

# OpenStack Labs

Lab 09: Customizing Instances



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## Introduction

In this lab, you will use the  ${\tt cloud-init}$  utility to customize OpenStack instances.



## **Objectives**

- Customize an instance with cloud-init.
- Verify instance customization.



## **Lab Settings**

The information in the table below will be needed in order to complete the lab. The task sections below provide details on the use of this information.

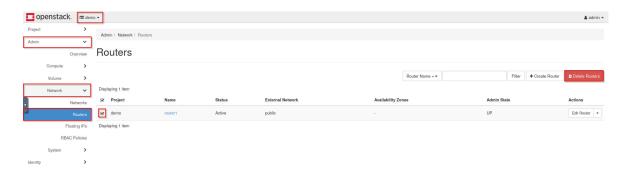
Virtual Machine	IP Address	Account	Password
workstation	ens3: 192.168.1.23	ubuntu ubuntu	
WOLKSCACTOR	ens4: 172.25.250.23		dbuiltu
devstack	ens3: 192.168.1.22	ubuntu	ubuntu
	ens4: 172.25.250.22		ubulitu



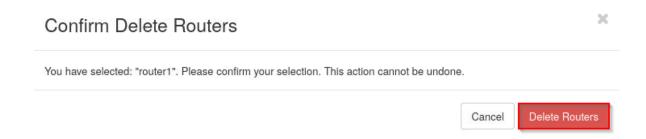
### 1 Creating Customized Instances

In this task, you will customize two instances using cloud-init capabilities and features. You will log into the first instance to confirm cloud-init is up and running.

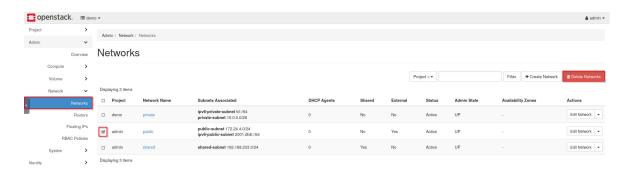
- 1. Open the web browser and navigate to **192.168.1.20**. Log into the dashboard as **admin** with the password **secret**.
- 2. Switch to the **demo** project. Navigate to **Admin** $\rightarrow$ **Network** $\rightarrow$ **Routers**. Check the box in the same row as **router1**, then click **Delete Routers**.



3. In the *Confirm Delete Routers* dialog box that pops up, click **Delete Routers**.



4. Now, navigate to **Networks**. Check the box in the same row as **public**, then click **Delete Networks**.



5. In the Confirm Delete Networks dialog box that pops up, click **Delete Networks**.



# Confirm Delete Networks You have selected: "public". Please confirm your selection. This action cannot be undone. Cancel Delete Networks

6. Leave the web browser open and open a terminal window. Source the keystone credentials for the **admin** user.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ source ~/keystonerc-admin
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ source ~/keystonerc-admin
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

7. A few resources need to be created to help with customizing the instances. First, create an external network named **external**. Set the network type to **flat** and the physical network to **public**. Set the network as shared and external.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack network create external \
> --external --share \
> --provider-network-type flat \
> --provider-physical-network public
```



```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack network create external \
 --external --share \
 --provider-network-type flat \
 --provider-physical-network public
 Field
                             | Value
 admin state up
                              UP
 availability zone hints
 availability zones
 created at
                              2023-11-28T22:04:20Z
 description
 dns domain
                              9413be91-6d77-4bd3-a206-d4b0d51e107a
 id
 ipv4 address scope
                              None
 ipv6 address scope
                              None
 is_default
                              False
 is vlan transparent
                              None
                              1500
 mtu
 name
                              external
 port_security_enabled
                              True
 project id
                              c524eaead1f74d4f9141f71b280e0237
 provider:network type
                              flat
 provider:physical network
                              public
 provider:segmentation id
                              None
 gos policy id
                              None
 revision number
 router:external
                              External
 segments
                              None
                              True
 shared
 status
                              ACTIVE
 subnets
 tags
 updated at
                              2023-11-28T22:04:20Z
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

#### Tip

WHen typing the command, make sure there is a space between external and the \ character, and press **Enter** to get the > and continue typing the rest of the command.

8. Create a subnet named **subext** in the **external** network. Give the subnet a range of **172.25.250.60** to **172.25.250.80**. Disable DHCP services for the subnet and use the address **172.25.250.254** as the gateway as well as the DNS name server.



```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack subnet create \
> --subnet-range 172.25.250.0/24 \
> --no-dhcp \
> --gateway 172.25.250.254 \
> --dns-nameserver 172.25.250.254 \
> --allocation-pool start=172.25.250.60,end=172.25.250.80 \
> --network external \
> subext
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack subnet create \
> --subnet-range 172.25.250.0/24 \
 --no-dhcp \
> --gateway 172.25.250.254 \
> --dns-nameserver 172.25.250.254 \
 --allocation-pool start=172.25.250.60,end=172.25.250.80 \
 --network external \
 subext
 Field
                    | Value
                    172.25.250.60-172.25.250.80
 allocation pools
  cidr
                      172.25.250.0/24
                      2023-11-28T22:06:04Z
  created at
 description
                      172.25.250.254
  dns nameservers
  enable dhcp
                      False
                      172.25.250.254
  gateway ip
 host routes
                      1fc4acf4-704b-4a61-bbf3-cc8db40497ec
  ip version
  ipv6 address mode
                      None
 ipv6 ra mode
                      None
  name
                      subext
                      9413be91-6d77-4bd3-a206-d4b0d51e107a
  network id
                      c524eaead1f74d4f9141f71b280e0237
  project id
  revision number
  segment id
                      None
  service_types
  subnetpool id
                      None
  tags
                      2023-11-28T22:06:04Z
  updated at
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

9. From the floating IP pool in the **external** network, create a floating IP.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack floating ip create external
```



```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack floating ip create external
 Field
                     | Value
                    | 2023-11-28T22:06:29Z
| created at
 description
 fixed ip address | None
 floating_ip_address | 172.25.250.78
 floating network id | 9413be91-6d77-4bd3-a206-d4b0d51e107a
 id
                     | dea3c2c7-fd39-4d9a-9835-2444cf2dfa7e
                     | 172.25.250.78
 name
                    None
 port id
                    c524eaead1f74d4f9141f71b280e0237
 project id
 gos policy id
                    None
                    0
 revision number
                     None
 router id
                     DOWN
 status
 subnet id
                     I None
 updated at
                     2023-11-28T22:06:29Z
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

10. Create a router named **exercise-router**.

ubuntu@workstation:~\$ openstack router create exercise-router

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack router create exercise-router
                        | Value
 admin state up
 availability_zone_hints |
 availability zones
 created at
                        2023-11-29T19:33:59Z
 description
                        False
 distributed
 external gateway info
                        None
 flavor id
                         None
                         False
 ha
 id
                         c8ed3b3a-f70c-418e-a00f-la8f8dca6161
                        | exercise-router
 name
 project_id
                        c524eaead1f74d4f9141f71b280e0237
 revision number
 routes
                         ACTIVE
 status
 tags
 updated_at
                        2023-11-29T19:33:59Z
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```



11. Connect the router to the **shared-subnet** subnet.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack router add subnet \
> exercise-router shared-subnet
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack router add subnet \
> exercise-router shared-subnet
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

12. Set the **external** network as the gateway for the router.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack router set \
> --external-gateway external \
> exercise-router
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack router set \
> --external-gateway external \
> exercise-router
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

13. Create the key pair **dev-keypair** and save the private key to the file ~/**Downloads/dev-keypair.pem**.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack keypair create \
> dev-keypair > ~/Downloads/dev-keypair.pem
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack keypair create \
> dev-keypair > ~/Downloads/dev-keypair.pem
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

14. the chmod command with a mode of **600** to make it so that the **ubuntu** user has read/write permissions on the file, and groups and other users have no permissions to the file.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ chmod 600 ~/Downloads/dev-keypair.pem
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ chmod 600 ~/Downloads/dev-keypair.pem
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```



15. Create the **dev-secgroup** security group.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack security group \
> create dev-secgroup
```

16. Add a security rule in the **dev-secgroup** security group to allow remote ICMP traffic.

```
ubuntu@workstation: openstack security group \
> rule create \
> --protocol icmp \
> dev-secgroup
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack security group \
 rule create \
 --protocol icmp \
 dev-secgroup
 Field
                     Value
                      2023-11-28T22:09:51Z
 created at
 description
 direction
                      ingress
 ether type
                      IPv4
                      d38364cb-c1ba-4710-8561-3243de310569
 id
                      None
 name
                      None
 port range max
 port range min
                      None
 project id
                      c524eaead1f74d4f9141f71b280e0237
 protocol
                      icmp
 remote group id
                      None
  remote ip prefix
                      0.0.0.0/0
  revision number
  security group id
                      bf6127bb-edab-44c8-a470-20cc9c3c4f6c
 updated at
                      2023-11-28T22:09:51Z
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

17. Add another security rule to allow remote connection using SSH on the default port 22.



```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack security group \
> rule create \
> --protocol tcp \
> --dst-port 22 \
> dev-secgroup
```

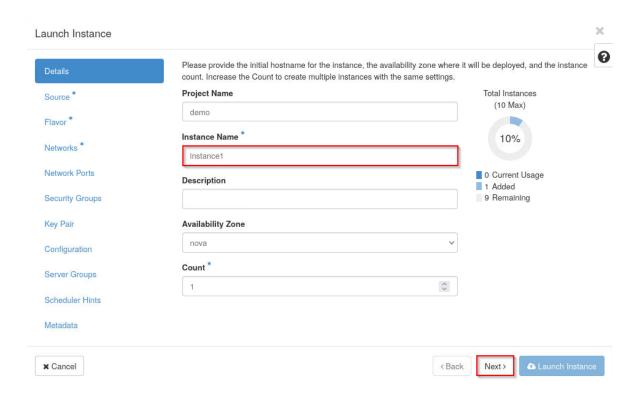
```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack security group \
 rule create \
 --protocol tcp \
 --dst-port 22 \
 dev-secgroup
 Field
                     Value
 created at
                      2023-11-28T22:10:34Z
 description
 direction
                      ingress
 ether type
                      IPv4
 id
                      ae97b392-7583-4f00-8cde-c544fd4b8195
                      None
 name
 port range max
                      22
                      22
 port range min
                      c524eaead1f74d4f9141f71b280e0237
 project id
 protocol
                      tcp
  remote group id
                      None
  remote ip prefix
                      0.0.0.0/0
  revision number
  security group id
                      bf6127bb-edab-44c8-a470-20cc9c3c4f6c
  updated at
                      2023-11-28T22:10:34Z
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

18. Now that the necessary resources have been created, focus back to the web browser. Navigate to **Project**→**Compute**→**Instances**, then click **Launch Instance**.



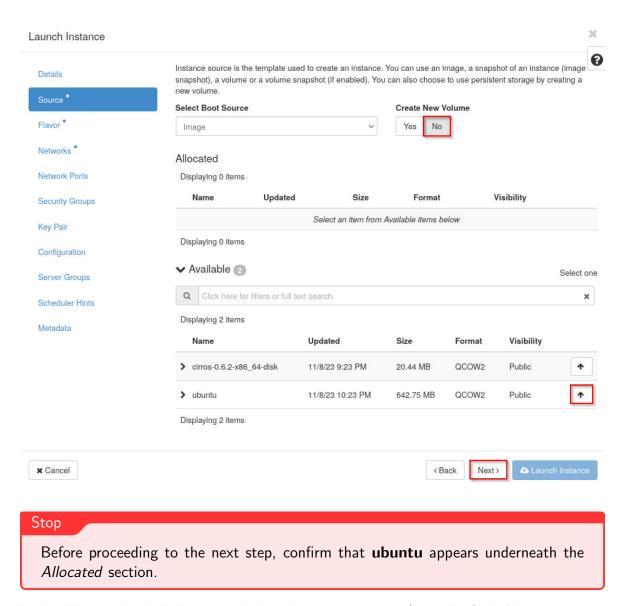
19. In the *Details* tab, enter **instance1** in the *Instance Name* field and click **Next**.





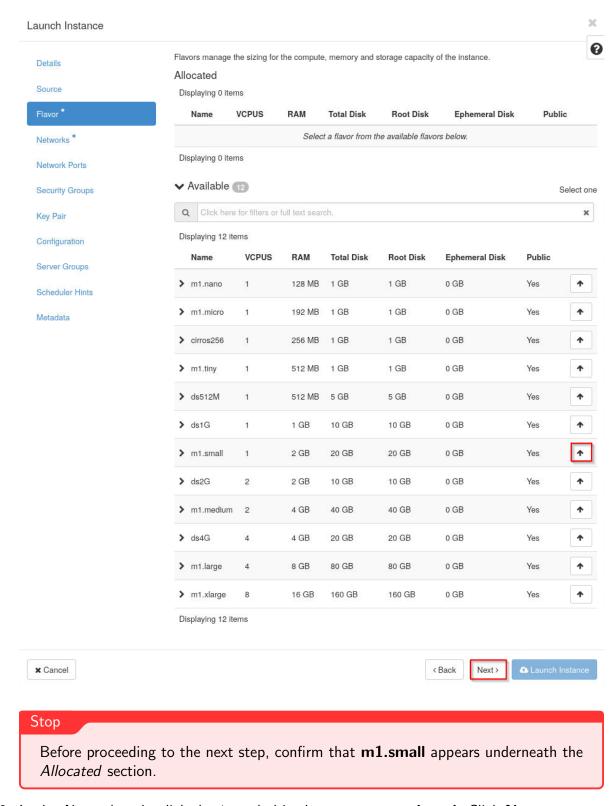
20. In the *Source* tab, make sure **Image** is selected in the *Select Boot Source* dropdown and click **No** under *Create New Volume*. Select the **ubuntu** image by clicking the ↑ symbol in the same row. Click **Next**.





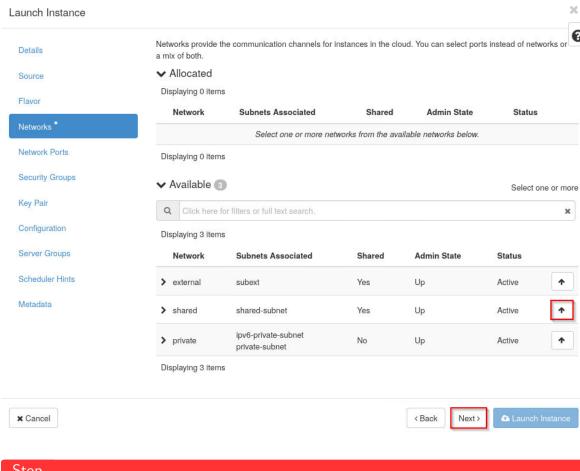
21. In the *Flavor* tab, click the ↑ symbol in the same row as **m1.small**. Click **Next**.





22. In the *Networks* tab, click the \( \gamma\) symbol in the same row as **shared**. Click **Next**.



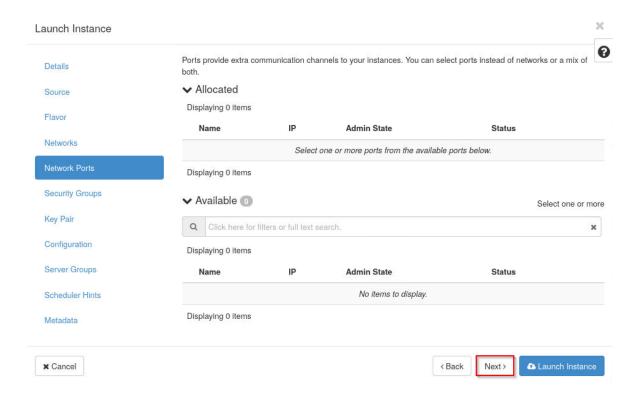


Stop

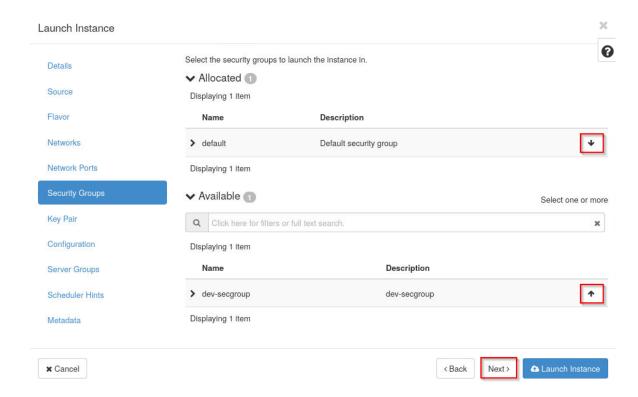
Before proceeding to the next step, confirm that shared appears underneath the Allocated section.

23. In the Network Ports tab, click Next.





24. In the *Security Groups* tab, click the ↓ symbol in the same row as **default**, and click the ↑ symbol in the same row as **dev-secgroup**. Click **Next**.

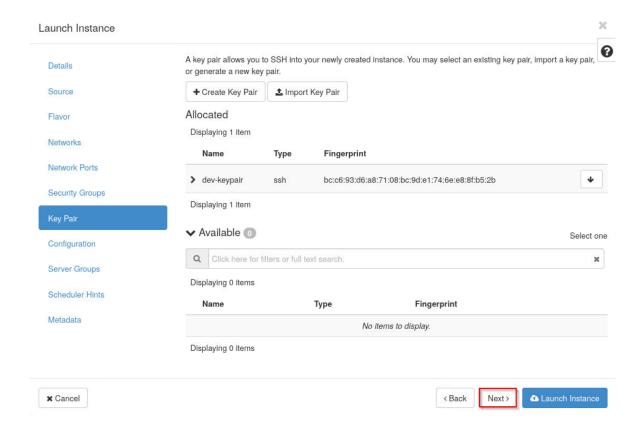




#### Stop

Before proceeding to the next step, confirm that only **dev-secgroup** appears underneath the *Allocated* section.

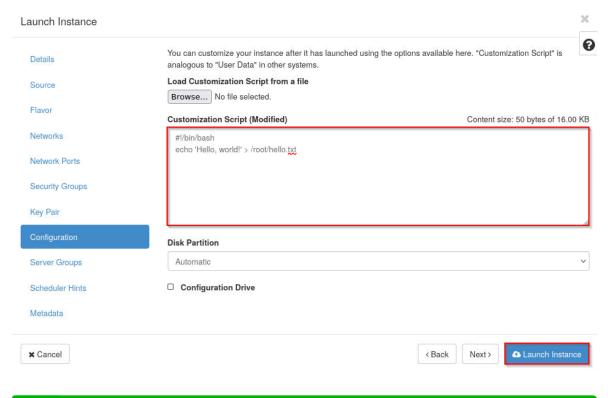
25. In the *Key Pair* tab, ensure that the key pair **dev-keypair** has been selected and is underneath the *Allocated* section. Click **Next**.



26. In the *Configuration* tab, populate the **Customization Script** field with the content below. Once finished, click **Launch Instance**.

```
#!/bin/bash
echo 'Hello, world!' > /root/hello.txt
```

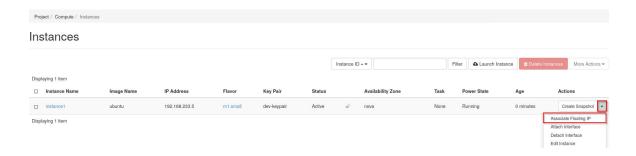




#### Tip

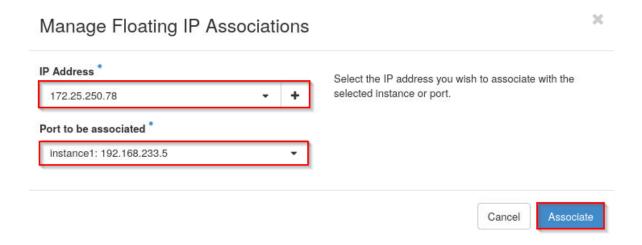
A customization script can be used to perform many commands automatically upon instance creation, such as installing packages, configuring a host name, etc. The simple script above is just an example.

27. Once the status for **instance1** is **Active**, attach a floating IP address to it. Select **Associate Floating IP** from the dropdown menu next to **Create Snapshot** in the row for the instance.

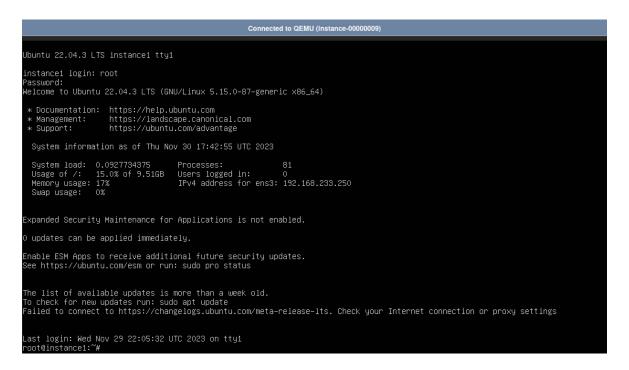


28. Select any one of the IP addresses from the IP Address dropdown and select **instance1**: **192.168.233.XYZ** as the *Port to be associated*. Click **Associate**.





29. To verify that the customization script worked, first click on **instance1** under the *Instance Name* column, then navigate to the *Console* tab if you are not directed there automatically. Log into the instance as **root** with the password **secret**.



30. Check /var/log/cloud-init.log to confirm that cloud-init ran. Use the tail command to print the last 10 lines of the log.

```
root@instance:~# tail /var/log/cloud-init.log
```



```
Connected to QEMU (instance-00000009)

root@instance1:~# sudo tail /var/log/cloud-init.log
sudo: unable to resolve host instance1: Temporary failure in name resolution
2023-11-30 17:32:30,843 - util.py[DEBUG]: Writing to /var/lib/cloud/instance/boot-finished - wb: [644] 70 bytes
2023-11-30 17:32:30,852 - handlers.py[DEBUG]: finish: modules-final/config-final_message: SUCCESS: config-final_message ran succ
essfully
2023-11-30 17:32:30,853 - main.py[DEBUG]: Ran 11 modules with 0 failures
2023-11-30 17:32:30,860 - atomic_helper.py[DEBUG]: Atomically writing to file /var/lib/cloud/data/status.json (via temporary fil
e /var/lib/cloud/data/tmppufil6z_) - w: [644] 590 bytes/chars
2023-11-30 17:32:30,867 - atomic_helper.py[DEBUG]: Atomically writing to file /var/lib/cloud/data/result.json (via temporary fil
e /var/lib/cloud/data/tmpwymsadmy) - w: [644] 87 bytes/chars
2023-11-30 17:32:30,870 - util.py[DEBUG]: Creating symbolic link from '/run/cloud-init/result.json' => '../../var/lib/cloud/data/
/result.json'
2023-11-30 17:32:30,872 - util.py[DEBUG]: Reading from /proc/uptime (quiet=False)
2023-11-30 17:32:30,875 - util.py[DEBUG]: cloud-init mode 'modules' took 3.172 seconds (3.17)
2023-11-30 17:32:30,878 - handlers.py[DEBUG]: finish: modules-final: SUCCESS: running modules for final
root@instance1:~# _
```

31. Ensure that the **/root/hello.txt** file exists and has the correct content.

```
root@instance:~# cat /root/hello.txt
```

```
Connected to QEMU (instance-0000000b)

root@instance1:~# cat /root/hello.txt

Hello, world!

root@instance1:~# _
```

- 32. Log out of the *Horizon Dashboard* and close the web browser.
- 33. Focus back on the terminal and delete **instance1**.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack server delete instance1
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack server delete instance1
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

34. Another instance will be created and customized using the *OpenStack Unified CLI*. First, create a **user-data** script that will be attached to the instance at creation. Create a script called ~/set\_hostname that matches the content shown below. Press CTRL+X, then Y to accept the file changes. Press Enter to confirm and exit back to the terminal.

```
ubuntu@workstation: nano ~/set_hostname
```

```
GNU nano 2.9.3 /home/ubuntu/set_hostname Modified

#!/bin/bash
hostnamectl set-hostname nexus
```

35. Launch an instance using the **user-data** option with the previously created script to perform the customization. Use the **ubuntu** image, the **m1.small** flavor, the **shared** network, the **dev-secgroup** security group, and the **dev-keypair** key pair.



```
ubuntu@workstation: openstack server create \
> --image ubuntu \
> --flavor m1.small \
> --nic net-id=shared \
> --security-group dev-secgroup \
> --key-name dev-keypair \
> --user-data ~/set_hostname \
> --wait instance2
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack server create \
  --image ubuntu \
  --flavor m1.small \
--nic net-id=shared \
  --security-group dev-secgroup \
  --key-name dev-keypair \
  --user-data ~/set hostname \
  --wait instance2
  Field
                                               Value
 OS-DCF:diskConfig
OS-EXT-AZ:availability_zone
                                               MANUAL
                                               nova
 OS-EXT-SRV-ATTR:host
OS-EXT-SRV-ATTR:hypervisor_hostname
                                               devstack
                                               devstack
  OS-EXT-SRV-ATTR:instance_name
                                               instance-0000000c
  OS-EXT-STS:power_state
OS-EXT-STS:task_state
                                               Running
                                               None
  OS-EXT-STS:vm_state
OS-SRV-USG:launched_at
                                               active
                                               2023-11-30T18:31:03.000000
  OS-SRV-USG:terminated_at
                                               None
  accessIPv4
  accessIPv6
                                               shared=192.168.233.47
  addresses
  adminPass
                                               5G5xNceVrXus
  config_drive
  created
                                               2023-11-30T18:31:00Z
                                               m1.small (2)
151e314f6e3cfc8b4db0b1f6035cc4b68cb1e6c9aa97163a575f9f6c
  flavor
  hostId
                                               d178095d-49e4-4e05-9729-0e320cfe5309
ubuntu (10d986bd-8501-47be-b9d9-d72eab219920)
  id
  image
  key_name
name
                                               dev-keypair
                                               instance2
  progress
project_id
                                               c524eaead1f74d4f9141f71b280e0237
  properties
  security_groups
                                               name='dev-secgroup'
  status
                                               ACTIVE
                                               2023-11-30T18:31:04Z
  updated
  user id
                                               b4bdeae0865449e1905fc5e639007753
  volumes_attached
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

36. Verify that the status of the **instance2** instance is **ACTIVE**.

```
ubuntu@workstation: openstack server list
```



37. Generate another floating IP address to assign to this instance. Take note of the IP address generated, which is listed in the *name* row in the output from the below command.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack floating ip create external
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack floating ip create external
 Field
                       Value
                        2023-11-29T22:29:11Z
 created at
 description
 fixed ip address
                        None
 floating_ip_address
                        172.25.250.63
 floating network id
                        9413be91-6d77-4bd3-a206-d4b0d51e107a
                        61840770-30bb-4bed-83c2-9cb95c7a831f
 id
                        172.25.250.63
 name
 port id
                        None
 project id
                        c524eaead1f74d4f9141f71b280e0237
 gos policy id
                        None
 revision number
                        0
 router id
                        None
                        DOWN
 status
 subnet id
                        None
                        2023-11-29T22:29:11Z
 updated at
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

38. Assign the floating IP generated from the last step to **instance2**.

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack server add floating ip \ instance2 172.25.250.63
```

```
ubuntu@workstation:~$ openstack server add floating ip \
> instance2 172.25.250.63
ubuntu@workstation:~$
```

#### Note

The actual value of your floating IP address may be different.



## 2 Verify Customized Instances

In this task, you will verify that cloud-init has correctly customized the two instances created in the previous section.

- 1. If a terminal window is not already open, open one and source the admin credentials from the ~/keystonerc-admin file.
- 2. Determine the floating IP address associated with **instance1**. Remember that the floating IP address is in the **172.25.250.0/24** subnet.

```
ubuntu@workstation: openstack server show instance1 \
> | grep address
```

#### Note

The floating IP addresses in your output may differ from these examples.

3. Now, use this command again to determine the floating IP address associated with **instance2**.

```
ubuntu@workstation: openstack server show instance2 \
> | grep address
```