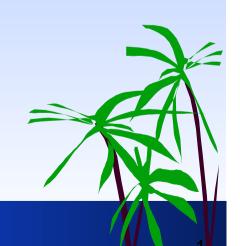
### **Posix Threads**

En studie i förvirring eller Halleluja!







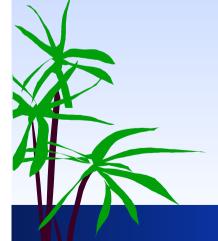
### Innehall

- 1 Översikt
- 1 Programmering
- 1 Kompilering
- 1 Vanliga problem
- 1 Dokumentation
- Övrigt

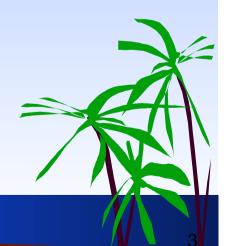


### Översikt

- 1 Introduktion
- 1 Implementationer
- Operativsystem
- 1 Prestanda

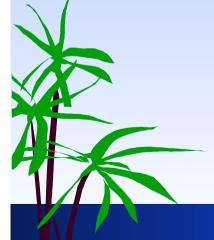




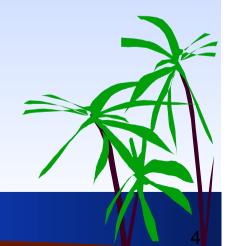


### Introduktion

- 1 Vad är en tråd?
- 1 Varför tråda ett program?
- 1 Fördelar
- 1 Nackdelar

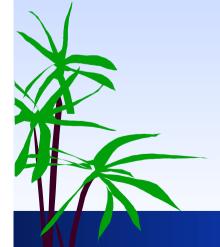




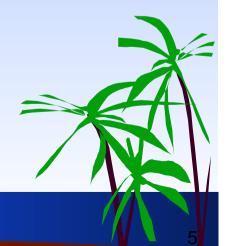


# Implementationer

- 1 Pthreads (POSIX P1003.1c)
- 1 DCE Threads
- 1 UI Threads
- 1 Windows NT







# Operativsystem

- 1 Sun Solaris 2.5
- 1 Redhat Linux 5.0
- **1 SGI IRIX 6.3**
- 1 HP HP-UX 10.30
- DEC DigitalUnix 4.0



### Prestanda

- 1 Skapa en tr åd: ~52μs
- 1 Skapa en process: ~1700μs
- 1 Trådsynkronisering: ~66μs
- 1 Processsynkronisering: ~200μs

(SPARCstation 2, Solaris 2.4)



# Programmering

- 1 Att skapa trådar
- Synkronisering
- 1 Biblioteksstöd
- Signalhantering
- 1 TSD (trådlokala globala variabler)
- 1 Avancerad programmering



# Att skapa trådar

- 1 pthread\_create()
- pthread\_exit()
- 1 pthread\_join()
- 1 pthread\_self()
- 1 pthread\_equal()



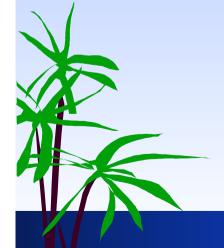
# Exempel

```
void *my_thread(void *arg) {
        puts(arg);
        return NULL;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
        pthread_t tid;
        void *retval;
        pthread_create(&tid, NULL,
                            my_thread, "hello world");
        pthread_join(tid, &retval);
```

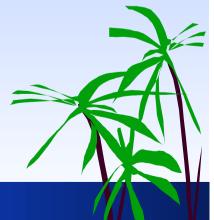


# Synkronisering

- 1 mutex
- 1 condition variables
- 1 Initialiseringskontroll
- 1 Är det allt?

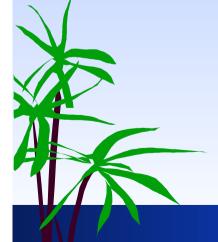




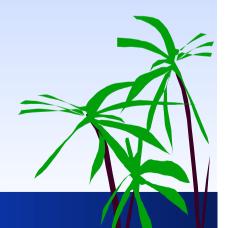


#### **MUTual EXclusion Locks**

- 1 pthread\_mutex\_init()
- 1 pthread\_mutex\_lock()
- 1 pthread\_mutex\_unlock()
- 1 pthread\_mutex\_trylock()







# Exempel

```
pthread_mutex_t mtx;
int cnt = 0;

int add_val(int val) {
    int sum;
    pthread_mutex_lock(&mtx);
    sum = cnt += val;
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&mtx);
    return sum;
}
```



#### Condition variables

- 1 pthread\_cond\_init()
- 1 pthread\_cond\_wait()
- 1 pthread\_cond\_timedwait()
- 1 pthread\_cond\_signal()
- 1 pthread\_cond\_broadcast()



# Exempel

```
pthread_mutex_t mtx;
pthread_cond_t cv;
int active = 0;
int max = 10;

void test_init(void) {
    pthread_mutex_init(&mtx, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init(&cv, NULL);
}
```



# Exempel, del 2



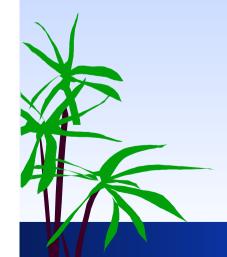
### Exempel, del 3

```
void start_new_thread(void) {
    pthread_t tid;

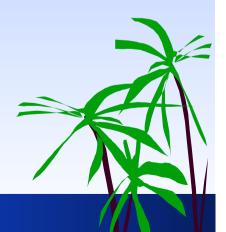
pthread_mutex_lock(&mtx);
    while (active >= max)
        pthread_cond_wait(&cv, &mtx);
    active++;
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&mtx);
    pthread_create(&tid, NULL, my_thread, NULL);
```

# Initialiseringskontroll

1 pthread\_once()







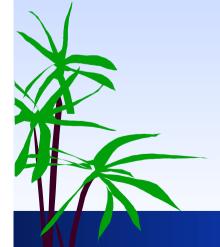
# Exempel

```
pthread_once_t once_cntrl = PTHREAD_ONCE_INIT;
static void my_init(void) {
      ... initialize something ...
int my_function(int arg) {
      pthread_once(&once_cntrl, my_init);
      ... do something ...
```

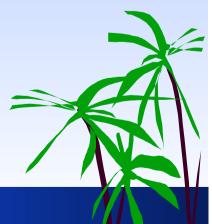


### Är det allt?

- 1 rwlocks
- 1 semaforer
- 1 spinlocks







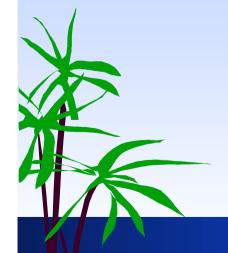
### Biblioteksstöd

- Systemanrop
- 1 errno
- 1 fork() / pthread\_atfork()
- 1 Trådsäkra funktioner
- 1 Manuellt låsbara funktioner
- 1 Trådosäkra funktioner

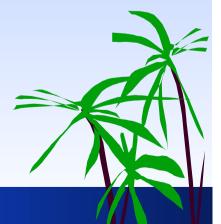


# Systemanrop

- 1 Trådsäkra
- Blockar enbart tråden

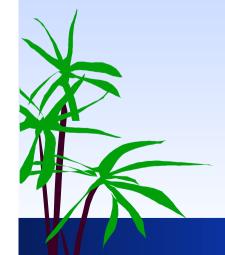




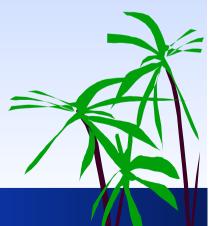


#### errno

1 M åste inkludera <errno.h>

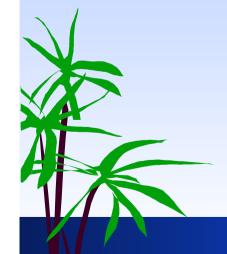




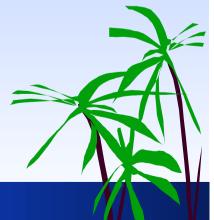


### Trådsäkra funktioner

- 1 Läs manualsidan!
- 1 Thread-Safe vs Reentrant
- 1 POSIX trådsäkra funktioner (\_r)

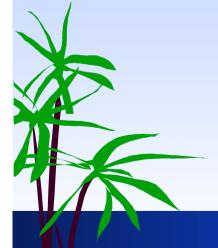




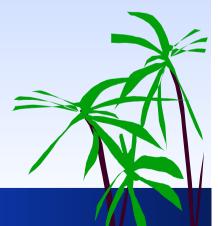


#### Manuellt läsbara funktioner

- 1 flockfile() / ftrylockfile() / funlockfile()
- 1 getc\_unlocked() / getchar\_unlocked()
- 1 putc\_unlocked() / putchar\_unlocked()

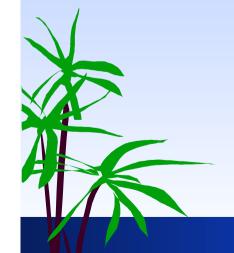




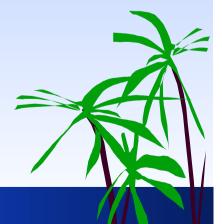


#### Tradosäkra funktioner

- 1 Använder static data, fel errno etc...
- 1 Undvik helst...
- 1 Om ej möjligt, anropa från main-tråden







# Signalhantering

- 1 pthread\_kill()
- 1 sigwait()
- 1 pthread\_sigmask()
- 1 Async-safe
- 1 longjmp()
- 1 Tips: All signalhantering i en tråd

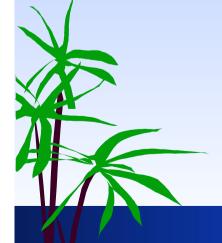


### Exempel

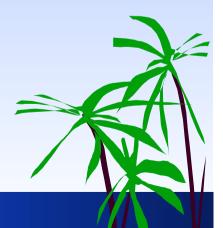
```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
      sigset_t set; pthread_t tid; int sig;
      sigemptyset(&set);
      sigaddset(&set, SIGHUP);
      pthread_sigmask(SIG_BLOCK, &set, NULL);
      pthread_create(&tid, NULL, my_thread, NULL);
      while (sigwait(&set, &sig) == 0) {
             switch (sig) {
                    case SIGHUP:
                           do_something();
```

### TSD (trådlokala data)

- 1 pthread\_key\_create()
- 1 pthread\_key\_delete()
- 1 pthread\_setspecific()
- 1 pthread\_getspecific()







# Exempel

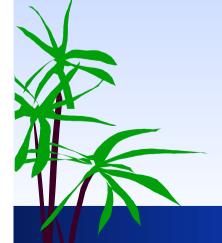


## Exempel, del 2

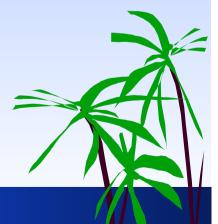
```
char *my_fun(int val) {
      char *res;
      pthread_once_init(&once, &my_init);
      res = pthread_getspecific(my_key);
      if (res == NULL) {
             res = malloc(4711);
             pthread_setspecific(my_key, res);
       return res;
```

# Avancerad programmering

- 1 Trådcancellering
- 1 Trådning av gamla program
- 1 Multipla processorer
- 1 Parallell beräkning

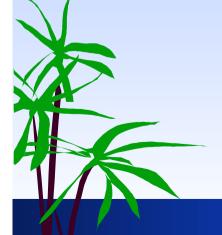




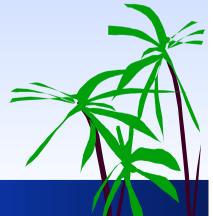


# Kompilering

- 1 #define \_POSIX\_C\_SOURCE=199506L
- 1 -lpthreads
- 1 #define \_REENTRANT







# Vanliga problem

- 1 "static"-deklarerade variabler
- 1 Globala variabler
- 1 Deadlocks
- Djupt rekursiva funktioner
- 1 Använd "invariants" för felkontroll!



### Dokumentation

1 Programming with Threads

(Kleiman, Shah & Smaalders, Prentice Hall, ISBN 0-13-172389-8)

- 1 Multithreaded Programming Guide (Sun Answerbook)
- 1 Threads Primer

(Lewis & Berg, SunSoft Press, ISBN 0-13-443698-9)

1 Programming with POSIX Threads

(Butenhof, Addison-Wesley, ISBN 0-201-63392-2)



# Övrigt

- 1 Avlusning (gdb, debugger, printf)
- 1 lock\_lint, tnfview
- 1 comp.programming.threads





