TOGAF

Version 9 Enterprise Edition

Module 3
Introduction to the Architecture
Development
Method

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Published by The Open Group, January 2009



Module Objectives

The objectives of this module are to describe:

- The TOGAF ADM
- Its relationship to other parts of TOGAF
- The phases of the ADM
- How and why to adapt the ADM
- How to scope an architecture activity
- The need for an integration framework





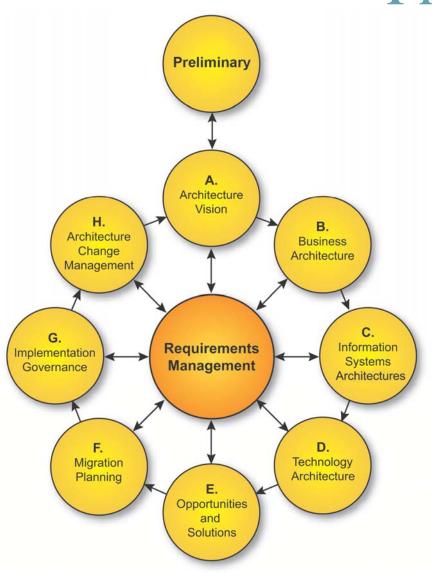
What is the TOGAF ADM?

- The ADM forms the core of TOGAF
- The result of contributions from many architecture practitioners
- It is specifically designed to address enterprise's business and IT needs by providing:
 - A set of architecture views (business, data, application, technology)
 - Guidelines on tools for architecture development
 - A set of recommended deliverables
 - Links to practical case studies
 - A method for managing requirements





Architecture Development Method – Process



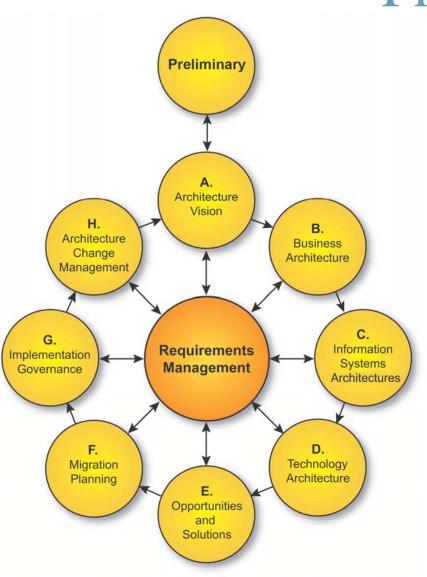
- The ADM is an iterative process:
 - Over the whole process
 - Between phases
 - Within phases
- For each iteration, reconsider:
 - Scope
 - Detail
 - Schedules, milestones







Architecture Development Method – Process



- Consider assets from:
 - Previous iterations
 - Marketplace, according to availability, competence, and value:
 - Other frameworks
 - Systems models
 - Vertical Industry models







Relationship to other Parts of TOGAF

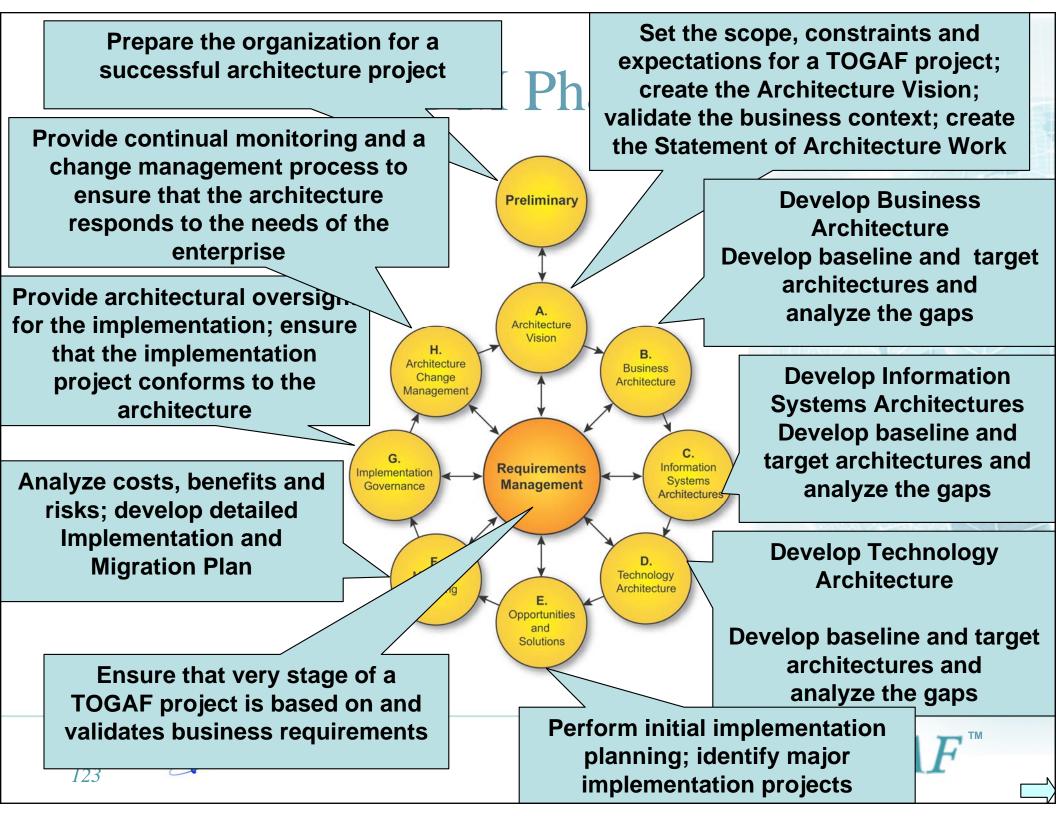
The ADM forms the core

It is supported by the other main parts of TOGAF:

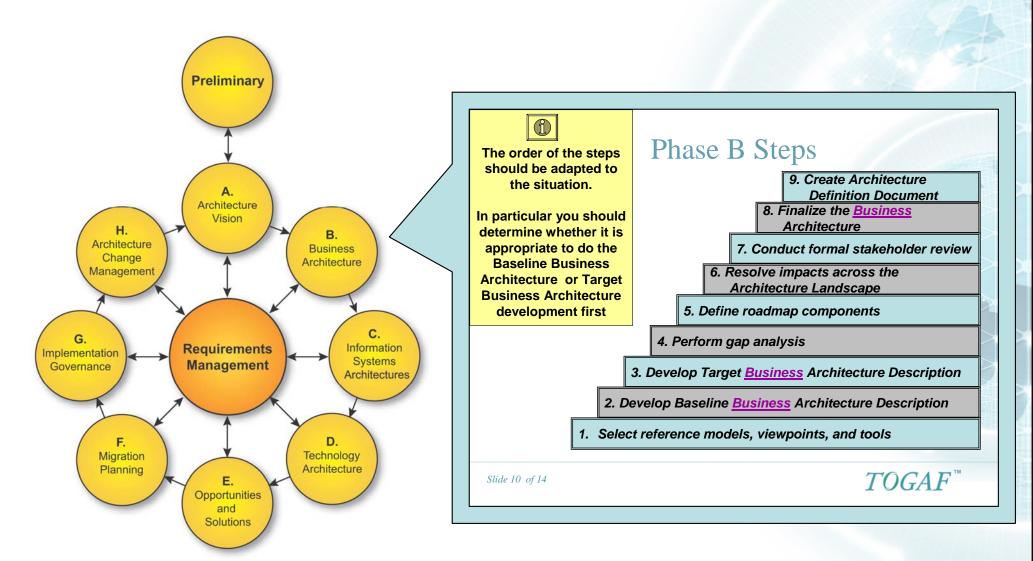
- ADM Guidelines and Techniques
 - Set of guidelines, templates, checklists
- Architecture Content Framework
- The Enterprise Continuum
 - Framework and context for architecture assets including descriptions, models and patterns
- TOGAF Reference Models
- The Architecture Capability Framework







ADM Phase Steps Example







ADM Inputs and Outputs

- TOGAF defines a number of input and output deliverables for each phase
 - These are suggestions and need not be followed exactly
 - Output of an early phase may be modified in a later phase
 - Version numbers are used to manage the output
 - A convention is used to illustrate the evolution of deliverables
 - 0.1 a high level outline deliverable
 - 1.0 a formally reviewed detailed deliverable





Adapting the ADM

- Generic methodology intended for variable:
 - Geographies
 - Vertical sectors
 - Industry types
- Usable with deliverables of other frameworks such as Zachman, DODAF, ...
- It is usual to modify or extend the ADM to suit specific needs





Governing the ADM

- The ADM, whether adapted or used as is, is a key process to be managed and governed
- The Architecture Board should be satisfied that the method is being applied correctly
- The management of all architectural artifacts, governance and related process should be supported by a controlled environment such as a repository





Governance Repository

- Reference Data
- Process Status
- Audit Information





Reasons to constrain the Scope of Architectural Activity

- The organizational authority of the team producing the architecture
- The objectives and stakeholder concerns to be addressed within the architecture
- The availability of people, finance, and other resources





Scoping the Architecture Activity

- There are four dimensions in which scope may be limited:
 - Enterprise scope or focus
 - Architecture domains
 - Vertical scope (level of detail)
 - Time periods (Project Schedule)





Architecture Integration

- There is a need to provide an integration framework that sits above individual architectures:
 - To allow the architect to understand how components fit into the framework
 - To derive the architectural models that focus on enterprise-level capabilities
 - To define the conformance standards that enable the integration of components for maximum leverage and re-use
- An "Enterprise framework" a Content Framework, or a Meta-architecture framework





Summary

- The ADM is a comprehensive, general method
- It recommends a sequence for various phases and steps involved in developing an architecture
- It is an iterative method
- It draws on the other parts of TOGAF for assets and processes
- It can be used with other deliverables from other frameworks



