

DEHRADUN CAMPUS

PRACTICAL FILE / TERM WORK

OS LAB

PCS-502

B.Tech CSE

V

2023-24

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

GRAPHIC ERA HILL UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN

SUBMITTED TO

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DEHRADUN CAMPUS

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT Mr. / Ms. Nilesh Bhanot HAS SATISFACTORILY

COMPLETED ALL THE EXPERIMENTS IN THE LABORATORY OF THIS COLLEGE. THE COURSE

OF THE EXPERIMENTS / TERM WORK of Operating System Lab(PCS-502) in partial fulfillment

of requirement in 5th Semester of B.TECH (CSE) DEGREE COURSE PRESCRIBED BY GRAPHIC

ERA HILL UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN, DURING THE YEAR 2023-2024.

CONCERNED FACULTY

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Grade A B C Marks 5 3 1

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S. No.	Name of the Experiment	D.O.P.	D.O.S	Grade (Viva)	Grade (Report File)	Total Marks (out of 10)	Student's Signature	Teacher's Signature
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Q: Write a C program using fork command.

Fork():

The Fork system call is used for creating a new process in Linux, and Unix systems, which is called the child process, which runs concurrently with the process that makes the fork() call (parent process). After a new child process is created, both processes will execute the next instruction following the fork() system call.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
int main()
{
    fork();
    printf("Hello World by Rashmi\n");
    printf("Parent Process ID is :%d\n",getpid());
    return 0;
}
```

newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS\$ gcc Practical1.c
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS\$./a.out
Hello World by Nilesh
Hello World by Nilesh
Parent Process ID is :79
Parent Process ID is :80
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS\$

Q: WAP to demonstrate sum of even number when parent process is called and sum of odd numbers when child process is called using fork() system call.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
int main()
 int n;
 printf("Total no of elements in an array\n");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 int arr[n];
 printf("Enter the elements in an array\n");
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
   scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
 int countEven=0,countOdd=0;
 int pid=fork();
 if(pid==0)
  {
   printf("Child Process is running\n");
   printf("child Process id :%d\n",getpid());
   printf("Parent Process id:%d\n",getppid());
   for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
     if(arr[i]\%2!=0)
       countOdd+=arr[i];
   printf("Odd count:%d\n",countOdd);
   printf("Child Process Completed\n");
 else
   printf("Parent Process is running\n");
   printf("Parent Process id:%d\n",getpid());
   for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
     if(arr[i]\%2==0)
       countEven+=arr[i];
```

```
}
  printf("Even count:%d\n",countEven);
  printf("Parent Process Completed\n");
}
  return 0;
}
```

```
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS$ gcc Practical2.c
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS$ ./a.out
Total no of elements in an array
5
Enter the elements in an array
1 2 3 4 5
Parent Process is running
Child Process is running
Parent Process id:72
Even count:6
Parent Process Completed
child Process id:73
Parent Process id:72
Odd count:9
Child Process Completed
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS$
```

Q.WAP in C to Implement the wait System Call

CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
int main()
int pid;
pid=fork();
if(pid==0)
printf("Inside the child Process\n");
exit(0);
else
 wait(NULL);
 printf("Inside the Parent Process\n");
printf("The chid pid=%d\n",pid);
return 0;
```

newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS\$ gcc Practical3.c

newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS\$./a.out

Inside the child Process Child Process id: 62 Inside the Parent Process

The child pid=62

newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS\$

Q. Write a Program in C to Implement the First Come First Serve Algorithm(FCFS).

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
typedef struct Process
  int at, bt, wt, ct, tat;
} Process;
int comp(const void *a, const void *b)
  Process *p1 = (Process *)a;
  Process *p2 = (Process *)b;
  return (p1->at - p2->at);
int main()
  int n;
  scanf("%d", &n);
  Process p[n];
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d %d", &p[i].at, &p[i].bt);
  qsort(p, n, sizeof(Process), comp);
  int time = 0;
  p[0].wt = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    p[i].wt = time - p[i].at;
    time += p[i].bt;
    p[i].ct = time;
    p[i].tat = p[i].bt + p[i].wt;
  printf("PID\tAT\tBT\tWT\tCT\tTAT\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    return 0;
```

```
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS$ gcc Practical4.c
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS$ ./a.out
4
2 6
5 2
1 8
0 3
PID
         AT
                   вт
                             WT
                                      CT
                                                TAT
0
         0
                             0
1
         1
                   8
                             2
                                       11
                                                10
2
         2
                   6
                             9
                                       17
                                                15
                             12
                                      19
                                                14
Average Turnaroud time: 10.500000 units
Average Waiting time: 5.750000 units
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS$
```

Q. Write a Program in c to Implement the shortest job first Scheduling Algorithm.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct PCB
  int pid, arr, brst, ct, wt, tat, isCompleted;
};
void sort(struct PCB p[], int n)
  for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
     for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
       if (p[j].brst > p[j + 1].brst)
          struct PCB temp = p[j];
          p[j] = p[j + 1];
          p[j + 1] = temp;
       }
     }
  }
}
int main()
  int n:
  float aTat = 0.0, aWt = 0.0;
  printf("Enter the no. of Process: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter the PID: ");
  struct PCB *p = malloc(n * sizeof(struct PCB));
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     scanf("%d", &p[i].pid);
  printf("Enter the Arrival Time: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     scanf("%d", &p[i].arr);
  printf("Enter the Burst Time: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
scanf("%d", &p[i].brst);
  p[i].isCompleted = 0;
sort(p, n);
int currTime = 0;
int countComplete = 0;
while (countComplete < n)
  int sji = -1;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    if (!p[i].isCompleted && p[i].arr <= currTime)
       if (sji == -1 \parallel p[i].brst < p[sji].brst)
          sji = i;
  }
  if (sii == -1)
    currTime++;
  else
     struct PCB *process = &p[sji];
     process->ct = currTime + process->brst;
     process->tat = process->ct - process->arr;
     process->wt = process->tat - process->brst;
     aTat = aTat + process->tat;
     aWt = aWt + process > wt;
     currTime = process->ct;
     process->isCompleted = 1;
    countComplete++;
  }
}
printf("PID\t\t AT\t\t BT\t\t CT\t\t TAT\t\t WT\t\t\n");
printf("-----
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  printf("%d\t\t %d\t\t %d\t\t %d\t\t %d\t\t %d\t\t %d\n", p[i].pid, p[i].arr, p[i].brst, p[i].ct,
      p[i].tat, p[i].wt);
printf("\nAverage Turn Around Time is: %f", aTat / n);
printf("\nAverage Waiting Time is: %f", aWt / n);
free(p);
return 0;
```

}

Q. Write a Program in c to Implement the shortest Remaining time first Scheduling Algorithm.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define max 100
int main()
  int n, AT[max], WT[max], ET[max], TAT[max], CT[max], PID[max], RT[max], i, min, j,
temp, maxCT;
  double avg_WT = 0, avg_TAT = 0, thrpt;
  printf("Please enter number of processes\n");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  if (n > max)
    printf("Limit exceeded.");
  else if (n < 1)
    printf("No process exist or negative input.");
  else
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
       scanf("%d", &AT[i]);
       scanf("%d", &ET[i]);
       PID[i] = i + 1;
    // sorting for arrival time
    for (i = 0; i < -1; i++)
       min = i;
       for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
         if (AT[j] < AT[min])
            min = j;
       temp = AT[i];
       AT[i] = AT[min];
       AT[min] = temp;
       temp = ET[i];
       ET[i] = ET[min];
       ET[min] = temp;
```

```
temp = PID[i];
       PID[i] = PID[min];
       PID[min] = temp;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
       RT[i] = ET[i];
    RT[n] = 9999;
    j = 0;
    for (min = 0; j != n; min++)
       temp = n;
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
         if (AT[i] \le \min \&\& RT[i] < RT[temp] \&\& RT[i] > 0)
           temp = i;
         }
       RT[temp]--;
       if (RT[temp] == 0)
         j++;
         thrpt = min + 1;
         CT[temp] = thrpt;
         if (maxCT < thrpt)
           maxCT = thrpt;
       }
    printf("Process\tArrival Time\tExecution Time\tCompletion Time\tTAT\tWaiting
Time\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
       TAT[i] = CT[i] - AT[i];
       WT[i] = TAT[i] - ET[i];
       avg\_TAT = avg\_TAT + TAT[i];
       avg_WT = avg_WT + WT[i];
       printf("P\%d\t\%d\t\t\%d\t\t\%d\t\t\%d\t,"PID[i],AT[i],ET[i],CT[i],TAT[i],WT[i]);
    avg\_TAT = (double)avg\_TAT / n;
    avg_WT = (double)avg_WT / n;
    thrpt = (double)n / (maxCT - AT[0]);
    printf("\nAvg.TAT=%.2f\n", avg_TAT);
    printf("Avg.WT=%.2f\n", avg_WT);
    printf("Throughput=%.2f", thrpt);
  return 0;
}
```

```
newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS$ ./a.out
Please enter number of processes
Enter details for process 1:
Arrival Time: 0
Execution Time: 5
Enter details for process 2:
Arrival Time: 1
Execution Time: 3
Enter details for process 3:
Arrival Time: 2
Execution Time: 4
Enter details for process 4:
Arrival Time: 4
Execution Time: 1
Process Arrival Time Execution Time Completion Time TAT Waiting Time
P1
       0
                                      9
P2
                                      4
                                                              0
P3
                       4
                                      13
                                                      11
P4
       4
                                                              0
Avg.TAT=6.00
Avg.WT=2.75
Throughput=0.31newbie@Newbie:/mnt/c/Users/Newbie/Desktop/Codes/OS$
```