Assignment 3

Question 1

- 1. Create a logistics regression model to predict the class label from the first eight attributes of the question set.
- 2. Try doing the same using two different subsets (your choice) of those eight attributes.
- 3. Report the accuracies of each of these three models.
 - I. Accuracy of the first model when using all 8 attributes is reported to be 0.555, meaning an accuracy score of ~55.55%.
 - II. Accuracy of the second model when using attributes (num_words, num_misspelled, bin_end_qmark, and 'num_interrogative) is 66.66%
 - III. Accuracy of the third model when using attributes ('num_misspelled, bin_start_small, and num_punctuations) is 44.44%.
- 4. For the two subsets that you use, provide some justification (why you chose those features in a given subset).
 - I. The automated answer rating marks posts as good or bad based on the quality of the post. Following this logic, a good post would likely be descriptive and few mistakes. Furthermore, if the post was asking a question, then adding whether or not the post ends with a question mark and whether or not the post properly used interrogative words would be beneficial.
 - II. The second subset follows the same logic. Began by choosing attributes which I thought that a quality post would incorporate but without being in a question format.
 - III. Mixed results from logistic regression. Results ranging from 44-66% after running the 2 models with chosen attributes multiple times

Question 2

- 1. Download the <u>wine dataset.</u> <u>Download wine dataset.</u> It contains information about several wines—their characteristics (features) and if it's considered high quality or not (1 or 0).
- 2. First, do some experiments (trial-and-error) to figure out a good subset of features to use for learning wine quality (last column). Report these features.

- I. Features chosen for this experiment are alcohol, density, chlorides, residual sugar, and volatile acidity.
- 3. Then, use 70% data for training to build a kNN classifier with different values of k ranging from 2–10.

4. Plot your accuracies with each of these. In other words, your final result will be a line chart with k on the x-axis and accuracy on the y-axis.

