# $RobotFramework\_DBus$

v. 0.1.0

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## Introduction

#### 1.1 Introduction

**RobotFramework\_DBus** is a Python extension library for Robot Framework. It is designed to support the automation testing of DBus services. The library provides a set of keywords that enable testing of DBus methods and signals using both synchronous and asynchronous mechanisms.

Built upon the Python *dasbus* library, **RobotFramework\_DBus** simplifies the process of interacting with DBus services and facilitates efficient testing of their functionality. It offers a comprehensive set of features to streamline the testing process and ensure the reliability of DBus-based applications.

### 1.2 Key Features

- Integration with Robot Framework: **RobotFramework\_DBus** seamlessly integrates with Robot Framework, allowing you to leverage its powerful test automation capabilities for DBus services.
- DBus Service Automation: With **RobotFramework\_DBus**, you can easily automate the testing of DBus services. It provides a range of keywords specifically designed for this purpose.
- Testing DBus Methods and Signals: The library enables you to test both DBus methods and signals. You can validate the behavior of DBus methods and monitor the emission of signals during the testing process.
- Synchronous and Asynchronous Testing: **RobotFramework\_DBus** supports both synchronous and asynchronous testing approaches. You can choose the appropriate mechanism based on your testing requirements.

Whether you are testing a single DBus service or a complex system of interconnected services, **RobotFramework\_DBus** offers a reliable and efficient solution for DBus automation testing. It empowers you to ensure the quality and robustness of your DBus-based applications.

# Description

 $RobotFramework\_DBus$ 

### 2.1 Prerequisites

Before using RobotFramework\_DBus, make sure you have the following libraries installed:

- **pycairo**: This library provides Python bindings for the Cairo graphics library. It is used for rendering graphics and creating visual elements in your applications.
- **PyGObject**: PyGObject is a Python package that provides bindings for the GObject library. It allows you to use GObject-based libraries, such as GTK+, in Python applications.
- dasbus: RobotFramework\_DBus is built upon the *dasbus* library, which is a Pythonic D-Bus library. Make sure you have *dasbus* installed before using **Your Library Name**.
- pyinstaller: PyInstaller is a tool used to package Python applications into standalone executables. If you plan to distribute your application as an executable, you will need to have *pyinstaller* installed.

Ensure that the above libraries are installed and properly configured in your Python environment before using **robotframework-dbus**. This will ensure the smooth functioning and compatibility of the library with your system.

## 2.2 Getting Started

You can checkout all robotframework-dbus sourcecode from the GitHub.

After checking out the source completely, you can install by running below command inside **robotframework-dbus** directory.

```
python setup.py install
```

### 2.3 Usage

RobotFramework\_DBus Library support following keywords for testing connection in RobotFramework.

#### 2.3.1 connect

Use for establishing a connection.

Syntax:

```
connect conn_name=[conn_name] namespace=[namespace] object_path=[object
path] mode=[test mode] host=[remote host] port=[remote port]
```

**Arguments:** 

**conn\_name**: The name or identifier of the connection instance used to interact with the DBus service. This parameter is optional and can be used to uniquely identify a specific connection when multiple connections are established. If not provided, a default connection will be used. Default is 'default\_conn'.

**namespace**: The namespace of the DBus service. This identifies the specific service or group of services. It is used to differentiate between different service instances. The namespace should be a string that uniquely identifies the service.

E.g. namespace=org.example.HelloWorld

**object\_path**: The object path of the DBus service. This identifies the specific object within the service that the action will be performed on. The object path should be a string that follows the DBus object path naming convention. It typically consists of a hierarchical structure separated by slashes (/).

 $E.g.\ object\_path = /org/example/HelloWorld$ 

**mode**: The mode of testing the DBus service. Possible values are 'local' or 'remote'. 'local' indicates testing on the current system, while 'remote' indicates testing on a remote system. Default is 'local'.

host: The IP address or hostname of the remote system where the DBus agent is running. This parameter is applicable only if 'mode' is set to 'remote'.

Default is 'localhost'.

#### 2.3.2 disconnect

Use for disconnecting from the DBus service by connection name.

Syntax:

disconnect conn\_name

#### **Arguments**:

**conn\_name**: The name or identifier of the connection instance to disconnect from. This parameter is optional and can be used to specify a specific connection to disconnect. If the connection name is 'ALL', all connections will be disconnected.

#### 2.3.3 set signal received handler

Use to set a signal received handler for a specific DBus connection and signal. Syntax:

set signal received handler conn\_name=[conn\_name] signal=[signal name]
handler=[keyword to handle signal emitted event]

#### **Arguments**:

**conn\_name**: The name or identifier of the connection instance used to interact with the DBus service. This parameter is optional and can be used to uniquely identify a specific connection when multiple connections are established. If not provided, a default connection will be used. Default is 'default\_conn'.

signal: The name of the DBus signal to be set emitted handler.

**handler**: The robotframework keyword to handle the received signal. The handler should accept the necessary parameters based on the signal being handled.

#### 2.3.4 unset signal received handler

Use to unset a signal received handler for a specific signal.

#### Syntax:

unset signal received handler conn\_name=[conn\_name] signal=[signal name]
handler=[keyword to handle signal emitted event]

#### Arguments:

**conn\_name**: The name or identifier of the connection instance used to interact with the DBus service. This parameter is optional and can be used to uniquely identify a specific connection when multiple connections are established. If not provided, a default connection will be used. Default is 'default\_conn'.

signal: The name of the DBus signal to be unset emitted handler.

handler: The robotframework keyword which is handling the signal emitted event.

#### 2.3.5 register signal

Use to register a DBus signal or signals to be monitored for a specific connection. Syntax:

```
register signal conn_name=[conn_name] signal=[signal name]
```

#### **Arguments**:

**conn\_name**: The name or identifier of the connection instance used to interact with the DBus service. This parameter is optional and can be used to uniquely identify a specific connection when multiple connections are established. If not provided, a default connection will be used. Default is 'default\_conn'.

**signal**: The name of the DBus signal(s) to register. It can be a single signal name as a string, or multiple signal names joined by ','. For example: "signal1,signal2,signal3".

### 2.3.6 call dbus method

Use to call a DBus method with the specified method name and input arguments. Syntax:

```
call dbus method [conn_name] [method_name] [args]
```

#### **Arguments**:

**conn\_name**: The name or identifier of the connection instance used to interact with the DBus service. This parameter is optional and can be used to uniquely identify a specific connection when multiple connections are established. If not provided, a default connection will be used. Default is 'default\_conn'.

method\_name: The name of the DBus method to be called.

args: Input arguments to be passed to the method.

#### Return value:

Return from called method.

#### 2.3.7 wait for signal

Use to wait for a specific DBus signal to be received within a specified timeout period. Syntax:

wait for signal conn\_name=[conn\_name] signal=[signal name] timeout=[timeout]

#### **Arguments**:

**conn\_name**: The name or identifier of the connection instance used to interact with the DBus service. This parameter is optional and can be used to uniquely identify a specific connection when multiple connections are established. If not provided, a default connection will be used. Default is 'default\_conn'.

**signal**: The name of the DBus signal to wait for.

timeout: The maximum time (in seconds) to wait for the signal.

Return value:

The signal payloads.

### 2.4 Remote testing

After installing the library, you can find the DBus Client Agent at /opt/rfwaio/python39/install/bin/. For remote testing, follow these steps:

1. Start the DBus Agent on the remote system by the following command:

```
dbus_client_agent [-h] [-host HOST] [-port PORT]
```

The DBus Client Agent supports the following command-line arguments:

- --host (str, optional) The host where the agent is running. Default is 0.0.0.0.
- --port (int, optional) The port where the agent is listening. Default is 2507.
- 2. On the host test PC, using the connect keyword with the remote mode and specify the correct host using the host parameter.
- 3. Use the other keywords in the same way as local testing.

## 2.5 Example

Kindly be advised that all the examples presented within this session are designed to interact with the DBus service sample server.py residing in the atest/ directory.

#### 2.5.1 Example 1 - Waiting for DBus Signals with Synchronizatio

Scenario 1:In this example, I will use the 'wait for signal' keyword from the RobotFramework\_DBus library to wait for a DBus signal to be emitted using the synchronized mechanism. This means that the keyword following 'wait for signal' will only be executed after the signal is emitted, and the 'wait for signal' keyword will return a value.

```
... signal=YellowMessage
... timeout=10

Log To Console ${ret}

Disconnect test_dbus
```

Explanation: In the aforementioned example, we establish a connection to the DBus service org.example.HelloWorld using the 'connect' keyword and name this connection 'test\_dbus'. Subsequently, the 'Wait for signal' keyword will wait for the DBus service to emit the YellowMessage signal within a 10-second timeframe and return the payloads of this signal immediately upon its emission within the specified timeframe (failing if the timeout is exceeded). The content of the payloads will be printed to the console.

# 2.5.2 Example 2 - Handling Multiple DBus Signals: Ensuring Signal Monitoring with the 'Register Signal' Keyword

Scenario 2: In Example 1, if we include an additional Wait for signal keyword to wait for the GreenMessage signal to be emitted after waiting for YellowMessage, there is a possibility of missing the occurrence of Green-Message if it is emitted before YellowMessage. In such a scenario, we can utilize the Register Signal keyword to register GreenMessage in the watchlist. This ensures continuous monitoring of the signal starting immediately after executing this keyword and prevents the occurrence of missing the emitted GreenMessage event.

```
*** Settings ***
Library RobotFramework_DBus.DBusManager
*** Test Cases ***
Hello World
   connect
              conn_name=test_dbus
              namespace=org.example.HelloWorld
              mode=local
   . . .
   Register Signal
                      conn_name=test_dbus
                                               signal=GreenMessage
   ${ret}=
              Wait For Signal
                                    conn_name=test_dbus
                                    signal=YellowMessage
   . . .
                                    timeout=10
   Log To Console
                      ${ret}
              Wait For Signal
   ${ret}=
                                   conn_name=test_dbus
                                    signal=GreenMessage
   . . .
                                    timeout=10
   . . .
   Log To Console
                      ${ret}
              Call Dbus Method
                                    test_dbus
                                                 Hello
                                                           World
   ${ret}=
   Disconnect
                 test_dbus
```

#### **Explanation:**

In the above example, by using the **Register Signal** keyword, we have registered the **GreenMessage** signal in the watchlist. If the **GreenMessage** event is emitted during the **Wait for signal YellowMessage** timeframe, it will be recorded. Then, when we execute the **Wait for signal GreenMessage** keyword, it will immediately return because the **GreenMessage** event has already occurred.

# 2.5.3 Example 3 - Handling DBus Signals: Non-blocking Signal Handling with the 'Set Signal Received Handler' Keyword

Scenario 3: In the two examples above, the testcase is blocked at the Wait for Signal keyword until the signal event is emitted. In the next example, we will explore the usage of the Set Signal Received Handler keyword. This is a non-blocking keyword that allows us to register a user-defined keyword, such as a callback function. The registered keyword will be called when the emitted signal event occurs. The testcase will continue with the next keyword immediately after the Set Signal Received Handler keyword, without waiting.

```
*** Settings ***
Library RobotFramework_DBus.DBusManager
```

```
Library test/dbus/client.py
*** Test Cases ***
Hello World
  connect
             conn_name=test_dbus
   ... namee, mode=local
             namespace=org.example.HelloWorld
   Set Signal Received Handler
                                  conn_name=test_dbus
                                  signal=RedMessage
                                  handler=On Received Red Signal
   . . .
   Log To Console
                    The test is continuing...
   Sleep
            10s
   Disconnect
               test dbus
*** Kevword ***
On Received Red Signal
   [Arguments] $\{\arg1\}=\default 1
   log to console Client received red signal. Payload: ${arg1}
   Unset Signal Received Handler conn_name=test_dbus
                                                            signal=RedMessage
   \hookrightarrow handler=On Received Red Signal
```

#### **Explanation:**

In the above example, by using the **Set Signal Received Handler** keyword, we have registered the user-defined keyword **On Received Red Signal** as a callback function. When the **RedMessage** is emitted, this keyword will be executed. During the time when the **RedMessage** has not been emitted yet, the testcase will continue running the subsequent keywords as usual. It is important to note that the user-defined keyword should have an argument to handle the payload of the signal. If there is no longer a need to invoke the callback function, we should unregister the signal handler using the **Unset Signal Received Handler** keyword.

# 2.5.4 Example 4 - Invoking DBus Methods: Using the 'Call Dbus Method' Keyword for Method Invocation and Return Value Retrieval

#### Scenario 4:

In the next example, we will explore how to use the **Call Dbus Method** keyword to invoke a method in the DBus service and retrieve the return value from this method.

# 2.5.5 Example 5 - Testing a DBus Service on a Remote System: Configuring Test Environment and Steps

**Scenario 5:** In the next example, we will explore how to test a DBus service on a different PC. To be able to test on a remote system, we need to perform two steps:

To write numbered steps in LaTeX, you can use the "enumerate" environment. Here's an example of how to format steps 1 and 2:

1. On the System Under Test (SUT), run the following command:

```
dbus\_client\_agent 0.0.0.0 2507
```

The DBus Client Agent supports the following command-line arguments:

- --host (str, optional) The host where the agent is running. Default is 0.0.0.0.
  --port (int, optional) The port where the agent is listening. Default is 2507.
- 2. On the test PC, make slight modifications to the keyword's connect parameters as follows:

```
*** Settings ***
           RobotFramework_DBus.DBusManager
Library
Library
           test/dbus/client.py
*** Test Cases ***
Hello World
   connect
              conn_name=test_dbus
              namespace=org.example.HelloWorld
              mode=remote
   . . .
              host=172.17.0.2
   . . .
              port=2507
   Set Signal Received Handler
                                   conn_name=test_dbus
                                   signal=RedMessage
   . . .
                                   handler=On Received Red Signal
   Log To Console
                     The test is continuing...
            105
   Sleep
   Disconnect
                 test dbus
*** Keyword ***
On Received Red Signal
   [Arguments] ${arg1}=default 1
   log to console
                     Client received red signal. Payload: ${arg1}
                                    conn_name=test_dbus
   Unset Signal Received Handler
                                                             signal=RedMessage
   \hookrightarrow handler=On Received Red Signal
```

#### Explanation:

In the above example, we set the value of the mode parameter for the connect keyword to remote, and add two parameters: host and port. The host parameter is set to the IP address of the System Under Test (SUT), which is 172.17.0.2, and the port parameter is set to 2507, which is the port that the agent is listening on.

## 2.6 Configure Git and correct EOL handling

Here you can find the references for Dealing with line endings.

Every time you press return on your keyboard you're actually inserting an invisible character called a line ending. Historically, different operating systems have handled line endings differently. When you view changes in a file, Git handles line endings in its own way. Since you're collaborating on projects with Git and GitHub, Git might produce unexpected results if, for example, you're working on a Windows machine, and your collaborator has made a change in OS X.

To avoid problems in your diffs, you can configure Git to properly handle line endings. If you are storing the gitattributes file directly inside of your repository, than you can asure that all EOL are manged by git correctly as defined.

#### 2.7 Feedback

If you have any problem when using the library or think there is a better solution for any part of the library, I'd love to know it, as this will all help me to improve the library. Connect with me at cuong.nguyenhuynhtri@vn.bosch.com.

Do share your valuable opinion, I appreciate your honest feedback!

#### 2.8 About

#### 2.8.1 Maintainers

Nguyen Huynh Tri Cuong

#### 2.8.2 Contributors

Nguyen Huynh Tri Cuong Thomas Pollerspoeck

#### 2.8.3 3rd Party Licenses

You must mention all 3rd party licenses (e.g. OSS) licenses used by your project here. Example:

Name	License	Type
Apache Felix.	Apache 2.0 License.	Dependency

### 2.8.4 Used Encryption

Declaration of the usage of any encryption (see BIOS Repository Policy §4.a).

#### 2.8.5 License

Copyright (c) 2009, 2018 Robert Bosch GmbH and its subsidiaries. This program and the accompanying materials are made available under the terms of the Bosch Internal Open Source License v4 which accompanies this distribution, and is available at http://bios.intranet.bosch.com/bioslv4.txt

$$\_$$
init $\_$ .py

## 3.1 Class: DBusManager

 $Imported\ by:$ 

from RobotFramework\_DBus.\_\_init\_\_ import DBusManager

Class to manage all dbus communications.

# priority\_queue.py

## 4.1 Class: PriorityQueue

 $Imported\ by:$ 

from RobotFramework\_DBus.common.priority\_queue import PriorityQueue

### 4.1.1 Method: put

# register\_keyword.py

### 5.1 Class: RegisterKeyword

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.common.register\_keyword import RegisterKeyword

A class that provides a keyword as a callback function for a DBus signal received.

#### 5.1.1 Method: get\_kw\_name

Get the handle keyword name.

#### Returns:

```
/ Type: str / The handle keyword name.
```

#### 5.1.2 Method: callback\_func

Constructor for RegisterKeyword class.

#### **Arguments:**

• observer

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: tuple / Default: None / Input arguments to be passed to the callback method.
```

#### Returns:

(no returns)

# $scheduled\_job.py$

### 6.1 Class: ScheduledJob

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.common.scheduled\_job import ScheduledJob

A threaded job that executes a function at a specified interval.

#### 6.1.1 Method: stop

Stop the execution of the job.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 6.1.2 Method: run

Start the job execution loop.

#### Returns:

 $(no\ returns)$ 

# thread\_safe\_dict.py

#### 7.1 Class: ThreadSafeDict

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.common.thread\_safe\_dict import ThreadSafeDict

This class provides a dictionary with thread-safe operations by utilizing locks for synchronized access.

#### 7.1.1 Method: clear

Remove all key-value pairs from the dictionary.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 7.1.2 Method: pop

Remove and return the value associated with a given key.

#### **Arguments:**

```
    key
        / Condition: required / Type: Any /
        The key of dictionary to be pop.
```

#### Returns:

```
 \( \) / Type: Any /Value of the given key.
```

#### 7.1.3 Method: popitem

Remove and return an arbitrary key-value pair from the dictionary.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 7.1.4 Method: update

Update the dictionary with key-value pairs from another dictionary.

#### **Arguments:**

• dict
/ Condition: optional / Type: dict / Default: None /
Another dictionary-like object to update from.

### Returns:

 $(no\ returns)$ 

# utils.py

### 8.1 Class: Singleton

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.common.utils import Singleton

Class to implement Singleton Design Pattern. This class is used to derive the DBusManager as only a single instance of this class is allowed.

#### 8.2 Class: DictToClass

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.common.utils import DictToClass

Class for converting dictionary to class object.

#### 8.2.1 Method: validate

### 8.3 Class: Utils

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.common.utils import Utils

Class to implement utilities for supporting development.

#### 8.3.1 Method: make\_unique\_token

Generates a unique session token of specified length.

The make\_unique\_token function generates a unique session token of the specified length. The session token can be used to identify and associate a session with a specific client.

The session token is a string value that is guaranteed to be unique for each invocation of this function. It can be used as a secure identifier to track and manage client sessions within the DBusAgent.

#### **Arguments:**

• length

/ Condition: optional / Type: int / Default: 16 /

The length of the session token. Defaults to 16.

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#### Returns:

```
• token
/ Type: str /
A unique token.
```

#### 8.3.2 Method: get\_all\_descendant\_classes

Get all descendant classes of a class

#### **Arguments:**

```
• cls
/ Condition: required / Type: class /
Input class for finding children.
```

#### Returns:

```
/ Type: list /
Array of descendant classes.
```

#### 8.3.3 Method: get\_all\_sub\_classes

Get all children classes of a class

#### **Arguments:**

```
• cls
/ Condition: required / Type: class /
Input class for finding children.
```

#### Returns:

```
/ Type: list /
Array of children classes.
```

#### 8.3.4 Method: caller\_name

Get a name of a caller in the format module.class.method

#### Arguments:

```
• skip / Condition: required / Type: int /
```

Specifies how many levels of stack to skip while getting caller name. skip=1 means "who calls me", skip=2 "who calls my caller" etc.

#### Returns:

```
/ Type: str / An empty string is returned if skipped levels exceed stack height
```

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### 8.3.5 Method: load\_library

Load native library depend on the calling convention.

#### **Arguments:**

```
path
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
Library path.
is_stdcall
/ Condition: optional / Type: bool / Default: True /
Determine if the library's calling convention is stdcall or cdecl.
```

#### Returns:

Loaded library object.

#### 8.3.6 Method: is\_ascii\_or\_unicode

Check if the string is ascii or unicode

Arguments: str\_check: string for checking codecs: encoding type list

#### Returns:

```
/ Type: bool /
```

True: if checked string is ascii or unicode False: if checked string is not ascii or unicode

# dbus\_client\_agent.py

### 9.1 Function: run\_agent

Run the DBus Agent with the specified configuration.

Description:

The run\_agent function starts the DBus Agent with the provided configuration. It parses the command-line arguments, such as the host and port options, and then starts the agent on the specified host and port.

The agent listens for incoming requests from clients and manages client sessions. It provides a mechanism to execute requests on corresponding DBus services through the assigned Executor instances.

Command-line Arguments:

```
--host (str, optional): The host where the agent is running. Default is '0.0.0.0'.
```

### --port (int, optional): The port where the agent is listening. Default is 2507.

#### 9.2 Class: DBusClientExecutor

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.dbus\_agent.dbus\_client\_agent import DBusClientExecutor

The DBusClientExecutor class represents an executor responsible for handling client requests on specific DBus services. It receives requests from the DBusAgent and executes them on the corresponding DBus service.

#### 9.2.1 Method: connect

Create a proxy object to DBus object.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 9.2.2 Method: disconnect

Disconnect the DBus proxy from the remote object.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 9.2.3 Method: quit

Quit the DBus client.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 9.2.4 Method: get\_monitoring\_signal\_payloads

Get the payloads of a specific signal.

#### **Arguments:**

```
• signal
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
The name of the DBus signal to get payloads.
```

#### Returns:

```
• payloads
/ Type: str /
The signal's payloads.
```

#### 9.2.5 Method: add\_signal\_to\_captured\_dict

Add a signal and its payloads to the captured dictionary when the signal be emited.

#### **Arguments:**

```
• signal
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
The name of the DBus signal(s) which has been raised.
```

• loop

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: EventLoop / Default: None / The Event loop which is running to wait for the raised signal.
```

```
• payloads
/ Condition: optional / Type: Any / Default: "" /
The payloads of the raised signal.
```

#### Returns:

```
(no returns)
```

#### 9.2.6 Method: register\_monitored\_signal

Register a DBus signal or signals to be monitored for a specific connection.

#### Arguments:

```
• signal / Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
```

The name of the DBus signal(s) to register. It can be a single signal name as a string, or multiple signal names joined by ','. For example: "signal1, signal2, signal3".

#### Returns:

```
(no returns)
```

#### 9.2.7 Method: wait\_for\_signal

Wait for a specific DBus signal to be received within a specified timeout period.

#### Arguments:

```
wait_signal
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
The name of the DBus signal to wait for.
timeout
/ Condition: optional / Type: int / Default: 0 /
The maximum time (in seconds) to wait for the signal.
```

#### Returns:

```
• payloads
/ Type: str /
The signal payloads.
```

#### 9.2.8 Method: call\_dbus\_method

Call a DBus method with the specified method name and input arguments.

#### **Arguments:**

```
method_name
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
The name of the DBus method to be called.
args
/ Condition: optional / Type: tuple / Default: None /
Input arguments to be passed to the method.
```

#### Returns:

```
mtd_ret/ Type: Any /Return from called method.
```

## 9.3 Class: DBusClientAgent

Imported by:

```
from RobotFramework_DBus.dbus_agent.dbus_client_agent import DBusClientAgent
```

The DBusClientAgent class acts as a mediator between clients and the corresponding DBus services they request. It manages client connections, session tokens, and assigns the appropriate DBusClientExecutor for each client session.

#### 9.3.1 Method: get\_session\_token

Generates a unique session token for a client and returns it.

#### Returns:

```
/ Type: str /
```

The random and unique token.

#### 9.3.2 Method: initialize\_dbus\_client

Initializes an DBusClientExecutor instance for a specific client.

An DBusClientExecutor is an object responsible for executing requests from clients on corresponding DBus services. By initializing a separate DBusClientExecutor for each client, the DBusClientAgent ensures that requests from different clients are handled independently.

The client session token is a unique identifier that can be used to associate the DBusClientExecutor with the specific client. This allows the DBusClientAgent to route incoming requests to the correct DBusClientExecutor based on the client session token.

#### **Arguments:**

• session
/ Condition: required / Type: str /

The client's session token.

namespace

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
```

The namespace of the DBus service. This identifies the specific service or group of services. It is used to differentiate between different service instances. The namespace should be a string that uniquely identifies the service.

• object\_path

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: None /
```

The object path of the DBus service. This identifies the specific object within the service that the action will be performed on. The object path should be a string that follows the DBus object path naming convention. It typically consists of a hierarchical structure separated by slashes (/).

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 9.3.3 Method: connect

Create a proxy object to DBus service.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 9.3.4 Method: disconnect

Disconnect the DBus proxy from the remote object.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 9.3.5 Method: quit

Quit the DBus client.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 9.3.6 Method: get\_monitoring\_signal\_payloads

Get the payloads of a specific signal.

#### Arguments:

```
session
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
The client's session token.
signal
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
The name of the DBus signal to get payloads.
```

#### Returns:

```
• payloads
/ Type: str /
The signal's payloads.
```

#### 9.3.7 Method: register\_monitored\_signal

Register a DBus signal or signals to be monitored for a specific connection.

#### Arguments:

```
• session
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
The client's session token.
```

```
• signal / Condition: required / Type: str /
```

The name of the DBus signal(s) to register. It can be a single signal name as a string, or multiple signal names joined by ','. For example: "signal1, signal2, signal3".

#### Returns:

```
(no returns)
```

#### 9.3.8 Method: wait\_for\_signal

Wait for a specific DBus signal to be received within a specified timeout period.

#### **Arguments:**

```
session
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
The client's session token.
wait_signal
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
The name of the DBus signal to wait for.
timeout
/ Condition: optional / Type: int / Default: 0 /
The maximum time (in seconds) to wait for the signal.
```

#### Returns:

```
payloads/ Type: str /The signal payloads.
```

#### 9.3.9 Method: call\_dbus\_method

Call a DBus method with the specified method name and input arguments.

#### **Arguments:**

```
session
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
The client's session token.
method_name
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
The name of the DBus method to be called.
args
/ Condition: optional / Type: tuple / Default: None /
Input arguments to be passed to the method.
```

#### Returns:

```
/ Type: Any / Return from called method.
```

# dbus\_client.py

#### 10.1 Class: DBusClient

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.dbus\_client import DBusClient

A client class for interacting with a specific DBus service.

#### 10.1.1 Method: connect

Create a proxy object to DBus object.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 10.1.2 Method: disconnect

Disconnect the DBus proxy from the remote object.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 10.1.3 Method: quit

Quit the DBus client.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 10.1.4 Method: set\_signal\_received\_handler

Set a signal received handler for a specific signal.

#### **Arguments:**

• signal

```
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
```

The name of the DBus signal to handle.

• handler

```
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
```

The keyword to handle the received signal. The handler should accept the necessary parameters based on the signal being handled.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

### 10.1.5 Method: unset\_signal\_received\_handler

Unset a signal received handler for a specific signal.

#### **Arguments:**

```
    signal
    / Condition: required / Type: str /
    The name of the DBus signal to handle.
```

handle\_keyword
 / Condition: optional / Type: str / Type: None /
 The keyword which is handling for signal emitted event.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 10.1.6 Method: add\_signal\_to\_captured\_dict

Add a signal and its payloads to the captured dictionary when the signal be emited.

#### Arguments:

```
    signal
    / Condition: required / Type: str /
    The name of the DBus signal(s) which has been raised.
```

• loop
/ Condition: optional / Type: EventLoop / Default: None /
The Event loop which is running to wait for the raised signal.

```
• payloads
/ Condition: optional / Type: Any / Default: "" /
The payloads of the raised signal.
```

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 10.1.7 Method: register\_monitored\_signal

Register a DBus signal or signals to be monitored for a specific connection.

#### Arguments:

```
• signal / Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
```

The name of the DBus signal(s) to register. It can be a single signal name as a string, or multiple signal names joined by ','. For example: "signal1, signal2, signal3".

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 10.1.8 Method: wait\_for\_signal

Wait for a specific DBus signal to be received within a specified timeout period.

#### **Arguments:**

```
wait_signal
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
The name of the DBus signal to wait for.
timeout
/ Condition: optional / Type: int / Default: 0 /
The maximum time (in seconds) to wait for the signal.
```

#### Returns:

```
payloads/ Type: str /The signal payloads.
```

#### 10.1.9 Method: call\_dbus\_method

Call a DBus method with the specified method name and input arguments.

#### **Arguments:**

```
method_name
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
The name of the DBus method to be called.
args
/ Condition: optional / Type: tuple / Default: None /
Input arguments to be passed to the method.
```

#### Returns:

```
/ Type: Any / Return from called method.
```

#### 10.1.10 Method: call\_dbus\_method\_with\_keyword\_args

Call a DBus method with the specified method name and input arguments.

#### **Arguments:**

```
method_name
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
The name of the DBus method to be called.
args
/ Condition: optional / Type: tuple / Default: None /
Input arguments to be passed to the method.
```

#### Returns:

```
ret_obj/ Type: Any /Connection object.
```

# dbus\_client\_remote.py

### 11.1 Class: DBusClientRemote

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.dbus\_client\_remote import DBusClientRemote

A client class for interacting with a specific DBus service on a remote machine.

#### 11.1.1 Method: connect

Create a proxy object to DBus object.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 11.1.2 Method: disconnect

Disconnect the DBus proxy from the remote object.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

### 11.1.3 Method: quit

Quit the DBus client.

#### Returns:

 $(no\ returns)$ 

#### 11.1.4 Method: do\_signal\_check

Checking if the signal was emited.

#### **Arguments:**

- signal
  - / Condition: required / Type: str /

The name of the DBus signal to check.

• call\_back\_func

```
/ Condition: required / Type: callable /
```

The function to be callback when receiving the signal.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 11.1.5 Method: set\_signal\_received\_handler

Set a signal received handler for a specific signal.

#### **Arguments:**

```
• signal
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
The name of the DBus signal to handle.
```

• handler

```
/ Condition: required / Type: str /
```

The keyword to handle the received signal. The handler should accept the necessary parameters based on the signal being handled.

#### Returns:

```
(no returns)
```

#### 11.1.6 Method: unset\_signal\_received\_handler

Unset a signal received handler for a specific signal.

#### Arguments:

```
    signal
    / Condition: required / Type: str /
    The name of the DBus signal to handle.
```

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 11.1.7 Method: register\_monitored\_signal

Register a DBus signal or signals to be monitored for a specific connection.

#### Arguments:

```
• signal / Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
```

The name of the DBus signal(s) to register. It can be a single signal name as a string, or multiple signal names joined by ','. For example: "signal1, signal2, signal3".

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 11.1.8 Method: wait\_for\_signal

Wait for a specific DBus signal to be received within a specified timeout period.

#### Arguments:

```
    wait_signal
    / Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
    The name of the DBus signal to wait for.
```

• timeout

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: int / Default: 0 /
```

The maximum time (in seconds) to wait for the signal.

#### Returns:

```
• payloads
/ Type: str /
The signal payloads.
```

#### 11.1.9 Method: call\_dbus\_method

Call a DBus method with the specified method name and input arguments.

#### **Arguments:**

```
method_name
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
The name of the DBus method to be called.
args
/ Condition: optional / Type: tuple / Default: None /
Input arguments to be passed to the method.
```

#### Returns:

```
ret_obj/ Type: Any /Connection object.
```

# dbus\_manager.py

## 12.1 Class: DBusManager

Imported by:

from RobotFramework\_DBus.dbus\_manager import DBusManager

Class to manage all DBus connections.

#### 12.1.1 Method: quit

Quit connection manager.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 12.1.2 Method: add\_connection

Add a connection to managed dictionary.

#### Arguments:

```
    name
        / Condition: required / Type: str /
Connection's name.
```

• conn

```
/ Condition: required / Type: DBusClient / Connection object.
```

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 12.1.3 Method: remove\_connection

Remove a connection by name.

#### Arguments:

```
    connection_name
    / Condition: required / Type: str /
    Connection's name.
```

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 12.1.4 Method: get\_connection\_by\_name

Get an exist connection by name.

#### **Arguments:**

```
    connection_name
    / Condition: required / Type: str /
    Connection's name.
```

#### Returns:

• conn
/ Type: socket.socket /
Connection object.

#### 12.1.5 Keyword: disconnect

Keyword for disconnecting a connection by name.

#### **Arguments:**

```
    connection_name
    / Condition: required / Type: str /
    Connection's name.
```

#### Returns:

(no returns)

### 12.1.6 Keyword: connect

Keyword used to establish a DBus connection.

#### Arguments:

• conn\_name

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: 'default_conn' /
```

The name or identifier of the connection instance used to interact with the DBus service. This parameter is optional and can be used to uniquely identify a specific connection when multiple connections are established. If not provided, a default connection will be used.

namespace

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
```

The namespace of the DBus service. This identifies the specific service or group of services. It is used to differentiate between different service instances. The namespace should be a string that uniquely identifies the service.

• object\_path

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: None /
```

The object path of the DBus service. This identifies the specific object within the service that the action will be performed on. The object path should be a string that follows the DBus object path naming convention. It typically consists of a hierarchical structure separated by slashes (/).

mode

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: 'local' /
```

The mode of testing the DBus service. Possible values are 'local' or 'remote'. 'local' indicates testing on the current system, while 'remote' indicates testing on a remote system.

• host

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: 'localhost' /
```

The IP address or hostname of the remote system where the DBus agent is running.

This parameter is applicable only if mode is set to 'remote'.

• port

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: int / Default: 2507 /
```

The port number on which the DBus agent is listening on the remote system.

This parameter is applicable only if mode is set to 'remote'.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 12.1.7 Keyword: set\_signal\_received\_handler

Keyword used to set a signal received handler for a specific DBus connection and signal.

#### Arguments:

• conn\_name

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: 'default_conn' / The name of the DBus connection.
```

• signal

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
```

The name of the DBus signal to handle.

handler

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: None /
```

The keyword to handle the received signal. The handler should accept the necessary parameters based on the signal being handled.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

### 12.1.8 Keyword: unset\_signal\_received\_handler

Keyword used to set a signal received handler for a specific DBus connection and signal.

#### Arguments:

• conn\_name

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: 'default_conn' /
```

The name of the DBus connection.

• signal

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: '' /
```

The name of the DBus signal to handle.

• handler

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: None /
```

The robotframework keyword which is handling the signal emitted event.

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 12.1.9 Keyword: register\_signal

Keyword used to register a DBus signal or signals to be monitored for a specific connection.

#### **Arguments:**

```
    conn_name
        / Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: 'default_conn' /
        The name of the DBus connection.
    signal
```

0 = 5----

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " /
```

The name of the DBus signal(s) to register. It can be a single signal name as a string, or multiple signal names joined by ','. For example: "signal1,signal2,signal3".

#### Returns:

(no returns)

#### 12.1.10 Keyword: call\_dbus\_method

Keyword used to call a DBus method with the specified method name and input arguments.

#### **Arguments:**

```
    conn_name
    / Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: 'default_conn' /
    The name of the DBus connection.
```

method\_name

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: '' / The name of the DBus method to be called.
```

• args

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: tuple / Default: None / Input arguments to be passed to the method.
```

#### Returns:

```
ret_obj/ Type: Any /Return from called method.
```

#### 12.1.11 Keyword: wait\_for\_signal

Keyword used to wait for a specific DBus signal to be received within a specified timeout period.

#### Arguments:

• conn\_name

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: 'default_conn' / The name of the DBus connection.
```

• signal

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: str / Default: " / The name of the DBus signal to wait for.
```

• timeout

```
/ Condition: optional / Type: int / Default: 0 /
```

The maximum time (in seconds) to wait for the signal.

### Returns:

• payloads
/ Type: str /
The signal payloads.

# Appendix

### About this package:

Table 13.1: Package setup

Setup parameter	Value
Name	RobotFramework_DBus
Version	0.1.0
Date	22.05.2023
Description	Robot Framework QConnect library extension for dbus testing
Package URL	robotframework-dbus
Author	Nguyen Huynh Tri Cuong
Email	cuong.nguyenhuynhtri@vn.bosch.com
Language	Programming Language :: Python :: 3
License	License :: OSI Approved :: Apache Software License
OS	Operating System :: OS Independent
Python required	>=3.0
Development status	Development Status :: 4 - Beta
Intended audience	Intended Audience :: Developers
Topic	Topic :: Software Development

# History

<b>0.1.0</b> 05/2023	
Initial version	

RobotFramework\_DBus.pdf

Created at 09.08.2023 - 14:27:36 by GenPackageDoc v. 0.40.3