

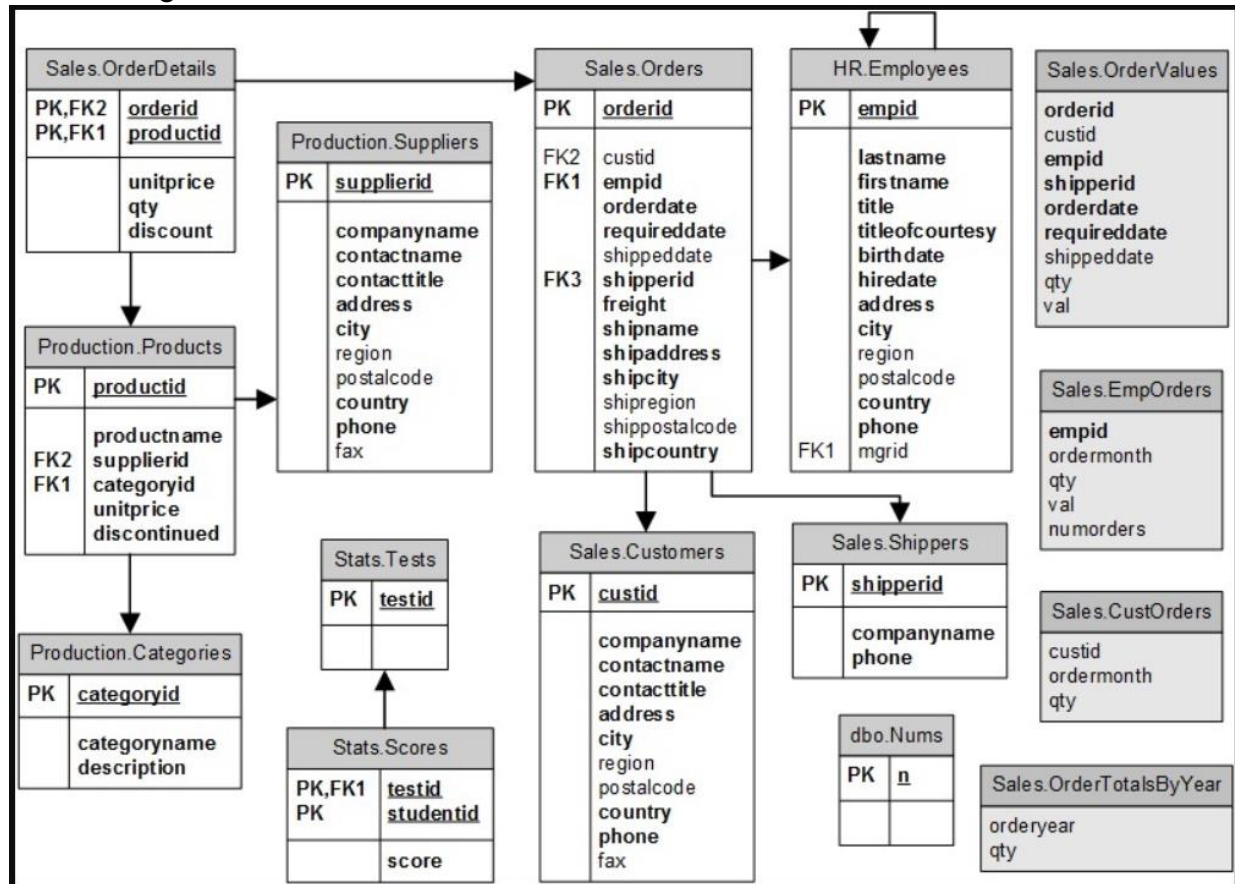
/*

Neba Nfonsang

Project 3: 20 different queries that use table expressions or use views

*/

USE TSQLV4



/*

Query # 1: Count unique customers for each year

*/

```
SELECT orderyear, COUNT(DISTINCT custid) AS numcust
FROM
    (SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear, custid
     FROM Sales.Orders)
AS CustomerCount
GROUP BY orderyear;
```

/*

Query # 2: Using table expressions with local variable or argument. Count the number of distinct customers by year, served by employee with emplid=3

*/

```
DECLARE @empid AS INT = 3;
```

```
SELECT orderyear, COUNT(DISTINCT custid) AS numcust
FROM
    (SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear, custid
     FROM Sales.Orders
     WHERE empid = @empid)
AS CustomerCount
GROUP BY orderyear;
```

/*

Query # 3: Nesting:

*/

```
SELECT orderyear, numcusts
FROM
    (SELECT orderyear, COUNT(DISTINCT custid) AS
numcusts
```

```

FROM
    (SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear, custid
     FROM Sales.Orders) AS D1 -- to assign alias
to order year
    GROUP BY orderyear) AS D2 -- to count and assign
to numcust
WHERE numcusts > 50;

```

/*

Query # 4: Calculate difference between number of customers handled in the current and previous years

*/

```

SELECT Cur.orderyear,
       Cur.numcusts AS curnumcusts, Prv.numcusts AS
prvnumcusts,
       Cur.numcusts - Prv.numcusts AS growth
FROM
    (SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear,
     COUNT(DISTINCT custid) AS numcusts
     FROM Sales.Orders
     GROUP BY YEAR(orderdate)) AS Cur
LEFT OUTER JOIN
    (SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear,
     COUNT (DISTINCT custid) AS numcusts
     FROM Sales.Orders
     GROUP BY YEAR(orderdate)) AS Prv
ON Cur.orderyear = Prv.orderyear + 1;

```

```
/*  
Query # 5: Common table expression  
*/
```

```
WITH USACusts AS  
(  
    SELECT custid, companyname  
    FROM Sales.Customers  
    WHERE country = N'USA'  
)  
SELECT custid, companyname  
FROM USACusts;
```

```
/*  
Query # 6: common table expression  
*/
```

```
WITH CustomerCount AS  
(  
    SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear, custid  
    FROM Sales.Orders  
)  
SELECT orderyear, COUNT(DISTINCT custid) AS numcusts  
FROM CustomerCount  
GROUP BY orderyear;
```

```
/*  
Query # 7: Count number of transactions handled by  
employees  
*/
```

```
WITH CustomerCount(orderyear, empid) AS  
(  
    SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear, empid  
    FROM Sales.Orders  
)  
SELECT orderyear,COUNT(empid) AS numtransaction  
FROM CustomerCount  
GROUP BY orderyear;
```

```
/*  
Query # 8: Number of transactions handled by  
employee with empid=5, each year  
*/
```

```
DECLARE @employeeid AS INT = 5;  
  
WITH CustomerCount(orderyear, empid) AS  
(  
    SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear, empid  
    FROM Sales.Orders  
    WHERE empid = @employeeid  
)  
SELECT orderyear,COUNT(empid) AS numtransaction  
FROM CustomerCount  
GROUP BY orderyear;
```

```
/*  
Query # 9: # avoiding nesting by using multiple CTEs  
*/
```

```
WITH C1 AS  
(  
    SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear, custid  
    FROM Sales.Orders  
)  
C2 AS  
(  
    SELECT orderyear, COUNT(DISTINCT custid) AS  
numcusts  
    FROM C1  
    GROUP BY orderyear  
)  
SELECT orderyear, numcusts  
FROM C2  
WHERE numcusts > 50;
```

```
/*  
Query # 10: Multiple References in CTEs  
*/
```

```
WITH YearlyCount AS  
(  
    SELECT YEAR(orderdate) AS orderyear,  
        COUNT(DISTINCT custid) AS numcusts  
    FROM Sales.Orders  
    GROUP BY YEAR(orderdate)  
)  
SELECT Cur.orderyear,
```

```
Cur.numcusts AS Curnumcusts, Prv.numcusts AS  
prvnumcusts,  
Cur.numcusts - Prv.numcusts AS growth  
FROM YearlyCount AS Cur  
LEFT OUTER JOIN YearlyCount AS Prv  
ON Cur.orderyear = Prv.orderyear + 1;
```

```
/*
```

Query # 11: Recursive CTEs

```
*/
```

```
WITH EmpsCTE AS
```

```
(
```

```
SELECT empid, mgrid, firstname, lastname  
FROM HR.Employees  
WHERE empid = 2
```

```
UNION ALL
```

```
SELECT C.empid, C.mgrid, C.firstname, C.lastname  
FROM EmpsCTE AS P  
INNER JOIN HR.Employees AS C  
ON C.mgrid = P.empid
```

```
)
```

```
SELECT empid, mgrid, firstname, lastname  
FROM EmpsCTE;
```

```
/*
```

```
Query # 12: views
```

```
*/
```

```
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS Sales.USACusts;
```

```
GO
```

```
CREATE VIEW Sales.USACusts
```

```
AS
```

```
SELECT  custid, companyname, contactname,  
        contacttitle, address,  city, region,  
        postalcode, country, phone, fax
```

```
FROM Sales.Customers
```

```
WHERE country = N'USA';
```

```
GO
```

```
SELECT custid, companyname
```

```
FROM Sales.USACusts;
```

```
/*
```

```
Query # 13: ORDER BY should be used in the outer  
clause OR should be used with the TOP or OFFSET-  
FETCH for a view
```

```
*/
```

```
ALTER VIEW Sales.USACusts
```

```
AS
```

```
SELECT TOP(20) PERCENT
```

```
    custid, companyname, contactname,  
    contacttitle, address,  city, region,  
    postalcode, country, phone, fax
```

```
FROM Sales.Customers
```

```
WHERE country = N'USA'
```

```
ORDER BY region;
```


GO

```
SELECT custid, companyname, region  
FROM Sales.USACusts;
```

```
-- this works but the order is not guaranteed  
--since ORDER BY is not in the outer query
```

/*

Query # 14: USing OFFSET-FETCH with views

*/

```
ALTER VIEW Sales.USACusts  
AS
```

```
SELECT  
    custid, companyname, contactname,  
    contacttitle, address, city, region,  
    postalcode, country, phone, fax  
FROM Sales.Customers  
WHERE country = N'USA'  
ORDER BY region  
OFFSET 2 ROWS  
FETCH NEXT 5 ROWS ONLY;  
GO
```

```
SELECT custid, companyname, region  
FROM Sales.USACusts;
```

```
-- drop views to clean up
```

```
DELETE FROM Sales.Customers  
WHERE custid > 91;  
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS Sales.USACusts;
```

```
/*
```

Query # 15: Inline Table-Valued Functions

```
*/
```

```
-- A function is created with parameter @cid to take  
customer id as input
```

```
--The function returns a table where customer id is  
equivalent to the input customer id
```

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS dbo.GetCustOrders;
```

```
GO
```

```
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.GetCustOrders
```

```
    (@cid AS INT) RETURNS TABLE
```

```
AS
```

```
RETURN
```

```
    SELECT orderid, custid, empid, orderdate,  
requireddate,
```

```
    shippeddate, shipperid, freight, shipname,  
shipaddress, shipcity
```

```
    shipregion, shippostalcode, shipcountry
```

```
    FROM Sales.Orders
```

```
    WHERE custid = @cid;
```

```
GO
```

```
-- query the function to request all orders that  
were place by customer with custid = 2
```

```
SELECT orderid, custid
```

```
FROM dbo.GetCustOrders(2) AS O;
```

/*

Query # 16: Using inline TVF as part of a join

*/

```
SELECT O.orderid, O.custid, OD.productid, OD.qty
      FROM dbo.GetCustOrders(2) AS O
      INNER JOIN Sales.OrderDetails AS OD
            ON O.orderid = OD.orderid;
```

-- drop the function to clean up

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS dbo.GetCustOrders;
```

/*

Query # 17:

*/

```
SELECT S.shipperid, E.empid
FROM Sales.Shippers AS S
      CROSS JOIN HR.Employees AS E;
SELECT S.shipperid, E.empid
FROM Sales.Shippers AS S
      CROSS APPLY HR.Employees AS E;
```

/*

Query # 18:

*/

```
SELECT C.custid, A.orderid, A.orderdate
FROM Sales.Customers AS C
      CROSS APPLY      (SELECT TOP (3) orderid, empid,
orderdate, requireddate
      FROM Sales.Orders AS O
      WHERE O.custid = C.custid
      ORDER BY orderdate DESC, orderid DESC) AS A;
```

/*

Query # 19:

*/

```
SELECT C.custid, A.orderid, A.orderdate
FROM Sales.Customers AS C
    CROSS APPLY      (SELECT orderid, empid, orderdate,
requireddate
    FROM Sales.Orders AS O
    WHERE O.custid = C.custid
    ORDER BY orderdate DESC, orderid DESC
    OFFSET 0 ROWS FETCH NEXT 3 ROWS ONLY) AS A;
```

/*

Query # 20:

*/

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS dbo.TopOrders;
GO
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.TopOrders
    (@custid AS INT, @n AS INT)
    RETURNS TABLE
AS
RETURN
    SELECT TOP (@n) orderid, empid, orderdate,
requireddate
    FROM Sales.Orders
    WHERE custid = @custid
    ORDER BY orderdate DESC, orderid DESC
GO
SELECT
    C.custid, C.companyname,
    A.orderid, A.empid, A.orderdate, A.requireddate
FROM Sales.Customers AS C
    CROSS APPLY dbo.TopORDERS(C.custid, 3) AS A;
```