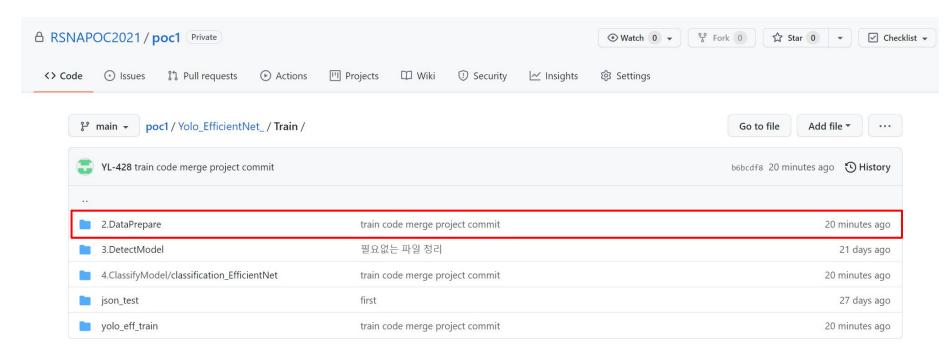
# code review [Preprocessing]

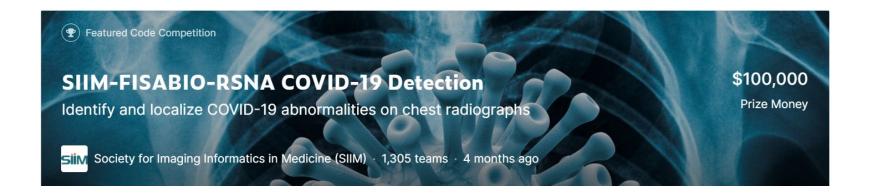
# git 구성 https://github.com/RSNAPOC2021/poc1.git



## **Pre-Processing protocol**

- <2.DataPrepare> Data Preprocessing
- make\_json\_real.py (dicom metadata와 data제공 csv를 각각 json으로 변환하여 하나의 json으로 병합하여 저장)
- make\_txt\_c18.py (json to txt convert for detection-YOLOv5)
- crop\_make\_folder.py (ROI crop & foldering image by class for classification-EfficientNetB4)

### **Dataset: SIIM COVID-19 Detection**



- 약 7000(train-6000 / test-1000)장의 dicom 폐 이미지
- class 및 bounding box 정보를 담은 csv
- 4개의 class (Negative for Pneumonia / Typical Appearance / Indeterminate Appearance / Atypical Appearance)

- dicom metadata와 data제공 csv를 각각 json으로 변환하여 하나의 json으로 병합하여 저장

### dataset 제공 csv

	A	В	c	D
1	StudyInstanceUID	imageID	boxes	label
6023	f26c50ef1bd0	9745a7b0789a_image	[{'x': 663.25938, 'y': 995.39205, 'width': 886.33514, 'height': 1227.3858}]	opacity 1 663.25938 995.39205 1549.59452 2222.7
6024	f29d4d4eb110	615950e322f0_image	[{'x': 1812.06709, 'y': 555.68, 'width': 781.17333, 'height': 1457.65333}, {	(5 opacity 1 1812.06709 555.68 2593.24042 2013.333
6025	f2a899251da3	e1b500e2ea12_image	[('x': 482.32795, 'y': 393.82, 'width': 917.56, 'height': 1485.96), ('x': 1878.	Sopacity 1 482.32795 393.82 1399.8879499999998
6026	f2a9e6e67eda	8438a6e0c60b_image	[{'x': 2569.04277, 'y': 1221.87374, 'width': 949.89819, 'height': 790.14246	6 opacity 1 2569.04277 1221.87374 3518.94096 201
6027	f2b77c3c70c5	1c1069c57757_image		none 1 0 0 1 1
6028	f2b77c3c70c5	bdd3115879aa_image		none 1 0 0 1 1
6029	f2bf2f65fe68	57c6e5cf617a_image	[{'x': 1018.49287, 'y': 1878.35439, 'width': 775.78815, 'height': 801.79236	6 opacity 1 1018.49287 1878.35439 1794.28102 268
6030	f2d30ac37f7b	8b69eacf9a7b_image	[('x': 1732.04784, 'y': 1367.93613, 'width': 845.30566, 'height': 524.36072	2 opacity 1 1732.04784 1367.93613 2577.3535 1892
6031	f2d5dd65d7d2	fab0ab9d7d17_image	[('x': 175.4401, 'y': 879.37257, 'width': 527.23109, 'height': 667.64948}]	opacity 1 175.4401 879.37257 702.67119 1547.02
6032	f2d890d8bea3	9b3d574321bf_image	[{'x': 692.78252, 'y': 1550.99621, 'width': 339.9444, 'height': 269.12268}]	opacity 1 692.78252 1550.99621 1032.72692 1820
6033	f2e430c3888c	4e1ed0596509_image		none 1 0 0 1 1
6034	f2e5da098e85	5a0ad476493b_image	[('x': 477.92002, 'y': 317.06667, 'width': 680.53333, 'height': 1407.46667)	), opacity 1 477.92002 317.06667 1158.45335 1724.
cone	(215-66-4-1	0-03116-5061	(0.1. 4747 44020 1.1. 4200 74044 1.1.1.1.1. C70 05744 11.1.1.1.1. C74 5005	0

E	F	G	H	1	J
StudyInstanceUID	studyID	Negative for Pneumonia	Typical Appearance	Indeterminate Appearance	Atypical Appearance
f26c50ef1bd0	f26c50ef1bd0_study	(	0		0
f29d4d4eb110	f29d4d4eb110_study	0	1		0 (
f2a899251da3	f2a899251da3_study	0	) 1		0 (
f2a9e6e67eda	f2a9e6e67eda_study	0	1		0
f2b77c3c70c5	f2b77c3c70c5_study	1	0	)	0 (
f2b77c3c70c5					
f2bf2f65fe68	f2bf2f65fe68_study	(	1		0 (
f2d30ac37f7b	f2d30ac37f7b_study	(	0		0
f2d5dd65d7d2	f2d5dd65d7d2_study	(	0		1 (
f2d890d8bea3	f2d890d8bea3_study	(	0		1 (
f2e430c3888c	f2e430c3888c_study	1	0		0 (
f2e5da098e85	f2e5da098e85_study	(	) 1		0 (
f2ee15af6c4d	f2ee15af6c4d_study	0	) 1		0 (
f317383c5831	f317383c5831_study	(	0		1 (
f32c2b029aca	f32c2b029aca_study	(	) 1		0
f32dd337bd1a	f32dd337bd1a_study	9	C	)	0

### • dicom 메타데이터

```
D:\Anaconda\envs\colorectal\python.exe D:\final_colorectal_gastric_train/Train_Model/2.DataPrepare/hadling_ison.py
(0002, 0002) Media Storage SOP Class UID
                                          UI: Digital X-Ray Image Storage - For Presentation
UI: Explicit VR Little Endian
(0002, 0010) Transfer Syntax UID
(0008, 0005) Specific Character Set
                                          CS: 'ISO_IR 100'
(0008, 0008) Image Type
(0008, 0016) SOP Class UID
                                       UI: 71228e4340de
(0008, 0018) SOP Instance UID
(0008, 0020) Study Date
(0008, 0030) Study Time
                                          TM: '13e700cac7f0'
(0008, 0050) Accession Number
(0008, 0060) Modality
(0009, 0010) Private Creator
(0010, 0010) Patient's Name
                                          PN: '3a0c965d2601'
(0010, 0020) Patient ID
(0010, 0040) Patient's Sex
(0012, 0063) De-identification Method
                                          LO: 'CTP Default: based on DICOM PS3.15 AnnexE. Details in 0012,0064'
(0012, 0064) De-identification Method Code Sequence 6 item(s) ----
 (0008, 0100) Code Value
  (0008, 0102) Coding Scheme Designator
  (0008, 0104) Code Meaning
                                             LO: 'Basic Application Confidentiality Profile'
  (0008, 0100) Code Value
  (0008, 0102) Coding Scheme Designator
  (0008, 0104) Code Meaning
                                             LO: 'Clean Descriptors Option'
  (0008, 0100) Code Value
  (0008, 0102) Coding Scheme Designator
  (0008, 0104) Code Meaning
                                             LO: 'Retain Longitudinal Temporal Information Modified Dates Option'
  (0008, 0100) Code Value
  (0008, 0102) Coding Scheme Designator
  (0008, 0104) Code Meaning
                                             LO: 'Retain Patient Characteristics Option'
```

● dicom 메타데이터 / csv 정보 ⇒ 각각의 json으로 저장

```
ldef meat2json(dcm):

print("====start converting meta data to json====")

print("\n")

meta2json_list = list()

ds = pydicom.dcmread(dcm) # dicom파일 불러오기

#print("type(ds):", type(ds)) # metaData 출력

ds_json = ds.to_json_dict()

meta2json = dcm[:-4] + '_meta.json'

with open(meta2json, "w") as f: # json파일 저장위치

json.dump(ds_json, f)

#print("meta2json_list: ", meta2json_list, "\n")

return meta2json
```

```
csv2json(csv_path, dcm_list):
print("====start converting csv data to ison====")
print("\n")
train_df = pd.read_csv(csv_path + 'merged_csv.csv')
csv2json_list = list()
for i in range(train_df.shape[0]):
    subj_series = train_df.loc[i] # (subj_series)type; pandas.core.series.Series
    subj_dict = subj_series.to_dict() # type; dict
    cls_yn = subj_dict.get('Negative for Pneumonia')
    if not pd.isna(cls_yn):
        for k in range(len(dcm_list)):
            if subj_dict.get('imageID')[:-6] in dcm_list[k]:
                path_split = dcm_list[k].split('\\')
                save_path = path_split[:-1]
                path_join = '/'.join(save_path)
                csv2json_dir = path_join + '/' + subj_dict.get('imageID')[:-6] + '_csv.json
                with open(csv2json_dir, "w") as f: # json파일 저장위치
                    json.dump(subj_dict, f)
                csv2ison list.append(csv2ison dir)
return csv2json_list
```

metajson = {'Modality': Modality, 'Patient\_ID': Patient\_ID, 'Sex': Sex, 'Study\_Name': Study\_Name,

• 각 json에서 필요한 정보만 추출

```
get_meta2json(meta2json)
print("====start getting meta2json info====")
   meta_json = json.load(f, strict=False) # type; dictionary
Modality = meta_json.get("00080060") # type; dictionary
Patient_ID = meta_json.get("00100020")
Patient_ID = Patient_ID.get("Value")
Patient_ID = Patient_ID[0]
Sex = meta_json.get("00100040")
Sex = Sex[0]
Study_Name = meta_json.get("0020000D")
Study_Name = Study_Name.get("Value")
Study_Name = Study_Name[0]
Series = meta_json.get("0020000E")
Series = Series.get("Value")
Series = Series[0]
Dicom = meta_json.get("00080018")
Dicom = Dicom.get("Value")
Dicom = Dicom[0]
```

'Series': Series, 'Dicom': Dicom}

```
lef get_csv2json(csv2json_list)
      Dicom_csv = csv_json.get("imageID")
      bbox = csv_json.get("boxes")
      label = csv_json.get("label")
      if type(cls0) is str:
          cls0 = int(cls0)
      cls2 = csv_ison.get("Indeterminate Appearance")
          cls2 = int(cls2)
          cls3 = int(cls3)
      csvjson = {'Dicom': Dicom_csv[:-6], 'boxes': bbox, 'label': label, 'Negative_for_Pneumonia': cls0,
```

• class 분류 추가 및 최종 병합된 json 저장

```
write_cls(csv2json_list):
cls list = list()
for i in csv2json_list:
    cls0 = i.get('Negative_for_Pneumonia')
    cls0 = int(cls0)
    cls2 = int(cls2)
    if cls0 == 1:
        cls0 = 0
    elif cls1 == 1:
    elif cls2 == 1:
        cls3 = 3
                                           ad8d4a5ba8f0 merge Windows 머
                                          파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)
    cls_list.append(cls)
```

```
def merge_json(csv2json_list, metajson, csvjson_list, cls_list);
    for i in range(len(csvjson_list)):
        if metajson.get("Dicom") == csvjson_list[i].get("Dicom"):
            aa = metajson
            bb = csvjson_list[i]
            cc = cls list[i]
            dd = dict(bb, **cc)
            merge = dict(aa, **dd)
            merge = {"images": [merge]}
            dir = csv2json_list[i][:-8] + 'merge.json'
                json.dump(merge, f)
            print("final_json:", merge)
            print(type(merge))
```

("images": [("Modality": "CR", "Patient\_ID": "4df77458d988", "Sex": "F", "Study\_Name": "00a76543ed93", "Series": "4a223cccbe04", "Dicom": "ad8d4a5ba8f0", "boxes": "[{'x': 639.68044, 'y': 0, 'width': 902.77729, 'height': 1840.64232}]", "label": "opacity 1 639.68044 0 1542.45773 1840.64232", "Negative for Pneumonia": 0.0, "Typical Appearance": 0.0, "Indeterminate Appearance": 1.0, "Atypical Appearance": 0.0, "class": 2}

### Pre-Processing; make\_txt\_c18.py

- json to txt convert for detection-YOLOv5
- json에서 class와 bbox 정보를 추출하여 txt로 저장

```
def make_anot_list(json_data, point_list):
    anot_list = list()

if len(point_list) == 0:
    point = get_stage(json_data) + " " + str('none')
    anot_list.append(point)

else:

for i in range(len(point_list)):
    point = get_stage(json_data) + " " + point_list[i]
    #print("point:", point)
    anot_list.append(point)

return anot_list

def save_txt(save_path, filename, anot_list):
    print("Start creating text files...")
    #with open(folder_name, 'w') as f:
    with open(save_path + "\\" + filename, 'w') as f:
    f.write('\n'.join(anot_list))
    f.close()
```

```
교 09cf9767a7bf - Windows 메모장
파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)
[1 0.7384837093321919 0.30826202045133994 0.21402918236301371 0.31075698871650215
1 0.3424693386130137 0.14939746121297603 0.20072788099315067 0.1862549717912553
1 0.30800700770547945 0.4108516502115656 0.19468190068493152 0.13545816643159378
```

● dicom to png 이미지 형식 변환

```
port mritopno
            mritopng convert_file(dcm_path, png_path)
                                   mritopng 라이브러리 init .pv
                                             def mri_to_png(mri_file, png_file, do_auto_contrast=False):
if os.path.exists(pnq_file_path):
   os.remove(png_file_path)
mri_file = open(mri_file_path, 'rb')
                                                 image_2d = extract_grayscale_image(mri_file)
mri_to_png(mri_file, png_file, auto_contrast)
                                                 if do_auto_contrast:
                                                    image 2d = auto contrast(image 2d)
                                                 w = png.Writer(image_2d.width, image_2d.height, greyscale=True)
                                                 w.write(png_file, image_2d.image)
```

## Pre-Processing; crop\_make\_folder.py

- ROI crop & foldering image by class for classification-EfficientNetB4
- ROI crop & 검은 배경에 센터 맞춰 붙이기

```
ef crop_merge_img(img, line):
 global back_resize
```

class에 맞춰 foldering

```
image_list = os.listdir(image_path2)
label list = os.listdir(label_path2)
   image_path3 = image_path2 + label_list[i][:-4] + ".pnq"
   print("image_path3 ", image_path3)
   label_path3 = label_path2 + label_list[i]
   print("label path3 ", label path3)
   img = cv2.imread(image_path3)
                                                             image_dd = dst_folder + "/" + str(int(line[0])) + "/" + img_name + ".png"
                                                             if os.path.isfile(image_dd):
                                                                 img_name = img_name + '(' + str(uniq) + ')'
```

# Pre-Processing; crop\_make\_folder.py

● 이미지 처리 결과

