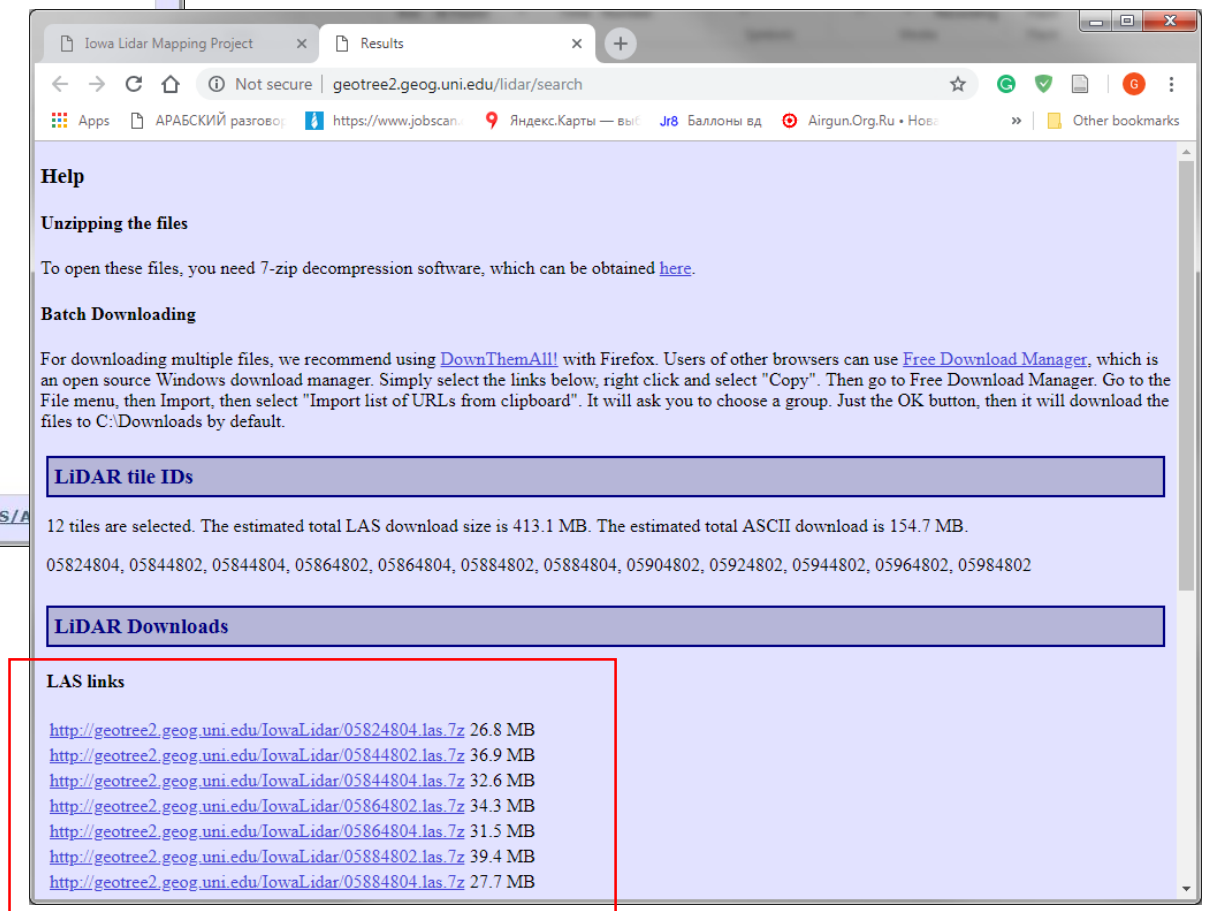
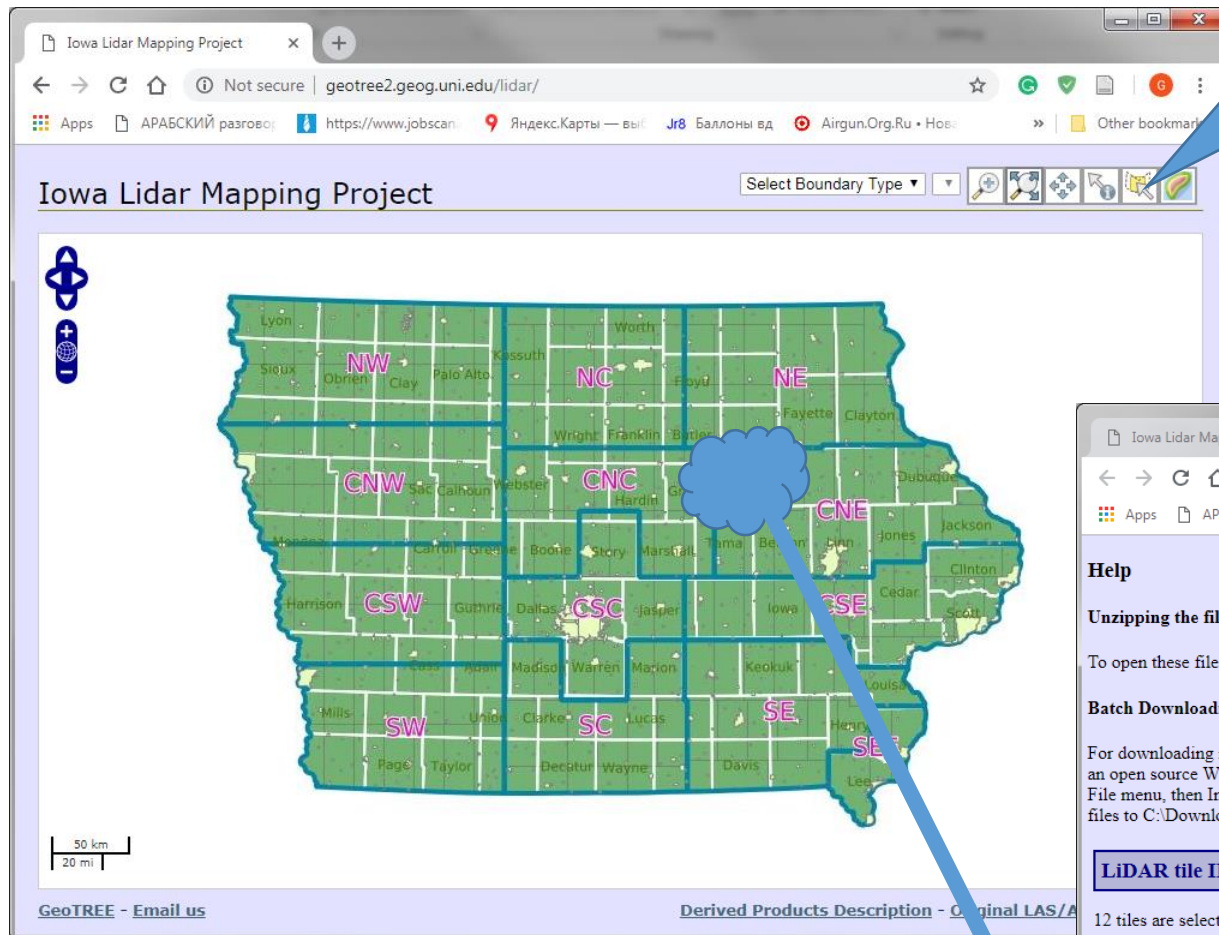


GeoTree LiDAR Downloader

Term project by Nikolay Golosov

Intro



Introduction:

GeoTree Iowa LiDAR Web-Site

- Convenient for single shot tasks, difficult for everyday use
- Need to know exact borders of the data
- Tedious and involving many steps

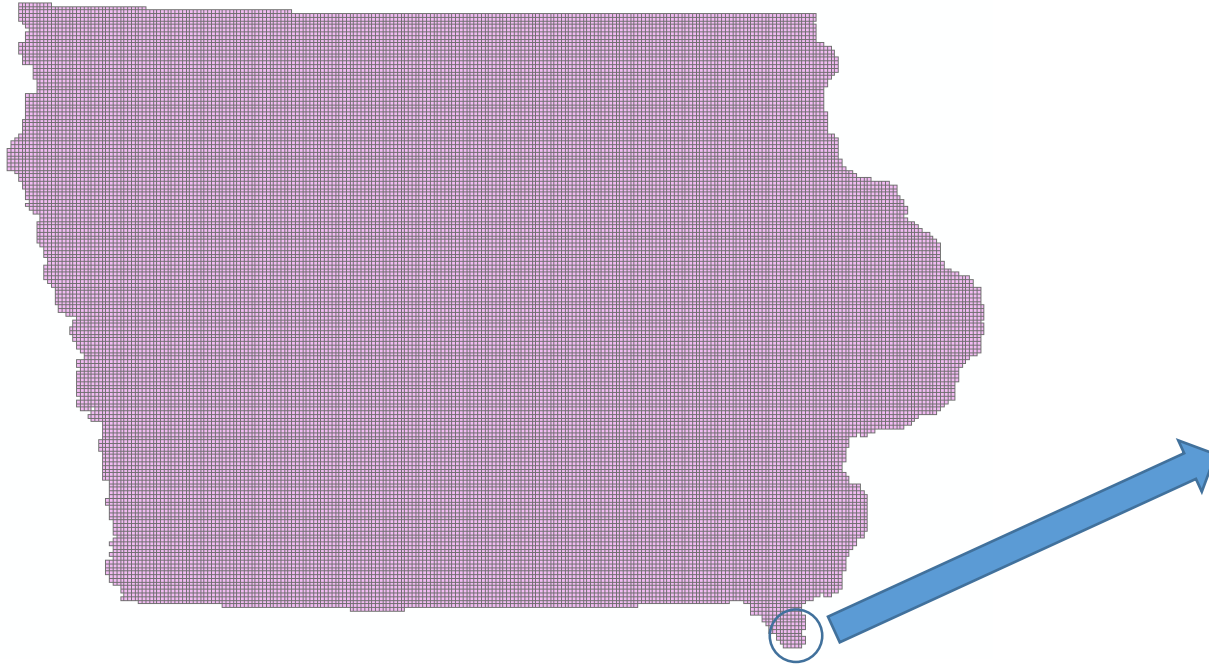
Why automation:

- Inspiration from GIS2 term project
- Spent a lot of time manually downloading the LAS and XYZI files
- inspiration from MNGeo tool

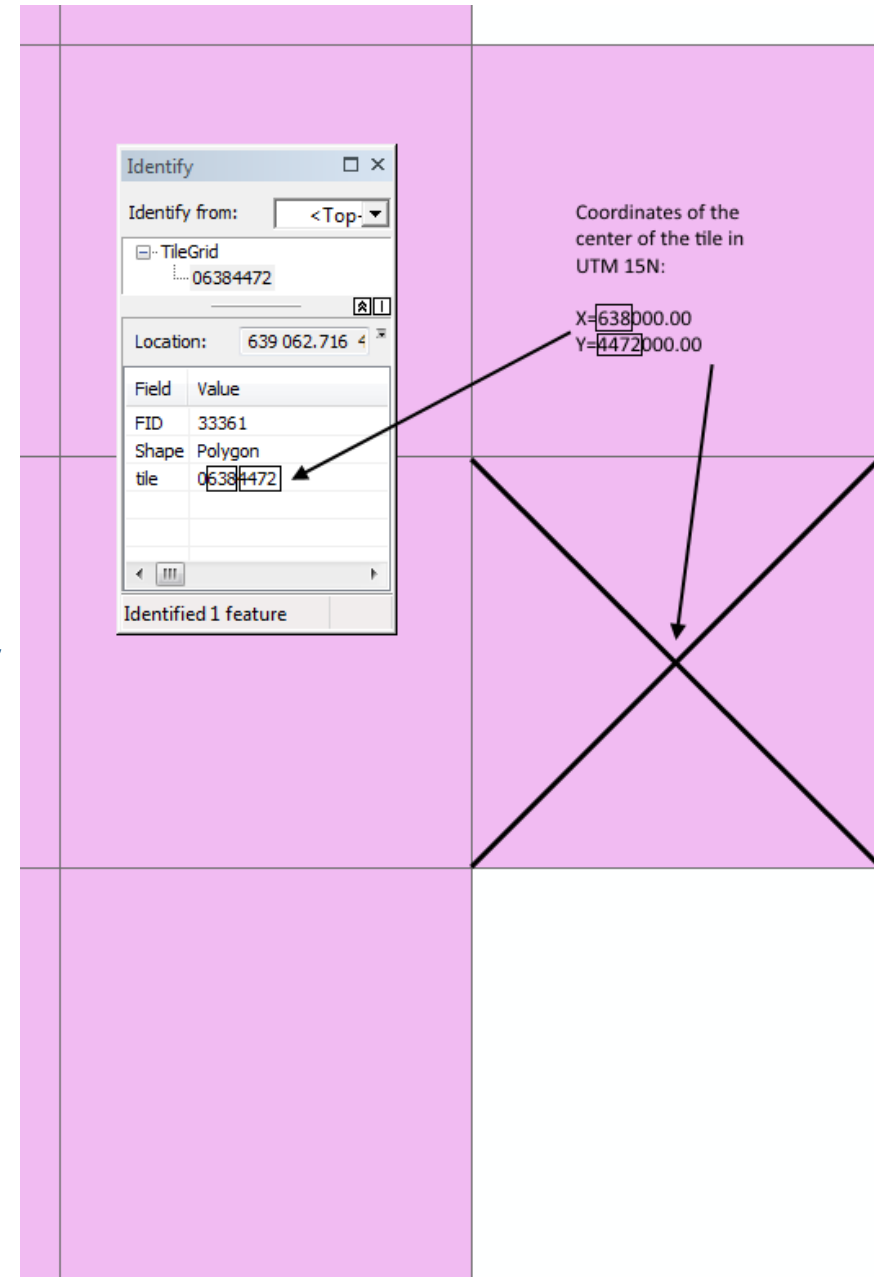
Goal:

- Create ArcGIS Tool with functionality similar to the web-site

Structure of the Tile Grid for LiDAR tiles:



Original LiDAR data was tiled to 2x2 km tiles. The naming convention for the tile files is *0 + first three digits of UTM15N X coordinate + 4 first digits of the Y coordinate* of the center point of each tile.



Methods

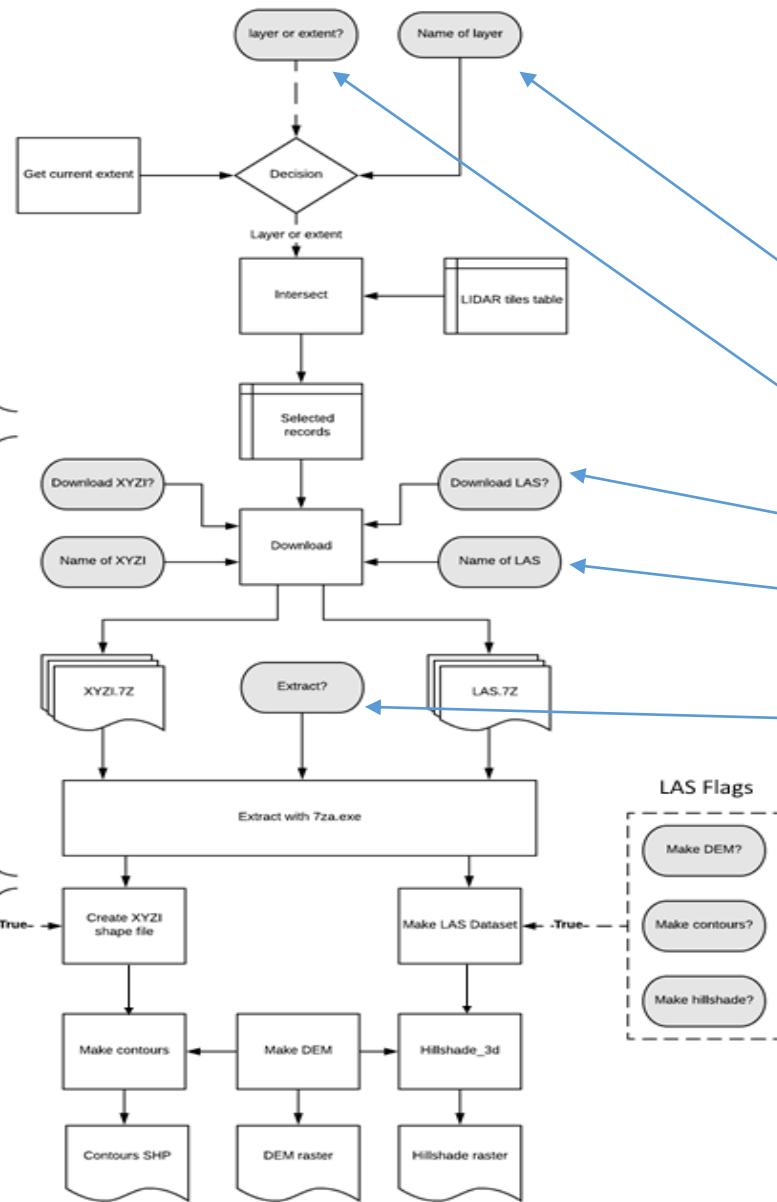
Find LIDAR tiles falling into current extent or selected feature layer using Intersect tool

Download(urllib) and extract(7za.exe) requested files from GeoTree server

XYZI Flags



If any of the options are checked, make helper LAS/XYZI dataset and derived products using 3D Analyst tools



```

#reading parameters from the tool dialog:
#checkbox, if set, we processing the extent, if not set - layer
extentOrLayer=arcpy.GetParameter(0)
#layer name to check the intersections
studyLayer=arcpy.GetParameterAsText(1)
#Download LAS flag
downloadLAS=arcpy.GetParameter(2)
#output folder for LAS 7z files

```

Programmatically create tile grid feature class and its geometry:

```
#setting a tuple with WKT feature representation and attribute value
row_values = [('POLYGON ((202000 4732000,202000 4734000,204000 4734000,204000 4732000,202000 4732000))', '02024732'),
('POLYGON ((202000 4734000,202000 4736000,204000 4736000,204000 4734000,202000 4734000))', '02024734'),
('POLYGON ((202000 4736000,202000 4738000,204000 4738000,204000 4736000,202000 4736000))', '02024736')]

#setting workspace to use in-memory workspace
arcpy.env.workspace='in_memory'

#creating an empty feature class in the in-memory workspace
arcpy.CreateFeatureclass_management('in_memory', 'tilegrid', 'POLYGON', '', '', '', arcpy.SpatialReference(26915))

#adding a field to store attribute values
arcpy.AddField_management ('tilegrid', 'TILE', 'TEXT')

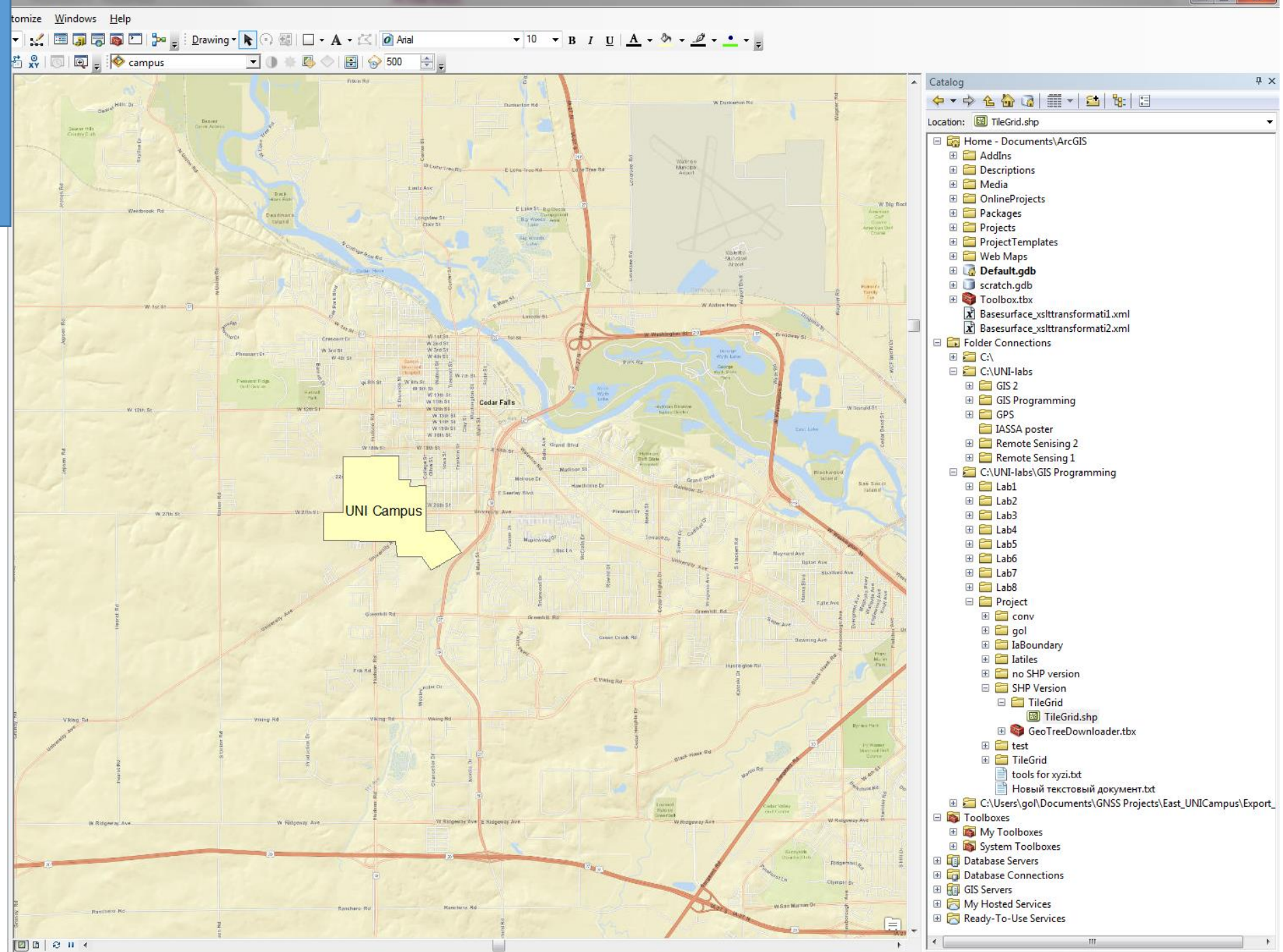
# Open an InsertCursor
cursor = arcpy.da.InsertCursor('tilegrid',['SHAPE@WKT', 'TILE'])

# Insert new rows that include the geometry, converted from WKT and attribute values
for row in row_values:
    cursor.insertRow(row)

# Delete cursor object
del cursor
```

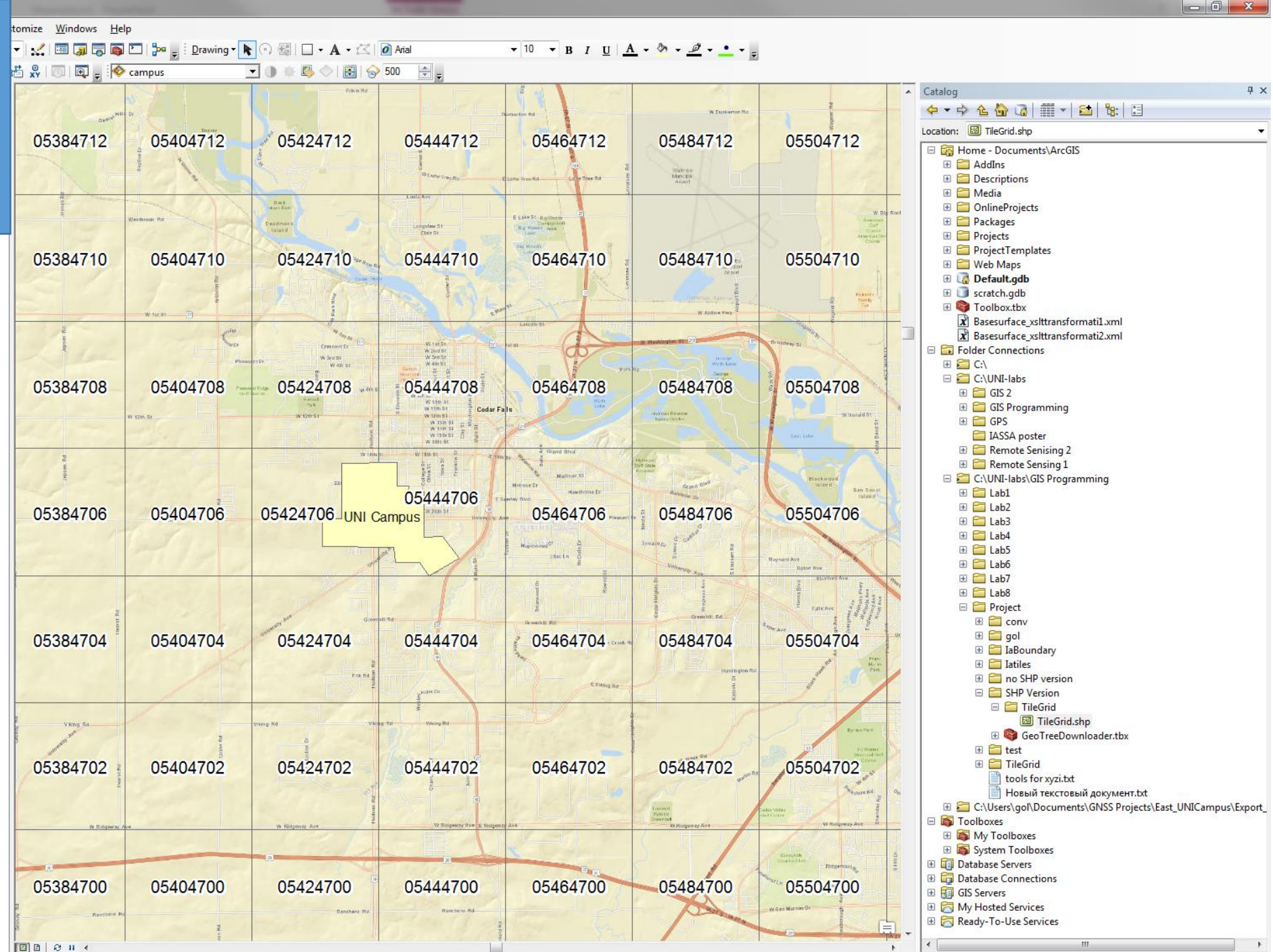

We need to download tiles for
UNI Campus layer

- ☒ Basemap
- ☒ World Street Map



Adding Tile Grid layer

- ☒ Basemap
- ☒ World Street Map



Selecting intersecting tiles and populating list of the tiles to download

- ☒ Basemap
- ☒ World Street Map

Selected tiles to download:

05424706
05444706

else:

```

arcpy.AddMessage('Using specified layer extent:' + studyLayer)
#selecting footprints of lidar tiles from the grid layer intersecting with the specified layer
arcpy.SelectLayerByLocation_management('gridshp', 'Intersect', studyLayer, -0.1, 'New_Selection')
#looping through each selected record and downloading/extracting tiles
for row in arcpy.SearchCursor('gridshp'):

```


Alternatively, we may select for download all the tiles in the current map extent

☒ World Street Map

05484704
05384710
05384708
....
05384704
05384702

```

if extentOrLayer:
    arcpy.AddMessage('Using current extent...')
    mxd = arcpy.mapping.MapDocument("CURRENT") # get current map
    df = arcpy.mapping.ListDataFrames(mxd)[0] # get 1st data frame
    sr = df.spatialReference # get spatial reference
    #checking if spatial reference is not empty
    if sr.type=='':
        arcpy.AddError('Spatial reference should not be Unknown, add some layers to the current map')
        sys.exit(0)
    ext = df.extent # extent object
    BL = arcpy.Point(ext.XMin,ext.YMin) # bottom left
    BR = arcpy.Point(ext.XMax,ext.YMin) # bottom right
    TR = arcpy.Point(ext.XMax,ext.YMax) # top right
    TL = arcpy.Point(ext.XMin,ext.YMax) # top left
    df_poly = arcpy.Polygon(arcpy.Array([[BL,BR,TR,TL,BL]]),sr) # create polygon
    #selecting footprints of lidar tiles from the grid layer intersecting with the current extent
    arcpy.SelectLayerByLocation_management('gridshp','Intersect', df_poly, 0, 'New_Selection')
    #otherwise using specified layer extent instead of current extent to find tiles to download

#looping through each selected record and downloading/extracting tiles
for row in arcpy.SearchCursor('gridshp'):

```

Number of features selected: 56

Having selected the tiles, we're setting search cursor loop to download each tile with **urlretrieve** function from the standard Python **urllib** module.

02084822	02104822	02124822	02144822	02164822	02184822	02204822	02224822	02244822		
02084820	02104820	02124820	02144820	02164820	02184820	02204820	02224820	02244820	02264820	02284820
02084818	02104818	02124818	02144818	02164818	02184818	02204818	02224818	02244818	02264818	02284818
02084816	02104816	02124816	02144816	02164816	02184816	02204816	02224816	02244816	02264816	02284816
02084814	02104814	02124814	02144814	02164814	02184814	02204814	02224814	02244814	02264814	02284814

02204820
02204811
01104823
02224832
02224841

```
#looping through each selected record and downloading/extracting tiles
```

```
for row in arcpy.SearchCursor('gridshp'):
```

```
    #if selected to download LAS files:
```

```
    if downloadLAS:
```

```
        #report current progress
```

```
        arcpy.AddMessage('Downloading LAS tile:' + str(row.tile) + ' number ' + str(currentcount) + ' out of ' + str(totalcount))
```

```
        #concatenate path where to save output las.7z file
```

```
        lasOutputPath=lasOutputFolder + '\\ ' + str(row.tile) + '.las.7z'
```

```
        #download the file using urllib.urlretrieve, url to the file is concatenated below
```

```
        urllib.urlretrieve('http://geotree2.geog.uni.edu/IowaLidar/' + str(row.tile) + '.las.7z', lasOutputPath)
```

	02144808	02164808	02184808	02204808	02224808	02244808	02264808	02284808	0230
02124806	02144806	02164806	02184806	02204806	02224806	02244806	02264806	02284806	0230

Finally creating the derived products from the downloaded files using 3D Analyst functions:

```
#if create contours flag is selected, run SurfaceContour_3d tool to create contours
if createContoursLAS:
    arcpy.AddMessage('Creating LAS contours...')
    arcpy.SurfaceContour_3d(in_surface=lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_dataset.lasd', out_feature_class=lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_contours.shp', interval="2", base_contour="0", contour_field="Contour",
        contour_field_precision="0", index_interval="", index_interval_field="Index_Cont", z_factor="1", pyramid_level_resolution="0")

#if create DEM is selected, run LasDatasetToRaster_conversion tool to create DEM raster from las dataset
if createDemLAS:
    arcpy.AddMessage('Creating LAS DEM...')
    arcpy.LasDatasetToRaster_conversion(in_las_dataset=lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_dataset.lasd', out_raster=lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_dem', value_field="ELEVATION", interpolation_type="BINNING AVERAGE LINEAR",
        data_type="FLOAT", sampling_type="CELLSIZE", sampling_value="10", z_factor="1")

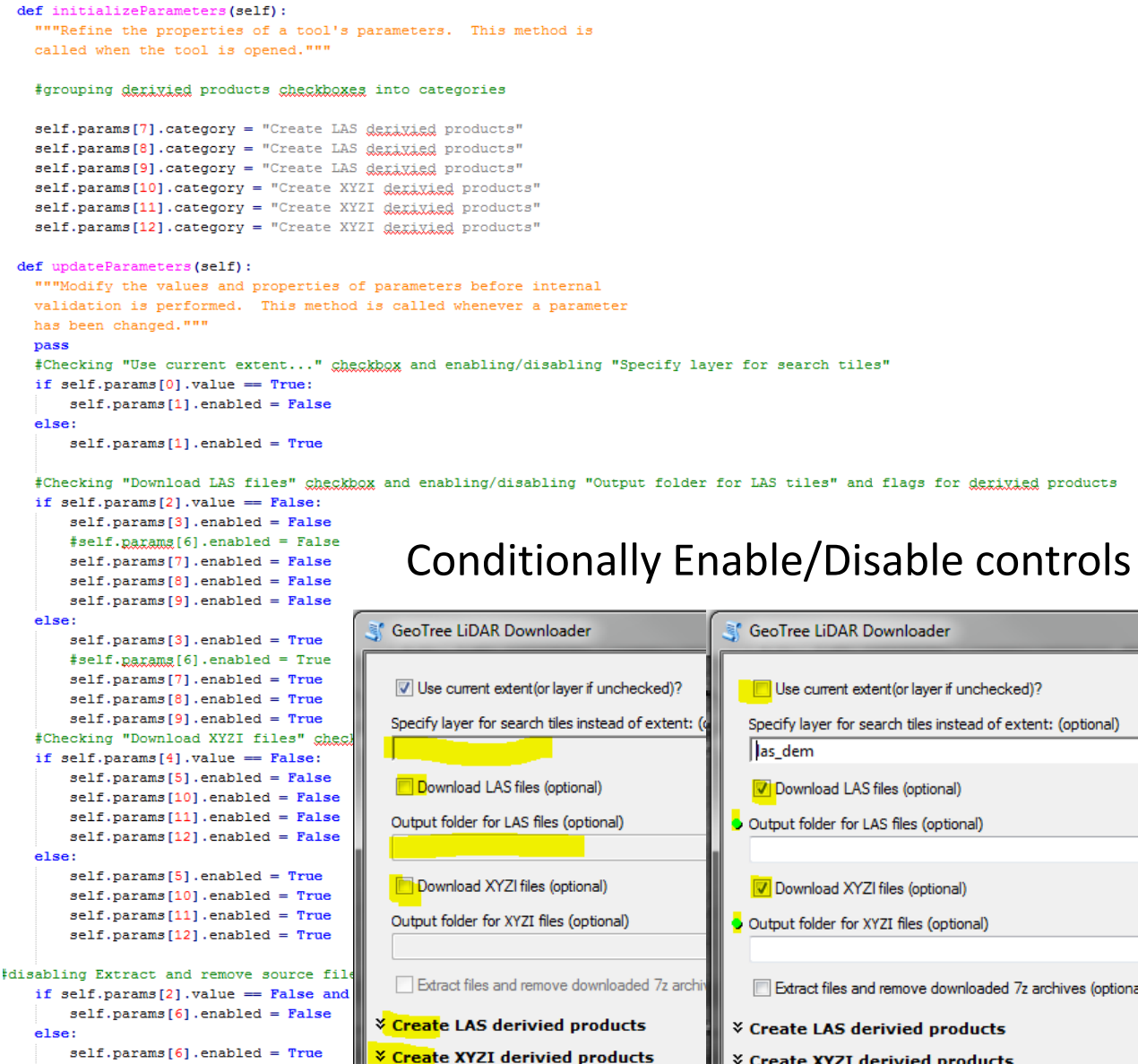
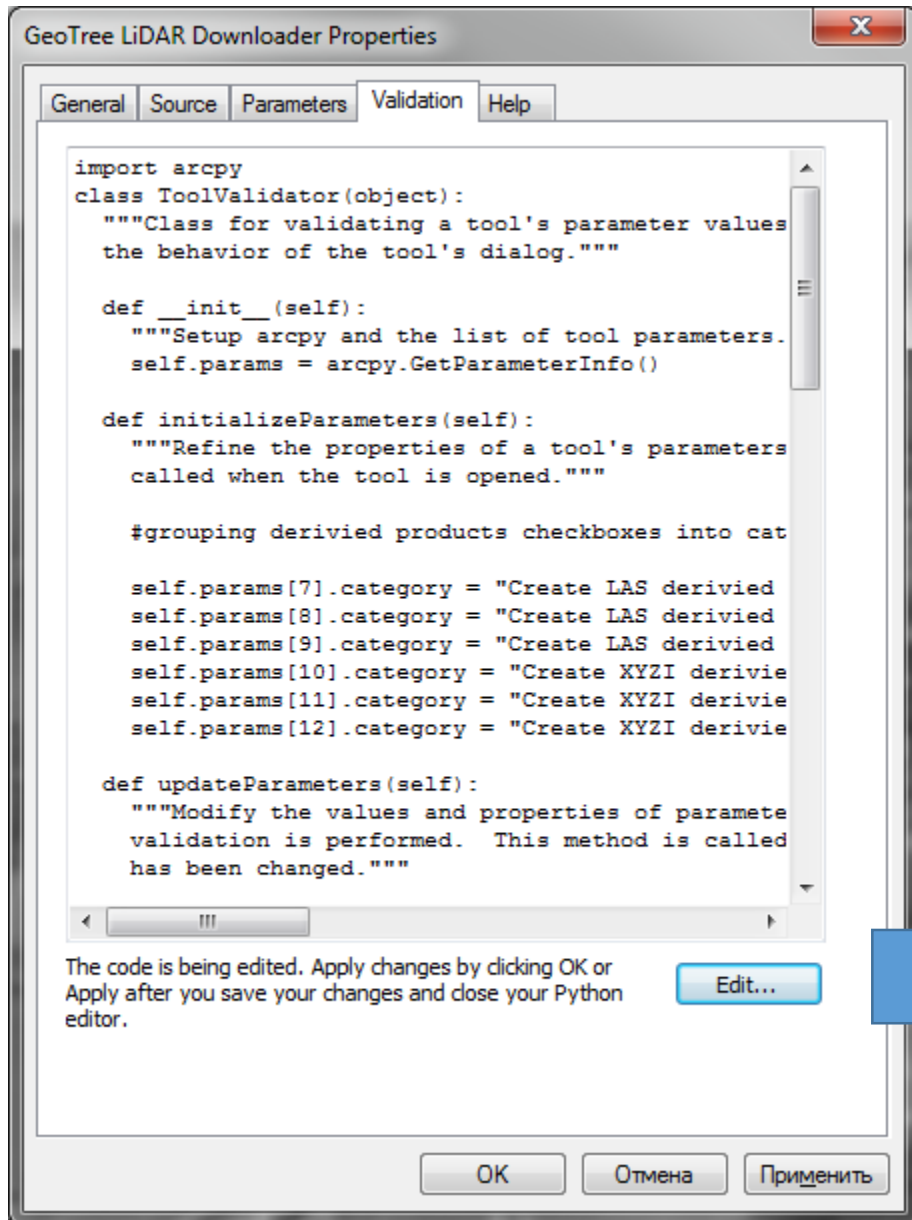
#if create Hillshade is selected, run HillShade_3d tool to create hillshade from DEM raster from las dataset
if createHillshadeLAS:
    arcpy.AddMessage('Creating LAS hillshade...')
    #checking if DEM raster was created above, otherwise creating it here
    if not arcpy.Exists(lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_dem'):
        arcpy.LasDatasetToRaster_conversion(in_las_dataset=lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_dataset.lasd', out_raster=lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_dem', value_field="ELEVATION", interpolation_type="BINNING AVERAGE LINEAR",
            data_type="FLOAT", sampling_type="CELLSIZE", sampling_value="10", z_factor="1")
    arcpy.HillShade_3d(in_raster=lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_dem', out_raster=lasOutputFolder+'\\output\\las_hillshade', azimuth="315", altitude="45", model_shadows="NO_SHADOWS", z_factor="1")

#if create contours flag is selected, run Contour_3d tool to create contours
if createContoursXYZI:
    createXyzDem()
    arcpy.AddMessage('Creating XYZI contours...')
    arcpy.Contour_3d(xyziOutputFolder+'\\output\\xyz_dem', xyzOutputFolder+'\\output\\xyz_contours.shp', "2", "0", "1", "CONTOUR", "")

#if create xyz DEM is selected, run createXyzDem() custom function which will create DEM if DEM is not exists
if createDemXYZI:
    createXyzDem()

#if create Hillshade from XYZI is selected, run HillShade_3d tool to create hillshade from XYZI DEM
if createHillshadeXYZI:
    createXyzDem()
    arcpy.AddMessage('Creating XYZI hillshade...')
    arcpy.HillShade_3d(in_raster=xyzOutputFolder+'\\output\\xyz_dem', out_raster=xyzOutputFolder+'\\output\\xyz_hillshade', azimuth="315", altitude="45", model_shadows="NO_SHADOWS", z_factor="1")
```


Tool validation code:



Results

GeoTree LiDAR Downloader

☒ Use current extent(or layer if unchecked)?

Specify layer for search tiles instead of extent: (optional)

☐ Download LAS files (optional)

Output folder for LAS files (optional)

☐ Download XYZI files (optional)

Output folder for XYZI files (optional)

☐ Extract files and remove downloaded 7z archives (optional)

✕ Create LAS derived products

✕ Create XYZI derived products

Use current extent
(or layer if
unchecked)?

If selected, the tool will
download tiles inside the
current map extent,
otherwise - intersecting
with the selected layer. If in
the layer some of the
features are selected, the
tool will download only tiles
intersecting with selected
features.

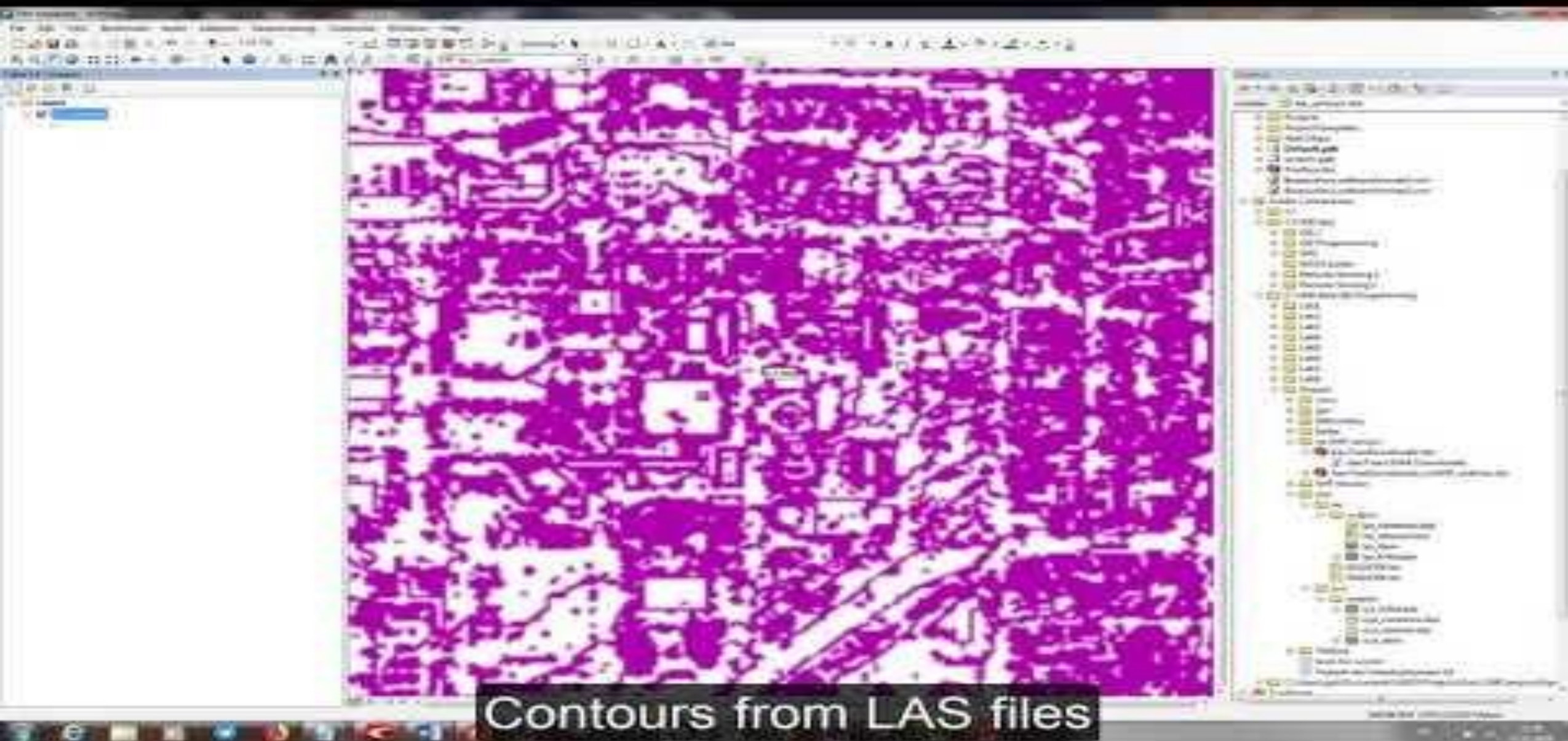
OK

Cancel

Environments...

<< Hide Help

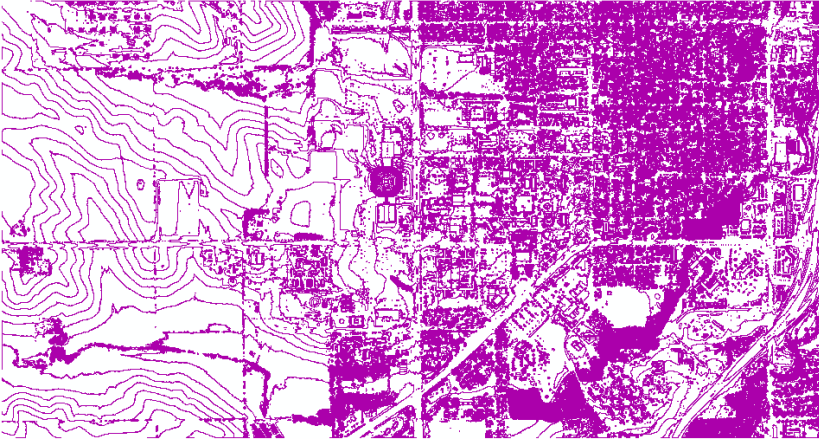
Tool Help



Final derived products:

From LAS files:

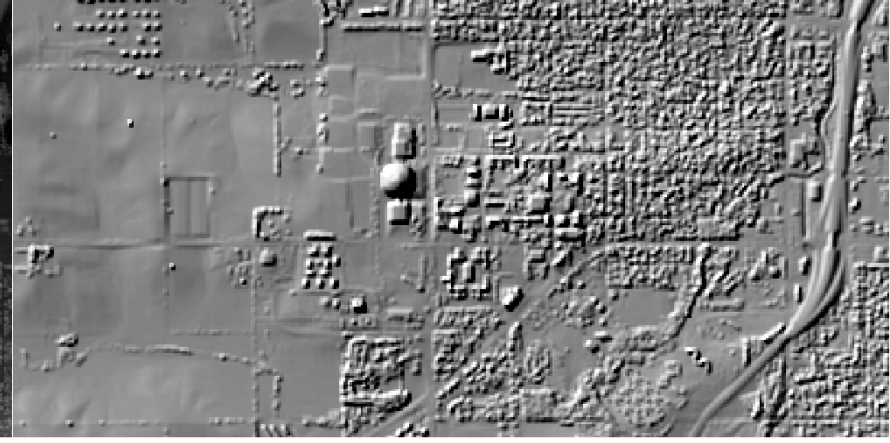
Contours:



DEM:

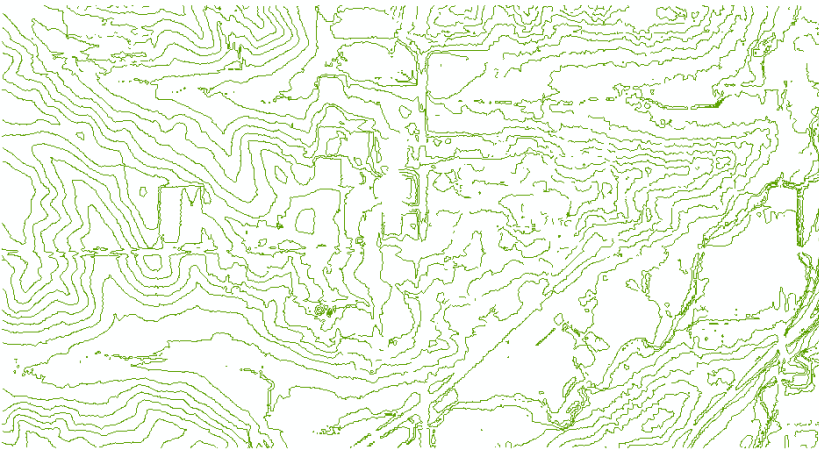


Hillshade:



From bare-earth XYZI files:

Contours:



DEM:

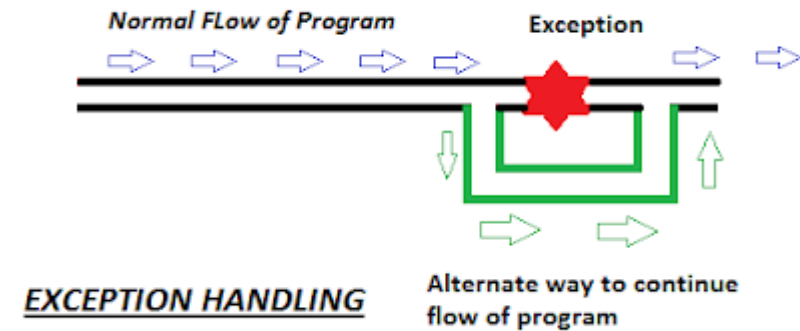


Hillshade:



Lessons learned

- Use `GetParameter()` instead of `GetParameterAsText()` function to get Boolean values
- Handle exception effectively



- Need to use advanced multi-threaded libraries for faster and more reliable file' downloading instead of `urllib.urlretrieve`

Conclusion

- A tool for convenient downloading of the LiDAR data, bare earth files, and producing derived data products within a few mouse clicks was developed
- The tool is portable and could be easily re-used by others. I hope that it will be published on GeoTree website to further assist users in their work