

# Developer Recruitment Task

## AI HR OS · Backend Engineer Assessment

NestJS

Node.js

PostgreSQL

Multi-Tenancy

Microservices

REST API

*Estimated time: 3–4 hours · Submit via GitHub Pull Request*

### What You'll Build

You will build a small but production-style backend service for the AI HR OS platform — a multi-tenant Job Posting API using NestJS, PostgreSQL, and clean microservice principles.

This task tests how you structure a NestJS service, handle multi-tenancy, write clean APIs, and work with a real database.

### The Task — Multi-Tenant Job Posting Service

#### What to Build

Create a NestJS microservice called jobs-svc that allows multiple tenants (companies) to manage their job postings. Each tenant's data must be completely isolated.

#### Core Features Required

#	Feature	Details
1	Tenant Isolation	Every API call must include a <code>tenant_id</code> (via header or JWT claim). Tenants must never see each other's data.
2	Create a Job	POST <code>/jobs</code> — create a job posting with: title, department, location, employment_type (full-time/part-time/contract), salary_min, salary_max, description, status (draft/published).
3	List Jobs	GET <code>/jobs</code> — return only the calling tenant's jobs. Support optional query filters: status, department, location.
4	Get a Job	GET <code>/jobs/:id</code> — return a single job. Return 404 if not found or belongs to a different tenant.
5	Update a Job	PATCH <code>/jobs/:id</code> — partial update. Only the owning tenant can update.
6	Close a Job	DELETE <code>/jobs/:id</code> — soft delete (set status = 'closed', do not destroy the row).

### Database Schema

Use PostgreSQL with TypeORM (or Drizzle). Create the following tables:

#### tenants

```
id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid()
name        VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL
```

```
slug          VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL    -- e.g. 'acme-corp'
created_at    TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
```

## jobs

```
id            UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid()
tenant_id     UUID NOT NULL REFERENCES tenants(id)
title         VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL
department    VARCHAR(100)
location      VARCHAR(150)
employment_type VARCHAR(50) -- full-time | part-time | contract
salary_min    INTEGER
salary_max    INTEGER
description    TEXT
status        VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT 'draft' -- draft | published | closed
created_at    TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
updated_at    TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
```

✓ **Important: Add a database-level index on (tenant\_id) on the jobs table.**

## □ Multi-Tenancy Requirement

Use the Shared Database, Shared Schema approach (single PostgreSQL DB, tenant\_id column on every table). This is the approach used in the AI HR OS platform.

Implement a TenantGuard or TenantInterceptor in NestJS that:

- Reads the X-Tenant-ID header from every incoming request
- Attaches the tenant\_id to the request context
- Returns HTTP 400 if the header is missing

Every service method that queries jobs must scope the query by tenant\_id. Example:

```
this.jobRepo.find({ where: { tenant_id: tenantId, id: jobId } })
```

⊖ **A query that returns jobs across tenants is an automatic fail.**

## □ Suggested Project Structure

```
jobs-svc/
├── src/
│   ├── main.ts
│   ├── app.module.ts
│   ├── tenants/
│   │   ├── tenant.entity.ts
│   │   └── tenant.guard.ts      ← reads X-Tenant-ID header
│   ├── jobs/
│   │   ├── jobs.module.ts
│   │   ├── jobs.controller.ts
│   │   └── jobs.service.ts
```

```
| | | | job.entity.ts
| | | | |
| | | | | dto/
| | | | | |
| | | | | | create-job.dto.ts
| | | | | | update-job.dto.ts
| | | | |
| | | | common/
| | | | | interceptors/tenant.interceptor.ts
| | .env.example
| | docker-compose.yml      ← must work with docker-compose up
| | README.md
```

## ✓ Evaluation Criteria

Area	What We Look For	Weight
Multi-Tenancy	tenant_id scoping on ALL queries, TenantGuard implemented correctly, no cross-tenant data leakage	30%
NestJS Structure	Proper use of modules, controllers, services, DTOs, guards/interceptors, dependency injection	25%
Database & TypeORM	Correct entities, relations, migrations or sync, index on tenant_id	20%
API Design	RESTful routes, correct HTTP status codes, input validation with class-validator	15%
Code Quality	Clean, readable code, no console.log in production paths, .env used for config	10%

## ★ Bonus (Optional — Not Required)

- Add JWT authentication — tenant\_id extracted from JWT claim instead of header
- Write at least 2 unit tests using Jest for the JobsService
- Add a simple Swagger/OpenAPI spec (@nestjs/swagger)
- Use a database migration file instead of synchronize: true

## □ How to Submit

### Step 1 — Fork the Repo

- Go to: <https://github.com/nexadev-io/ai-hr-os-assessment>
- Click Fork → create your fork under your own GitHub account
- Clone it: `git clone https://github.com/<your-username>/ai-hr-os-assessment.git`

### Step 2 — Create Your Branch

```
| git checkout -b feature/jobs-svc-<your-name>
```

Example: `git checkout -b feature/jobs-svc-rahman-ali`

### Step 3 — Build & Commit

- Build your service inside the jobs-svc/ folder
- Commit regularly with clear messages:

```
git commit -m "feat(jobs): add tenant guard and job entity"
git commit -m "feat(jobs): implement CRUD endpoints with tenant scoping"
git commit -m "feat(jobs): add input validation with class-validator"
```

### Step 4 — Add a README

Your jobs-svc/README.md must include:

- How to run locally (docker-compose up should be enough)
- How to test the endpoints (curl examples or Postman collection)
- Any design decisions or trade-offs you made

### Step 5 — Open a Pull Request

- Push your branch: git push origin feature/jobs-svc-<your-name>
- Go to your fork on GitHub → click Compare & pull request
- Target: nexadev-io/ai-hr-os-assessment → main

PR Title format:

```
[Assessment] Jobs Service - <Your Full Name>
```

PR Description — paste this template:

```
## What I Built Brief description of your implementation... ## How to Run docker-compose up
## Test Tenant Isolation # Create jobs for Tenant A curl -X POST http://localhost:3000/jobs \
-H 'X-Tenant-ID: tenant-a-uuid' \ -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \ -d '{"title":
"Backend Dev", "status": "published"}' ## Decisions / Trade-offs - Why I chose X over Y... ##
Checklist - [ ] docker-compose up works - [ ] All 6 endpoints implemented - [ ] tenant_id
scoped on all queries - [ ] Input validation added - [ ] README complete
```

### □ Rules & Notes

- Do NOT commit .env files with real secrets — use .env.example
- docker-compose up must start the service and database with zero manual steps
- Use TypeScript — no plain JavaScript
- You can use any NestJS-compatible ORM (TypeORM recommended, Prisma accepted)
- Do NOT use any SaaS multi-tenancy library — implement it yourself so we see your thinking
- Submission deadline: 1 March 2026 — Late submissions will not be reviewed

**Questions? Email [hello@nexadev.io](mailto:hello@nexadev.io)**  
*Good luck! We review every submission carefully.*