

HandWritten Alphabet Recognition

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("A_Z Handwritten Data.csv")
df.head()
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	...	0.639	0.640	0.641	0.642	0.643	0.644
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0

5 rows × 785 columns

```
In [3]: df['0'].unique()
```

```
Out[3]: array([ 0,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16,
        17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25], dtype=int64)
```

Preprocessing

```
In [4]: # dependent variable
y = df['0']
del df['0']
```

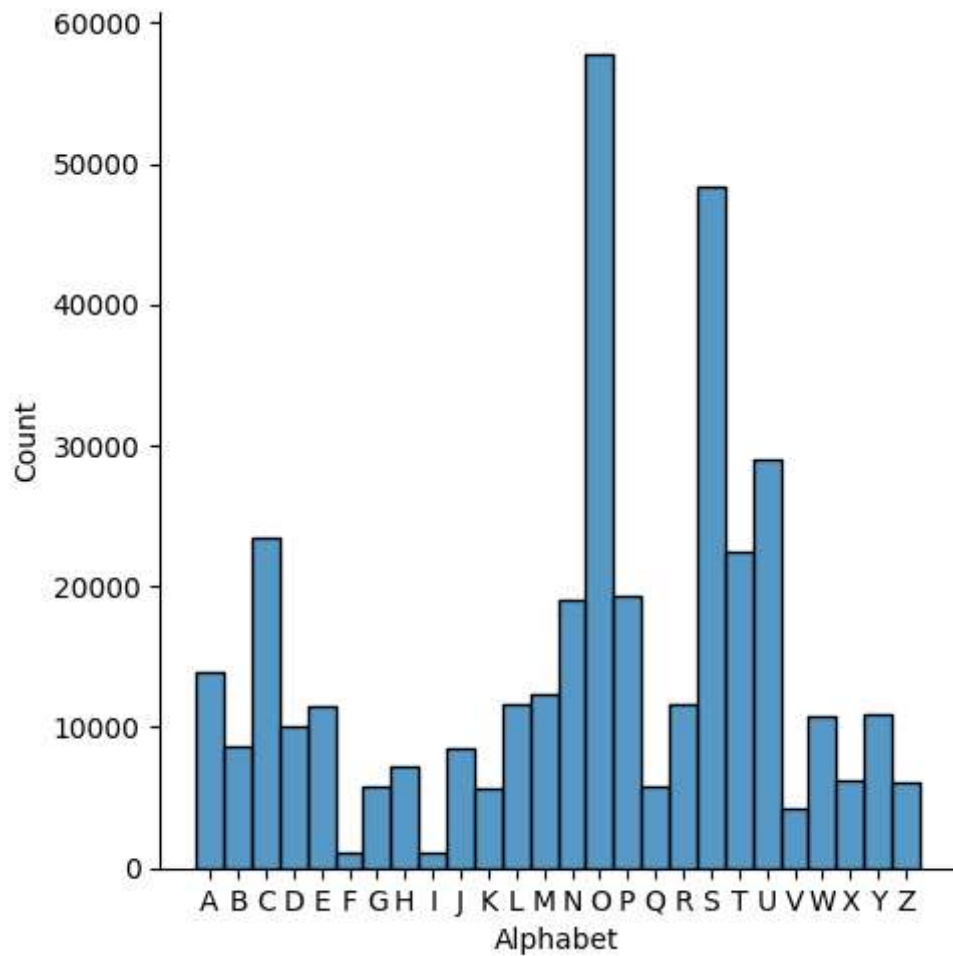
```
In [5]: import string
x = y.replace([i for i in range(26)], list(string.ascii_uppercase))
x
```

```
Out[5]: 0      A
1      A
2      A
3      A
4      A
      ..
372445  Z
372446  Z
372447  Z
372448  Z
372449  Z
Name: 0, Length: 372450, dtype: object
```

```
In [6]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
sns.displot(x)
```

```
plt.xlabel("Alphabet")
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 1200x1000 with 0 Axes>

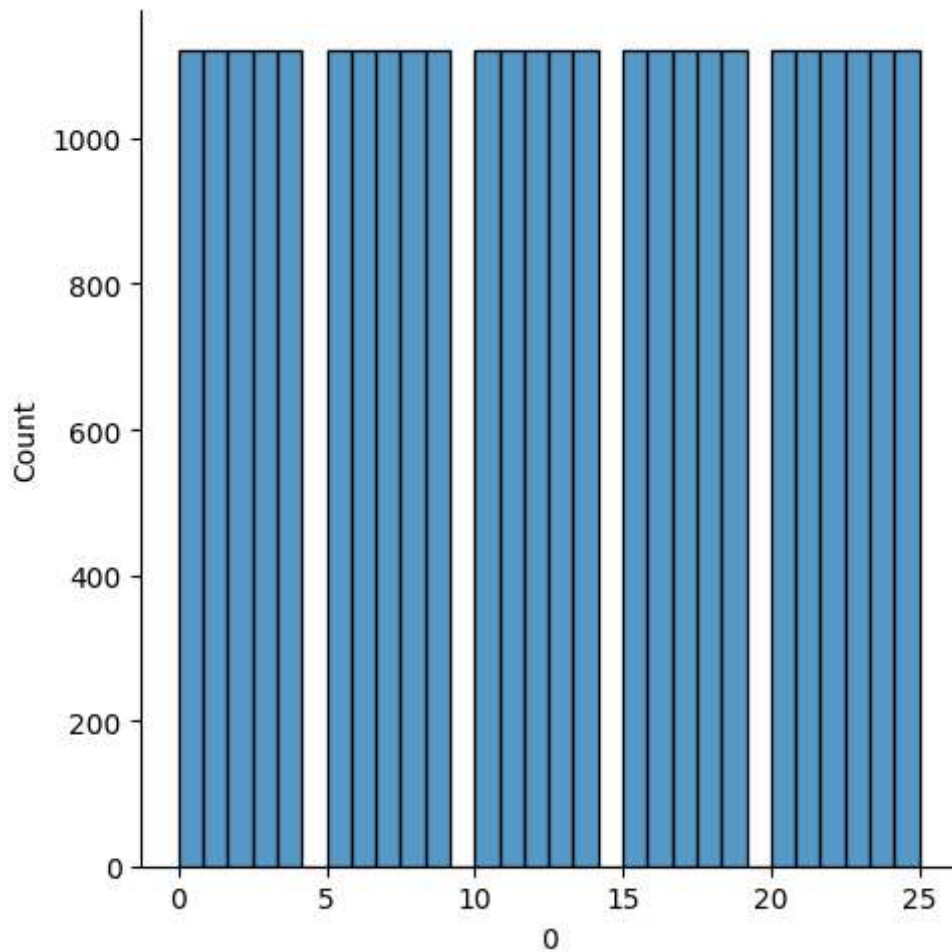


```
In [7]: from imblearn.under_sampling import NearMiss
```

```
In [8]: nM = NearMiss()
X_data, y_data = nM.fit_resample(df, y)
```

```
In [9]: plt.figure(figsize= (12, 10))
sns.displot(y_data)
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 1200x1000 with 0 Axes>



```
In [10]: from keras.utils import np_utils
```

```
In [11]: y = np_utils.to_categorical(y_data)
```

```
num_classes = y.shape[1]
num_classes
```

```
Out[11]: 26
```

```
In [12]: y
```

```
Out[12]: array([[1., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
                [1., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
                [1., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
                ...,
                [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 1.],
                [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 1.],
                [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 1.]], dtype=float32)
```

```
In [13]: y.shape, X_data.shape
```

```
Out[13]: ((29120, 26), (29120, 784))
```

Normalization

```
In [14]: X_data = X_data/255
```

Visualization

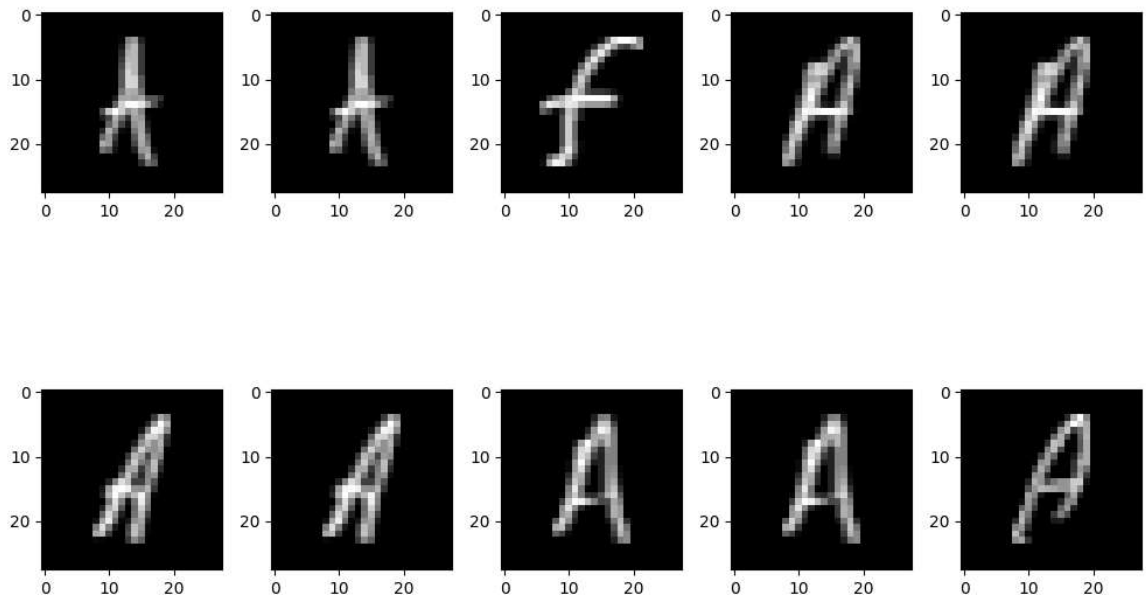
```
In [15]: X_data = np.array(X_data)
X_data = X_data.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1)
```

```
In [16]: X_data.shape
```

```
Out[16]: (29120, 28, 28, 1)
```

```
In [17]: f, ax = plt.subplots(2, 5)
f.set_size_inches(10, 10)

k = 0
for i in range(2):
    for j in range(5):
        ax[i, j].imshow(X_data[k], cmap='gray')
        k += 1
plt.tight_layout()
```



Train Test Split

```
In [18]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [19]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_data, y, test_size=0.2, ra
```

```
In [20]: print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape)

(23296, 28, 28, 1) (5824, 28, 28, 1) (23296, 26) (5824, 26)
```

CNN Model

```
In [21]: import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPool2D, Flatten, Dense
```

```
In [22]: model = Sequential()

model.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), input_shape= (28, 28, 1), activation='relu', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2), padding= 'same'))

model.add(Conv2D(128, (5, 5), input_shape= (28, 28, 1), activation='relu', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2), padding= 'same'))

model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))

model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])

print(model.summary())
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 64)	1664
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 128)	204928
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 7, 7, 128)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 6272)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	802944
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 26)	3354
=====		
Total params: 1,012,890		
Trainable params: 1,012,890		
Non-trainable params: 0		
None		

```
In [23]: history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, validation_data=(X_test, y_test), epochs=10)
```

```

Epoch 1/10
91/91 [=====] - 28s 293ms/step - loss: 0.8831 - accuracy: 0.7502 - val_loss: 0.3281 - val_accuracy: 0.9059
Epoch 2/10
91/91 [=====] - 28s 304ms/step - loss: 0.2257 - accuracy: 0.9360 - val_loss: 0.1838 - val_accuracy: 0.9509
Epoch 3/10
91/91 [=====] - 27s 294ms/step - loss: 0.1307 - accuracy: 0.9632 - val_loss: 0.1194 - val_accuracy: 0.9658
Epoch 4/10
91/91 [=====] - 28s 310ms/step - loss: 0.0872 - accuracy: 0.9757 - val_loss: 0.1008 - val_accuracy: 0.9708
Epoch 5/10
91/91 [=====] - 27s 296ms/step - loss: 0.0664 - accuracy: 0.9812 - val_loss: 0.0996 - val_accuracy: 0.9722
Epoch 6/10
91/91 [=====] - 27s 299ms/step - loss: 0.0492 - accuracy: 0.9856 - val_loss: 0.0922 - val_accuracy: 0.9736
Epoch 7/10
91/91 [=====] - 27s 301ms/step - loss: 0.0343 - accuracy: 0.9908 - val_loss: 0.0751 - val_accuracy: 0.9801
Epoch 8/10
91/91 [=====] - 27s 294ms/step - loss: 0.0311 - accuracy: 0.9908 - val_loss: 0.0624 - val_accuracy: 0.9813
Epoch 9/10
91/91 [=====] - 27s 297ms/step - loss: 0.0219 - accuracy: 0.9939 - val_loss: 0.0748 - val_accuracy: 0.9804
Epoch 10/10
91/91 [=====] - 29s 318ms/step - loss: 0.0177 - accuracy: 0.9952 - val_loss: 0.0645 - val_accuracy: 0.9820

```

Model Analysis

```

In [24]: scores_test = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print(f"CNN Error on test data: {100 - (scores_test[1]*100):.2f}%")

CNN Error on test data: 1.80%

```

```

In [25]: scores_train = model.evaluate(X_train, y_train, verbose=0)
print(f"CNN Error on train data: {100 - (scores_train[1]*100):.2f}%")

CNN Error on train data: 0.41%

```

```

In [26]: scores_all = model.evaluate(X_data, y, verbose=0)
print(f"CNN Error on overall data: {100 - (scores_all[1]*100):.2f}%")

CNN Error on overall data: 0.69%

```

```

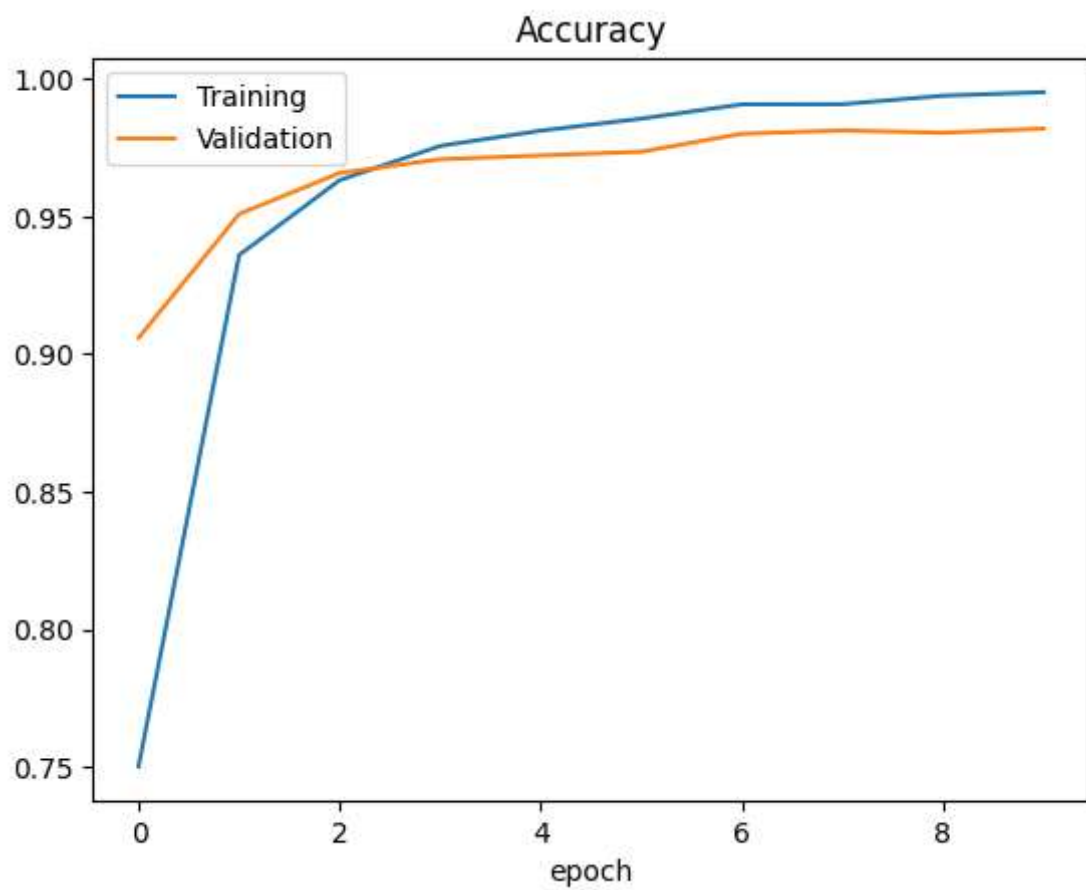
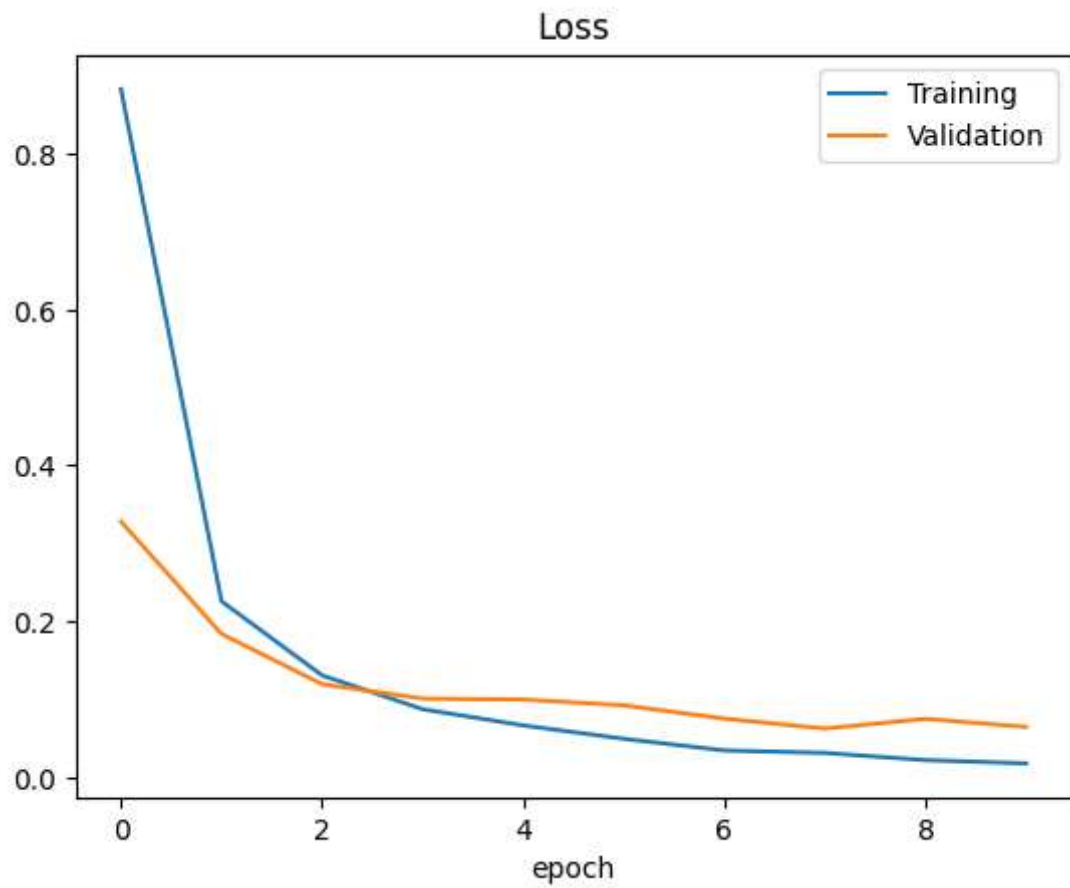
In [27]: plt.figure(1)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.legend(["Training", "Validation"])
plt.title("Loss")
plt.xlabel("epoch")

plt.figure(2)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.legend(["Training", "Validation"])
plt.title("Accuracy")

```

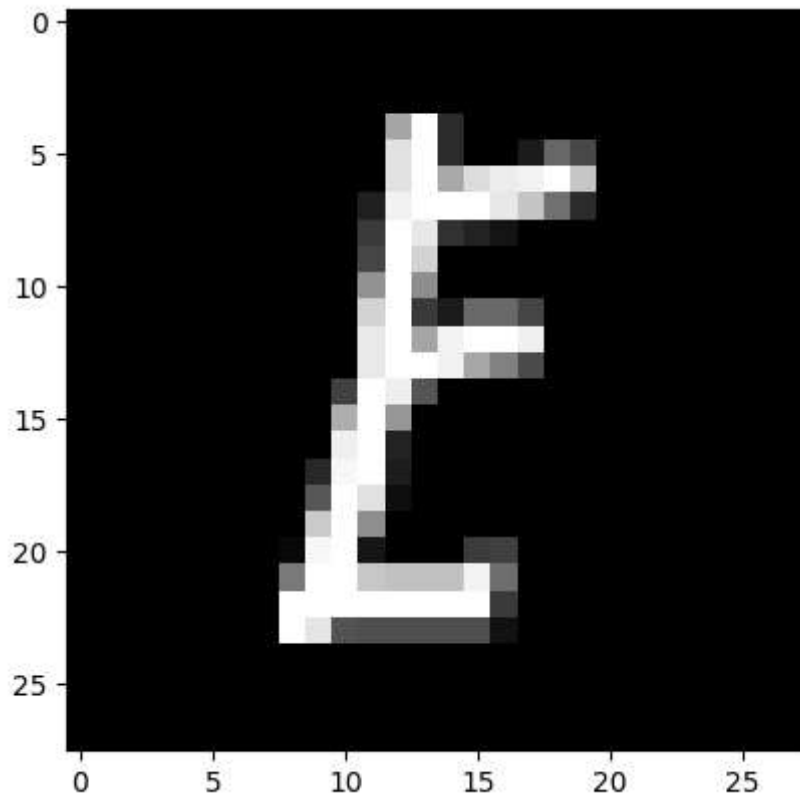
```
plt.xlabel("epoch")
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
In [28]: plt.imshow(X_data[4552], cmap='gray')
X_data[4552].shape
```

Out[28]: (28, 28, 1)



```
In [29]: pred = model.predict(X_data[4552].reshape(1, 28, 28), verbose=0).argmax(axis=1)
output = list(string.ascii_uppercase)
output[pred[0]]
```

Out[29]: 'E'

In []: