

# PEP457: Syntax for Positional-Only Parameters

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# Broad definition of parameter types

PEP457:  
Syntax for  
Positional-  
Only  
Parameters

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Carnes

-Established data types of arguments that can be taken by the function  
-Can depend on the position, the keyword involved, or any combination of the two

# Explanation of Keyword-or-Positional args Python3 (current)

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- Parameters taking both keyword and positional arguments
- Keyword argument passed with an identifier or value in a dictionary preceded by \*\*
- Positional argument passed with either the start of an argument list or as an element preceded by \*, being a direct value

# Example

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```
def func1(foo, bar = None, **kwargs)
def func2(thisOne = 3, thatOne = 5)
def func3(3, 5)
```

-Examples of methods that can handle both

# Explanation of Keyword-only arguments

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-Parameters set to only take keyword based arguments -Can be defined by either a single var-positional parameter or a single \* in the parameter listing

# Example

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```
def func(arg, *, kw_only1, kw_only2)
```

-Both kw\_only1 & kw\_only2 will only take keyword based arguments

# Counter-example of /optional/ arguments

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```
def func(a, b = 13, c = 42):  
    return "a => {}, b => {}, c => {}".format(a, b, c)  
print func(6)  
    a => 6, b => 13, c => 42
```

-Keyword arguments considered optional by default -Standard syntax is that optional values follow positional parameters

# Explanation of positional-only parameters

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- Can not be keyworded
- Can have optional groups of parameters



# Explanation of the new syntax

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- Current

```
def name(positional_or_keyword, *, keyword_only):
```

- New

```
def name(positional_only, /, positional_or_keyword,  
         keyword_only):
```

# Explanation of the new optional parameter syntax

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- Optional groups

```
def foo([a, b,] c, [d,] /):
```

# Motivation

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- In many cases the current documentation is unclear or ambiguous.
- It is possible but non-trivial to implement positional-only parameters in current Python.

*currently in the documentation there's no way to tell whether a function takes positional-only parameters.*

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Example: - How would you implement the following function?

```
range(stop)  
range(start, stop[, step])
```

vs

```
range([start,] stop, [step,] /)
```

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- This PEP proposes an unambiguous way of expressing function parameters.
- No need for multiple documentations of the same function.
- Revises parameter passing in a backwards compatible way.

# Semantics example: single positional-only parameter

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- Given this python function:

```
def single_po_single_pk(positional,/,k_or_p):  
    print(str(positional)+"," +str(k_or_p))
```

- The following are valid:

```
single_po_single_pk("abc","efg")
```

```
abc, efg
```

```
single_po_single_pk("abc",keywordorpositional="efg")
```

```
abc, efg
```

- Positional arguments always precede other argument types.

# Semantics example: multiple positional only parameters

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- Given this python function:

```
def multi_po_single_pk(pos1,pos2,/,k_or_p):  
    print(str(pos1)+","+str(pos2)+","+str(k_or_p))
```

- The following are valid:

```
single_po_single_pk("abc","efg","hij")
```

```
abc, efg, hij
```

```
single_po_single_pk("abc","efg",keywordorpositional="hij")
```

```
abc, efg, hij
```

- Not a big step forward, semantically.

# Semantics example: mixed positional-only and keyword-only parameters

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- Given this python function:

```
def multi_po_multi_pk(pos1,pos2/,*,key1,key2):  
    print(str(pos1)+"," +str(pos2))  
    print(str(key1)+"," +str(key2))
```

- The following are valid:

```
single_po_single_pk("a","b",key1="c",key2="d")
```

a, b

c, d

```
single_po_single_pk("a","b",key2="c",key1="d")
```

a, b

d, c

- Note the unintuitive behavior that can occur with keyword arguments.



# Semantics example: new optional argument semantics

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- Given this python function:

```
def optionalargs([op1, op2,] pos, /):  
    print(str(op1)+"," +str(op2)+"," +str(pos))
```

- The following are valid:

```
optionalargs("a")
```

```
, , a
```

```
optionalargs("a", "b", "c")
```

```
a, b, c
```

- Note that passing two arguments to optionalargs would raise an exception. Why?

# Optional argument semantics, cont'd

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```
def optionalargs([op1, op2,] pos, [op3,] [op4,] /):  
    print( "[" +str(op1)+"", [" +str(op2)+"", [" +str(pos)  
        +""], [" +str(op3)+"", [" +str(op4)+""] ] )
```

- The following are valid:

```
optionalargs( "a" )
```

```
[], [], [a], [], []
```

```
optionalargs( "a", "b" )
```

```
[], [], [a], [b], []
```

```
optionalargs( "a", "b", "c" )
```

```
[a], [b], [c], [], []
```

```
optionalargs( "a", "b", "c", "d" )
```

```
[a], [b], [c], [d], []
```

```
optionalargs( "a", "b", "c", "d", "e" )
```

```
[a], [b], [c], [d], [e]
```

# Questions

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- Got any?

# Credits

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