

Faculty of Computer Science & Engineering

Operating Systems

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Lab 7 - Scheduling

Objective

- ❖ Understand how scheduling algorithms work.
- ❖ Know how to simulate schedulers.

Scheduling definition?

- ❖ Scheduling is the method by which threads, processes, or data flows are given access to system resources (processors, memory, I/O devices, etc.)
- ❖ In Operating System, scheduling is done by a scheduler.
- ❖ Schedulers often try to
 - ❖ Maximize resource utilization
 - ❖ Minimize response time
 - ❖ Maximize throughput
 - ❖ Ensure fairness

Scheduling definition?

- ❖ Operating system may feature up to three distinct scheduler types:
 - ❖ Long-term scheduler
 - ❖ Mid-term scheduler
 - ❖ Short-term scheduler
- ❖ Remember those terms?

Short-term scheduler

- ❖ To decide which of the ready, in-memory processes is to be executed.
- ❖ Two types of short-term scheduler:
 - ❖ Preemptive scheduler: it is capable of forcibly moving running processes from processor when it decides to allocate that processor to another process.
 - ❖ Non-preemptive scheduler: scheduler cannot remove processes from processors.
- ❖ How about Dispatcher?

Short-term scheduler

- ❖ Scheduling algorithms
 - ❖ First Come First Serve (FCFS)
 - ❖ Shortest Job First (SJF)
 - ❖ Shortest Remain Time First (SRMF)

End

Thanks!