$$\sqrt{x} = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow (\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x})^{2} = 0$$
Set $\sqrt{x} = y$ then $(y - \sqrt{x})^{2} = 0 \Rightarrow y^{2} - 2 \cdot \sqrt{x} \cdot y + x = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = \frac{y^{2} + x}{2y} \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = \frac{(y + x/y)}{2}$$
Cousider now $\sqrt{x} = 2 \Rightarrow 2 = \frac{y + x/y}{2}$

Since Z=y= \(\sigma\) we want to approximate the square root with an appropriate amount of decimal points.

Let's say we want accuracy of 5 decimal points, then the difference |y-z| should not exceed $10^{-5} = 0.00001$.

sdecinal Poins

To find the solution we iterate:

y=22=(y+x/y)/2

until |y-z| >=10-5 surpasses the desired accuracy.