✓ **Herzlichen Glückwunsch! Sie haben bestanden!**
ZUM BESTEHEN 80 % oder höher

[Lernen Sie weiter]

BEWERTUNG
100 %

Test your knowledge on metadata

GESAMTPUNKTZAHL 5

1. A large company has several data collections across its many departments. What kind of metadata indicates exactly how many collections the data lives in? `1 / 1 Punkten`

   ○ Administrative metadata

   ◉ Structural metadata

   ○ Descriptive metadata

   ○ Representative metadata

   > ✓ **Richtig**
   > Structural metadata indicates exactly how many collections the data lives in. It provides information about how a piece of data is organized and whether it's part of one, or more than one, data collection.

2. Fill in the blank: Data _____ ensures that a company's data assets are properly managed. `1 / 1 Punkten`

   ◉ governance

   ○ maintenance

   ○ quality control

   ○ organization

   > ✓ **Richtig**
   > Data governance ensures that a company's data assets are properly managed.

3. A large metropolitan high school gives each of its students an ID number to differentiate them in its database. What kind of metadata are the ID numbers? `1 / 1 Punkten`

   ○ Representative

   ◉ Descriptive

   ○ Administrative

   ○ Structural

   > ✓ **Richtig**
   > The ID numbers are descriptive, which means they can be used to identify the students at a later time.

4. A company needs to merge third-party data with its own data. The company can accomplish this with which of the following actions? Select all that apply. `1 / 1 Punkten`

   ☐ Replace the incoming data's metadata with its own company metadata.

   ☑ Use metadata to standardize the data.

   > ✓ **Richtig**
   > The company can use metadata to standardize the data and evaluate the third-party data's quality and credibility.

   ☑ Use metadata to evaluate the third-party data's quality and credibility.

   > ✓ **Richtig**
   > The company can use metadata to standardize the data and evaluate the third-party data's quality and credibility.

   ☐ Alter the company's metadata to more closely reflect the incoming metadata.

5. The date and time a database was created is an example of which kind of metadata? `1 / 1 Punkten`

   ○ Unstructured

   ○ Structural

   ○ Descriptive

   ◉ Administrative

   > ✓ **Richtig**
   > The date and time a database was created is an example of administrative metadata.