

```
1 using System;
2 using TMPro;
3 using UnityEngine;
4
5 /// <summary>
6 /// CircuitVisualizer generates meshes for both circuits and custom      ↗
7   circuits.
8   </summary>
9 public class CircuitVisualizer : MonoBehaviour
10 {
11     // Singleton state reference
12     private static CircuitVisualizer instance;
13
14     /// <summary>
15     /// The color associated with starting and custom circuits.
16     </summary>
17     [SerializeField]
18     Color startingCircuitColor,
19         customCircuitColor;
20
21     /// <summary>
22     /// Thickness of the border surrounding the base of a circuit.
23     </summary>
24     [SerializeField]
25     float borderThickness; // Border surrounding the base of the circuit
26
27     /// <summary>
28     /// Square dimensions of an input node.
29     </summary>
30     [SerializeField]
31     float inputSize;
32
33     /// <summary>
34     /// Square dimensions of an output node.
35     </summary>
36     [SerializeField]
37     float outputSize;
38
39     /// <summary>
40     /// Square dimensions of the power indicator on input and output      ↗
41     nodes.
42     </summary>
43     [SerializeField]
44     float powerSize;
45
46     /// <summary>
47     /// The distance between each input and output node.
48     </summary>
49     [SerializeField]
```

```
48     float heightMargins;
49
50     /// <summary>
51     /// The width of all circuits.
52     /// </summary>
53     [SerializeField]
54     float width;
55
56     /// <summary>
57     /// Reference to the display prefab.
58     /// </summary>
59     [SerializeField]
60     GameObject displayRef;
61
62     /// <summary>
63     /// Various materials utilized in circuit creation.
64     /// </summary>
65     [SerializeField]
66     Material baseMaterial, borderMaterial, inputMaterial, outputMaterial, ➤
        powerOffMaterial, powerOnMaterial;
67
68     /// <summary>
69     /// The font to utilize for circuit names.
70     /// </summary>
71     [SerializeField]
72     TMP_FontAsset font;
73
74     /// <summary>
75     /// The padding that should be applied to the text component of a ➤
        visualized circuit.
76     /// </summary>
77     [SerializeField]
78     Vector2 textPadding;
79
80     /// <summary>
81     /// Refers to the triangles of any generated quad.
82     /// </summary>
83     private readonly int[] triangles = new int[] { 0, 1, 3, 3, 1, 2 };
84
85     /// <summary>
86     /// Refers to the UV of any generated quad.
87     /// </summary>
88     private readonly Vector2[] uv = new Vector2[] { new Vector2(0, 0), new ➤
        Vector2(0, 1), new Vector2(1, 1), new Vector2(1, 0) };
89
90     /// <summary>
91     /// Refers to the normals of any generated quad.
92     /// </summary>
93     private readonly Vector3[] normals = new Vector3[] { Vector3.up, ➤
```

```
        Vector3.up, Vector3.up, Vector3.up };

94
95     /// <summary>
96     /// Wrapper class allowing for the discovery of an <see           ↗
97     cref="Circuit.Input"/> through raycasting.
98     /// </summary>
99     public class InputReference : MonoBehaviour
100     {
101         /// <summary>
102         /// The wrapped input.
103         /// </summary>
104         private Circuit.Input input;
105
106         // Getter and setter method
107         public Circuit.Input Input { get { return input; } set { input = ↗
108             value; } }
109     }
110
111     /// <summary>
112     /// Wrapper class allowing for the discovery of an <see           ↗
113     cref="Circuit.Output"/> through raycasting.
114     /// </summary>
115     public class OutputReference : MonoBehaviour
116     {
117         /// <summary>
118         /// The wrapped output.
119         /// </summary>
120         private Circuit.Output output;
121
122         // Getter and setter method
123         public Circuit.Output Output { get { return output; } set { output ↗
124             = value; } }
125     }
126
127     // Enforces a singleton state pattern
128     private void Awake()
129     {
130         if (instance != null)
131         {
132             Destroy(this);
133             throw new Exception("CircuitVisualizer instance already ↗
134                 established; terminating.");
135         }
136
137         instance = this;
138     }
139
140     /// <summary>
141     /// Restores a serialized connection back to the scene.
```

```
137     /// </summary>
138     /// <param name="connection">The serialized connection to restore.</
    param>
139     /// <returns>The instantiated GameObjects in the form of a <see
    cref="ConnectionSerializerRestorer"/>.</returns>
140     public ConnectionSerializerRestorer VisualizeConnection
    (ConnectionSerializer connection)
141     {
142         GameObject parentObj = new GameObject("Connection");
143         Vector3 normalOffset = new Vector3(0, -0.125f, 0.5f);
144         Vector3 pivotOffset = new Vector3(0, 0, -0.5f);
145
146         parentObj.transform.position = Vector3.zero;
147
148         // If there is an optimized parent mesh, create it.
149         if (connection.ParentMesh != null) CreateMesh(parentObj,
    connection.ParentMesh);
150
151         // Runs if the starting wire and ending wire point to the same
    GameObject.
152         if (connection.SingleWired)
153         {
154             // Creates the single wire parent
155             GameObject singleWire = new GameObject("Ending Wire");
156
157             singleWire.transform.parent = parentObj.transform;
158             singleWire.transform.position =
    connection.EndingMesh.Position;
159             singleWire.transform.eulerAngles =
    connection.EndingMesh.Rotation;
160             singleWire.transform.localScale = connection.EndingMesh.Scale;
161
162             // Creates the single wire pivot
163             GameObject pivot = new GameObject("Pivot");
164
165             pivot.transform.parent = singleWire.transform;
166             pivot.transform.localPosition = pivotOffset;
167             pivot.transform.localEulerAngles = Vector3.zero;
168             pivot.transform.localScale = Vector3.one;
169
170             // Creates the single wire mesh
171             GameObject actual = new GameObject("GameObject");
172
173             actual.transform.parent = pivot.transform;
174             actual.transform.localPosition = normalOffset;
175             actual.transform.localEulerAngles = Vector3.zero;
176             actual.transform.localScale = Vector3.one;
177             CreateMesh(actual, connection.EndingMesh);
178
```

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179         return new ConnectionSerializerRestorer
            (connection.CircuitConnectorIdentifier, singleWire,
            singleWire, parentObj);
180     }
181
182     else
183     {
184         // Creates the starting wire parent
185         GameObject startingWire = new GameObject("Starting Wire");
186
187         startingWire.transform.parent = parentObj.transform;
188         startingWire.transform.position =
            connection.StartingMesh.Position;
189         startingWire.transform.eulerAngles =
            connection.StartingMesh.Rotation;
190         startingWire.transform.localScale =
            connection.StartingMesh.Scale;
191
192         // Creates the starting wire pivot
193         GameObject pivot = new GameObject("Pivot");
194
195         pivot.transform.parent = startingWire.transform;
196         pivot.transform.localPosition = Vector3.zero;
197         pivot.transform.localEulerAngles = Vector3.zero;
198         pivot.transform.localScale = Vector3.one;
199
200         // Creates the starting wire mesh
201         GameObject actual = new GameObject("GameObject");
202
203         actual.transform.parent = pivot.transform;
204         actual.transform.localPosition = normalOffset;
205         actual.transform.localEulerAngles = Vector3.zero;
206         actual.transform.localScale = Vector3.one;
207         CreateMesh(actual, connection.StartingMesh);
208
209         // Creates the ending wire parent
210         GameObject endingWire = new GameObject("Ending Wire");
211
212         endingWire.transform.parent = parentObj.transform;
213         endingWire.transform.position =
            connection.EndingMesh.Position;
214         endingWire.transform.eulerAngles =
            connection.EndingMesh.Rotation;
215         endingWire.transform.localScale = connection.EndingMesh.Scale;
216
217         // Creates the ending wire pivot
218         pivot = new GameObject("Pivot");
219         pivot.transform.parent = endingWire.transform;
220         pivot.transform.localPosition = Vector3.zero;

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221     pivot.transform.localEulerAngles = Vector3.zero;
222     pivot.transform.localScale = Vector3.one;
223
224     // Creates the ending wire mesh
225     actual = new GameObject("GameObject");
226     actual.transform.parent = pivot.transform;
227     actual.transform.localPosition = normalOffset;
228     actual.transform.localEulerAngles = Vector3.zero;
229     actual.transform.localScale = Vector3.one;
230     CreateMesh(actual, connection.EndingMesh);
231
232     return new ConnectionSerializerRestorer
        (connection.CircuitConnectorIdentifier, startingWire,
        endingWire, parentObj);
233 }
234 }
235
236 /// <summary>
237 /// Generates a circuit GameObject corresponding to its specific
        properties.
238 /// </summary>
239 /// <param name="circuit">The circuit to reference.</param>
240 /// <param name="startingPosition">The starting position of the
        circuit.</param>
241 public void VisualizeCircuit(Circuit circuit, Vector2
        startingPosition)
242 {
243     // Target circuit is a display; run alternate code
244     if (circuit.GetType() == typeof(Display))
245     {
246         Display display = (Display)circuit;
247         GameObject displayObj = Instantiate(displayRef);
248         DisplayReference displayVals =
            displayObj.GetComponent<DisplayReference>();
249         Circuit.Input[] inputs = display.Inputs;
250
251         displayObj.name = display.CircuitName;
252         displayObj.transform.position = new Vector3
            (startingPosition.x, GridMaintenance.Instance.GridHeight,
            startingPosition.y);
253         display.PhysicalObject = displayObj;
254         display.Pins = displayVals.Pins;
255         display.PreviewPins = displayVals.PreviewPins;
256
257         for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++)
258         {
259             GameObject currentInput = displayVals.Inputs[i];
260             InputReference inputReference =
                currentInput.AddComponent<InputReference>();

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```
261
262         inputReference.Input = inputs[i];
263         inputs[i].Transform = currentInput.transform;
264         inputs[i].StatusRenderer = displayVals.InputStatuses[i];
265     }
266
267     Destroy(displayVals); // Reference script no longer needed
                           after extracing relevant values
268
269     CircuitReference circuitRef =
        displayObj.AddComponent<CircuitReference>();
270
271     circuitRef.Circuit = circuit;
272     return;
273 }
274
275 // Setting dimensions
276 int numInputMargins = circuit.Inputs.Length + 1, numOutputMargins
    = circuit.Outputs.Length + 1;
277 float inputHeight = numInputMargins * heightMargins +
    circuit.Inputs.Length * inputSize;
278 float outputHeight = numOutputMargins * heightMargins +
    circuit.Outputs.Length * outputSize;
279 Vector2 dimensions = new Vector2(width, Mathf.Max(inputHeight,
    outputHeight));
280
281 // Creating circuit base
282 GameObject physicalObject = new GameObject("\\" +
    circuit.CircuitName + "\" Gate");
283 GameObject baseQuad = new GameObject("Base");
284
285 physicalObject.transform.position = new Vector3
    (startingPosition.x, GridMaintenance.Instance.GridHeight,
    startingPosition.y);
286 baseQuad.layer = 8;
287 baseQuad.transform.parent = physicalObject.transform;
288 baseQuad.transform.localPosition = Vector3.up * 0.005f;
289
290 Vector3[] vertices = new Vector3[]
291 {
292     new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2, 0, -dimensions.y / 2),
293     new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2, 0, dimensions.y / 2),
294     new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2, 0, dimensions.y / 2),
295     new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2, 0, -dimensions.y / 2)
296 };
297
298 CreateQuad(baseQuad, vertices, baseMaterial);
299
300 // Creating circuit border
```

```
301     GameObject borderQuad = new GameObject("Border");
302
303     borderQuad.layer = 13;
304     borderQuad.transform.parent = physicalObject.transform;
305     borderQuad.transform.localPosition = Vector3.zero;
306     vertices = new Vector3[]
307     {
308         new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2 - borderThickness, 0, -
309             dimensions.y / 2 - borderThickness),
310         new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2 - borderThickness, 0,
311             dimensions.y / 2 + borderThickness),
312         new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2 + borderThickness, 0,
313             dimensions.y / 2 + borderThickness),
314         new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2 + borderThickness, 0, -
315             dimensions.y / 2 - borderThickness)
316     };
317     CreateQuad(borderQuad, vertices, borderMaterial, false);
318
319     // Power on/off vertices
320     Vector3[] powerVertices = new Vector3[]
321     {
322         new Vector3(-powerSize / 2, 0, -powerSize / 2),
323         new Vector3(-powerSize / 2, 0, powerSize / 2),
324         new Vector3(powerSize / 2, 0, powerSize / 2),
325         new Vector3(powerSize / 2, 0, -powerSize / 2)
326     };
327
328     // Creating input nodes
329     float inputStepSize = (dimensions.y - circuit.Inputs.Length *
330         inputSize) / numInputMargins;
331     int index = 0;
332
333     vertices = new Vector3[]
334     {
335         new Vector3(-inputSize / 2, 0, -inputSize / 2),
336         new Vector3(-inputSize / 2, 0, inputSize / 2),
337         new Vector3(inputSize / 2, 0, inputSize / 2),
338         new Vector3(inputSize / 2, 0, -inputSize / 2)
339     };
340
341     for (float currentHeight = inputStepSize + inputSize / 2; index <
342         circuit.Inputs.Length; currentHeight += inputStepSize +
343         inputSize)
344     {
345         GameObject inputQuad = new GameObject("Input " + (index + 1));
346         GameObject inputQuadPower = new GameObject("Input Status " +
347             (index + 1));
348         Vector3 pos = new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2, 0.01f,
349             currentHeight - dimensions.y / 2);
```



```
341
342     inputQuad.layer = 9;
343     inputQuad.transform.parent = inputQuadPower.transform.parent = physicalObject.transform;
344     inputQuad.transform.localPosition = inputQuadPower.transform.localPosition = pos;
345     CreateQuad(inputQuad, vertices, inputMaterial);
346     CreateQuad(inputQuadPower, powerVertices, powerOffMaterial, false);
347
348     Vector3 temp = inputQuadPower.transform.localPosition;
349
350     temp.y = 0.015f;
351     inputQuadPower.transform.localPosition = temp;
352     circuit.Inputs[index].Transform = inputQuad.transform;
353     circuit.Inputs[index].StatusRenderer = inputQuadPower.GetComponent<MeshRenderer>\(\);
354
355     InputReference inputReference = inputQuad.AddComponent<InputReference>\(\);
356
357     inputReference.Input = circuit.Inputs[index];
358     index++;
359 }
360
361 // Creating output nodes
362 float outputStepSize = (dimensions.y - circuit.Outputs.Length * outputSize) / numOutputMargins;
363
364 index = 0;
365 vertices = new Vector3[]
366 {
367     new Vector3(-outputSize / 2, 0, -outputSize / 2),
368     new Vector3(-outputSize / 2, 0, outputSize / 2),
369     new Vector3(outputSize / 2, 0, outputSize / 2),
370     new Vector3(outputSize / 2, 0, -outputSize / 2)
371 };
372
373 for (float currentHeight = outputStepSize + outputSize / 2; index < circuit.Outputs.Length; currentHeight += outputStepSize + outputSize)
374 {
375     GameObject outputQuad = new GameObject("Output " + (index + 1));
376     GameObject outputQuadPower = new GameObject("Output Status " + (index + 1));
377     Vector3 pos = new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2, 0.01f, currentHeight - dimensions.y / 2);
378
```

```
379         outputQuad.layer = 10;
380         outputQuad.transform.parent = outputQuadPower.transform.parent ➤
            = physicalObject.transform;
381         outputQuad.transform.localPosition = ➤
            outputQuadPower.transform.localPosition = pos;
382         CreateQuad(outputQuad, vertices, outputMaterial);
383         CreateQuad(outputQuadPower, powerVertices, powerOffMaterial, ➤
            false);
384
385         Vector3 temp = outputQuadPower.transform.localPosition;
386
387         temp.y = 0.015f;
388         outputQuadPower.transform.localPosition = temp;
389         circuit.Outputs[index].Transform = outputQuad.transform;
390         circuit.Outputs[index].StatusRenderer = ➤
            outputQuadPower.GetComponent<MeshRenderer>();
391
392         OutputReference outputReference = ➤
            outputQuad.AddComponent<OutputReference>();
393
394         outputReference.Output = circuit.Outputs[index];
395         index++;
396     }
397
398     // Adding text component
399     GameObject name = new GameObject("Name");
400
401     name.transform.parent = physicalObject.transform;
402     name.transform.localPosition = Vector3.up * 0.01f + Vector3.right ➤
        * (inputSize - outputSize) / 4;
403     name.transform.eulerAngles = Vector3.right * 90;
404
405     Vector2 nameDimensions = new Vector2(dimensions.x - (inputSize + ➤
        outputSize) / 2 - 2 * textPadding.x, dimensions.y - 2 * ➤
        textPadding.y);
406     TextMeshPro text = name.AddComponent<TextMeshPro>();
407
408     text.text = circuit.CircuitName;
409     text.rectTransform.sizeDelta = nameDimensions;
410     text.alignment = TextAlignmentOptions.Center;
411     text.enableAutoSizing = true;
412     text.fontSizeMin = 0;
413     text.font = font;
414     text.color = startingCircuitColor;
415
416     circuit.PhysicalObject = physicalObject; // Connects new ➤
        GameObject to its circuit for future reference.
417
418     CircuitReference circuitReference = ➤
```

```
        physicalObject.AddComponent<CircuitReference>();  
419  
420        circuitReference.Circuit = circuit;  
421        circuit.Update();  
422    }  
423  
424    /// <summary>  
425    /// Generates a custom circuit GameObject corresponding to its      ↗  
    specific properties.  
426    /// </summary>  
427    /// <param name="customCircuit">The custom circuit to reference.</  ↗  
    param>  
428    /// <param name="startingPosition">The starting position of the custom  ↗  
    circuit.</param>  
429    public void VisualizeCustomCircuit(CustomCircuit customCircuit,      ↗  
        Vector2 startingPosition)  
430    {  
431        // Setting dimensions  
432        int numInputMargins = customCircuit.Inputs.Length + 1,          ↗  
            numOutputMargins = customCircuit.Outputs.Length + 1;  
433        float inputHeight = numInputMargins * heightMargins +          ↗  
            customCircuit.Inputs.Length * inputSize;  
434        float outputHeight = numOutputMargins * heightMargins +        ↗  
            customCircuit.Outputs.Length * outputSize;  
435        Vector2 dimensions = new Vector2(width, Mathf.Max(inputHeight,  ↗  
            outputHeight));  
436  
437        // Creating circuit base  
438        GameObject physicalObject = new GameObject("\\" +              ↗  
            customCircuit.CircuitName + "\\");  
439        GameObject baseQuad = new GameObject("Base");  
440  
441        physicalObject.transform.position = new Vector3                  ↗  
            (startingPosition.x, GridMaintenance.Instance.GridHeight,    ↗  
            startingPosition.y);  
442        baseQuad.layer = 8;  
443        baseQuad.transform.parent = physicalObject.transform;  
444        baseQuad.transform.localPosition = Vector3.up * 0.005f;  
445  
446        Vector3[] vertices = new Vector3[]  
447        {  
448            new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2, 0, -dimensions.y / 2),  
449            new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2, 0, dimensions.y / 2),  
450            new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2, 0, dimensions.y / 2),  
451            new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2, 0, -dimensions.y / 2)  
452        };  
453  
454        CreateQuad(baseQuad, vertices, baseMaterial);  
455
```

```

456 // Creating circuit border
457 GameObject borderQuad = new GameObject("Border");
458
459 borderQuad.layer = 13;
460 borderQuad.transform.parent = physicalObject.transform;
461 borderQuad.transform.localPosition = Vector3.zero;
462 vertices = new Vector3[]
463 {
464     new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2 - borderThickness, 0, -
465         dimensions.y / 2 - borderThickness),
466     new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2 - borderThickness, 0,
467         dimensions.y / 2 + borderThickness),
468     new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2 + borderThickness, 0,
469         dimensions.y / 2 + borderThickness),
470     new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2 + borderThickness, 0, -
471         dimensions.y / 2 - borderThickness)
472 };
473 CreateQuad(borderQuad, vertices, borderMaterial, false);
474
475 // Power on/off vertices
476 Vector3[] powerVertices = new Vector3[]
477 {
478     new Vector3(-powerSize / 2, 0, -powerSize / 2),
479     new Vector3(-powerSize / 2, 0, powerSize / 2),
480     new Vector3(powerSize / 2, 0, powerSize / 2),
481     new Vector3(powerSize / 2, 0, -powerSize / 2)
482 };
483
484 // Creating input nodes
485 float inputStepSize = (dimensions.y - customCircuit.Inputs.Length
486     * inputSize) / numInputMargins;
487 int index = 0;
488
489 vertices = new Vector3[]
490 {
491     new Vector3(-inputSize / 2, 0, -inputSize / 2),
492     new Vector3(-inputSize / 2, 0, inputSize / 2),
493     new Vector3(inputSize / 2, 0, inputSize / 2),
494     new Vector3(inputSize / 2, 0, -inputSize / 2)
495 };
496
497 for (float currentHeight = inputStepSize + inputSize / 2; index <
498     customCircuit.Inputs.Length; currentHeight += inputStepSize +
499     inputSize)
500 {
501     GameObject inputQuad = new GameObject("Input " + (index + 1));
502     GameObject inputQuadPower = new GameObject("Input Status " +
503         (index + 1));
504     Vector3 pos = new Vector3(-dimensions.x / 2, 0.01f,

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        currentHeight - dimensions.y / 2);
497
498     inputQuad.layer = 9;
499     inputQuad.transform.parent = inputQuadPower.transform.parent = physicalObject.transform;
500     inputQuad.transform.localPosition = inputQuadPower.transform.localPosition = pos;
501     CreateQuad(inputQuad, vertices, inputMaterial);
502     CreateQuad(inputQuadPower, powerVertices, powerOffMaterial,
        false);
503
504     Vector3 temp = inputQuadPower.transform.localPosition;
505
506     temp.y = 0.015f;
507     inputQuadPower.transform.localPosition = temp;
508     customCircuit.Inputs[index].Transform = inputQuad.transform;
509     customCircuit.Inputs[index].StatusRenderer = inputQuadPower.GetComponent<MeshRenderer>\(\);
510
511     InputReference inputReference = inputQuad.AddComponent<InputReference>\(\);
512
513     inputReference.Input = customCircuit.Inputs[index];
514     index++;
515 }
516
517 // Creating output nodes
518 float outputStepSize = (dimensions.y -
    customCircuit.Outputs.Length * outputSize) / numOutputMargins;
519
520 index = 0;
521 vertices = new Vector3[]
522 {
523     new Vector3(-outputSize / 2, 0, -outputSize / 2),
524     new Vector3(-outputSize / 2, 0, outputSize / 2),
525     new Vector3(outputSize / 2, 0, outputSize / 2),
526     new Vector3(outputSize / 2, 0, -outputSize / 2)
527 };
528
529 for (float currentHeight = outputStepSize + outputSize / 2; index
    < customCircuit.Outputs.Length; currentHeight += outputStepSize
    + outputSize)
530 {
531     GameObject outputQuad = new GameObject("Output " + (index +
        1));
532     GameObject outputQuadPower = new GameObject("Output Status " +
        (index + 1));
533     Vector3 pos = new Vector3(dimensions.x / 2, 0.01f,
        currentHeight - dimensions.y / 2);

```

```
534
535     outputQuad.layer = 10;
536     outputQuad.transform.parent = outputQuadPower.transform.parent ➤
        = physicalObject.transform;
537     outputQuad.transform.localPosition = ➤
        outputQuadPower.transform.localPosition = pos;
538     CreateQuad(outputQuad, vertices, outputMaterial);
539     CreateQuad(outputQuadPower, powerVertices, powerOffMaterial, ➤
        false);
540
541     Vector3 temp = outputQuadPower.transform.localPosition;
542
543     temp.y = 0.015f;
544     outputQuadPower.transform.localPosition = temp;
545     customCircuit.Outputs[index].Transform = outputQuad.transform;
546     customCircuit.Outputs[index].StatusRenderer = ➤
        outputQuadPower.GetComponent<MeshRenderer>();
547
548     OutputReference outputReference = ➤
        outputQuad.AddComponent<OutputReference>();
549
550     outputReference.Output = customCircuit.Outputs[index];
551     index++;
552 }
553
554 // Adding text component
555 GameObject name = new GameObject("Name");
556
557 name.transform.parent = physicalObject.transform;
558 name.transform.localPosition = Vector3.up * 0.01f + Vector3.right ➤
    * (inputSize - outputSize) / 4;
559 name.transform.eulerAngles = Vector3.right * 90;
560
561 Vector2 nameDimensions = new Vector2(dimensions.x - (inputSize + ➤
    outputSize) / 2 - 2 * textPadding.x, dimensions.y - 2 * ➤
    textPadding.y);
562 TextMeshPro text = name.AddComponent<TextMeshPro>();
563
564 text.text = customCircuit.CircuitName.ToUpper();
565 text.rectTransform.sizeDelta = nameDimensions;
566 text.alignment = TextAlignmentOptions.Center;
567 text.enableAutoSizing = true;
568 text.fontSizeMin = 0;
569 text.font = font;
570 text.color = customCircuitColor;
571
572 customCircuit.PhysicalObject = physicalObject; // Connects new ➤
    GameObject to its circuit for future reference.
573
```

```
574     CircuitReference circuitReference =  
        physicalObject.AddComponent<CircuitReference>();  
  
575  
576     circuitReference.Circuit = customCircuit;  
577     customCircuit.Connections.transform.parent =  
        customCircuit.PhysicalObject.transform;  
578 }  
579  
580 /// <summary>  
581 /// Special signature of <seealso cref="CreateQuad(GameObject, Vector3  
    [], Material, bool)"/> that always adds a mesh collider.  
582 /// </summary>  
583 /// <param name="quad"></param>  
584 /// <param name="vertices"></param>  
585 /// <param name="material"></param>  
586 private void CreateQuad(GameObject quad, Vector3[] vertices, Material  
    material) { CreateQuad(quad, vertices, material, true); }  
587  
588 /// <summary>  
589 /// Creates a quad from the given mesh data.  
590 /// </summary>  
591 /// <param name="quad">The GameObject to save the mesh to.</param>  
592 /// <param name="vertices">The vertices of the mesh.</param>  
593 /// <param name="material">The material of the mesh.</param>  
594 /// <param name="addMeshCollider">Whether the mesh should have a mesh  
    collider for raycasting.</param>  
595 private void CreateQuad(GameObject quad, Vector3[] vertices, Material  
    material, bool addMeshCollider)  
596 {  
597     Mesh mesh = new Mesh();  
598     MeshFilter meshFilter = quad.AddComponent<MeshFilter>();  
599     MeshRenderer meshRenderer = quad.AddComponent<MeshRenderer>();  
600  
601     mesh.vertices = vertices;  
602     mesh.triangles = triangles;  
603     mesh.uv = uv;  
604     mesh.normals = normals;  
605     meshFilter.mesh = mesh;  
606     meshRenderer.material = material;  
607  
608     if (addMeshCollider) quad.AddComponent<MeshCollider>();  
609 }  
610  
611 /// <summary>  
612 /// Creates a mesh from a given mesh serializer.  
613 /// </summary>  
614 /// <param name="obj">The GameObject to add the mesh to.</param>  
615 /// <param name="ms">The serialized mesh data.</param>  
616 private void CreateMesh(GameObject obj, MeshSerializer ms)
```

```
617     {
618         Mesh mesh = new Mesh();
619         MeshFilter meshFilter = obj.AddComponent<MeshFilter>();
620         MeshRenderer meshRenderer = obj.AddComponent<MeshRenderer>();
621
622         // Restores mesh values and GameObject layer
623         meshFilter.mesh = mesh;
624         mesh.vertices = ms.Vertices;
625         mesh.triangles = ms.Triangles;
626         mesh.uv = ms.UV;
627         mesh.normals = ms.Normals;
628         mesh.RecalculateBounds();
629         meshRenderer.material = powerOffMaterial;
630         obj.AddComponent<MeshCollider>();
631         obj.layer = 11;
632     }
633
634     // Getter methods
635     public static CircuitVisualizer Instance { get { return instance; } }
636
637     public Material InputMaterial { get { return inputMaterial; ; } }
638
639     public Material OutputMaterial { get { return outputMaterial; } }
640
641     public Material PowerOffMaterial { get { return powerOffMaterial; } }
642
643     public Material PowerOnMaterial { get { return powerOnMaterial; } }
644 }
```