CZ2007

Lab Group : DSS2 Team: 1

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CZ2007 Lab 3 Deliverables

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1. COMPLAINTS-ON-SHOPS

Schema	COMPLAINTS-ON-SHOPS (CID, SName)
Keys	{CID}
Primary Key	{CID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. FDs: CID → SName
The relation is in BCNF.	

2. SHOPS

Schema	SHOPS (<u>SName</u>)
Keys	{SName}
Primary Key	{SName}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. FD: SName → SName (Trivial)
The relation is in BCNF.	

3. PRODUCTS-IN-SHOPS

Schema	PRODUCTS-IN-SHOPS (<u>PName</u> , <u>SPID</u> , SPrice, SQuatity, SName)	
Keys	{PName, SName}, {SPID}	
Primary Key	{SPID}	
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	 PName, SName → SPID SPID → PName, SName, SPrice, SQuantity 	

The relation is in 3NF.

Assumption: SPID is unique for different combinations of product name(Pname) and shop name(Sname).

4. PRICE-HISTORY

Schema	PRICE-HISTORY (SPID, Start-date, End-date, Price)
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Keys	{SPID, Start-date, End-date}
Primary Key	{SPID, Start-date, End-date}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. SPID, Start-Date, End-Date → Price
The relation is in BCNF.	

5. USERS

Schema	USERS (<u>UID</u> , UName)
Keys	{UID}
Primary Key	{UID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. UID → Uname
The relation is in BCNF.	

6. COMPLAINTS

Schema	COMPLAINTS (<u>CID</u> , Text, Filed-date-time, Status, UID, EmployeeID)
Keys	{CID}, {UID, Filed-date-time}
Primary Key	{CID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	 CID → Text, Filed-date-time, Status, UID, EmployeeID UID, Filed-date-time → CID, Text, Status, EmployeeID

This relation in BCNF.

Assumption:

We assume that one user can only file one complaint at any point of time. (i.e. Filed-date-time is to the precision of seconds and higher)

7. EMPLOYEES

Schema	EMPLOYEES (EmployeeID, Name, Salary)
Keys	{EmployeeID}

Primary Key	{EmployeeID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. EmployeeID → Name, Salary
This relation is in BCNF.	

8. HANDLED

Schema	HANDLED (Employee ID, UID, handled-date-time)
Keys	{EmployeeID, UID}
Primary Key	{EmployeeID, UID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. EmployeeID, UID → handled-date-time
This relation is in BCNF.	

9. PRODUCTS

Schema	PRODUCTS (<u>PName</u> , <u>Maker</u> , Category)
Keys	{PName, Maker}
Primary Key	{PName, Maker}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. PName, Maker → Category

The relation is in BCNF.

Assumption:

Product name (PName) can be the same for products that are under different categories, i.e. Apple can mean an electronic or it can mean a type of fruit.

10. ORDERS

Schema	ORDERS (OID, Date-time, Shipping-address, UID)
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Keys	{OID}, {Date-time, UID}
Primary Key	{OID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	 OID → Date-time, Shipping-address, UID Date-time, UID → OID
The relation is in 3NF.	

11. COMPLAINTS-ON-ORDERS

Schema	COMPLAINTS-ON-ORDERS (<u>CID</u> , OID)
Keys	{CID}
Primary Key	{CID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. CID → OID
The relation is in BCNF.	

12. PRODUCTS-IN-ORDERS

Schema	PRODUCTS-IN-ORDERS (<u>PName</u> , <u>OPID</u> , OID, SPID, OPrice, OQuantity, Delivery-date, Status)
Keys	{OPID}, {SPID, OID}
Primary Key	{OPID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	1. OPID → OPrice, OQuantity, Delivery-date, Status, PName, OID, SPID 2.SPID, OID → OPID

The relation is in 3NF.

Assumption:

- 1. A unique SPID(Shop-Product ID) is obtained from SName and PName (both are unique). Two different products from the same shop will produce a different SPID.
- 2. The SPID, together with each unique OID(OrderID), will be used to generate an OPID(Order-Product ID). Therefore, when a user buys the same item (from the same shop), but in separate orders, a different OPID will be generated.
- 3. Each product in order may have a different delivery date and status.

13. FEEDBACK

Schema	FEEDBACK (<u>UID</u> , <u>OPID</u> , Rating, Comment, Date-time)
Keys	{OPID}
Primary Key	{OPID}
Functional Dependencies (FDs)	 UID, OPID → Rating, Comment, Date-time OPID → UID
The relation is in 3NF.	

APPENDIX

ER Diagram from Lab1

