EM BEACON SENSOR

PACKET SPECIFICATION



1. INTRODUCTION

The following document describes the EM Beacon sensor packet format.

2. PACKET FORMAT

2.1 BLUETOOTH LOW-ENERGY REQUIREMENTS

An EM Beacon sensor packet format is the PDU of an advertising channel packet as described in BT core V4.0, Volume 6, Section 2.1. More specifically, it conforms to the ADV_NONCONN_IND PDU format as described by V4.0 Vol 6 Section 2.3.1.3 from which the Figure 1 graphic is borrowed:

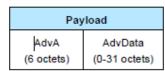


Figure 1: ADV NONCONN INC PDU Payload

- ✓ The Advertise Address AdvA encodes the first six bytes and conforms to the device address
- ✓ The remaining 31 bytes the AdvData is comprised of 2 AD Structures, each with its own Length, AD Type, and AD Data as described in Figure 2 from BT Core V4.0 Vol3, Section 11 "Advertising and Scan Response Data Format":

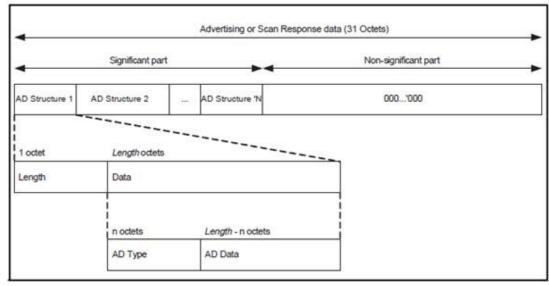


Figure 2: Advertising and Scan Response Data Format

First PDU (Local name)

- √The length field of the first PDU contains 0x0E (15 bytes).
- √The Type field of the first PDU contains 0x09 (designates the Local Name)
- √The Local Name contains the zero-terminated ASCII text "EM Beacon XYZ".

Second PDU (Manufacturers specific data)

- √The length of the second AD Structure is encoded as the value 0x0E (15 bytes).
- √The second AD Type is encoded as 0xFF (the value for Manufacturer Specific Data).
- ✓



2.2 SENSOR PACKET FORMAT FW PRIOR TO V2.5.0

This section describes the original sensor packet format. The original sensor packet format was used on Tiny and Low-Cost reference designs, as well as prototype versions of the COiN beacon.

The original Sensor PDU format is shown in the Figure 3 below and is 37 bytes long.

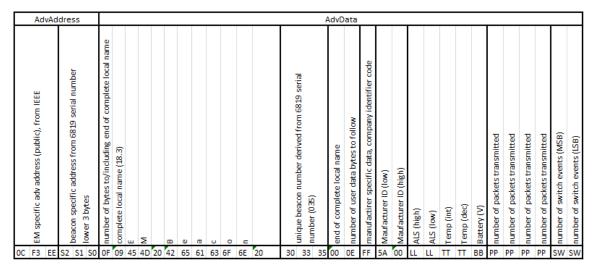


Figure 3: Original Sensor Packet Format

2.2.1 Local Name

- √The Local Name, contains the zero-terminated ASCII text "EM Beacon XYZ".
- √XYZ is replaced by the last 3 digits of the EM 6819 serial number. (In the example in Figure 1 XYZ = "035".)

2.2.2 The Manufacturers Specific Data

✓ Bluetooth Manufacturers Specific Data is used (0xFF) for the following fields.

2.2.3 The Manufacturers ID

√The Manufacturers ID is encoded with the EM Microelectronic ID from the Bluetooth SIG (90 = 0x005A), low byte first.

2.2.4 Light Sensor Reading

√The light sensor reading is encoded as two bytes with the light sensor reading in Lux from 0-4095, high
byte first, and placed in the ALS field.

2.2.5 Temperature Reading

✓Temperature is encoded in degrees Celsius using 2 bytes as a signed 2's complement number, high byte first, with an implicit decimal point between the first and second bytes.

2.2.6 Battery Voltage

√The battery voltage is stored as a single byte in binary-coded decimal format (BCD) where the 4 most-significant bits are integer and the 4 least-significant bits are the decimal part. For example, 2.8V = 0x28.

2.2.7 Transmitted Packets

√The total number of advertisements transmitted since the battery was inserted is represented a 32-bit integer, MSB first.

2.2.8 Button Press

√The number of times the button is pressed: 2 bytes, MSB first.

2.3 SENSOR PACKET FORMAT FW V2.5.0 AND HIGHER

This section describes the new Sensor packet format. This sensor packet is used on the EMBC01 as well as future sensor beacon designs.



The new sensor PDU format is shown in the Figure 4 below and is also 37 bytes long. The Advertise Address is in the first few columns and conforms to the BLE Device Address. The rest of the columns comprise the Advertise Data. The Advertise Data consists of the Local Name, Manufacturers ID and Data, each preceded by the length in bytes.

00		
F3	EM specific adv address (public), from IEEE	Ad
EE		vAd
S2 S	beacon specific address from 6819 serial number	dress
1 SO	lower 3 bytes	5
0F	number of bytes to/including end of complete local name	
09	complete local name (18.3)	
45	В	
4D	W	
42	8	
65	9	
61	а	
63	0	
6F	0	
6E	u	
32		
33		
30	unique beacon number derived Minor ID (23035)	
33		
35		
00	end of complete local name	Ad
0E	number of user data bytes to follow	vDat
FF	manufactirer specific data, company identifier code	a
5A	Maufacturer ID (Iow)	
00	Maufacturer ID (high)	
SD	Sensor data (high)	
SD	Sensor data (low)	
MN	Model Number (ASCII,high)	
MN	Model Number (ASCII, Jow)	
ВВ	Battery Voltage(V)	
PP	number of packets transmitted (MSB)	
PP	number of packets transmitted	
PP	number of packets transmitted	
PP	number of packets transmitted (LSB)	
EC	Event Count (MSB)	
EC	Event Count (LSB)	

Figure 4: New Sensor Packet Format

2.3.1 Local Name

√ The local name for new beacons is made with the zero-terminated ASCII text: "EMBeaconABCDE", where ABCDE is the same as the Minor ID (including leading zeros).

2.3.2 The Manufacturers Specific Data

✓ Bluetooth Manufacturers Specific Data is used (0xFF) for the following fields.

2.3.3 Manufacturers ID

√The Manufacturers ID is encoded with the EM Microelectronic ID from the Bluetooth SIG (90 = 0x005A), low byte first.

2.3.4 Sensor Reading

✓ For new beacons this field is a sensor reading. The highest nibble represents the sensor type, and the lower 3 nibbles represent the sensor data. Sensor types and data format are listed below.

Table 1: Sensor types and format definition

Description	MS-nibble	Data Format
Light	0x0	12-bit unsigned int le 0-4.095
Firmware Revision	0x1	BCD 4msb.4nsb.4lsb ie 2.5.0
Autocal Results	0x2	BCD 4msb/8lsb ie 7/35
Generic	0x3	12-bit unsigned int
Temperature	0x4	12-bit fixed-point 4 fractional bits 2's compliment le -0.25=0xFFC
Pressure	0x5	12-bit unsigned 0hPA=44,330m 300hPa = 9165.2m 1100hPa=-698.4m
Humidity	0x6	12-bit fixed-point 4 fractional bits 2's compliment



		0.0-100.0%
Time	0x7	BCD: HH:MM
		(see detail below)
		Hour = 1-12
		Minute = 0-59
Date	0x8	BCD: MM,-,DD
		(see detail below)
		Date: 1-31
		Month: 1-12
		Spell month, ie
		1=January
Magnetic Field	0x9	12-bit fixed-point
		4 fractional bits
		2's compliment
		le +/-1300μT
Day	0xA	BCD: A/P,DD,YY
		(see detail below)
		Spell day, ie
		0=January
		"am" or "pm"
Acceleration	0xB	12-bit fixed-point
		6 fractional bits
		2's compliment
		le +/-16g
Gyro	0xC	12-bit signed
		le +/-2000
TBD	0xD	
TBD	0xE	
TBD	0xF	

2.3.4.1. Time format

Bit0-3: Minutes unit 0-9
Bit4-6: Minutes tens: 0-5
Bit7-10: Hours unit: 0-9
Bit 11: Hours tens: 0-1

2.3.4.2. Date format

Bit0-3: Date unit 0-9
 Bit4-5: Date tens: 0-3

· Bit 6: unused

Bit7-10: Month unit: 0-9Bit 11: Month tens: 0-1

2.3.4.3. Day format

Bit0-3: Years unit 0-9

• Bit4-6: Years tens 0-7

Bit7-9: Day 0-7

• Bit10: am = 0, pm = 1

Bit11: unused

2.3.5 Model Number

√For new beacons this field is a model number. The 16-bit field is a 2-digit ASCII encoded value. For example, COiNs are encoded as "01" = 0x3031, Tiny beacons are "TY" = 0x5459, and Low-Cost beacons are "LC" = 0x4C43.

2.3.6 Battery Voltage

√The battery voltage is stored as a single byte in binary-coded decimal format (BCD) where the 4 most-significant bits are integer and the 4 least-significant bits are the decimal part. For example, 2.8V = 0x28.

2.3.7 Transmitted Packets

√The total number of advertisements transmitted including Sensor and ID packets since the battery was inserted is represented as a 32-bit integer, MSB first.



2.3.8 Event Counter

✓ For new beacons this field is a generic event counter. The highest nibble represents the event type, and the lower 3 nibbles represent the event count. Event types are listed below.

Table 2: Event types and format definition

Description	MS-nibble
Button Press	0x0
Low Battery	0x1
VCO Cal	0x2
Low Temperature	0x3
High Temperature	0x4
Low Pressure	0x5
High Pressure	0x6
Low Humidity	0x7
High Humidity	0x8
Close Magnet	0x9
Far Magnet	0xA
Any movement	0xB
Тар	0xC
Fall	0xD
Alarm	0xE
Buzzer	0xF