

# LA Approx

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$$\lambda_k = [\alpha + (k - \alpha)\beta]$$
$$\mu_k = k\mu$$

$$p_k = p_0 \prod_{j=0}^{k-1} \frac{\lambda_j}{\mu_{j+1}}$$

$$p_k = p_0 \left(\frac{\beta}{\mu}\right)^k \frac{1}{k!} a(a+1)\dots(a+k-1)$$

where

$$a \equiv \frac{\alpha}{\beta}(1 - \beta)$$

$$(1 - x)^{-a} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{a(a+1)\dots(a+k-1)x^k}{k!}$$

$$p_k = \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{\beta}{\mu})^{-a}} \left(\frac{\beta}{\mu}\right)^k \frac{a(a+1)\dots(a+k-1)}{k!}$$

$$p_k = \binom{n+k-1}{k} p^n q^k$$

$$p + q = 1, 0 < p < 1$$

$$q = \frac{\beta}{\mu}$$

$$p = 1 - \frac{\beta}{\mu}$$

$$n = a$$

$$\mu = 1$$

$$E(x) = \frac{nq}{p} \Rightarrow M = \alpha$$

$$var(x) = \frac{nq}{p^2} \Rightarrow V = \frac{\alpha}{1-\beta}$$

$$Z = \frac{V}{M} = \frac{1}{1-\beta}$$