















GILDING

$$f(x, y, \phi) = (x + y) \left[\text{beta} \left(g(x, y, \phi), g(y, x, \phi) + 1 \right), \text{beta} \left(g(x, y, \phi) + 1, g(y, x, \phi) \right) \right]$$

$$g(x,y,\phi) = (x\phi + y(1-\phi))\sqrt{\frac{\left|\phi - 0.5\right|}{\phi(1-\phi)}}$$

- When $\phi = 1$, the pyrite standard is perfect
- When $\phi = 0$, the pyrite standard is 'anti-perfect'
- When $\phi = 0.5$, the pyrite standard is 'useless'

$$\lim_{\phi \to 1} f(x, y, \phi) = x$$

$$\lim_{\phi \to 0} f(x, y, \phi) = y$$

$$\lim_{\phi \to 1/2} f(x, y, \phi) = [0, x + y]$$

RESULTS

