

# The GeNN ecosystem

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# GeNN

- Cross-platform C++ library for generating optimised CUDA code for GPU accelerated SNN simulations.
- Hopefully you learnt all about it in Thomas's talk!

# Installation

# CUDA on Linux

- Each version of CUDA only supports a subset of GCC versions so if you have a very old or very bleeding edge OS you may need to install an additional version of GCC.
- Installing CUDA via the NVIDIA proprietary packages tends to work best if your OS is supported.

# CUDA on Windows

- CUDA is nicely integrated into Visual Studio and provided graphical debugging and profiling tools
- Because Visual Studio is updated annoyingly frequently, compiler/CUDA version issues are more prevalent than on Linux
- If installing from scratch we recommend:
  - CUDA 9.2.148
  - Visual Studio 2017 15.6.7
- There are performance issues with CUDA on Windows display devices

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/visualstudio/productinfo/installing-an-earlier-release-of-vs2017>

# CUDA on Mac

- Sadly Apple hasn't built any machines with NVIDIA GPUs since 2014
- However, if you're lucky enough to have:
  - MacBook Pro (Retina, 15-inch, Late 2013)
  - MacBook Pro (Retina, 15-inch, Mid 2014)
  - Equivalent iMac models (probably not with you!)
- You **may** have a NVIDIA GPU that's usable with the current version of CUDA!



# GeNN

- Clone master branch of GeNN from <https://github.com/genn-team/genn>
- Set `CUDA_PATH` environment variable to your CUDA install
- Set `GENN_PATH` environment variable to your GeNN install
- Add `$GENN_PATH/lib/bin` to your path
- Checkout tutorials from [https://github.com/neworderofjamie/new\\_genn\\_tutorials](https://github.com/neworderofjamie/new_genn_tutorials)

# Test your GeNN installation

Navigate to `va_benchmark` folder and build the model:

Linux/Mac with CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.sh model.cc
```

```
make
```

Linux/Mac without CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.sh -c model.cc
```

```
make CPU_ONLY=1
```

Windows with CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.bat model.cc
```

```
msbuild /p:Configuration=Release
```

Windows without CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.bat -c model.cc
```

```
msbuild
```

```
/p:Configuration=Release_CPU_ONLY
```

Run model and plot results:

Linux/Mac:

```
./va_benchmark
```

```
python plot_spikes.py
```

Windows:

```
va_benchmark
```

```
python plot_spikes.py
```



# Tutorial 1: Neurons

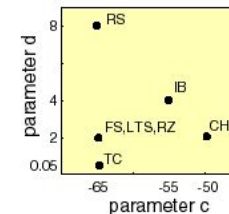
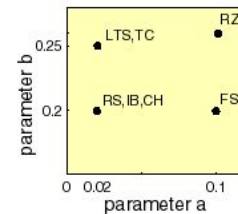
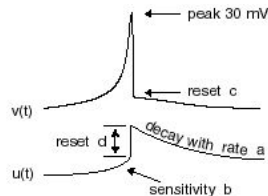
# Tutorial 1: Introduction

- Basics of using GeNN
- Explore the dynamics of the Izhikevich neuron model
- Simple recording

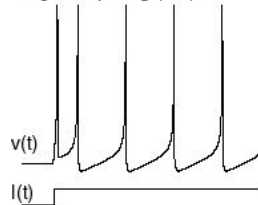
$$v' = 0.04v^2 + 5v + 140 - u + I$$

$$u' = a(bv - u)$$

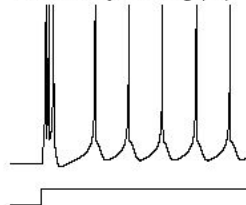
if  $v = 30$  mV,  
then  $v \leftarrow c$ ,  $u \leftarrow u + d$



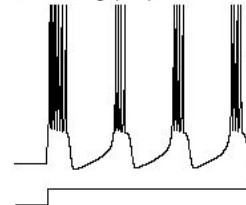
regular spiking (RS)



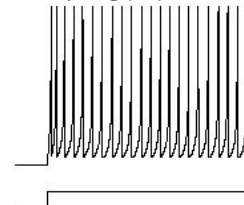
intrinsically bursting (IB)



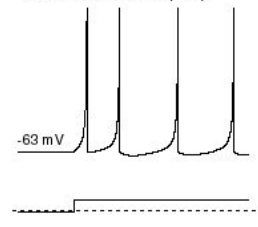
chattering (CH)



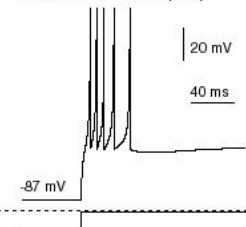
fast spiking (FS)



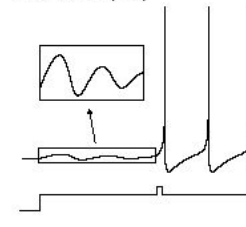
thalamo-cortical (TC)



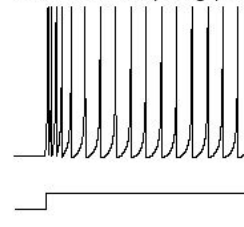
thalamo-cortical (TC)

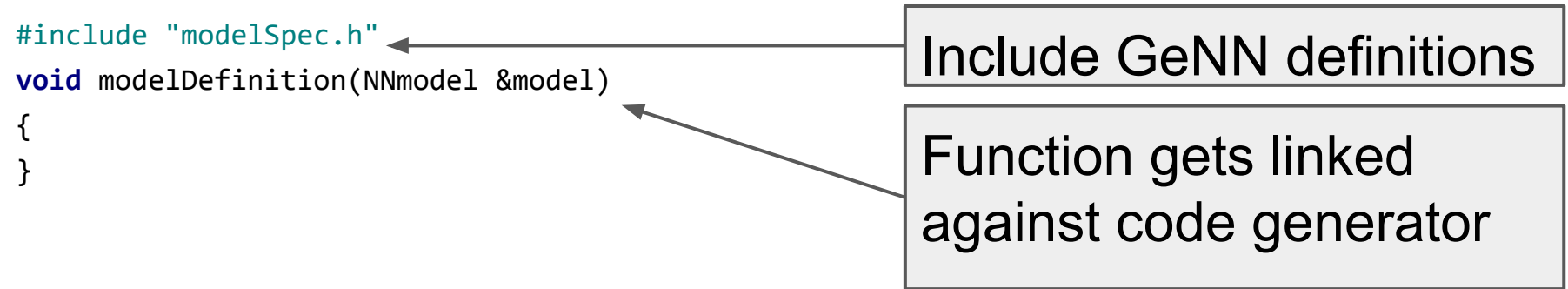


resonator (RZ)



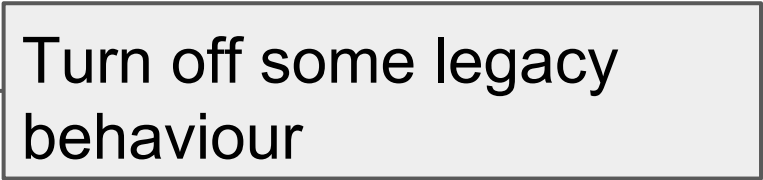
low-threshold spiking (LTS)





```
#include "modelSpec.h"
void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
}
```

Turn off some legacy  
behaviour



```
#include "modelSpec.h"
void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
    initGeNN();
    model.setDT(0.1);
    model.setName("tutorial1");
}
```

Required for all models

Simulation time step [ms]

Model name - mostly used as the  
name of the code generator output  
directory


```

#include "modelSpec.h"
void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
    initGeNN();
    model.setDT(0.1);
    model.setName("tutorial1");


    NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable::ParamValues paramValues;
    NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable::VarValues initValues(
        -65.0,           // 0 - V
        -20.0,           // 1 - U
        uninitialisedVar(), // 2 - A
        uninitialisedVar(), // 3 - B
        uninitialisedVar(), // 4 - C
        uninitialisedVar()); // 5 - D
}

```

Parameters are constant across population and do not change during simulation (this model doesn't have any)



Var values specify how model's state variables are initialised - in this case we want to manually set A, B, C and D on a per-neuron basis



```

#include "modelSpec.h"
void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
    initGeNN();
    model.setDT(0.1);
    model.setName("tutorial1");

    NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable::ParamValues paramValues;
    NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable::VarValues initValues(
        -65.0,           // 0 - V
        -20.0,           // 1 - U
        uninitialisedVar(), // 2 - A
        uninitialisedVar(), // 3 - B
        uninitialisedVar(), // 4 - C
        uninitialisedVar()); // 5 - D
    model.addNeuronPopulation<NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable>("Neurons", 4,
                                                                paramValues, initValues);
}

```

Adds a population called “Neurons” consisting of 4 Izhikevich neurons (1 for each regime) with these parameters and initial state to network

```

#include "modelSpec.h"

void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
    initGeNN();
    model.setDT(0.1);
    model.setName("tutorial1");

    NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable::ParamValues paramValues;
    NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable::VarValues initValues(
        -65.0,          // 0 - V
        -20.0,          // 1 - U
        uninitialisedVar(), // 2 - A
        uninitialisedVar(), // 3 - B
        uninitialisedVar(), // 4 - C
        uninitialisedVar()); // 5 - D
    model.addNeuronPopulation<NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable>("Neuron",
                                                                paramValues,
                                                                initValues);

    CurrentSourceModels::DC::ParamValues currentSourceParamVals(
        10.0); // 0 - magnitude
    model.addCurrentSource<CurrentSourceModels::DC>("CurrentSource", "Neurons",
                                                    currentSourceParamVals, {});
}

```

Define DC current source parameters (magnitude)

Attach a DC current source called "CurrentSource" to our neuron population with these parameters



```

#include "modelSpec.h"
void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
    initGeNN();
    model.setDT(0.1);
    model.setName("tutorial1");

    NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable::ParamValues paramValues;
    NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable::VarValues initValues(
        -65.0,           // 0 - V
        -20.0,           // 1 - U
        uninitialisedVar(), // 2 - A
        uninitialisedVar(), // 3 - B
        uninitialisedVar(), // 4 - C
        uninitialisedVar()); // 5 - D
    model.addNeuronPopulation<NeuronModels::IzhikevichVariable>("Neurons", 4,
                                                                paramValues, initValues);

    CurrentSourceModels::DC::ParamValues currentSourceParamVals(
        10.0); // 0 - magnitude
    model.addCurrentSource<CurrentSourceModels::DC>("CurrentSource", "Neurons",
                                                    currentSourceParamVals, {});

    model.finalize();
}

```

Required for all models

# Tutorial 1: Generate model code

Linux/Mac with CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.sh model.cc
```

Linux/Mac without CUDA:

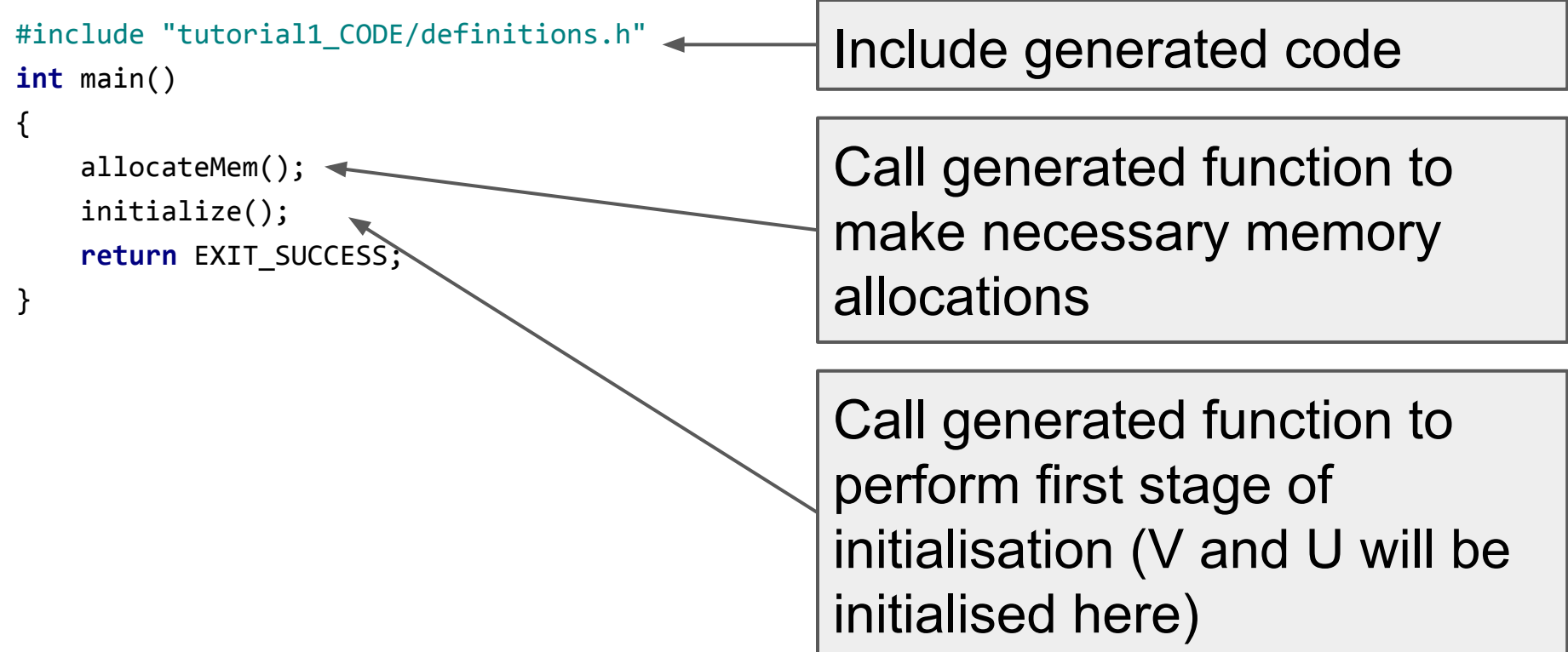
```
genn-buildmodel.sh -c model.cc
```

Windows with CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.bat model.cc
```

Windows without CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.bat -c model.cc
```



```

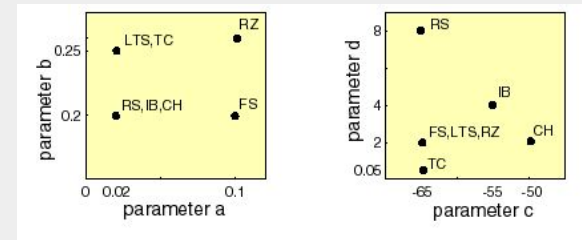
#include "tutorial1_CODE/definitions.h"

int main()
{
    allocateMem();
    initialize();
    aNeurons[0] = 0.02; bNeurons[0] = 0.2; cNeurons[0] = -65.0; dNeurons[0] = 8.0; // RS
    aNeurons[1] = 0.1; bNeurons[1] = 0.2; cNeurons[1] = -65.0; dNeurons[1] = 2.0; // FS
    aNeurons[2] = 0.02; bNeurons[2] = 0.2; cNeurons[2] = -50.0; dNeurons[2] = 2.0; // CH
    aNeurons[3] = 0.02; bNeurons[3] = 0.2; cNeurons[3] = -55.0; dNeurons[3] = 4.0; // IB
    inittutorial1();
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}

```

Call generated function to perform second stage of initialisation (will upload initial state to GPU)

Manually initialise each neuron's state variables to match different regimes



```

#include "tutorial1_CODE/definitions.h"

int main()
{
    allocateMem();
    initialize();
    aNeurons[0] = 0.02; bNeurons[0] = 0.2; cNeurons[0] = -65.0; dNeurons[0] = 8.0; // RS
    aNeurons[1] = 0.1; bNeurons[1] = 0.2; cNeurons[1] = -65.0; dNeurons[1] = 2.0; // FS
    aNeurons[2] = 0.02; bNeurons[2] = 0.2; cNeurons[2] = -50.0; dNeurons[2] = 2.0; // CH
    aNeurons[3] = 0.02; bNeurons[3] = 0.2; cNeurons[3] = -55.0; dNeurons[3] = 4.0; // IB
    inittutorial1();

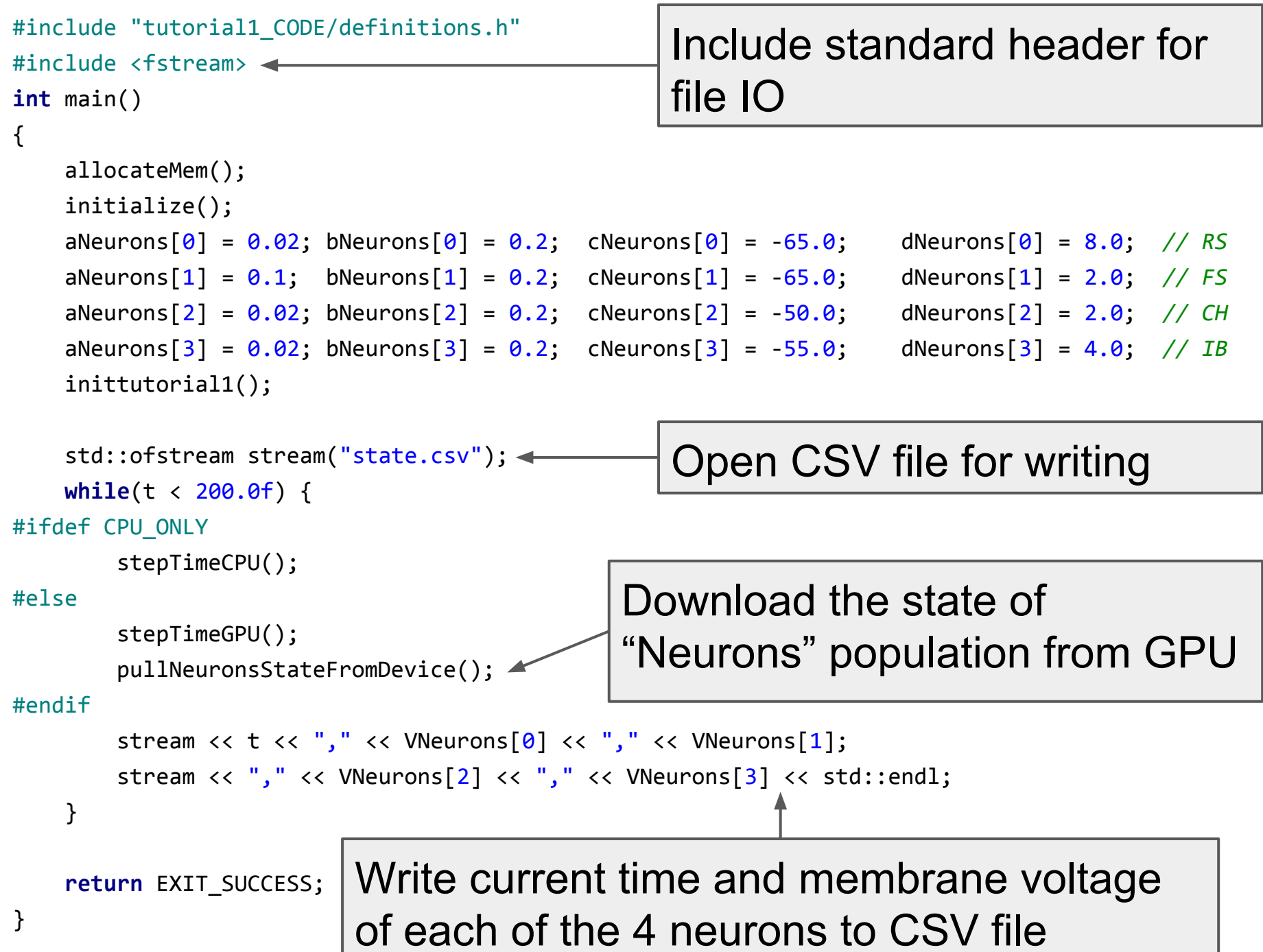
    while(t < 200.0f) {
#ifdef CPU_ONLY
        stepTimeCPU();
#else
        stepTimeGPU();
#endif
    }

    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}

```

Loop until 200ms of  
simulated time has elapsed  
(t is provided by GeNN)

Call generated functions to  
advance simulation state



# Tutorial 1: Building on Linux/Mac

## Create Makefile

```
EXECUTABLE      := tutorial1
SOURCES         := simulator.cc
include $(GENN_PATH)/userproject/include/makefile_common_gnu.mk
```

Build for CUDA using:

`make`

or without CUDA using:

`make CPU_ONLY=1`

Then run with: `./tutorial1`

# Tutorial 1: Building on Windows

## Create tutorial1.vcxproj

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="12.0"  
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/developer/msbuild/2003">  
  <Import Project="tutorial1_CODE\generated_code.props" />  
  <ItemGroup>  
    <ClCompile Include="simulator.cc" />  
  </ItemGroup>  
</Project>
```

Build for CUDA using:

```
msbuild /p:Configuration=Release
```

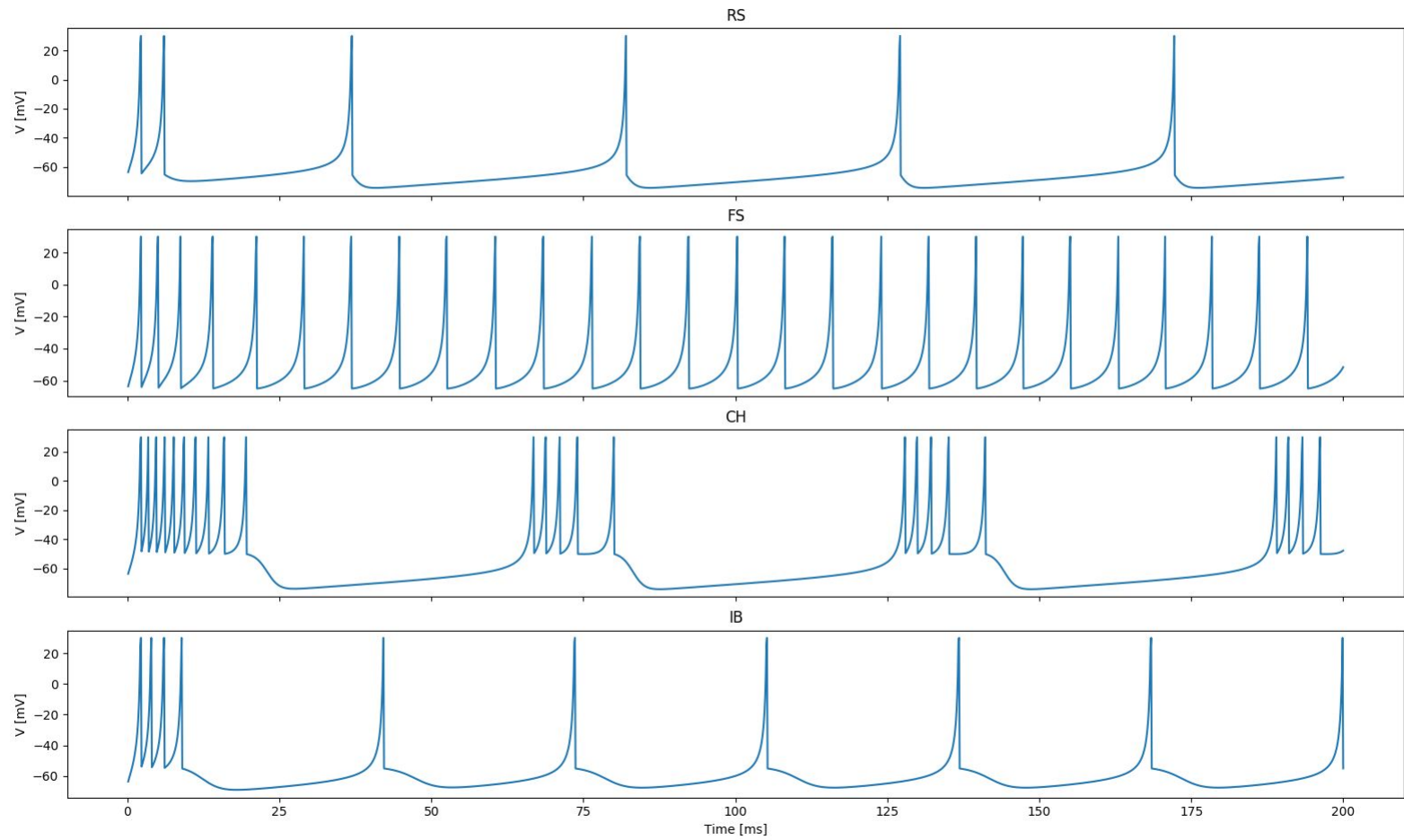
or without CUDA using:

```
msbuild /p:Configuration=Release_CPU_ONLY
```

Run with: tutorial1.exe



# Tutorial 1: Results

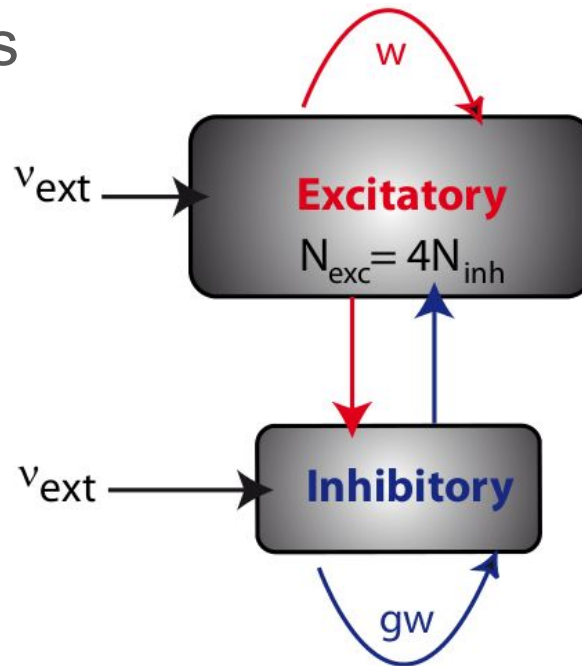


# Tutorial 1: Exercises

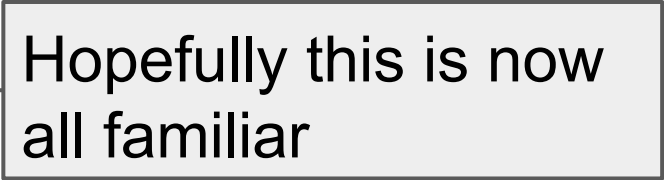
- Expand the example to include more of the regimes from the diagram
- Look in “tutorial1\_CODE” at [neuronKrn1.cc](http://neuronKrn1.cc) and see what GeNN is doing!

# Tutorial 2: Building networks

- Defining synapse populations
- Using initialisation snippets to configure parameters and connectivity
- Recording spikes



```
#include "modelSpec.h"
void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
    initGeNN();
    model.setDT(1.0);
    model.setName("tutorial2");
}
```



Hopefully this is now  
all familiar

```

#include "modelSpec.h"
void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
    initGeNN();
    model.setDT(1.0);
    model.setName("tutorial2");

    NeuronModels::Izhikevich::ParamValues izkParams(
        0.02,    // 0 - A
        0.2,    // 1 - B
        -65.0,  // 2 - C
        8.0);   // 3 - D

    InitVarSnippet::Uniform::ParamValues uDist(
        0.0,    // 0 - min
        20.0);  // 1 - max

    NeuronModels::Izhikevich::VarValues ikzInit(
        -65.0,    // 0 - V
        initVar<InitVarSnippet::Uniform>(uDist));        // 1 - U

    model.addNeuronPopulation<NeuronModels::Izhikevich>("Exc", 8000, izkParams, ikzInit);
    model.addNeuronPopulation<NeuronModels::Izhikevich>("Inh", 2000, izkParams, ikzInit);

    CurrentSourceModels::DC::ParamValues currentSourceParamVals(4.0); // 0 - magnitude
    model.addCurrentSource<CurrentSourceModels::DC>("ExcStim", "Exc", currentSourceParamVals, {});
    model.addCurrentSource<CurrentSourceModels::DC>("InhStim", "Inh", currentSourceParamVals, {});

```

Configure our  
Izhikevich neurons  
into the RS regime

Define a uniform  
random **distribution**

Use distribution to  
initialise u

Add neuron populations and current sources as before

```

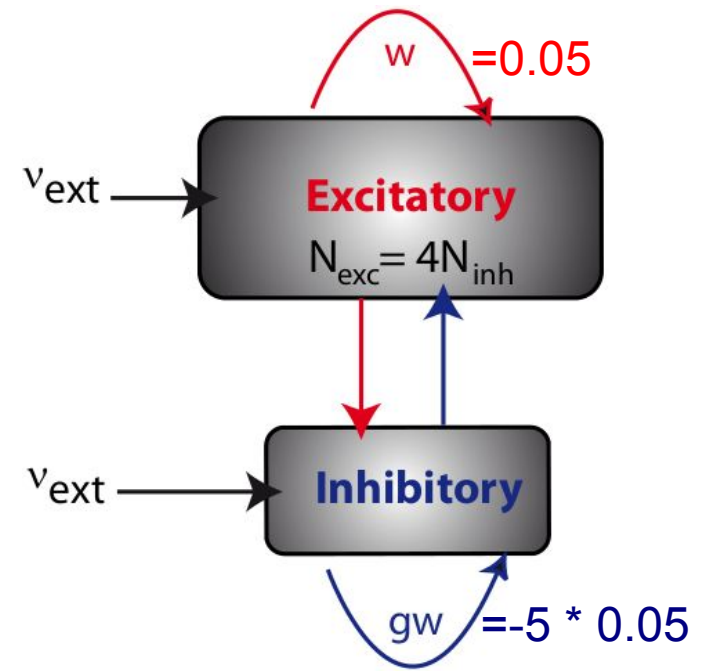
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues excSynInitValues(0.05);
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues inhSynInitValues(-5 * 0.05);

InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability::ParamValues fixedProb(0.1); //  $\theta$  - prob
}

```

Set strength of connections

Configure parameters for connectivity initialisation.



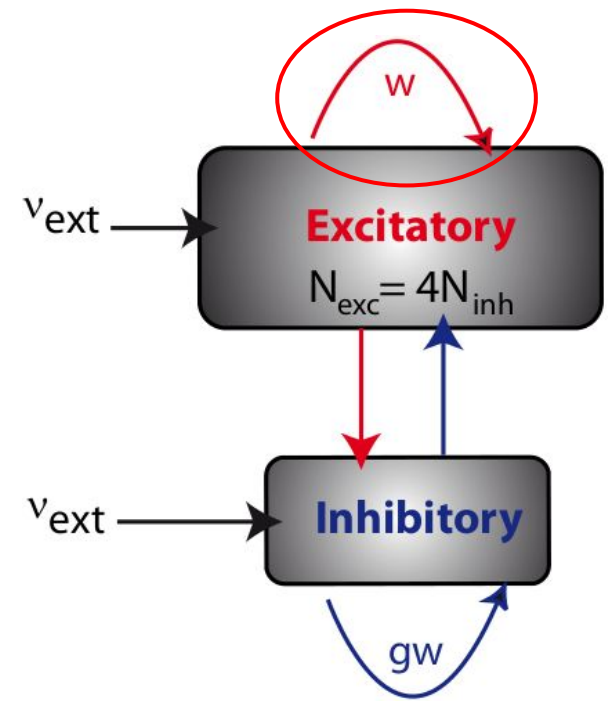
```

WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues excSynInitValues(0.05);
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues inhSynInitValues(-5 * 0.05);

InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability::ParamValues fixedProb(0.1); // 0 - prob

model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(
    "Exc_Exc", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,
    "Exc", "Exc", {}, excSynInitValues, {}, {},
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbabilityNoAutapse>(fixedProb));
}

```



```
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues excSynInitValues(0.05);  
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues inhSynInitValues(-5 * 0.05);
```

```
InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability::ParamValues fixedProb(0.1); // 0 - prob
```

```
model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(  
    "Exc_Exc", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,  
    "Exc", "Exc", {}, excSynInitValues, {}, {},  
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbabilityNoAutapse>(fixedProb));  
}
```

**Simplest weight update  
model** - no learning etc

**Simplest postsynaptic model**  
- no 'shaping' of input current



```
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues excSynInitValues(0.05);
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues inhSynInitValues(-5 * 0.05);
```

```
InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability::ParamValues fixedProb(0.1); // 0 - prob
```

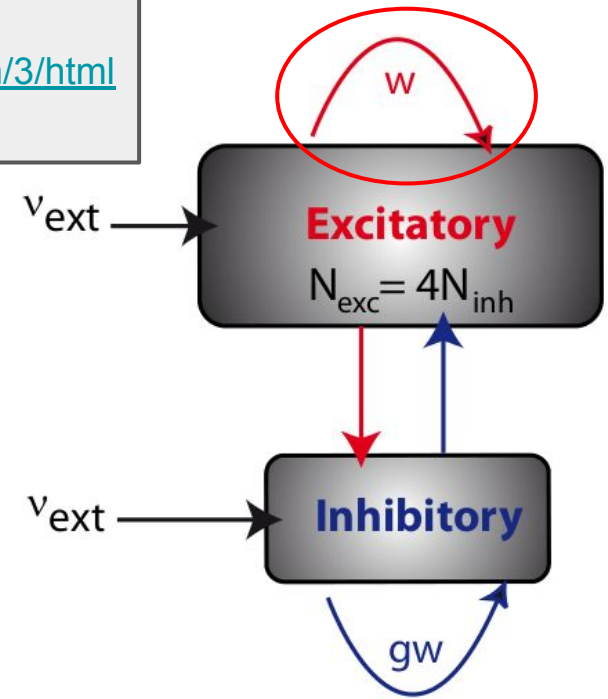
```
model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(
    "Exc_Exc", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,
    "Exc", "Exc", {}, excSynInitValues, {}, {},
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbabilityNoAutapse>(fixedProb));
}
```

No synaptic delays

Name of  
synapse  
population

Sparse matrix with the same  
parameters for each synapse

<http://genn-team.github.io/genn/documentation/3/html/subsect34.html>



```
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues excSynInitValues(0.05);  
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues inhSynInitValues(-5 * 0.05);
```

```
InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability::ParamValues fixedProb(0.1); // 0 - prob
```

```
model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(   
    "Exc_Exc", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,   
    "Exc" "Exc", {}, excSynInitValues, {}, {},   
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbabilityNoAutapse>(fixedProb));  
}
```

Name of  
**source**  
population

Name of  
**target**  
population

Weight update  
model parameters  
and initial state

Postsynaptic  
model parameters  
and initial state  
(DeltaCurr has  
none)

```
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues excSynInitValues(0.05);
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues inhSynInitValues(-5 * 0.05);

InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability::ParamValues fixedProb(0.1); // 0 - prob

model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(
    "Exc_Exc", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,
    "Exc", "Exc", {}, excSynInitValues, {}, {},
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbabilityNoAutapse>(fixedProb));
}
```

Use parameters to initialise connectivity of synapse population

```

WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues excSynInitValues(0.05);
WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse::VarValues inhSynInitValues(-5 * 0.05);

InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability::ParamValues fixedProb(0.1); // 0 - prob

model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(
    "Exc_Exc", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,
    "Exc", "Exc", {}, excSynInitValues, {}, {},
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbabilityNoAutapse>(fixedProb));
model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(
    "Exc_Inh", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,
    "Exc", "Inh", {}, excSynInitValues, {}, {},
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability>(fixedProb));
model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(
    "Inh_Inh", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,
    "Inh", "Inh", {}, inhSynInitValues, {}, {},
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbabilityNoAutapse>(fixedProb));
model.addSynapsePopulation<WeightUpdateModels::StaticPulse, PostsynapticModels::DeltaCurr>(
    "Inh_Exc", SynapseMatrixType::RAGGED_GLOBALG, NO_DELAY,
    "Inh", "Exc", {}, inhSynInitValues, {}, {},
    initConnectivity<InitSparseConnectivitySnippet::FixedProbability>(fixedProb));

model.finalize();
}

```

Rinse and repeat for the other three connections

# Tutorial 2: Generate model code

Linux/Mac with CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.sh model.cc
```

Linux/Mac without CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.sh -c model.cc
```

Windows with CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.bat model.cc
```

Windows without CUDA:

```
genn-buildmodel.bat -c model.cc
```

```
#include "tutorial2_CODE/definitions.h"
#include <fstream>
```

```
int main()
{
    allocateMem();
    std::cout << "Initialising" << std::endl;
    initialize();
    inittutorial2();
```

```
    std::cout << "Simulating" << std::endl;
    std::ofstream stream("spikes.csv");
    while(t < 1000.0f) {
```

Open CSV file for writing

```
#ifdef CPU_ONLY
```

```
    stepTimeCPU();
```

```
#else
```

```
    stepTimeGPU();
```

```
    pullExcCurrentSpikesFromDevice();
```

```
    pullInhCurrentSpikesFromDevice();
```

Download the spikes emitted by the “Exc” and “Inh” populations this timestep from GPU

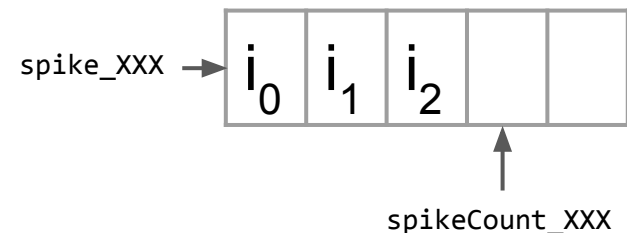
```
#endif
```

```
    for(unsigned int i = 0; i < spikeCount_Exc; i++) {
        stream << t << ", " << spike_Exc[i] << std::endl;
    }
```

```
    for(unsigned int i = 0; i < spikeCount_Inh; i++) {
        stream << t << ", " << 8000 + spike_Inh[i] << std::endl;
    }
```

```
    }
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
```

```
}
```



# Tutorial 2: Building on Linux/Mac

## Create Makefile

```
EXECUTABLE      := tutorial2
SOURCES         := simulator.cc
include $(GENN_PATH)/userproject/include/makefile_common_gnu.mk
```

Build for CUDA using:

`make`

or without CUDA using:

`make CPU_ONLY=1`

Then run with: `./tutorial2`

# Tutorial 2: Building on Windows

## Create tutorial2.vcxproj

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<Project DefaultTargets="Build" ToolsVersion="12.0"  
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/developer/msbuild/2003">  
  <Import Project="tutorial2_CODE\generated_code.props" />  
  <ItemGroup>  
    <ClCompile Include="simulator.cc" />  
  </ItemGroup>  
</Project>
```

Build for CUDA using:

```
msbuild /p:Configuration=Release
```

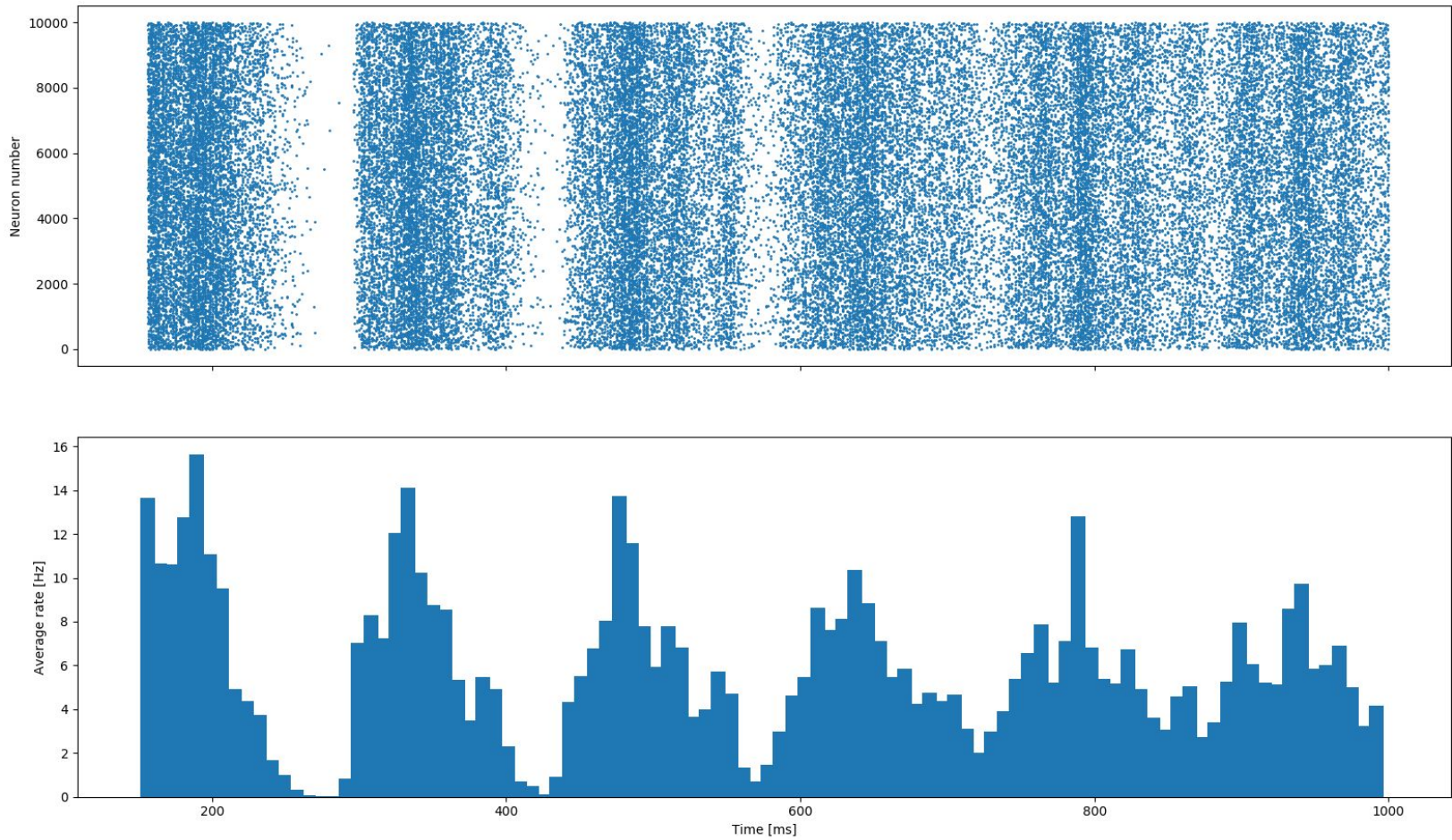
or without CUDA using:

```
msbuild /p:Configuration=Release_CPU_ONLY
```

Run with: tutorial2.exe



# Tutorial 2: Results



## Tutorial 2: If you were watching closely

- You have a GPU you may have noticed that initializing the network takes longer than actually simulating it!
- Luckily your GPU can help you here too!

We still want to be able to record spikes  
so initialise variables on device but  
allocate memory on host **and** device

```
#include "modelSpec.h"
void modelDefinition(NNmodel &model)
{
    GENN_PREFERENCES::autoInitSparseVars = true;
    GENN_PREFERENCES::defaultVarMode = VarMode::LOC_DEVICE_INIT_DEVICE;
    GENN_PREFERENCES::defaultSparseConnectivityMode = VarMode::LOC_DEVICE_INIT_DEVICE;
    initGeNN();
    model.setDT(1.0);
    model.setName("tutorial2");
}
```

Once it's initialised, we don't need to access synaptic connections so, as well as initialising connectivity on device, only allocate memory there.

# Tutorial 2: Exercises

- Experiment with what parameters you can change to scale the network while keeping it in the same regime.
- Look in “tutorial1\_CODE” at [neuronKrn1.cc](http://neuronKrn1.cc) and see what GeNN is doing!

Brian 2 frontend

```

from brian2 import *
import brian2genn
set_device('genn')

n = 1000
duration = 1*second
tau = 10*ms
eqs = '''
dv/dt = (v0 - v) / tau : volt (unless refractory)
v0 : volt
'''

group = NeuronGroup(n, eqs, threshold='v>10*mV', reset='v=0*mV', refractory=5*ms, method='exact')
group.v = 0*mV
group.v0 = '20*mV * i / (n-1)'
monitor = SpikeMonitor(group)

run(duration)

```

- Probably simplest way of using GeNN
- For installation instructions talk to Thomas or see:  
<https://brian2genn.readthedocs.io/en/latest/introduction/index.html#installing-the-brian2genn-interface>



Google  
Summer of Code

# Python interface and PyNN frontend

# Installation (currently no support for Windows)

1. Make sure you have swig installed
2. From GeNN directory, build as a dynamic library using:  
`make -f lib/GNUMakefileLibGeNN DYNAMIC=1  
LIBGENN_PATH=pygenn/genn_wrapper/`
3. On Mac OS X, set your newly created library's name with  
`install_name_tool -id  
"@loader_path/libgenn_DYNAMIC.dylib"  
pygenn/genn_wrapper/libgenn_DYNAMIC.dylib`
4. Install python module with setuptools using:  
`python setup.py develop`



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from pygenn import genn_wrapper, genn_model

model = genn_model.GeNNModel("float", "tutorial1_pygenn", enable_debug=False, cpu_only=False)
model.dT = 0.1
```

## More Pythonic parameters

```
izk_init = {"V": -65.0, "U": -20.0,
            "a": [0.02, 0.1, 0.02, 0.02], "b": [0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2],
            "c": [-65.0, -65.0, -50.0, -55.0], "d": [8.0, 2.0, 2.0, 4.0]}

pop = model.add_neuron_population("Neurons", 4, "IzhikevichVariable", {}, izk_init)
model.add_current_source("CurrentSource", "DC", "Neurons", {"amp": 10.0}, {})
```

```
model.build()
model.load()
```

## Numpy views for efficient io

```
voltage_view = pop.vars["V"].view
v = None
while model.t < 200.0:
    model.step_time()
    model.pull_state_from_device("Neurons")
    v = (np.copy(voltage_view) if v is None else np.vstack((v, voltage_view)))

figure, axes = plt.subplots(4, sharex=True)
for i, t in enumerate(["RS", "FS", "CH", "IB"]):
    axes[i].plot(np.arange(0.0, 200.0, 0.1), v[:,i])
plt.show()
```



PyNN is a simulator-independent language for building neuronal network models in Python

## Installation

**Once** you have managed to install PyGeNN, this should be easy

1. Clone master branch of PyNN-GeNN from [https://github.com/genn-team/pynn\\_genn](https://github.com/genn-team/pynn_genn)
2. Install with setuptools using `python setup.py develop`

Thank you

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