 String inputString = args[0];
                 System.out.println("Input String: " + inputString);
13
14
15
                 String md5Hash = HashGeneratorUtils.generateMD5(inputString);
                 System.out.println("MD5 Hash: " + md5Hash);
16
17
18
                 String sha1Hash = HashGeneratorUtils.generateSHA1(inputString)
19
                 System.out.println("SHA-1 Hash: " + sha1Hash);
20
21
                 String sha256Hash = HashGeneratorUtils.generateSHA256(inputStr
22
                 System.out.println("SHA-256 Hash: " + sha256Hash);
23
             } catch (HashGenerationException ex) {
24
                 ex.printStackTrace();
25
             }
         }
26
27
28
     }
```

If the input message is "admin" the test program produces the following output:

# 2. Generating Hash from File

To calculate hash value of a large file effectively, it's recommended to repeatedly put a chunk of bytes to the message digest, until reaching end of file. Here's such method:

```
1
     private static String hashFile(File file, String algorithm)
 2
             throws HashGenerationException {
 3
         try (FileInputStream inputStream = new FileInputStream(file)) {
             MessageDigest digest = MessageDigest.getInstance(algorithm);
 5
             byte[] bytesBuffer = new byte[1024];
 6
 7
             int bytesRead = -1;
 8
 9
             while ((bytesRead = inputStream.read(bytesBuffer)) != -1) {
10
                 digest.update(bytesBuffer, 0, bytesRead);
11
             }
12
13
             byte[] hashedBytes = digest.digest();
14
15
             return convertByteArrayToHexString(hashedBytes);
16
         } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException | IOException ex) {
17
             throw new HashGenerationException(
18
                      "Could not generate hash from file", ex);
19
20
     }
```

Here are four public methods that are specific to each algorithm:

```
1
     public static String generateMD5(File file) throws HashGenerationException
2
         return hashFile(file, "MD5");
3
4
5
     public static String generateSHA1(File file) throws HashGenerationExceptic
         return hashFile(file, "SHA-1");
6
7
8
9
     public static String generateSHA256(File file) throws HashGenerationExcept
         return hashFile(file, "SHA-256");
10
11
```

And here's a test program:

```
1
     package net.codejava.security;
 2
 3
     import java.io.File;
 4
 5
 6
      * Test generating hash values from File.
 7
        @author www.codejava.net
 8
 9
10
     public class FileHashGeneratorExample {
11
         public static void main(String[] args) {
12
             13
14
15
                 System.out.println("File Path: " + filePath);
16
                 File file = new File(filePath);
17
18
                 String md5Hash = HashGeneratorUtils.generateMD5(file);
19
                 System.out.println("MD5 Hash: " + md5Hash);
20
21
                 String sha1Hash = HashGeneratorUtils.generateSHA1(file);
                 System.out.println("SHA-1 Hash: " + sha1Hash);
22
23
                 String sha256Hash = HashGeneratorUtils.generateSHA256(file);
24
                 System.out.println("SHA-256 Hash: " + sha256Hash);
25
26
27
             } catch (HashGenerationException ex) {
28
                 ex.printStackTrace();
29
30
         }
31
32
     }
```

Example output:

```
1 File Path: D:\Java\PDFViewer\JPedalPDFViewer.zip
2 MD5 Hash: 56a86f56a18b73353e5f0afa7b142ed1
3 SHA-1 Hash: dc55bd7e84c4787242499ec068fa145bcca01937
4 SHA-256 Hash: 093059d79d009662a0a7f70c74cec934a73c1becc8ac813cdcc4995f2aeb8
```

#### **NOTES:**

MD5 was found insecure, so it's recommended to use SHA-256 instead for better security.

### References

- MD5 on Wikipedia
- Secure Hash Algorithm on Wikipedia
- · Cryptographic hash function on Wikipedia
- Class MessageDigest Javadoc

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0

Updated to use try-with-resources statement in the hashFile() method. Thank you for your suggestion. Good catch!

Quote

**#1 floj** 2014-07-15 00:36

0

Even if it is an example, in "2. Generating Hash from File" you should close the input stream in an finally block to prevent resource leaks. Or even better use the try-with-statement from java 7.

Quote

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