Pattern Miner

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OpenCog Foundation

Pattern Miner

- Find frequent patterns in the AtomSpace
- Patterns are Atomese programs, specifically pattern matcher queries
- Reboot
 - previous version from Shujing Ke (C++)
 - new version is URE oriented
 - More general
 - URE control
 - WIP

Initialize a collection of patterns

- 1. Select a pattern P from collection
- 2. Run P and extract valuations
- 3. Determine shallow abstractions from values
- 4. Specialize P by composing it with shallow abstractions
- 5. Add specializations of P with enough support to the collection
- 6. Repeat till termination

- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
- Min support: 2

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- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
- Min support: 2

- 1. Select a pattern P from collection: P = (Lambda X X)
- 2. Run P and extract valuations
- 3. Determine shallow abstractions from values
- 4. Specialize P by composing it with shallow abstractions
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- 6. Repeat till termination

- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
- Min support: 2

- 1. Select a pattern P from collection: P = (Lambda X X)
- Run P and extract valuations: { X=(Inheritance A B), X=(Inheritance A C) }
- 3. Determine shallow abstractions from values
- 4. Specialize P by composing it with shallow abstractions
- 5. Add specializations of P with enough support to the collection
- 6. Repeat till termination

- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
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- 1. Select a pattern P from collection: P = (Lambda X X)
- 2. Run P and extract valuations: { X=(Inheritance A B), X=(Inheritance A C) }
- 3. Determine shallow abstractions from values: shabs(X)={ (Lambda Y Z (Inheritance Y Z)) }
- 4. Specialize P by composing it with shallow abstractions
- 5. Add specializations of P with enough support to the collection
- 6. Repeat till termination

- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
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- 1. Select a pattern P from collection: P = (Lambda X X)
- 2. Run P and extract valuations: { X=(Inheritance A B), X=(Inheritance A C) }
- 3. Determine shallow abstractions from values: shabs(X)={ (Lambda Y Z (Inheritance Y Z)) }
- 4. Specialize P by composing it with shallow abstractions: { (Put P (Lambda Y Z (Inheritance Y Z))) }
- 5. Add specializations of P with enough support to the collection
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- 2. Run P and extract valuations:
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- 6. Repeat till termination

- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
- Min support: 2

- 1. Select a pattern P from collection: P = (Lambda Y Z (Inheritance Y Z))
- Run P and extract valuations: { {Y=A, Z=B}, {Y=A, Z=C} }
- 3. Determine shallow abstractions from values:
- 4. Specialize P by composing it with shallow abstractions:
- 5. Add specializations of P with enough support to the collection
- 6. Repeat till termination

- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
- Min support: 2

- 1. Select a pattern P from collection: P = (Lambda Y Z (Inheritance Y Z))
- 2. Run P and extract valuations: $\{ \{Y=A, Z=B\}, \{Y=A, Z=C\} \}$
- 3. Determine shallow abstractions from values: shabs(Y)={A}
- 4. Specialize P by composing it with shallow abstractions:
- 5. Add specializations of P with enough support to the collection
- 6. Repeat till termination

- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
- Min support: 2

- 1. Select a pattern P from collection: P = (Lambda Y Z (Inheritance Y Z))
- 2. Run P and extract valuations: $\{ \{Y=A, Z=B\}, \{Y=A, Z=C\} \}$
- 3. Determine shallow abstractions from values: shabs(Y)={A}
- 4. Specialize P by composing it with shallow abstractions: { (Put P (List A Z)) }
- 5. Add specializations of P with enough support to the collection
- 6. Repeat till termination

- AtomSpace: { (Inheritance A B), (Inheritance A C) }
- Min support: 2

Initialize a collection of patterns: { (Lambda X X) , (Lambda Y Z (Inheritance Y Z)) , (Lambda Z (Inheritance A Z)) }

- 1. Select a pattern P from collection: P = (Lambda Y Z (Inheritance Y Z))
- 2. Run P and extract valuations: { {Y=A, Z=B}, {Y=A, Z=C} }
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Pattern Miner: Status

- C++ prototype
 - efficient
 - exhaustive
 - limited control
 - no surprisingness
 - no filter (except for the initial patterns)
- URE prototype
 - very inefficient (anything is a shallow abstraction!)
 - exhaustive
 - potentially high level of control
 - no surprisingness
 - no filter (except for the initial patterns)