### **TOGAF**

Version 9 Enterprise Edition

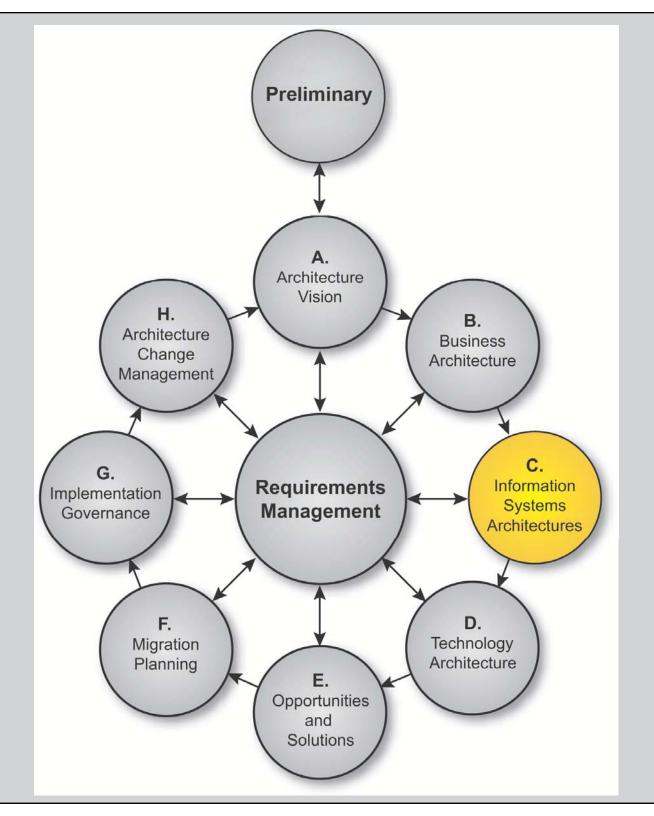
Module 18A
Phase C
Data Architecture –
Catalogs, Matrices
and Diagrams

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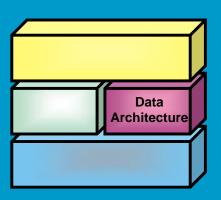


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# Phase C: Data Architecture



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#### Module Objectives

The aim of this module is to understand:

- The objectives of the Data Architecture part of Phase C
- What it consists of
- What inputs are needed for it
- What the outputs are





### Data Architecture – Objectives

The objective of the Data Architecture work is to define the types and sources of data needed to support the business, in a way that can be understood by stakeholders.

The output should be complete, consistent and stable.

#### **NOT** to:

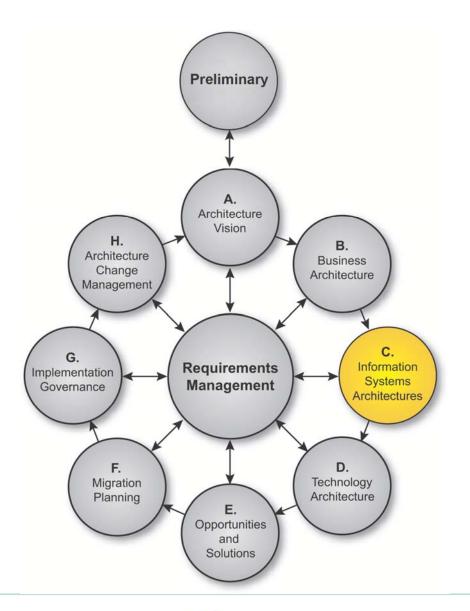
- design a database
- design logical or physical storage systems

But links to legacy files and databases may be developed.





#### Phase C: Inputs



- Request for Architecture Work
- Capability Assessment
- Communications Plan
- Organization model for enterprise architecture
- Tailored Architecture Framework
- Data principles
- Statement of Architecture Work

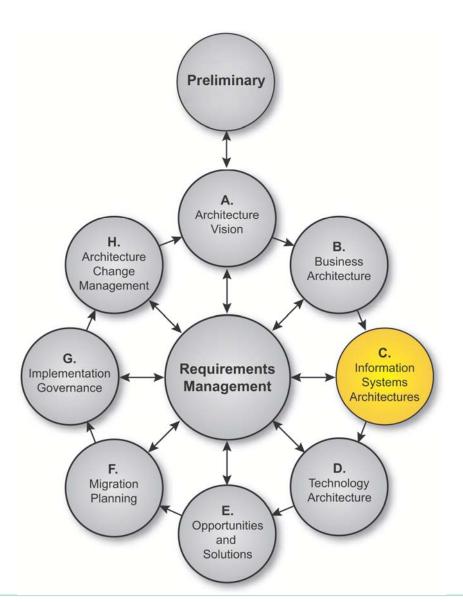
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#### Phase C: Inputs



- Architecture Vision
- Architecture Repository
- Draft Architecture Definition Document
- Draft Architecture Requirements
   Specification, including:
  - Gap analysis results
  - Relevant technical requirements
- Business Architecture components of an Architecture Roadmap









The order of the steps should be adapted to the situation.
In particular you should determine whether it is appropriate to do the Baseline Data
Architecture or Target Data Architecture development first

#### Phase C: Steps

- 9. Create Architecture
  Definition Document
- 8. Finalize the **Data** Architecture
- 7. Conduct formal stakeholder review
- 6. Resolve impacts across the Architecture Landscape
- 5. Define roadmap components
- 4. Perform gap analysis
- 3. Develop Target Data Architecture Description
- 2. Develop Baseline Data Architecture Description
- 1. Select reference models, viewpoints, and tools





### Step 1: Select reference models, viewpoints, and tools

- Review/generate and validate data principles see Architecture Principles
- Select Data Architecture resources (reference models, patterns, ...)
- Select relevant Data Architecture viewpoints
- Identify appropriate tools and techniques (including forms) to be used for data capture, modeling, and analysis, in association with the selected viewpoints.
- Examples of data modeling techniques are:
  - Entity-relationship diagram
  - Class diagrams
  - Object role modeling





#### TOGAF 9 Artifacts

Preliminary Phase  Principles catalog  Phase A, Architecture Vision  Stakeholder Map matrix Value Chain diagram Solution Concept diagram	Phase B, Business Architecture     Organization/Actor catalog     Driver/Goal/Objective catalog     Role catalog     Business Service/Function catalog     Location catalog     Process/Event/Control/Product catalog     Contract/Measure catalog     Business Interaction matrix     Actor/Role matrix     Business Footprint diagram     Business Service/Information diagram     Functional Decomposition diagram     Product Lifecycle diagram     Goal/Objective/Service diagram     Use-Case diagram     Organization Decomposition diagram     Process Flow diagram     Event diagram	<ul> <li>Phase C, Data Architecture</li> <li>Data Entity/Data Component catalog</li> <li>Data Entity/Business Function matrix</li> <li>System/Data matrix</li> <li>Class diagram</li> <li>Data Dissemination diagram</li> <li>Data Security diagram</li> <li>Class Hierarchy diagram</li> <li>Data Migration diagram</li> <li>Data Lifecycle diagram</li> <li>Data Ownership Matrix</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Application Architecture</li> <li>Application Portfolio catalog</li> <li>Interface catalog</li> <li>System/Organization matrix</li> <li>Role/System matrix</li> <li>System/Function matrix</li> <li>Application Interaction matrix</li> <li>Application Communication diagram</li> <li>Application and User Location diagram</li> <li>System Use-Case diagram</li> <li>Enterprise Manageability diagram</li> <li>Process/System Realization diagram</li> <li>Software Engineering diagram</li> <li>Application Migration diagram</li> <li>Software Distribution diagram</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Phase D, Technology Architecture</li> <li>Technology Standards catalog</li> <li>Technology Portfolio catalog</li> <li>System/Technology matrix</li> <li>Environments and Locations diagram</li> <li>Platform Decomposition diagram</li> <li>Processing diagram</li> <li>Networked Computing/Hardware diagram</li> <li>Communications Engineering diagram</li> </ul>		Phase E. Opportunities & Solutions  Project Context diagram Benefits diagram	Requirements Management  Requirements catalog





## Step 1: Select reference models, viewpoints, and tools

- Determine Overall modeling Process
  - For each viewpoint, select the models needed to support the specific view required, using the selected tool or method.
     Examples of logical data models include:
    - the DODAF Logical Data Model
    - the ARTS Data Model for the Retail Industry and
    - the Energistics Data Model for the Petrotechnical industry
  - Confirm all stakeholders' concerns are addressed. If not, create new models to address concerns not covered, or augment existing models
- Identify Required Catalogs of Data Building Blocks
  - The organization's data inventory is captured as a catalog within the Architecture Repository.





### Step 1: Select reference models, viewpoints, and tools

- Identify Required Matrices
  - Matrices show the core relationships between related model entities.
- Identify Required Diagrams
  - Diagrams present the Data Architecture information from a set of different viewpoints
- Identify Types of Requirements to be Collected
  - e.g. Functional requirements, Non-functional requirements, Assumptions, Constraints, Domain-specific Business Architecture principles, Policies, Standards, Guidelines, Specifications





### Step 2 Develop a Baseline Data Architecture Description

If possible, identify the relevant Data ABBs, drawing on the Architecture Repository.

- If not, develop new architecture models:
  - use the models identified within Step 1 as a guideline

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### Step 3 Develop Target Data Architecture Description

- If possible, identify the relevant Data Architecture building blocks, drawing on the Architecture Repository
- If not, develop a new architecture model:
  - use the models identified within Step 1 as a guideline







### Step 4 Perform Gap Analysis

Verify the architecture models for internal consistency and accuracy

Note changes to the viewpoint represented in the selected models from
the Architecture Repository, and document

Test architecture models for completeness against requirements Identify gaps between the baseline and target:

- Create the gap matrix
- Identify building blocks to be carried over, classifying them as either changed or unchanged.
- Identify eliminated building blocks.
- Identify new building blocks.
- Identify gaps and classify as those that should be developed and those that should be procured.





### Step 5: Define roadmap components

 This initial Data Architecture roadmap will be used as raw material to support more detailed definition of a consolidated, cross-discipline roadmap within the Opportunities & Solutions phase.





### Step 6: Resolve impacts across the Architecture Landscape

- Architecture artifacts in the Architecture Landscape should be examined to identify:
  - Does this Data Architecture create an impact on any pre-existing architectures?
  - Have recent changes been made that impact on the Data Architecture?
  - Are there any opportunities to leverage work from this Data Architecture in other areas of the organization?
  - Does this Data Architecture impact other projects?
  - Will this Data Architecture be impacted by other projects?





### Step 7 Conduct Formal Stakeholder Review

- Check the original motivation for the architecture project and the Statement of Architecture Work against the proposed Data Architecture. Conduct an impact analysis to:
  - Identify any areas where the Business and Application
     Architecture may need to change to cater for changes in the
     Data Architecture. If the impact is significant revisit the
     Business Architecture.

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### Step 7 Conduct Formal Stakeholder Review

- Identify any areas where the Application Architecture may need to change to cater for changes in the Data Architecture (or to identify constraints on the Application Architecture about to be designed). If the impact is significant revisit the Application Architecture.
- Identify any constraints on the Technology Architecture.
- Refine the proposed Data Architecture if necessary.





### Step 8: Finalize the Data Architecture

- Select standards for each of the ABBs, reusing as much as possible.
- Fully document each ABB.
- Cross check the overall architecture against the business requirements.
- Document the final requirements traceability report.
- Document the final mapping of the architecture within the Architecture repository. Identify the ABBs that might be reused and publish them via the architecture repository.
- Finalize all the work products, such as gap analysis

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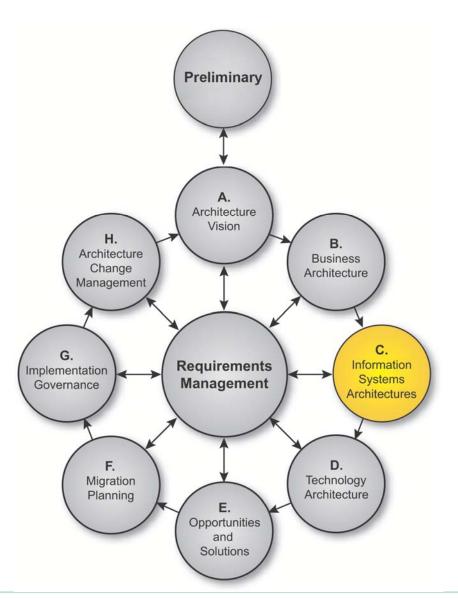
### Step 9: Create Architecture Definition Document

- Document the rationale for all building block decisions in the architecture definition document.
- Prepare the Data Architecture sections of the architecture definition document report.
- If appropriate, use reports and/or graphics generated by modeling tools to demonstrate key views of the architecture. Route the document for review by relevant stakeholders, and incorporate feedback.





#### Phase C: Outputs: Data Architecture



- Statement of Architecture Work
- Validated data principles, or new data principles
- Draft Architecture Definition Document
- Draft Architecture Requirements Specification
- Data Architecture components of an Architecture Roadmap







## Architecture Definition Document – Data Architecture Components

- Baseline Data Architecture, if appropriate
- Target Data Architecture, including:
  - Business data model
  - Logical data model
  - Data management process models
  - Data Entity/Business Function matrix
- Data Architecture views corresponding to the selected viewpoints addressing key stakeholder concerns





## Architecture Requirements Specification – Data Architecture Components

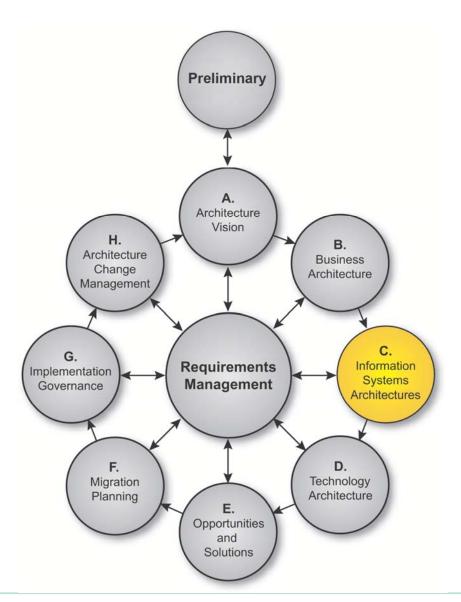
- Gap analysis results
- Data interoperability requirements
- Areas where the Business Architecture may need to change in order to comply with changes in the Data Architecture
- Constraints on the Technology Architecture about to be designed
- Updated business/application/data requirements, if appropriate







#### Summary



- The Data Architecture phase defines the types and sources of data needed to support the business, in a way that can be understood by stakeholders.
- The architecture team should consider existing relevant data models, such as the ARTS and Energistics models.





