

Top quark couplings at the FCC



The physics programme of FCC-ee (1)

□ A very rich physics menu !

◆ Core physics programme

- The Z pole scan, $\sqrt{s} = 88\text{-}95 \text{ GeV}$

M. Dams' talk

- ▶ m_Z, Γ_Z to $< 100 \text{ keV}$, $\sin^2\theta_W$ to 5×10^{-6} , $\alpha_{\text{QED}}(m_Z)$ to 2×10^{-5} , $\alpha_s(m_Z)$ to 2×10^{-4} , ...
- ▶ Rare decay/process searches and flavour physics with up to $10^{13} Z$

- The WW threshold scan, $\sqrt{s} = 160\text{-}165 \text{ GeV}$

M. Dams' talk

- ▶ m_W to 300 keV , $\alpha_s(m_Z)$ to 10^{-4} , ...

- The Higgs factory, $\sqrt{s} = 240 \text{ GeV}$ and above

M. Klute's talk

- ▶ Improve HL-LHC precision on Higgs couplings by an order of magnitude
- ▶ Measure the Higgs width to better than 1%, and BR_{invis} to 0.1%

- The top threshold scan, $\sqrt{s} = 340\text{-}350 \text{ GeV}$

M. Dams' talk

- ▶ m_{top} to 10 MeV

- Set constraints on new physics scale to 100 (10) TeV if weakly (Higgs) coupled
 - ▶ Possibly discover very-weakly-coupled new physics through rare processes

◆ And maybe also ...

This talk

- Top electroweak couplings at $\sqrt{s} = 365\text{-}370 \text{ GeV}$ (as part of the top threshold scan)
- The Hee coupling at $\sqrt{s} = 125 \text{ GeV}$
- The highest centre-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ (physics case ?)

Well matched to FCC-hh discovery range

M. Klute's talk

The physics programme of FCC-ee (2)

- How much time to complete the FCC-ee core programme ?
 - ◆ With 4 IP's and in the crab-waist optics scheme :

$N_Z = 10^{(12)13}$						Top EW couplings?
\sqrt{s} (GeV)	90 (Z)	160 (WW)	240 (HZ)	350 (tt)	350 (WW → H)	
Lumi (ab^{-1}/yr)	86.0	15.2	3.5	1.0	1.0	
Events/year	3.7×10^{12}	6.1×10^7	7.0×10^5	4.2×10^5	2.5×10^4	
# years	(0.3) 2.5	1	3	0.5	3	
Events@LC (*)	3×10^9	2×10^6	1.4×10^5	10^5	3.5×10^4	
LC @ FCC-ee	1 day	1 week	2 months	3 months	1.5 year	

(*) LC = 500 fb^{-1} @ 500 GeV (6 y), 200 fb^{-1} @ 350 GeV (2 y), 500 fb^{-1} @ 250 GeV (5 y)

See e.g., [arXiv:1506.07830](https://arxiv.org/abs/1506.07830)
“ILC Operating Scenarios”

100 fb^{-1} @ 90 GeV (>3 y), 500 fb^{-1} @ 160 GeV (>5 y)
with $\pm 80\%$ / $\pm 30\%$ polarization for e^-/e^+ beams

>21 years
(1 y = 10^7 s)

- ◆ The FCC-ee core programme can be completed in about 8 to 10 years
 - For the “LC” physics programme, less than 2 years are needed at the FCC-ee

Top Electroweak Couplings at FCC-ee

- This measurement was originally not part of the FCC-ee core programme

- ◆ Indeed, the measurement of the top electroweak couplings was claimed

ILC TDR

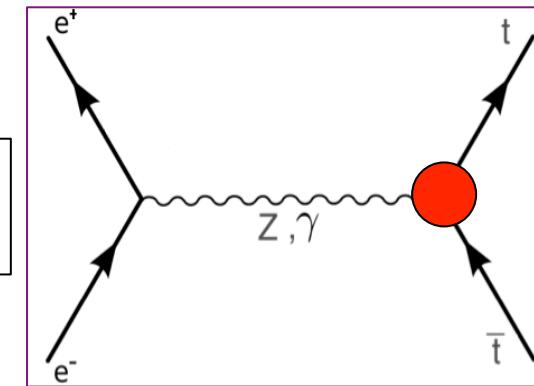
- To require \sqrt{s} significantly above the top threshold
 - To require incoming beam polarization

- ◆ This claim was recently revisited for FCC-ee

arXiv:1503.01325
“Top EW Couplings
at the FCC-ee”

- With no incoming beam polarization
 - With a centre-of-mass energy limited to $\sqrt{s} < 500$ GeV

$t\bar{t}$



- ◆ At FCC-ee, the final state top quarks are produced with non-zero polarization ($t\bar{t}Z$)

- The top polarization (and the total rate) depend on the $t\bar{t}Z/\gamma$ couplings
 - The top polarization is maximally transferred to the top decay products $t \rightarrow Wb$
 - Affect the energy and angular distributions of these decay products

Similar to τ polarization in $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ events at LEP

- ◆ Today, examine the lepton energy and angular distributions from semi-leptonic events

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow \ell\nu b\bar{b}q\bar{q} \quad \text{as a function of } \sqrt{s}$$

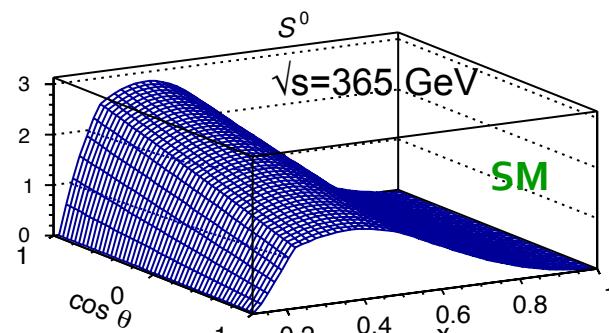
Lepton energy and angular distributions

Parameterization of the $t\bar{t}V$ vertex ($V = Z, \gamma$)

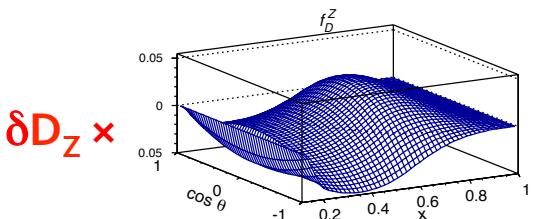
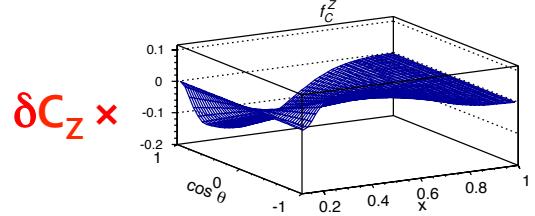
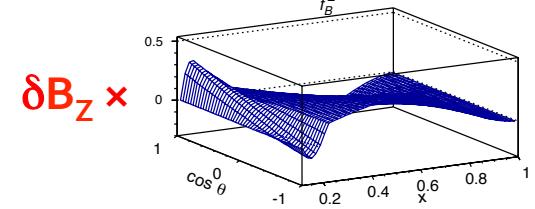
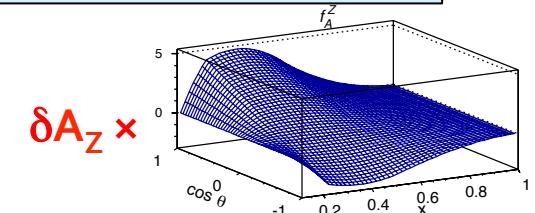
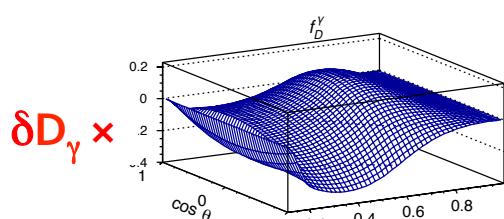
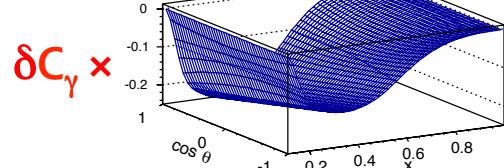
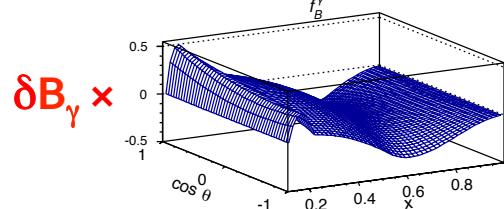
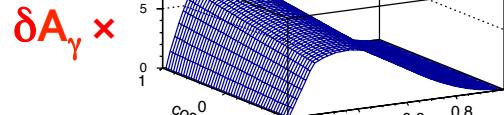
B. Grzadkowski, Z. Hioki, [hep-ph/0004223](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0004223)

$$\Gamma_{v t \bar{t}}^{\mu} = \frac{g}{2} \bar{u}(p_t) \left[\gamma^{\mu} \{ A_v + \delta A_v - (B_v + \delta B_v) \gamma_5 \} + \frac{(p_t - p_{\bar{t}})^{\mu}}{2m_t} (\delta C_v - \delta D_v \gamma_5) \right] v(p_{\bar{t}})$$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dxd\cos\theta} =$$



$$\delta A_V = \delta B_V = \delta C_V = \delta D_V = 0$$



$$x_f \equiv \frac{2E_f}{m_t} \sqrt{\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta}}$$

$$\beta (\equiv \sqrt{1-4m_t^2/s})$$

Statistical accuracy on anomalous couplings

- From a likelihood fit to the lepton angular/energy distributions (+ σ_{tot})
 - ◆ FCC-ee benefits from large integrated luminosity : $\sim 2.6 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ in 3 years at $\sqrt{s} = 365 \text{ GeV}$
 - 1.6 million top pairs in 3 years at FCC-ee
 - To be compared to 400,000 top pairs with 500 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$
 - Compensates for the lack of incoming beam polarization
 - ◆ Absolute resolutions expected at FCC-ee with leptons only, or with b jets only
 - Under the same hypotheses as in Roman Poeschl's presentation

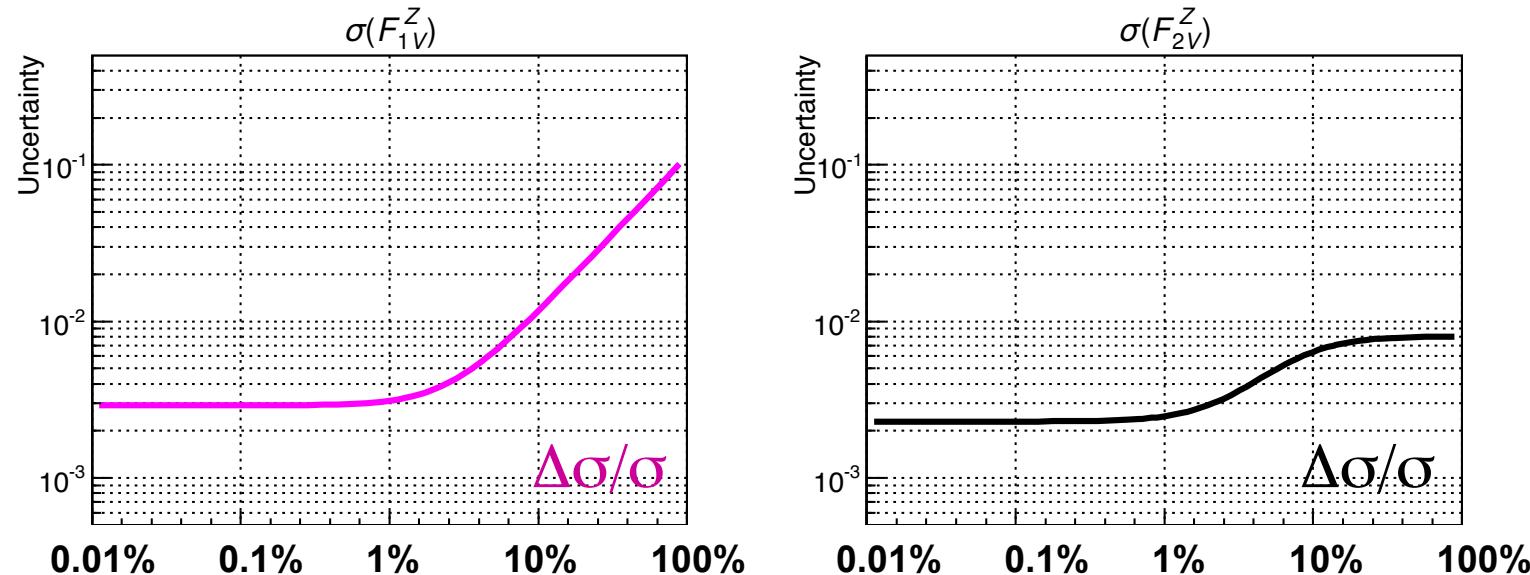
$$gA_{\gamma,Z} = 2e(F_{1V}^{\gamma,Z} + F_{2V}^{\gamma,Z}) \quad gB_{\gamma,Z} = 2eF_{1A}^{\gamma,Z} \quad gC_{\gamma,Z} = 2eF_{2V}^{\gamma,Z}$$

Coupling	$\sigma(F_{1V}^{\gamma})$	$\sigma(F_{1V}^Z)$	$\sigma(F_{1A}^{\gamma})$	$\sigma(F_{1A}^Z)$	$\sigma(F_{2V}^{\gamma})$	$\sigma(F_{2V}^Z)$
Leptons	1.1×10^{-3}	2.8×10^{-3}	1.2×10^{-2}	2.3×10^{-2}	0.8×10^{-3}	2.2×10^{-3}
b jets	1.2×10^{-3}	5.7×10^{-3}	1.5×10^{-2}	1.1×10^{-2}	1.2×10^{-3}	5.7×10^{-3}

- ◆ Very conservative lepton ID efficiencies and angular / momentum resolutions were used
 - A full simulation study is needed to confirm b-jets numbers
 - In progress as we speak: will allow leptons and b-jets to be combined

Dominant systematic uncertainty : σ_{tot}

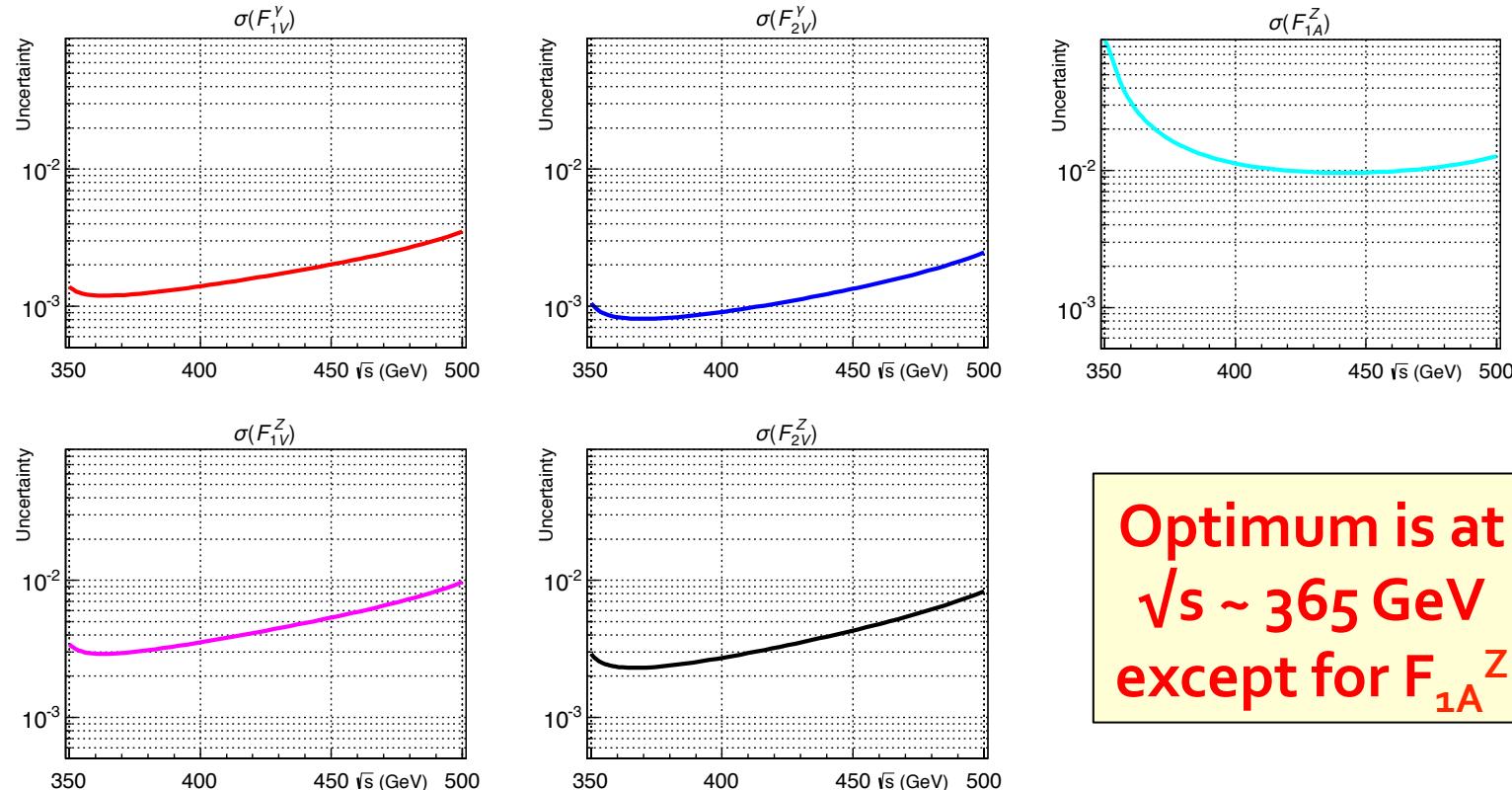
- Top-pair cross section theoretical uncertainty might be sizeable
 - ◆ Especially at and just above the top threshold
 - $\sqrt{s} = 365 \text{ GeV}$ is only 20 GeV above threshold
 - ◆ Example: Effect of the cross section theoretical uncertainty on $\sigma(F_{1V}^Z)$ and $\sigma(F_{2V}^Z)$



- ◆ The theoretical prediction of the top-pair cross section must be controlled to a few %
 - Note: at larger \sqrt{s} , the uncertainty on the single top production kicks in

What about larger \sqrt{s} ?

- FCC-ee integrated luminosity decreases when \sqrt{s} increases
 - ◆ Three years at $365 \rightarrow 500$ GeV : $2.6 \text{ ab}^{-1} \rightarrow 500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 - Evolution of the absolute resolutions expected at FCC-ee as a function of \sqrt{s} :



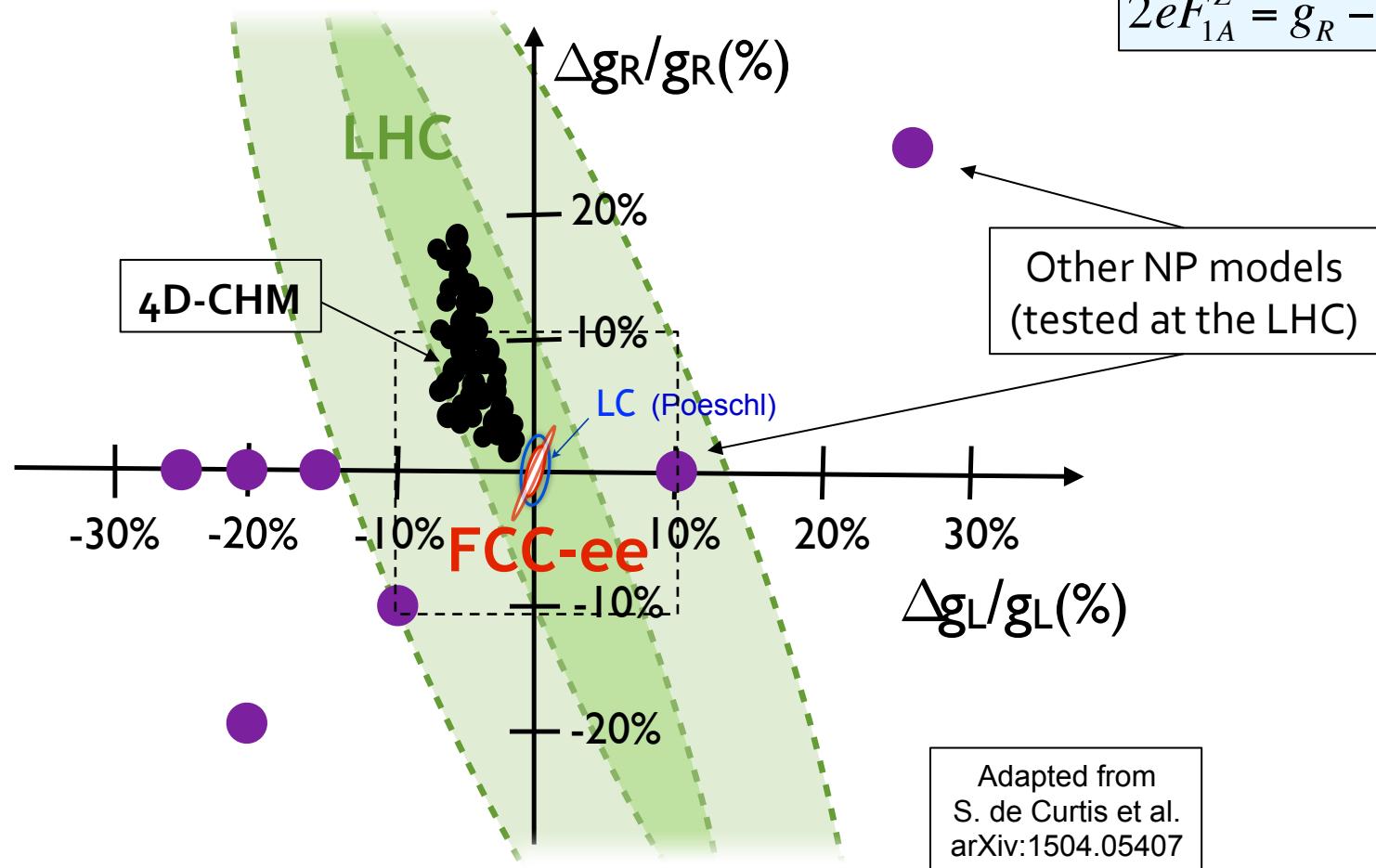
Optimum is at
 $\sqrt{s} \sim 365$ GeV
except for F_{1A}^Z

- ◆ No physics case (at least from top studies) justifying a larger centre-of-mass energy

Sensitivity to New Physics (1)

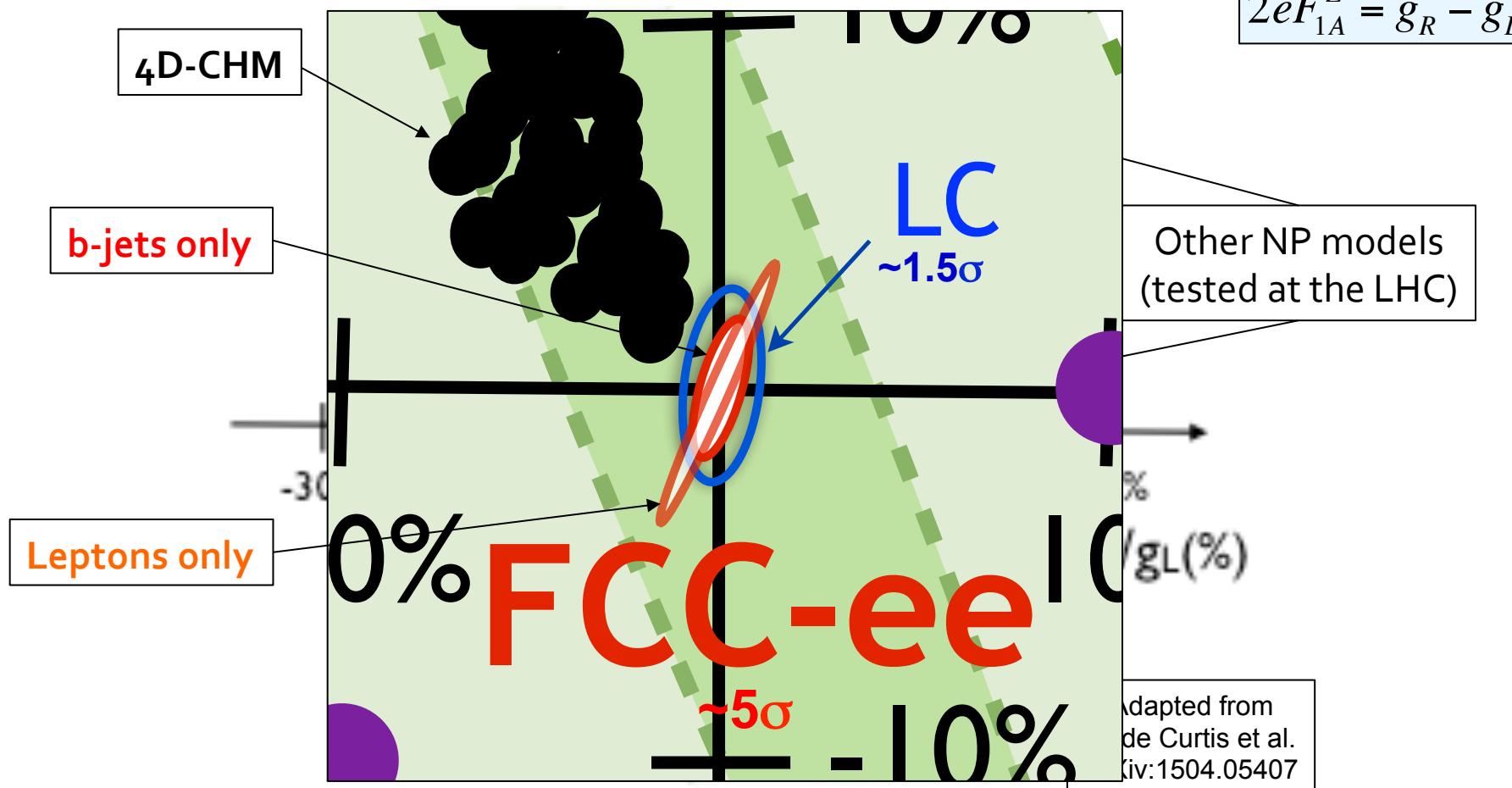
- Example: $t_L t_L Z$ and $t_R t_R Z$ couplings, g_L and g_R
 - Couplings most sensitive to composite Higgs models

$$2eF_{1V}^Z = g_R + g_L$$
$$2eF_{1A}^Z = g_R - g_L$$



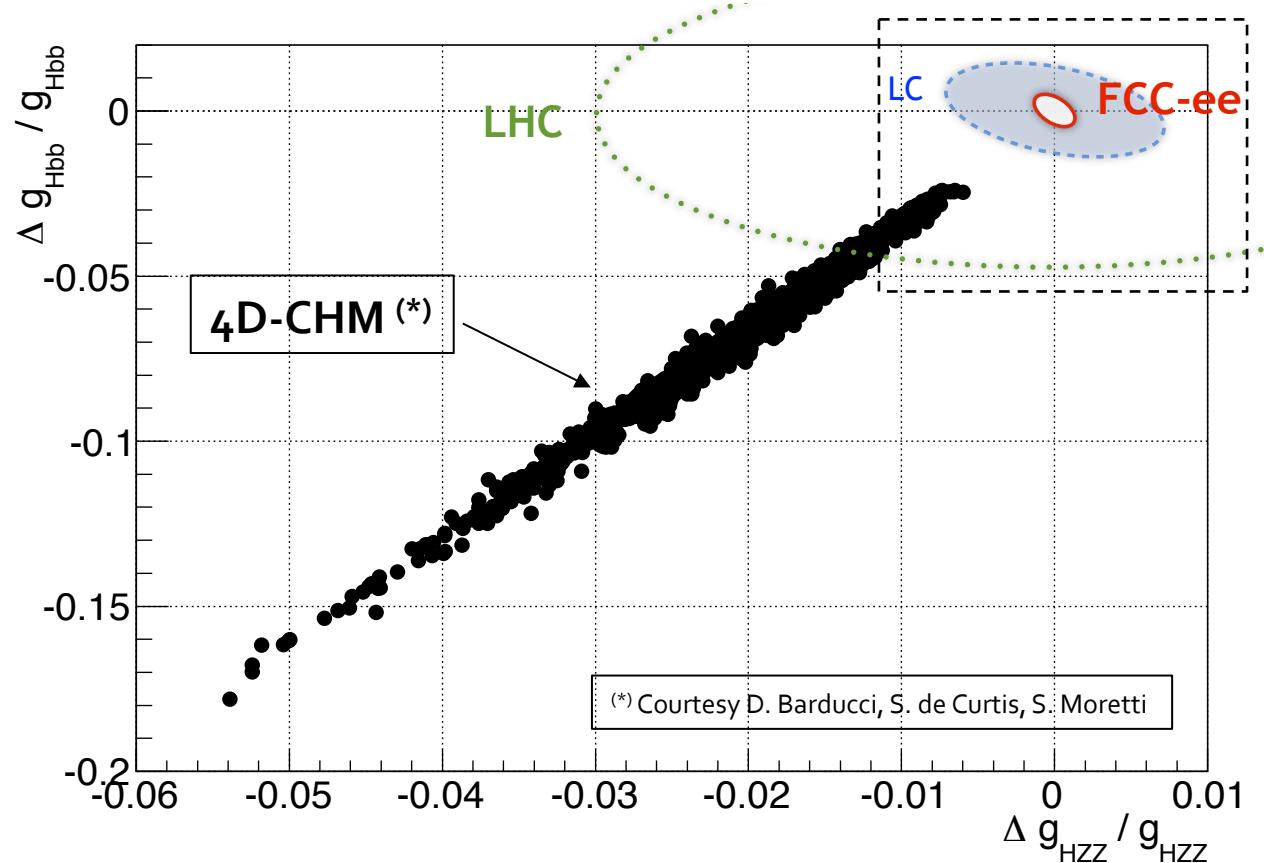
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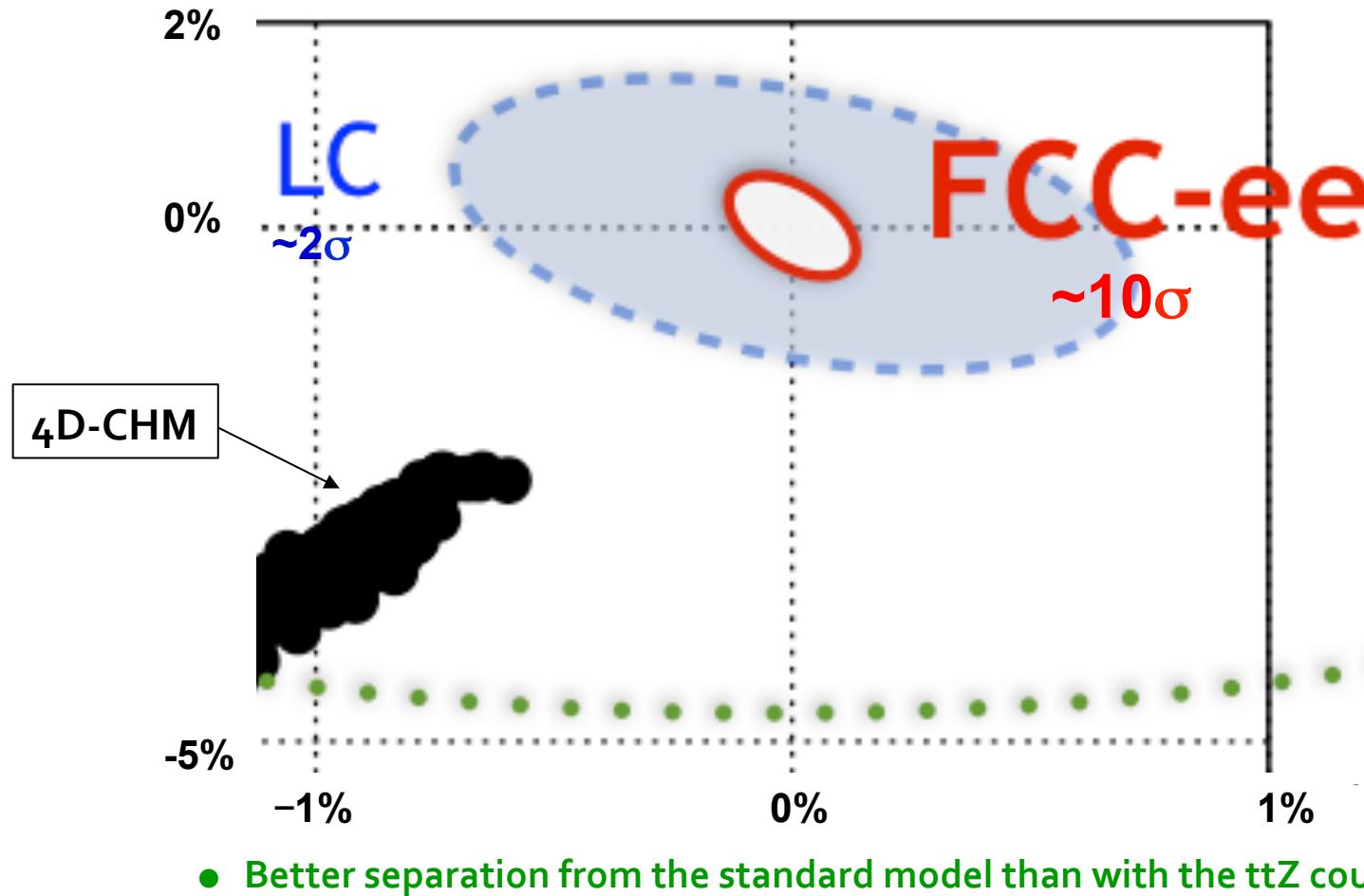
Sensitivity to New Physics (2)

- Composite Higgs models also affect Higgs couplings
 - ◆ Example: Effect on g_{HZZ} and g_{Hbb} for the same set of 4D-HCM as in previous slide



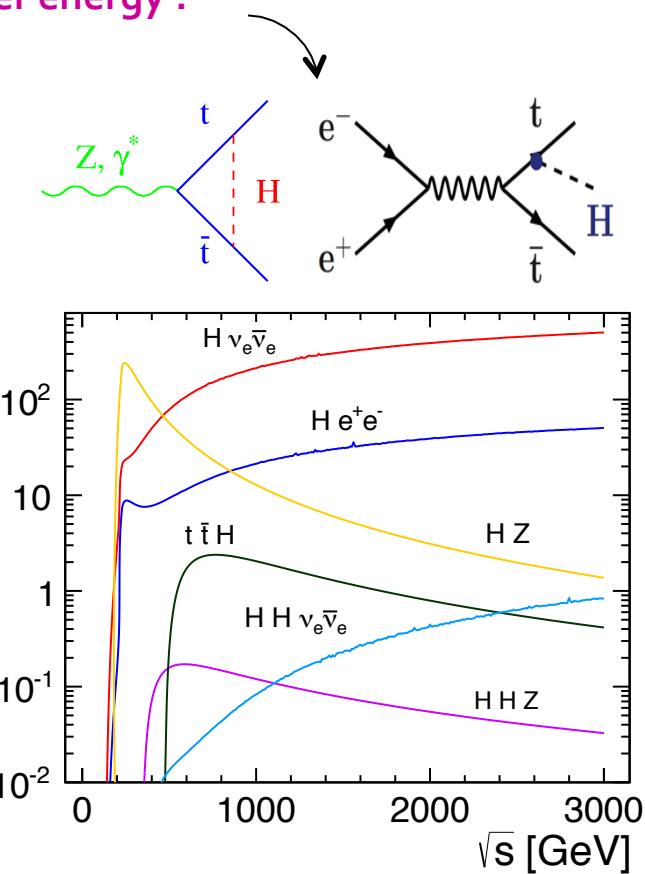
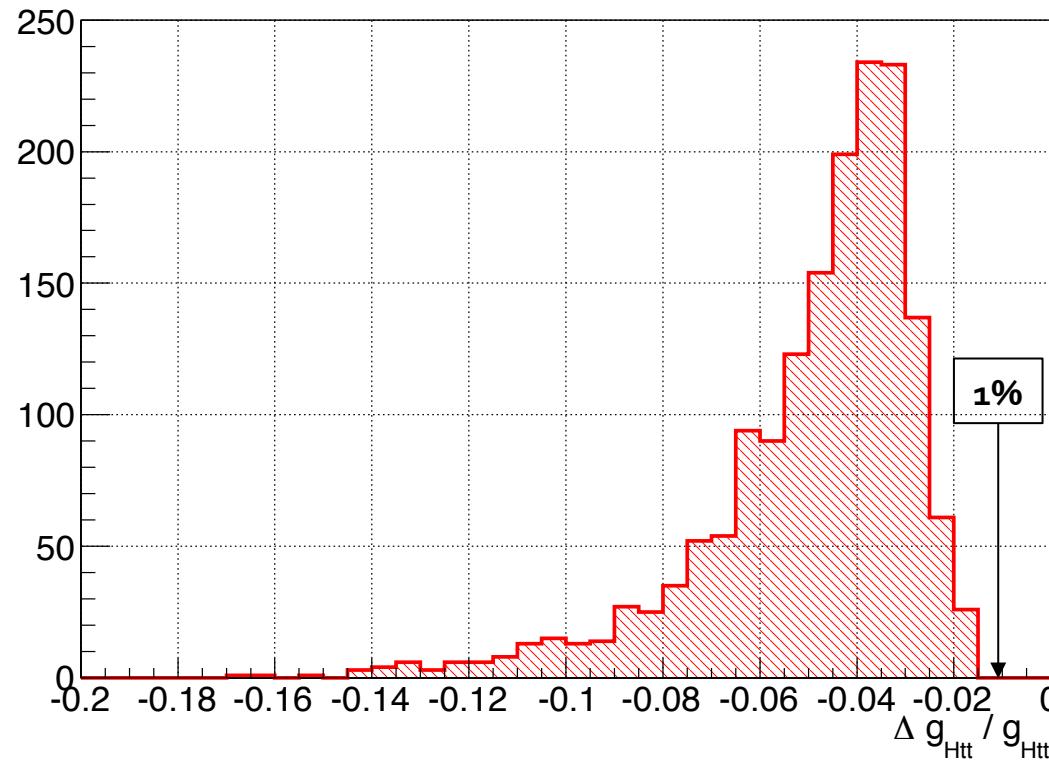
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The top Yukawa coupling (1)

- New physics is also expected to show up in the ttH coupling
 - ◆ For our set of Higgs composite models, effect of the same size as for Hbb
 - Would need a ttH coupling measurement with a precision much better than 1%
 - A case for e^+e^- collisions at significantly higher energy ?



The top Yukawa coupling (2)

- Measurement already possible at FCC-ee with the top threshold scan
 - ◆ But the accuracy on the ttH coupling limited to 10-15%
- FCC-hh, as ultimate goal for the FCC, is much better suited

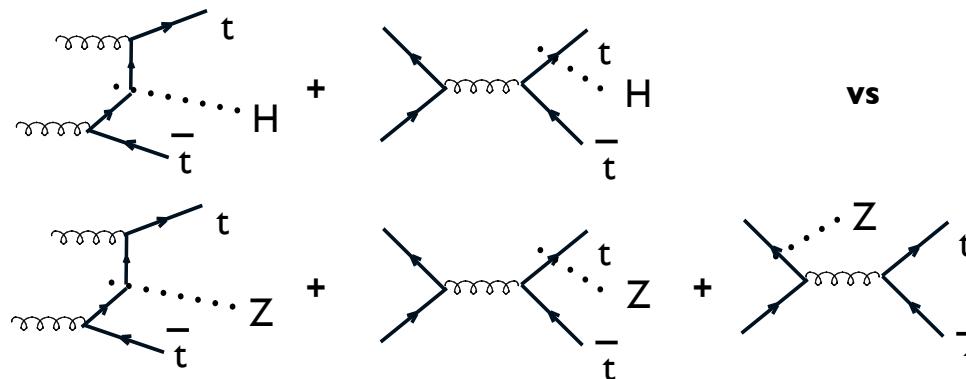
Parameter	LHC	HL-LHC	FCC-hh
\sqrt{s} (TeV)		14	100
Circumference (km)		26.7	100 (80)
Dipole field (T)		8.3	16 (20)
Luminosity ($10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$)	1	5	5 [\rightarrow 30]
Integrated Lumi (ab^{-1})	0.3	3	3 [\rightarrow 30]
Bunch spacing (ns)		25	25 {5}
Events / bunch crossing	35	140	170 {34} [\rightarrow 1020 {204}]
Total SR Power (MW)	0.007	0.015	5 [\rightarrow 30]
$\sigma(\text{gg} \rightarrow \text{ttH})$	0.62 pb	0.62 pb	37.8 pb (10 ⁹ events)

- ◆ Precision at LHC (Run1) ~ 5%
- Statistical precision not an issue for FCC-hh (~0.1%)

The top Yukawa coupling (3)

□ ttH coupling @ FCC-hh

- ◆ Measurement of λ_t with $\sigma(ttH) / \sigma(ttZ)$, with $H \rightarrow ZZ, WW, \tau\tau$ (and $bb, \gamma\gamma$)
 - Very similar production mechanism, gg production dominant



$$\frac{\sigma(ttH)}{\sigma(ttZ)} \approx \frac{\lambda_H^2}{(F_{1V}^Z)^2 + (F_{1A}^Z)^2}$$

- Most theory uncertainties cancel: < 1% precision possible on $\sigma(ttH) / \sigma(ttZ)$
 - Denominator given by FCC-ee with a precision of 1.5%
 - Higgs boson BR's given by FCC-ee with a precision of a few 0.1%
- ◆ Summary (together with Higgs self-coupling @ FCC-hh with $gg \rightarrow HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$)

Collider	HL-LHC	LC	LC 1-3 TeV	FCC-ee+hh
λ_t	4%	14%	2-4%	<1%
λ_H	50%	83%	10-15%	5%

Summary and outlook