Suppose we create a class, Person, that possesses a header file as such.

```
#include<string>
using namespace std;
class Person {
public:
  string name;
  string bloodType;
  Person(string name, double bankBalance, string bloodType);
  string getName();
  string getBloodType();
  double getBankBalance();
private:
  double bankBalance;
};
Followed by an implementation such as this
#include <cstdlib>
#include "Person.h"
using namespace std;
  Person::Person(string name, double bankBalance, string bloodType){
    this->name = name;
    this->bankBalance = bankBalance;
    this->bloodType = bloodType;
  }
  string Person::getName(){ return name;}
  string Person::getBloodType() {return bloodType;}
  double Person::getBankBalance() {return bankBalance;}
```

This will provide a base class for our derived class, Samurai. A Samurai is a Person, so the relation holds in a conventional manner. The derived class is implemented as so

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include <string>
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include "Person.h"
using namespace std;
class Samurai : public Person {
  string swordType;
  string armorType;
public:
  Samurai(string sword, string armor, string Name, string bloodType, double bankBalance):
Person(Name, bankBalance, bloodType){
    swordType = sword;
    armorType = armor;
  }
  string getSword(){
    return swordType;
  string getArmor(){
    return armorType;
  }
};
```

We can test our derived class with the following Main method. Which outputs according to the comments.

```
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    //We first instigate the base class Person to show it's capabilities as an independent class
    Person person1 = Person("Randolph", 100, "A+");
    //Prints "100"
    cout << person1.getBankBalance() << endl;
    //Prints "Randolph"
    cout << person1.getName() << endl;
    //Prints "A+"
    cout << person1.getBloodType() << endl;
</pre>
```

//Now we examine and test the derived class "Samurai" which is derived from Person

//Our new constructor for our derived class takes two additional Parameters: Sword and Armor

```
Samurai samurai = Samurai("Jack's Katana", "Robe", "Samurai Jack", "O+", 500);
```

//Now we can show that it can utilize inherited methods along with its new methods

```
//Prints "Robe"
cout << samurai1.getArmor() << endl;
//Prints "Jack's Katana"
cout << samurai1.getSword() << endl;
//Prints "500"
cout << samurai1.getBankBalance() << endl;
//Prints "Samurai Jack
cout << samurai1.getName() << endl;
//Prints "O+"
cout << samurai1.getBloodType() << endl;
```

}

We provide another example, where Samurai is the base class, and Bushido is the derived class. A Bushido is a Samurai, so the relationship holds.

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include "Samurai.cpp"

using namespace std;
class Bushido : public Samurai{
    string rank;
    string landAmount;
public:
    Bushido(string rank, string landAmount,string sword, string armor, string Name, string bloodType, double bankBalance): Samurai(sword, armor, Name, bloodType, bankBalance){
        this->rank = rank;
        this->landAmount = landAmount;
    }
    string getRank(){
        return rank;
    }
    string getLandAmount(){
```

```
return landAmount;
  }
};
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  //We will show a second generation derived class as our second example
  //One that is derived from our first derived class, Samurai
  //We create a Bushido object
  Bushido bushido1 = Bushido("Chief Officer", "100 acres", "Master Blade", "Clay Chieftan
Armor", "George", "B+", 500);
  //We will observe in this example that we can use methods from our base class, Samurai,
and its base Class, Person
  //First, Samurai methods at work
  //Prints "Clay Chieftan Armor"
  cout << bushido1.getArmor() << endl;</pre>
  //Prints "Master Blade"
  cout << bushido1.getSword() << endl;</pre>
  //Now, let's show some "Person" methods
  //Prints "George"
  cout << bushido1.getName() << endl;</pre>
  //Prints "B+"
   cout << bushido1.getBloodType() <<endl;</pre>
  //And finally, some Bushido methods
  //Prints "Chief Officer"
   cout << bushido1.getRank() <<endl;</pre>
  //Prints "100 Acres"
  cout << bushido1.getLandAmount() <<endl;</pre>
};
```