

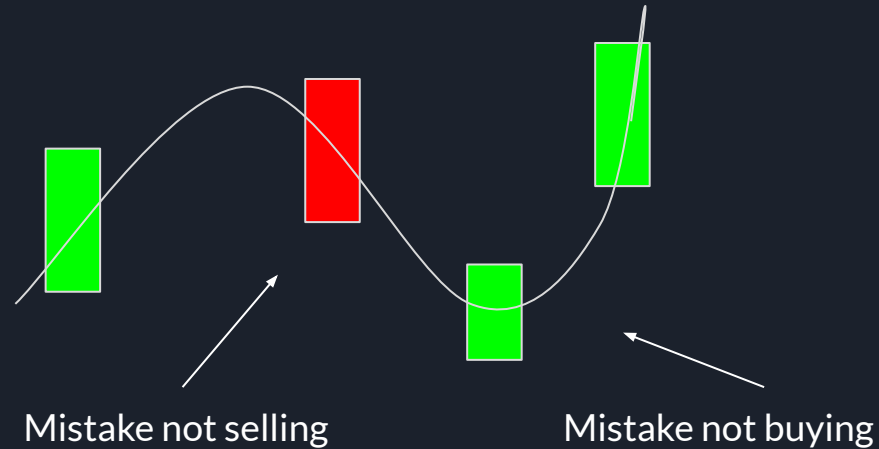


# Team SixteenFourtySeven

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# Investment Philosophy

- “A mistake is not something to be determined after the fact, but in light of the information available until that point” - Nassim Nicholas Taleb



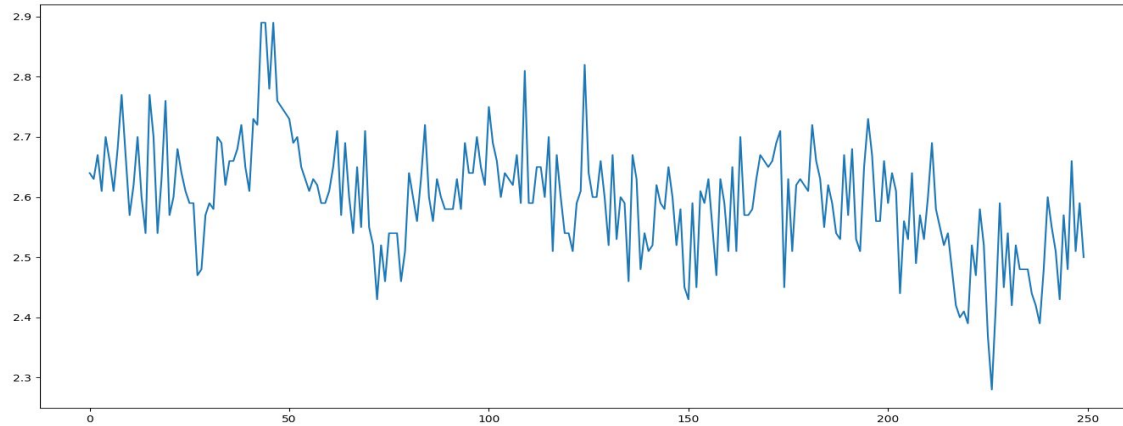
# Investment hypothesis

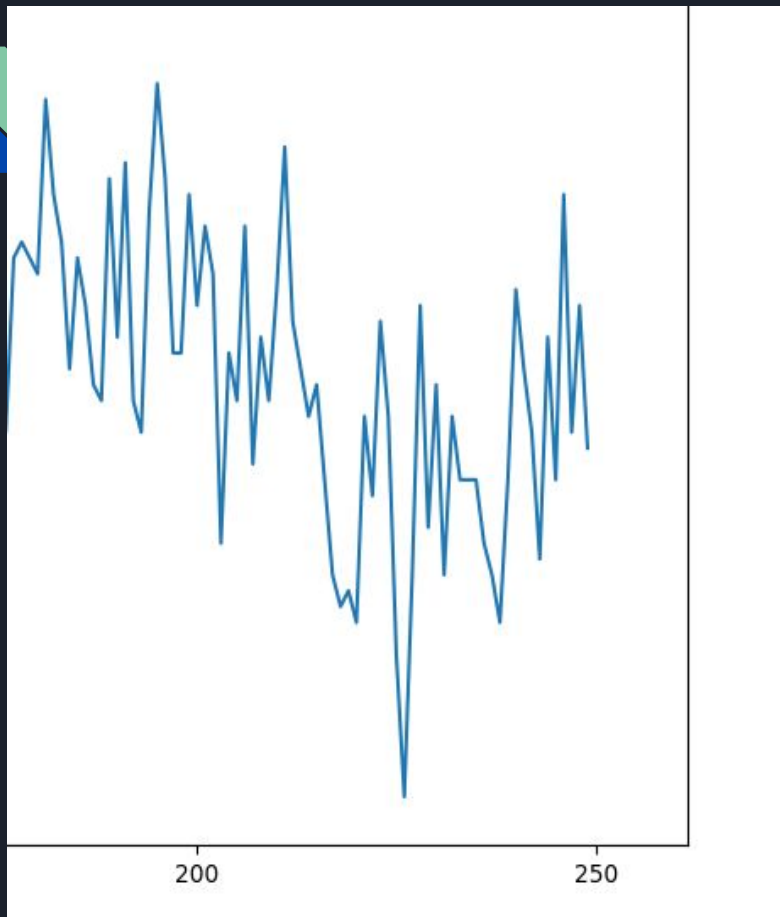
Identify a medium term (50 day) actual price of the stock and take advantage of fluctuations from the calculated price.



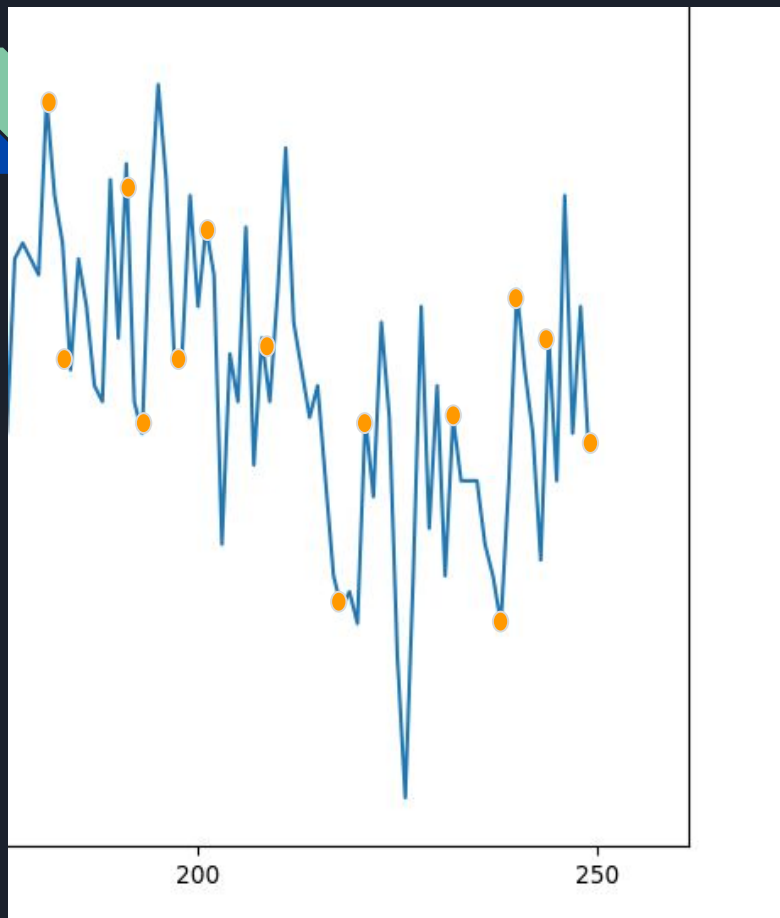
# Strategy 98

- Inspired from convergence of monte carlo simulation methods.
- Example working on stock #98

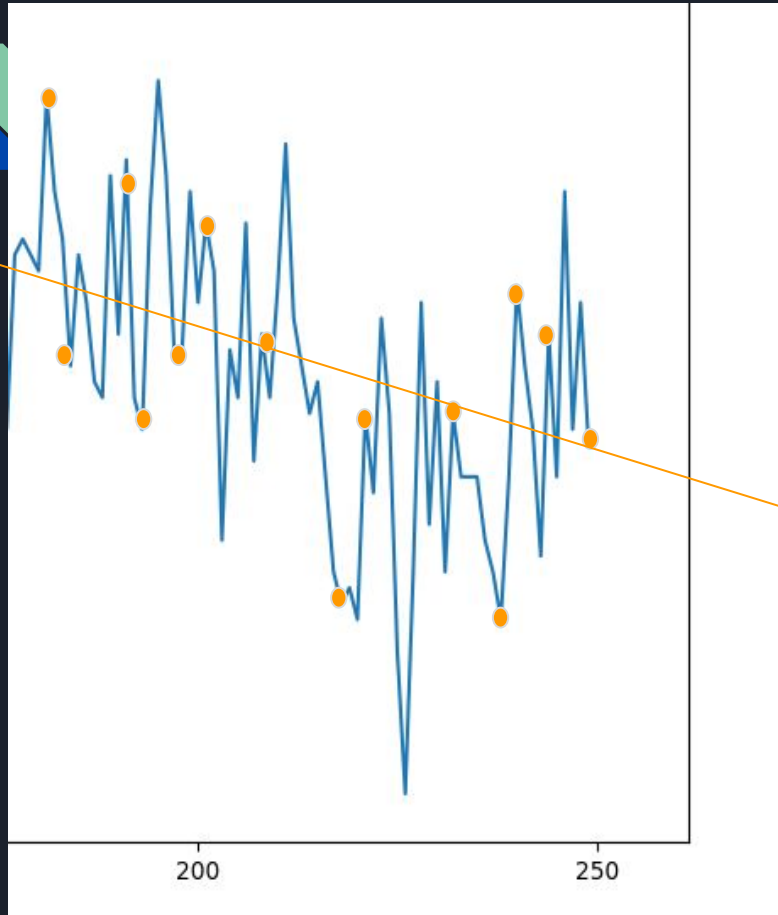




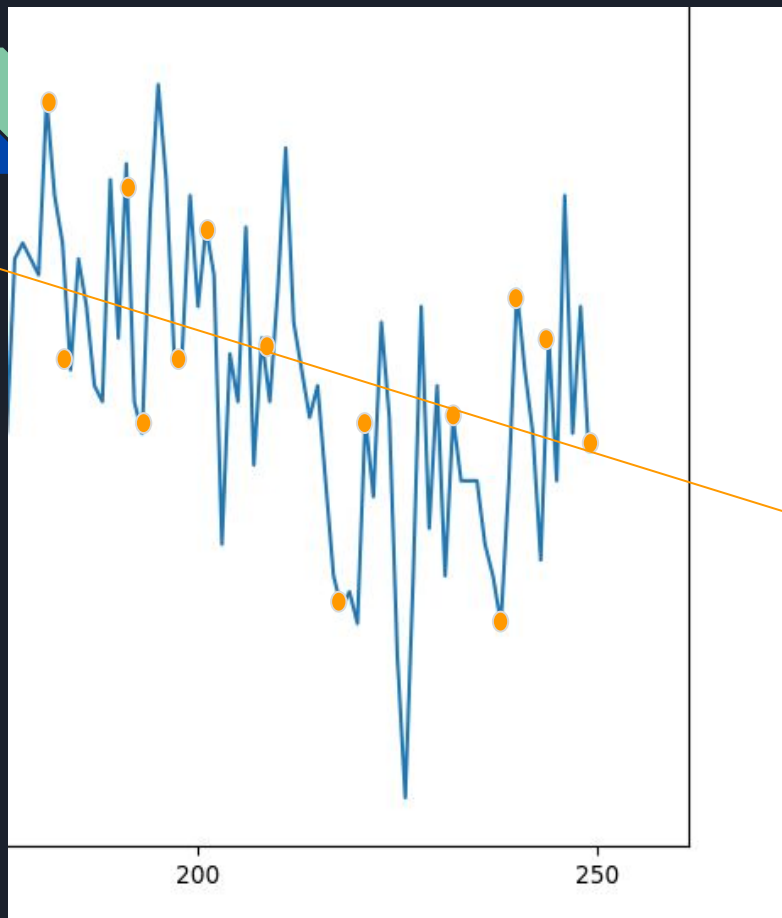
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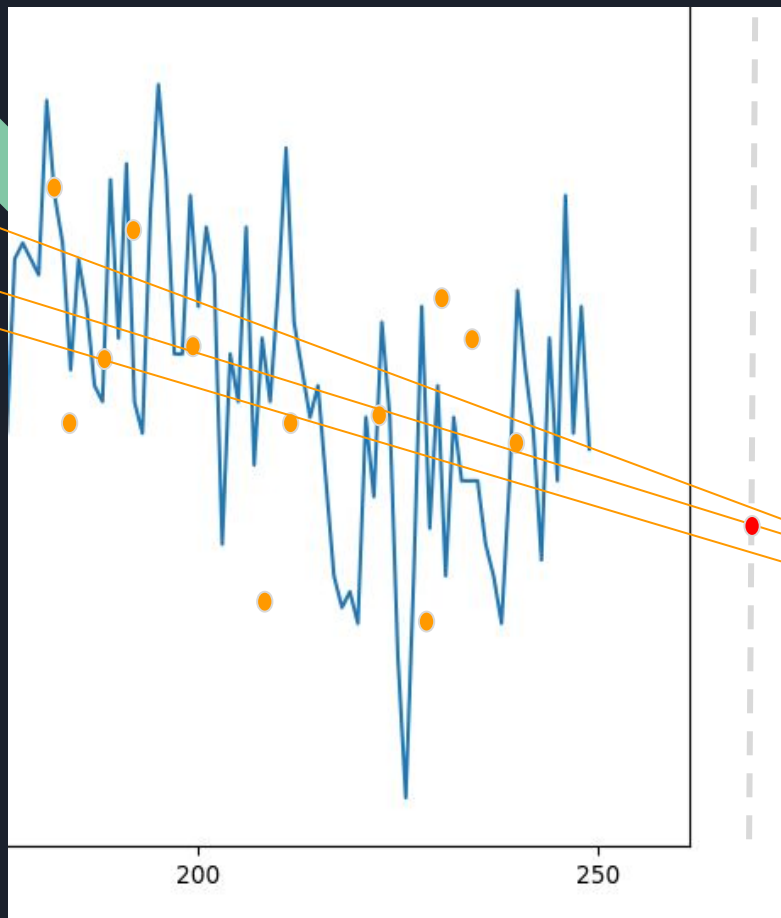
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2. Randomly select  $x$  points from the set
3. Fit a first order regression



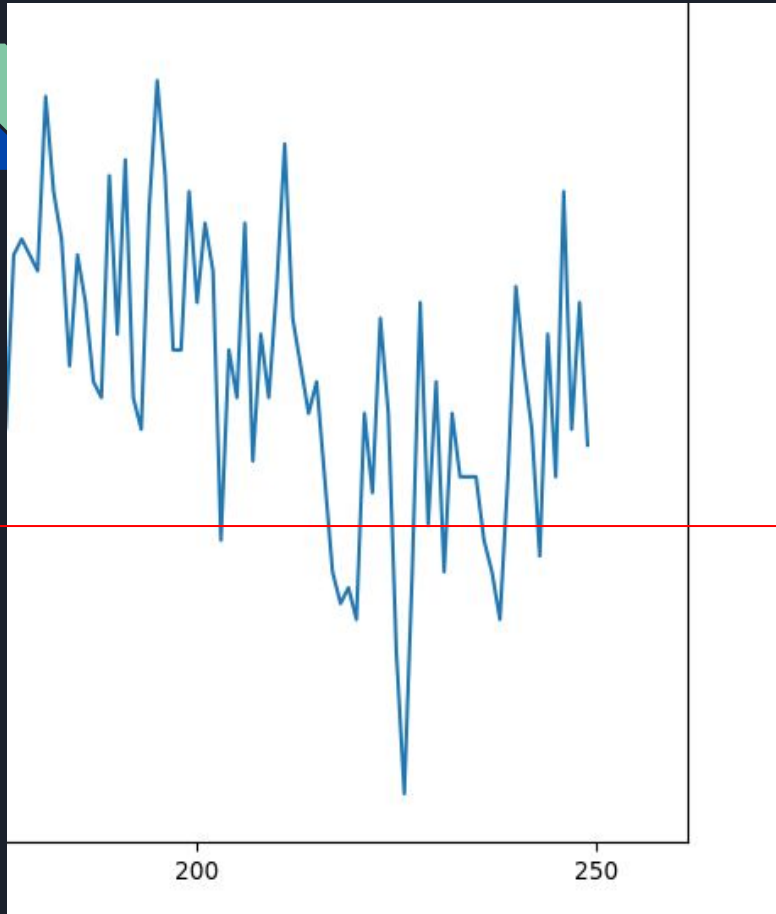
1. Start off by collecting data for last 50 days
2. Randomly select  $x$  points from the set
3. Fit a first order regression
4. Find its value at a point in the future



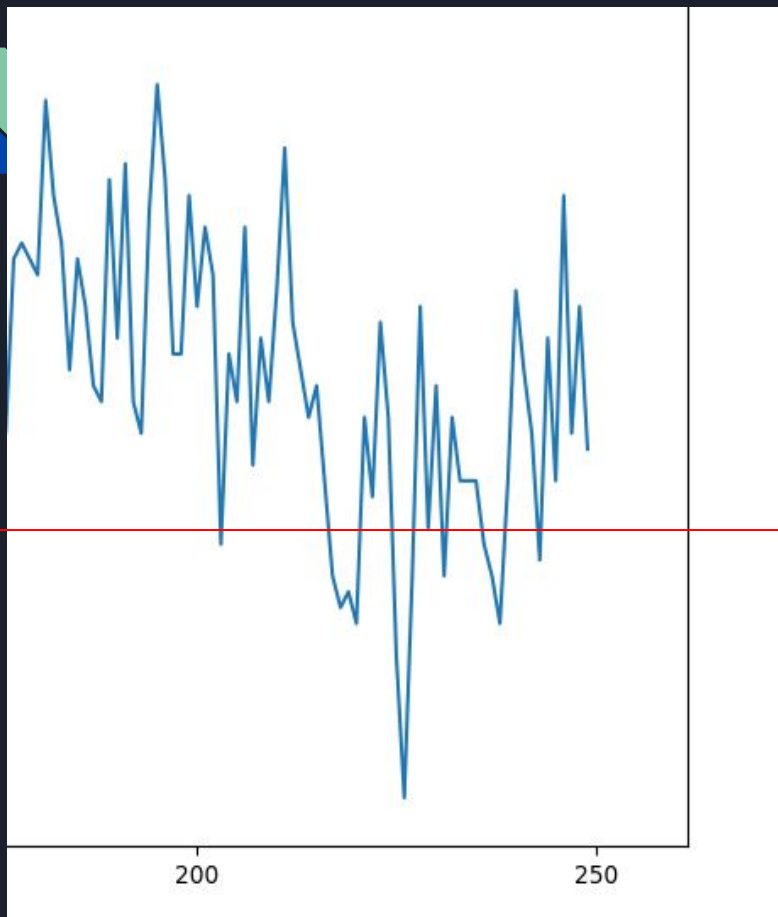




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6. Take the red line as the actual price of the stock and trade
  - a. If price  $> (1 + \text{commRate}) * \text{convergence}$  we expect stock price to drop in the future and short sell
  - b. If price  $< (1 - \text{commRate}) * \text{convergence}$  we expect price to increase in the future and buy.
  - c. Else don't change position for the asset



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7. Have a dynamic convergence by allowing new 50-day trends.

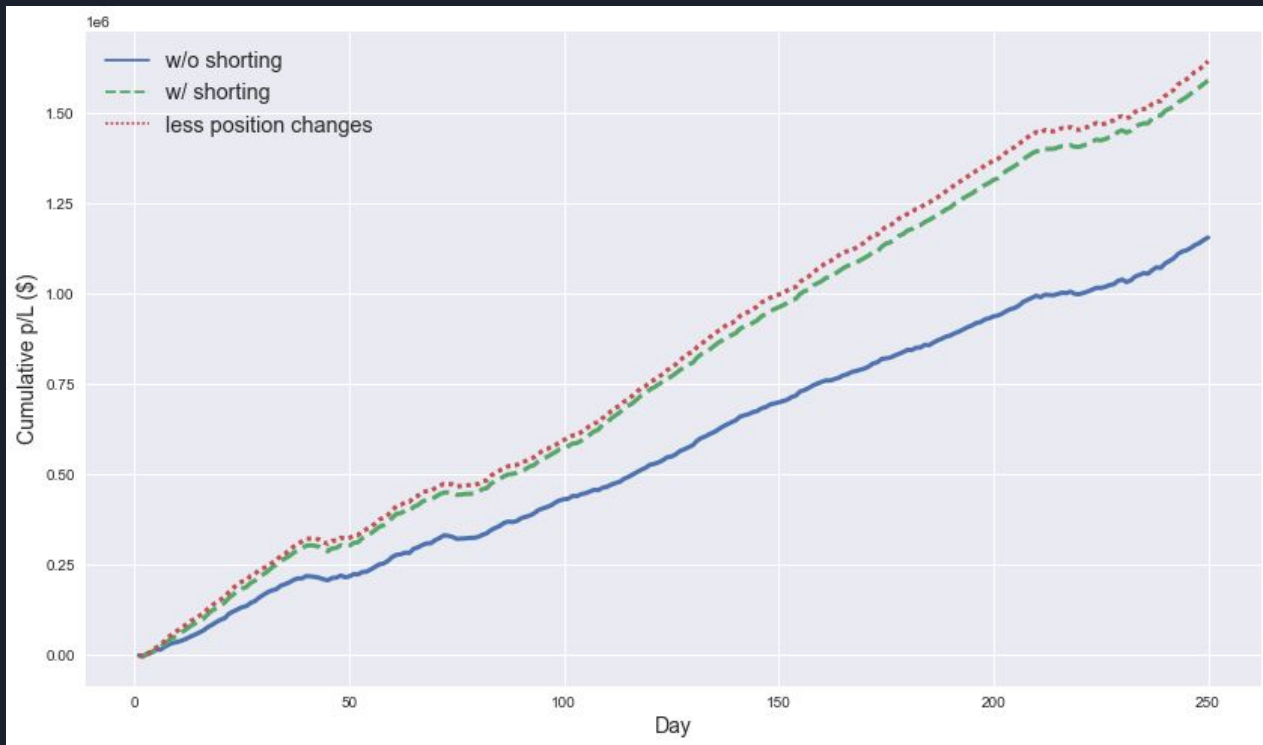
Note: We go long/short the position limit (\$10000)



# Trading Decision

```
if new_price < (1 - commRate) * cnvg: # go long
    rpos[i] = posLimit // new_price
elif new_price > (1 + commRate) * cnvg: # go short
    rpos[i] = -posLimit // new_price
else:
    rpos[i] = currentPos[i] # no change
```

# Results



Thank you

