

Report

for the guarter and year ended 31 December 2014

- Production of 4.436Moz up 8% year-on-year
- * Total cash costs of \$787/oz - 5% lower year-on-year
- * All-in-sustaining cost of \$1,026/oz - 13% lower year-on-year
- Capital expenditure of \$1.2bn 39% below 2013
- * Corporate costs \$92m - 54% lower year-on-year
- * Exploration and evaluation costs \$144m - 44% lower year-on-year
- Adjusted EBITDA stable at \$1,665m despite a 10% drop in gold price
- Self-help measures progressed to deleverage in medium term
- Free cash outflow shows strong improvement to \$112m from \$1,058m

- * Strong production of 1.156Moz - ahead of guidance and up 2%
- * Total cash costs of \$724/oz - 12% lower quarter-on-quarter
- All-in-costs improve 7% year-on-year to \$1,143/oz; All-in sustaining costs \$1,017/oz
- Adjusted EBITDA improves to \$407m
- Obuasi enters limited operations after workforce retrenchment; Feasibility study well advanced

			Quarter		Year	
		ended	ended	ended	ended	ended
		Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec
		2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
			US do	ollar / Imperial		
Operating review						
Gold						
Produced	- oz (000)	1,156	1,128	1,229	4,436	4,105
Sold	- oz (000)	1,172	1,101	1,191	4,458	4,093
Price received ¹	- \$/oz	1,202	1,281	1,271	1,264	1,401
All-in sustaining costs ²	- \$/oz	1,017	1,036	1,015	1,026	1,174
All-in costs ²	- \$/oz	1,143	1,144	1,233	1,148	1,466
Total cash costs 3	- \$/oz	724	820	748	787	830
Financial review						
Gold income	- \$m	1,278	1,295	1,418	5,218	5,497
Cost of sales	- \$m	(1,061)	(1,052)	(1,042)	(4,190)	(4,146)
Total cash costs 3	- \$m	` 777	864	` 861	3,292	3,297
Production costs ⁴	- \$m	833	877	866	3,410	3,384
Adjusted gross profit 5	- \$m	217	243	376	1,028	1,351
Gross profit	- \$m	222	273	404	1,043	1,445
(Loss) profit attributable to equity shareholders	- \$m	(58)	41	(305)	(58)	(2,230)
	 cents/share 	(14)	10	(75)	(14)	(568)
Headline (loss) earnings	- \$m	(71)	44	(276)	(79)	` 78
, ,	- cents/share	(17)	11	(68)	(19)	20
Adjusted headline (loss) earnings 6	- \$m	(Ì17)	2	`45	`(1)	599
	- cents/share	(29)	0	11	Ò	153
Net cash flow from operating activities	- \$m	213	320	431	1,220	1,246
Capital expenditure	- \$m	363	261	477	1,209	1,993

Notes:

- Refer to note C "Non-GAAP disclosure" for the definition.
- Refer to note D "Non-GAAP disclosure" for the definition. Refer to note E "Non-GAAP disclosure" for the definition.
- Refer to note 3 of notes for the quarter and year ended
- 31 December 2014

- Refer to note B "Non-GAAP disclosure" for the definition. Refer to note A "Non-GAAP disclosure" for the definition.

\$ represents US dollar, unless otherwise stated Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Certain statements contained in this document, other than statements of historical fact, including, without limitation, those concerning the economic outlook for the gold mining industry, expectations regarding gold prices, production, cash costs, all-lin sustaining costs, all-lin costs, cost savings and other operating results, return on equity, productivity improvements, growth prospects and outlook of AngloGold Ashanti's operations, individually or in the aggregate, including the achievement of project milestones, commencement and completion of commercial operations of certain of AngloGold Ashanti's exploration and production projects and the completion of acquisitions, dispositions or joint venture transactions, AngloGold Ashanti's loquidity and capital expenditures and the outcome and consequence of any potential or pending litigation or regulatory proceedings or environmental health and safety issues, are forward-looking statements regarding AngloGold Ashanti's operations, economic performance and financial condition. These forward-looking statements regarding AngloGold Ashanti's operations, economic performance and financial condition. These forward-looking statements and produced the angloGold Ashanti's actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from the angloGold Ashanti's actual results, performance or achievements but offer materially from the angulatory, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements and forecasts are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements and forecasts are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements and operations in gold prices and exchange rates, the outcome of pending or future litigation proceedings, and business and operat qualified by the cautionary statements herein.

This communication may contain certain "Non-GAAP" financial measures. AngloGold Ashanti utilises certain Non-GAAP performance measures and ratios in managing its business. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative for, the reported operating results or cash flow from operations or any other measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition, the presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures other companies may use. AngloGold Ashanti or the presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures other companies may use. AngloGold Ashanti or the presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures other companies may use. AngloGold Ashanti not may be comparable to similarly titled measures of the companies may use. AngloGold Ashanti not may be comparable to similarly titled measures of the companies may use the companies of the compa





Operations at a glance for the quarter ended 31 December 2014

for the quarter ended 31 Dec	Production		All-in sustaining costs ¹			Total cash costs ²			Adjusted			
		rioddciion		AI	rin sustaining c	OSIS		Total Cash Cost	.5		gross profit (lo	ss) ³
	oz (000)	Year-on-year % Variance 4	Qtr on Qtr % Variance ⁵	\$/oz	Year-on-year % Variance 4	Qtr on Qtr % Variance ⁵	\$/oz	Year-on-year % Variance ⁴	Qtr on Qtr % Variance ⁵	\$m	Year-on-year \$m Variance 4	Qtr on Qtr \$m Variance 5
	,			***								
SOUTH AFRICA	300	(12)	(4)	1,097	9	(2)	830	8	(8)	39	(67)	(8)
Vaal River Operations	124	(2)	16	1,031	(5)	(11)	773	1	(18)	22	(11)	12
Great Noligwa	22	10	29	1,027	(21)	(24)	894	(13)	(30)	4	2	6
Kopanang	33	(15)	(13)	1,324	2	9	1,014	11	2	(6)	(7)	(5)
Moab Khotsong	68	1	31	888	-	(15)	615	3	(22)	24	(6)	11
West Wits Operations	119	(23)	(22)	1,129	23	12	864	21	5	7	(58)	(28
Mponeng	56	(40)	(39)	1,275	32	42	946	44	38	(4)	(40)	(39
TauTona	63	2	3	1,000	17	(15)	792	(2)	(23)	11	(18)	11
Total Surface Operations	56	(3)	8	1,116	7	(11)	883	(3)	(16)	10	1	8
First Uranium SA	24	(11)	4	1,310	26	-	899	7	(6)	1	(2)	3
Surface Operations	32	7	10	965	(7)	(21)	871	(11)	(22)	9	3	5
Other	1	100	(50)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS	856	(4)	5	968	(2)	(1)	692	(7)	(12)	214	(57)	(1)
CONTINENTAL AFRICA	419	(9)	2	907	(20)	(2)	687	(18)	(14)	121	4	5
DRC	1.0	(0)	-	•	(20)	(-)		(10)	(,		•	ŭ
Kibali - Attr. 45% 6	80	100	23	532	13	(8)	546	16	(3)	35	13	8
Ghana												
Iduapriem	40	(40)	(11)	1,248	8	27	976	1	13	2	(5)	(8)
Obuasi	48	(24)	(38)	1,440	(30)	23	999	(26)	3	(4)	11	(19)
Guinea												
Siguiri - Attr. 85%	68	(9)	(6)	973	(13)	22	884	5	19	18	1	(10)
Mali										_		_
Morila - Attr. 40% ⁶	15	25	50	937	(35)	(44)	973	14	(36)	2	(1)	8
Sadiola - Attr. 41% ⁶	21	(13)	-	1,049	(36)	(1)	942	(37)	(4)	-	10	-
Yatela - Attr. 40% ⁶	3	(63)	50	414	(81)	(78)	220	(89)	(87)	2	10	3
Namibia Navachab		(100)			(100)			(100)			(14)	
Tanzania	_	(100)	-	•	(100)	-	-	(100)	-	_	(14)	-
	444	(6)	0.4	754	(4)	(47)	400	(04)	(40)		(05)	0.5
Geita Non-controlling interests,	144	(6)	24	751	(4)	(17)	429	(21)	(40)	64	(25)	25
exploration and other										1	3	(4)
AUSTRALASIA	157	(7)	3	995	30	2	729	14	(15)	19	(11)	(5)
Australia												
Sunrise Dam	61	(40)	(10)	1,193	48	7	1,083	58	10	(8)	(31)	(14)
Tropicana - Attr. 70%	96	45	14	824	29	3	482	(15)	(33)	31	22	8
Exploration and other										(4)	(2)	1
AMERICAS	280	7	12	1,042	17	1	677	7	(7)	73	(52)	(3)
Argentina			=	,					(.,		(,-)	(-,
Cerro Vanguardia - Attr. 92.50%	64	5	3	1,051	23	10	780	16	19	20	(2)	-
Brazil												
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	121	1	20	970	9	(6)	565	9	(19)	45	(24)	11
Serra Grande	42	24	31	947	(1)	(14)	570	(20)	(29)	7	(5)	4
United States of America			-		()	,		, -,	(- /		(-)	
Cripple Creek & Victor	54	15	(4)	1,261	17	17	895	8	8	4	(18)	(14)
Non-controlling interests, exploration and other			, ,							(2)		(3)
OTHER										5	-	5
Sub-total	1,156	(6)	2	1,017		(2)	724	(3)	(12)	257	(125)	(5
		(9)	-	-,		(-)	1	(0)	(12)			
Equity accounted investments included ab	ove									(40)		(21)
AngloGold Ashanti										217	(159)	(26)

Refer to note D under "Non-GAAP disclosure" for definition
Refer to note E under "Non-GAAP disclosure" for definition
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Variance December 2014 quarter on December 2013 quarter - increase (decrease).
Variance December 2014 quarter on September 2014 quarter - increase (decrease).
Equity accounted joint ventures.

Financial and Operating Report

FINANCIAL AND CORPORATE REVIEW

FULL YEAR OVERVIEW

AngloGold Ashanti's operating and financial performance for 2014 reflect output growth, continued focused cost management and ongoing capital discipline, while posting another strong safety performance. Cash inflow from operating activities of \$1,220m for the year ended 31 December 2014 was marginally down on \$1,246m achieved in 2013, despite the 10% lower gold price received, the cost of Obuasi redundancies, and the Rand Refinery loan of \$44m, all of which was partly offset by the 8% higher production. Cash inflow from operating activities before the Obuasi redundancy costs and the Rand Refinery loan amounted to \$1,474m, reflecting an increase of 18% on 2013 levels. Free cash outflow of \$112m, which included the once-off redundancy costs at Obuasi, was an improvement on the outflow of \$1,058m for the year ended 31 December 2013, mainly as a result of lower capital expenditure.

Production saw an 8% increase over 2013 levels to 4.436Moz, while all-in sustaining costs were 13% lower compared to \$1,026/oz in 2013. This compared with guidance for full year production of 4.2Moz to 4.5Moz at an all-in-sustaining cost of \$1,026/oz to \$1,075/oz. The year-on-year improvement in production reflects the first full year of production from the Kibali mine in the Democratic Republic of Congo and Tropicana in Western Australia, as well as strong performances from the Continental Africa portfolio as a whole, where Geita and Siguiri were again standout operations. The production growth was achieved despite the loss of 56,000oz due to an earthquake in South Africa in August, the sale of Navachab and the removal of high cost ounces from production.

The company's cost performance reflected improvements in several key areas including direct operating costs, corporate overheads, exploration expenses and capital expenditure. The Project 500 initiative, launched in mid-2013 to save \$500m in direct operating costs over 18 months, achieved its target during the year, while costs were further aided by weaker currencies in South Africa, Australia and Brazil. Capital expenditure of \$1,209m, which came in below guidance for the year of \$1,350m to \$1,450m, showed a significant decline from the prior year of \$1,993m. This improvement was partially due to the completion of two major capital projects in 2013. Total cash costs of \$787/oz improved 5% compared to \$830/oz recorded in 2013 and within guidance of \$740/oz to \$790/oz. Corporate and marketing costs of \$92m were 54% lower year-on-year and below initial guidance of \$120m to \$140m, while exploration and evaluation costs of \$144m were 44% lower year-on-year and below guidance of \$150m-\$175m.

The full year ended with an adjusted headline loss of \$1m, or 0 US cents per share, compared with adjusted headline earnings (AHE) of \$599m or 153 US cents per share in 2013. Earnings were affected by the 10% decline in the average gold price received in 2014, while the prior year had the benefit of a non-recurring realised gain of \$567m on maturity of the mandatory convertible bonds. The net loss attributable to shareholders for the year was \$58m compared to a loss of \$2.2bn in 2013, when net earnings were affected by asset impairments.

Adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (adjusted EBITDA) was \$1,665m, similar to 2013 levels of \$1,667m despite a 10% lower average price received. Net debt: adjusted EBITDA levels ended the year at 1.88 times, similar to the end of 2013 at 1.86 times, again despite the lower gold price received and payments of \$210m during the year to retrench the workforce at Obuasi in preparation for the mine's transition to limited operations phase, and the extension of a \$44m shareholder loan to the Rand Refinery. AngloGold Ashanti drew \$100m from its US dollar revolving credit facility to meet its obligations at Obuasi, leaving \$900m undrawn, along with \$153m (A\$185m) undrawn on the Australian dollar RCF, approximately \$91m (R1,058m) available from its South African facilities and cash on hand of \$519m. Net debt at year end was \$3,133m, compared to \$3,105m at the end of 2013.

Most notably, the company achieved a run of 224 days without a workplace fatality, outstripping the previous period of 118 days showing a strong commitment and effort by employees of the business and a culture favouring workplace safety. Year-on-year, the company delivered a 25% reduction in fatal accidents and saw 20% fewer injuries. In addition, reportable environmental incidents were the lowest recorded in the company's history. Considerable efforts have been made to maintain and improve relationships with host communities and governments.

AngloGold Ashanti continues to focus its attention on key business objectives supporting its ongoing effort to improve sustainable free cash flow and returns. Improving overall financial flexibility is a key component of this approach. During 2014, AngloGold Ashanti successfully extended the maturity profiles of its international facilities by two years to 2019 and had banking covenants relaxed to 3.5 times Net debt to adjusted EBITDA, with a one-time conditional waiver to 4.5 times. During the year, AngloGold Ashanti announced self-help measures that would be prioritised to enable it to meet its targeted deleveraging by roughly \$1bn over the next three years, notably through: continued cost management; optimisation of life-of-mine plans to extract additional cash flow; the potential introduction of partners in the Colombia portfolio and at Obuasi; and the potential joint venture or sale of an operating asset.

FOURTH QUARTER REVIEW

Operational performance for the fourth quarter exceeded market guidance despite safety-related interruptions which decreased production from South Africa. Cash inflow from operating activities of \$213m for the three months ended 31 December 2014 was down compared to the \$431m achieved in the same quarter in 2013, mainly due to by the 5% lower gold price received, 6% lower production and the cost of the Obuasi restructuring. Free cash outflow of \$198m has increased on the \$108m of the same quarter in 2013, highlighting the once-off redundancy payments at Obuasi, the drawdown of the Rand Refinery loan and also the impact of the lower cash from operations. These outflows were only partly offset by lower capital expenditure during the three months period.

Group production in the three months ending December 31 was 1.156Moz, 2.5% better than the previous quarter but 6% lower year-on-year. The performance was ahead of market guidance of 1.1Moz to 1.14Moz. Total cash costs of \$724/oz were 12% below the previous quarter, which averaged \$820/oz and improved 3% year-on-year.

The average gold price received during the fourth quarter was \$1,202/oz, lower than the previous quarter average gold price received of \$1,281/oz and \$1,271/oz in the fourth quarter of 2013. Despite the lower gold price, adjusted EBITDA for the quarter was slightly higher at \$407m than the previous quarter's \$400m. Adjusted EBITDA in the final quarter of 2013 was \$544m.

Net debt to adjusted EBITDA was negatively affected given the increase in net debt due to higher capital expenditure in the final quarter, retrenchment costs associated with ongoing restructuring at the Obuasi mine in Ghana of \$145m, and a drawdown of \$44m by the Rand Refinery on its shareholder loan.

The adjusted headline loss for the fourth quarter of \$117m was impacted by a number of non-cash accounting adjustments including \$7m associated with stockpile and inventory provisions, and \$147m associated with operational and corporate redundancies relating to the Obuasi restructuring, environmental liability resets of \$20m and closure costs of \$13m. The net loss attributable to shareholders for the fourth quarter was \$58m compared with a loss of \$305m a year earlier.

SUMMARY COMPARISON OF KEY PERFORMANCE MEASURES TO DATE WITH SAME PERIODS LAST YEAR

Particulars	Q4 2014	Q3 2014	Improved Q v Q	Q4 2014	Q4 2013	Improved Q vs prior year Q	2014	2013	Improved Y-on-Y
Gold price received (\$/oz)	1,202	1,281	(6%)	1,202	1,271	(5%)	1,264	1,401	(10%)
Gold production (Kozs)	1,156	1,128	2%	1,156	1,229	(6%)	4,436	4,105	8%
Total cash costs (\$/oz)	724	820	(12%)	724	748	(3%)	787	830	(5%)
Corporate & marketing costs (US\$m)	23	24	(4%)	23	37	(38%)	92	201	(54%)
Exploration & evaluation costs (US\$m)	45	37	22%	45	41	10%	144	255	(44%)
Capital expenditure (US\$m)	363	261	39%	363	477	(24%)	1,209	1,993	(39%)
All-in sustaining costs (US\$/oz)	1,017	1,036	(2%)	1,017	1,015	0%	1,026	1,174	(13%)
All-in costs (US\$/oz)	1,143	1,144	0%	1,143	1,233	(7%)	1,148	1,466	(22%)
Cash inflow from operating activities (\$m)	213	320	(33%)	213	431	(51%)	1,220	1,246	(2%)
Adjusted EBITDA (\$m)	407	400	2%	407	544	(25%)	1,665	1,667	0%
Free cash flow (\$m)	(198)	30	(760%)	(198)	(108)	(83%)	(112)	(1,058)	89%
Free cash flow (\$m) excl Obuasi redundancies and Rand Refinery loan	(9)	64	(114%)	(9)	(108)	92%	142	(1,058)	113%

^{*} World Gold Council Standard, excludes stockpiles written off.

CORPORATE UPDATE

AngloGold Ashanti has embarked on a series of self-help measures to generate cash from internal sources to reduce its net debt levels. Among these measures is the search for partners or buyers for certain assets in the company's portfolio. There can be no assurances that these processes will be successfully concluded. In this regard, the joint venture or sale of an operating asset remains an option that is being considered.

Work is also under way to explore partnerships for projects in Colombia in order to share risk and ongoing expenditures to develop those projects.

Obuasi mine restructuring: Significant work took place during the fourth quarter to transition Obuasi to a limited operating state. During the fourth quarter, the Amendment to Program of Mining Operations, which provides technical, environmental, financial and social details around the transition, was approved by the Government of Ghana, allowing the completion of the retrenchment program at the operation and a substantial reduction in the mine's operations. A detailed feasibility study exploring the economic and technical prospects of the operation, while addressing security, environmental obligations and community relationships, has made significant progress and will be continued and optimised during 2015. Talks with the relevant regulators are expected to take place to help foster clarity as to the fiscal and operating parameters for the project. As the outcome of these talks will have an impact on the feasibility study, the final results are only expected to be made public once this process is complete. The total expenditures expected to be incurred at Obuasi in 2015 aggregating \$100m relates continued development of the decline access ramp to underground mining areas, costs for the completion of the feasibility study and costs for maintaining limited operating state. In addition, AngloGold Ashanti may pursue potential partnerships in the project at the appropriate time, as initially indicated in November 2014.

SAFETY

AngloGold Ashanti continued a promising safety trend, with the All injury frequency rate (AIFR), the broadest measure of safety performance, ending the year at 7.36 compared with 7.34 the previous year, this despite recording several minor injuries related to the earthquake in August at its Vaal River Operations. Without the impact of the earthquake the AIFR would have been 7.15.

Regrettably, there were six fatalities during the year ended 2014, four in South Africa and two in Brazil. Three of these fatalities occurred in South Africa in the fourth quarter - two at Mponeng and one at Kopanang -- and were caused by fall-of-ground incidents. Formal incident investigations were initiated and completed immediately after each occurrence to identify factors that contributed to the incidents. Corrective and preventative actions are being implemented where possible. Although 2014 saw the fewest fatalities of any year on record, management continued to take steps to prevent the re-occurrence of these incidents and achieve the organisation's goal of zero-harm across all operations.

AngloGold Ashanti implemented electronic systems during the year that monitor various aspects of underground working areas, allowing remote gathering of information from a large portion of these mines to assist in improving safety systems. In addition, ongoing training, improvement of processes, management and behavioural improvements have helped more than halve the number of safety incidents since 2007. Focus remains on identifying major hazards, and understanding 'high potential incidents,' which may have resulted in death or serious injury. Work also continues to foster improvement to the organisation culture, procedures and support.

OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

The **South African operations** produced 1.223Moz at a total cash cost of \$849/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 1.302Moz at a total cash cost of \$850/oz for the year ended December 2013. The lower production was due to the earthquake near the Vaal River operations on 5 August 2014, which caused infrastructure damage that impacted operations at Moab Khotsong, Kopanang and Great Noligwa mines, as well as safety related stoppages across the regional portfolio. Costs controls improved significantly from the 2013 levels and managed to offset inflationary pressures. All-in sustaining costs averaged \$1,064/oz for the year ended December 2014, a 5% improvement on the \$1,120/oz achieved for the year ended December 2013. During the fourth quarter the region produced 300,000oz at a total cash cost of \$830/oz, compared to 339,000oz at a total cash cost of \$767/oz during the same quarter in 2013. Safety-related disruptions during the quarter hindered production as the region encountered two fall-of-ground fatalities at Mponeng and another at Kopanang. All-in sustaining costs for the fourth quarter were \$1,097/oz, compared to \$1,005/oz in the same quarter a year ago.

At West Wits, production was 544,000oz at a total cash cost of \$804/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 589,000oz at a total cash cost of \$800/oz for the year ended December 2013. The fourth quarter production was 119,000oz at a total cash cost of \$864/oz compared to 154,000oz at a total cash cost of \$717/oz in the same quarter a year ago. The fourth quarter's performance was adversely impacted by safety-related stoppages and shaft repairs at Mponeng following an incident caused during shaft slinging operations which caused damage to the sub-shaft resulting in a week-long stoppage to complete remediation work. TauTona's total cash costs improved from \$809/oz to \$792/oz, due to cost savings initiatives which included effective overtime management, labour cost reduction and power optimisation made possible by the integration of TauTona and Savuka.

At the Vaal River district, production was 453,000oz at a total cash cost of \$857/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 473,000oz at a total cash cost of \$895/oz for the year ended December 2013. Production from the Vaal River operations decreased marginally in the fourth quarter of 2014 to 124,000oz at a total cash cost of \$773/oz, compared to 127,000oz at a total cash cost of \$762/oz in the same quarter a year ago. Kopanang was affected by fall-of-ground fatality which had an adverse impact on production as the mine was halted for 11 shifts to comply with instructions from the regulator. Both Great Noligwa and Moab Khotsong performed on levels consistent with the same quarter last year. Moab Khotsong was the lowest cost producer for the South African region during the quarter at a total cash cost of \$615/oz after recovering from the previous quarter which was affected by the earthquake.

Production from total Surface Operations for the year ended December 2014 was 223,000oz at a total cash costs of \$941/oz, compared to 240,000oz at a total cash cost of \$883/oz for the year ended December 2013. The most significant challenge has been a reduction in grade. In an attempt to mitigate this, milling throughput has been improved 10%. Surface Operations' production for the fourth quarter of 2014 was 56,000oz at a total cash cost of \$883/oz, compared to 58,000oz at a total cash cost of \$915/oz in the same quarter a year ago. Grade-control drilling program progressed well and is expected to continue in 2015 to improve knowledge of the available material. Construction of the new pump station is progressing to schedule and this will allow for an improvement in throughput from May 2015.. The uranium plant at Mine Waste Solutions was fully commissioned during the fourth quarter, with 4 tons of Uranium oxide produced during the period. Process optimisation to improve float tonnage and grade will facilitate improved plant efficiencies. The South Africa region is progressing well with the implementation of the district consolidation model in the Vaal River. The Vaal River region has commenced operating under this new structure, with the integration of Moab Khotsong and Great Noligwa largely complete. The Vaal River district will see the incorporation of Kopanang which brings the three previously separately managed mines under a single management team. This team will also manage the geographic footprint in the Vaal River in order to reduce the costs associated with the maintenance of the complex. Regional and Corporate duplications are being eliminated in the process. Cost reductions are being planned and managed within the successful P500 system. Full benefits will be felt in the second half of 2015.

Lower operating costs were realised in South Africa on labour cost management, reef-mining related activities, power consumption, contractor management, the implementation of service optimisation strategies and a robust critical review of commodity as well as services related contracts. The methodologies and principles of Project 500 helped improved overall efficiency and regulatory compliance within AngloGold Ashanti's existing operating framework.

The **Continental Africa region** produced 1.597Moz at a total cash cost of \$783/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 1.460Moz at a total cash cost of \$869/oz for the year ended December 2013. The increased production is mainly attributed to Kibali's full year of production in 2014 together with good performances particularly from Siguiri and Geita. The strong results were achieved despite Navachab's sale at the end of June 2014 and the continued winding down of operations in Mali. All-in sustaining costs at \$968/oz for the year ended December 2014 represent a 19% improvement on the \$1,202/oz achieved for the year ended December

2013. This improvement in costs was driven by efficiency gains and by stronger performances from key assets in the region. During the fourth quarter of 2014, the region showed improved costs, with production of 419,000oz at a total cash cost of \$687/oz compared to 460,000oz at a total cash cost of \$839/oz during the same quarter a year ago.

In **Ghana**, Iduapriem's production was 177,000z at a total cash cost of \$865/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 221,000oz at a total cash cost of \$861/oz for the year ended December 2013. The decline in production was a result of a 21% decrease in recovered grade in line with plans to mine less volume and process the ore tonnes accumulated on stockpiles. Total cash costs however were maintained at \$865/oz mainly as a result of productivity improvements. During the fourth quarter of 2014, Iduapriem's production decreased to 40,000oz at a total cash cost of \$976/oz compared to 67,000oz at a total cash cost of \$966/oz during the same quarter of 2013. The decline in production and modest increase in costs for the quarter were a result of a 38% decrease in recovered grade due to the planned treatment of lower grade stockpiles and a 4% decrease in tonnage throughput.

Obuasi's production was 243,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,086/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 239,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,406/oz for the year ended December 2013. The improvement in production is attributable to an increase in surface tonnes processed partly offset by the initiation of the Amended Programme of Mining Operations (APMO) approved by the government of Ghana in November 2014, which saw the mine transition to limited operation phase by the end of the year. Due to the limited operational activity, costs declined, resulting in all-in sustaining costs of \$1,374/oz, down 38% compared to the same period a year ago. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production was 48,000oz at a total cash cost of \$999/oz compared to 63,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,354/oz during the same quarter a year ago.

In **The Republic of Guinea**, Siguiri's production was 290,000oz at a total cash cost of \$799/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 268,000oz at a total cash cost of \$918/oz for the year ended December 2013. Production increased as a result of higher grade ore sources being accessed. Total cash costs were further aided by efficiency improvements, and improved by 13%. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production decreased to 68,000oz at a total cash cost of \$884/oz compared to 75,000oz at a total cash cost of \$844/oz during the same quarter a year ago. The decrease in the quarter's production was a result of a planned 8% decrease in recovered grade due to the depletion of higher grade ore sources. Total cash costs consequently increased by 5% despite lower mining cost.

In **Mali**, production was 140,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,106/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 170,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,192/oz for the year ended December 2013. Morila's production decreased by 23% as a result of a decrease in recovered grade, due to treatment of lower grade mineralised waste tonnes, further impacted by a decrease in tonnes treated. Sadiola's production decreased by 1% as a result of a decrease in recovered grade due to lower availability of higher grade oxide material, which was partly offset by an increase in tonnes treated. Total cash costs decreased due to a 63% decline in volume mined and as a result of further planned cost reductions having been achieved during the current year. At Yatela, production decreased in line with the cessation of mining activities and planned transition to closure. Costs decreased substantially based on a shared allocation of fixed overheads between the operating and closure activities.

In **Tanzania**, Geita's production was 477,000oz at a total cash cost of \$599/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 459,000oz at a total cash cost of \$515/oz for the year ended December 2013. Production increased due to a 28% increase in tonnes treated, and the fact that tonnage throughput the previous year was impacted by replacement of the SAG mill. Total cash costs however increased by 16% largely as a result of utilisation of higher cost ore stockpiles. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production decreased to 144,000oz at a total cash cost of \$429/oz compared to 154,000oz at a total cash cost of \$543/oz during the same quarter a year ago. The decline in production was due to a 16% planned decrease in recovered grade compared to the same quarter in the previous year which had benefited from the feed of higher grade ore tonnes from Nyankanga pit, partly offset by a 12% increase in tonnage throughput due to consistent mill running time and improved mill productivity. Total cash costs decreased by 21% primarily as a result of lower mining costs incurred during the quarter that were driven by efficiency improvements and the benefits of lower fuel costs.

In **The Democratic Republic of the Congo**, Kibali's production attributable to AngloGold Ashanti was 237,000oz at a total cash cost of \$578/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 40,000oz at a total cash cost of \$471/oz for the year ended December 2013. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production increased to 80,000oz at a total cash cost of \$546/oz compared to 40,000oz at a total cash cost of \$471/oz during the same quarter a year ago, the mine's first full quarter in operation. Tonnes treated increased 106% with consistent plant operations following a full year of operations compared to the same quarter a year ago when the oxide plant was undergoing commissioning.

In the Americas, production was 996,000oz at a total cash cost of \$709/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 1.001Moz at a total cash cost of \$671/oz for the year ended December 2013. The reduction in production was due to decreased production at Cripple Creek & Victor and Serra Grande, while AngloGold Ashanti Córrego do Sítio Mineração (AGA Mineração) and at Cerro Vanguardia saw increased output. Cerro Vanguardia's production for the 2014 year was the highest annual production of the operation in 11 years, mainly assisted by production from the heap leach. All-in sustaining costs were at \$1,010/oz for the year ended December 2014, compared to \$970/oz achieved for the year ended December 2013. Costs were negatively affected by lower grades in most operations within the region. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production in the Americas increased to 280,000oz at a total cash cost of \$677/oz compared to 262,000oz at a total cash cost of \$634/oz during the same quarter a year ago.

Work continued on Project 500 initiatives. These were focused on developing efficiencies and production improvements, including underground mine design optimisation, extension of the operating life of tires, and optimisation and stabilisation of CIL and regeneration circuits.

In **Brazil**, production was 539,000oz at a total cash cost of \$670/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 529,000oz at a total cash cost of \$665/oz for the year ended December 2013. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production increased to 163,000oz at a total cash cost of \$566/oz compared to 154,000oz at a total cash cost of \$560/oz during the same quarter a year ago.

At AGA Mineração production was 403,000oz at a total cash cost of \$644/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 391,000oz at a total cash cost of \$646/oz for the year ended December 2013. The production was mainly driven by the strong

performance in the fourth quarter, where production remained relatively stable at 121,000oz at a total cash cost of \$565/oz compared to 120,000oz at a total cash cost of \$518/oz during the same quarter a year ago. AGA Mineração delivered a strong performance with increased tonnage and feed grades at both the Cuiabá and Córrego do Sítio complexes. Development work improved and production began from the new orebody at Córrego do Sítio (Sulphide II) and full production rates were achieved at the underground Mine I. Further production improvements were due to higher tonnages from Lamego that reached high production rate as a result of bulk mining to offset lower grade, which was all planned to recover production delays from the previous quarters.

At Serra Grande production was 136,000oz at a total cash cost of \$748/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 138,000oz at a total cash cost of \$719/oz for the year ended December 2013. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production increased to 42,000oz at a total cash cost of \$570/oz compared to 34,000oz at a total cash cost of \$712/oz during the same quarter a year ago. Production was 24% higher due to higher feed grade driven by operational initiatives aimed at the recovery of production following delays in previous quarters.

In the **United States**, Cripple Creek & Victor production was 211,000oz at a total cash cost of \$829/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 231,000oz at a total cash cost of \$732/oz for the year ended December 2013. The decline in production was due to delays experienced in the mill start-up. In addition, certification delays for an exposed liner necessitated modifications to the heap-leach stacking plan which led to deferred production early in 2014. Total cash costs increased 13% due to lower recoverable grade mined and production caused by the mill start-up delay. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production was 54,000oz at a total cash cost of \$895/oz compared to 47,000oz at a total cash cost of \$825/oz during the same quarter a year ago. In **Argentina**, Cerro Vanguardia's production was 246,000oz at a total cash cost of \$692/oz for the year ended December 2014 compared to 241,000oz at a total cash cost of \$622/oz for the year ended December 2013. At the end of 2014, Cerro Vanguardia (CVSA) achieved its highest annual production in 11 years. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production was 64,000oz at a total cash cost of \$780/oz compared to 61,000oz at a total cash cost of \$672/oz during the same quarter a year ago. CVSA's gold production was higher mainly due to the effect of higher heap leach production from higher low-grade material processed. The deterioration in total cash costs reflected lower silver by-product credits, negative stockpile movement and ongoing inflationary pressures. Wage increases were finalised in October and were partially offset by a higher exchange rate and the positive impact of higher production from the leach pad.

In **Australia**, production for the year ended December 2014 was 620,000oz at a total cash cost of \$804/oz, compared to 342,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,047/oz for the year ended December 2013. All-in sustaining costs were at \$986/oz for the year ended December 2014, compared to \$1,376/oz achieved for the year ended December 2013. The increased production is due to the first full year of production from the new Tropicana mine. During the fourth quarter of 2014, production was 157,000oz at a total cash cost of \$729/oz compared to 169,000oz at a total cash cost of \$640/oz during the same quarter a year ago.

At Sunrise Dam production for the year ended December 2014 was 262,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,105/oz, compared to 276,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,110/oz for the year ended December 2013. During the fourth quarter of 2014 production decreased to 61,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,083/oz compared to 102,000oz at a total cash cost of \$685/oz in the same quarter a year ago, as lower grades were mined in line with the mine plan. Production in the fourth quarter of 2013 was higher and costs lower because high grade ore from the crown pillar was mined in the final phase of the open pit. The underground mine delivered record quarterly ore production of 675,000 tonnes in the fourth quarter, representing a 10% increase over the previous quarter and contributing to a 32% increase in underground ore mined for the year from 1.8Mt in 2013 to 2.3Mt in 2014.

An excellent quarter contributed to Tropicana achieving production guidance. Production for the year ended December 2014 was 358,000oz at a total cash cost of \$545/oz, compared to 66,000oz at a total cash cost of \$568/oz for the year ended December 2013. During the fourth quarter of 2014 production increased 45% to 96,000oz at a total cash cost of \$482/oz compared to 66,000oz a total cash cost of \$569/oz in the same quarter a year ago. The high fourth quarter production was due to higher ore tonnes mined, enabling a higher head grade to be delivered to the plant through effective grade streaming. Despite higher maintenance costs, total cash costs decreased by 33%, due mainly to the deferral of waste mining costs in the Havana 2 Pit and the higher gold production.

Regulatory approvals were received during the quarter to complete the expansion of the borefield that supplies process water to the operation in Tropicana. The borefield capacity increased steadily through the quarter and it is expected that by the end of the March 2015 quarter an additional 27 bores will have been installed and commissioned. This would take the number of bores servicing the plant to 51, with a total capacity of more than 1,000 tph, providing ample redundancy for the site's water requirements.

UPDATE ON CAPITAL PROJECTS

In the Americas, the Mine Life Extension project at CC&V (\$585m approved cost over 5 years) is progressing on schedule. Capital spending in 2014 was near plan and primarily related to the Mine Life Extension 2 (MLE2) project. The MLE2 project includes a new Mill and a new Valley Leach Facility with an associated gold recovery plant. Mill construction is 98% complete. Testing and commissioning of completed systems is progressing in parallel with completing the electrical construction. The mill began commissioning and mill ore feed and production ramp up is expected to start in the first quarter of 2015. The new Valley Leach facility and associated gold recovery plant are still scheduled to start production in 2016.

At Obuasi, development of a decline from surface to the existing mining blocks continued in 2014. The decline is expected to allow development of the appropriate infrastructure to enable mechanised operations and de-bottleneck the mine, which was constrained by an outmoded, labour-intensive mining method and also ageing and sub-optimal vertical hoisting infrastructure. By year-end, Obuasi successfully transitioned to limited operations and the entire work force was retrenched with subsequent recruitment of a limited number of employees on a one-year, fixed-term contract while the feasibility study progressed.

In Kibali, the limited Relocation Action Plan (RAP) for Mofu was completed while the Gorumbwa RAP is expected to commence during 2015 with planned completion in 2016. A significant number new houses and a church were built and completed by year end. The focus for 2015 has moved to the completion of the paste plant and the second hydropower station. The sinking of the vertical shaft remained ahead of schedule with a shaft depth of 720m at the end of the quarter, with only 40m of sinking remaining to reach the

proposed shaft bottom. The development of the decline system continued well during the quarter and remained ahead of plan. Blasting of the first stope took place during the fourth quarter of 2014. The focus remains on stoping as well as the development of the ventilation infrastructure. Total capital expenditure was \$386.5m for the year and \$95.3m for the quarter ended 31 December 2014 at 100%. The construction of the metallurgical facility is now completed with only limited items on a punch list, which is expected to lead to reduced spend going forward.

TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION UPDATE

The Technology Innovation Consortium made important progress to develop technology to safely extract ore from underground mines in South Africa. The company plans to further develop the work towards a more efficient, cost effective technology to extract ore from areas not suitable for conventional mining. Progress on key technologies include:

Reef Boring

TauTona mine – Test site:

Eight holes were drilled during the fourth quarter of 2014, making a total of 30 holes for the year ended 31 December 2014. Failure on the gearbox and drill rods hampered the performance of the machine and has since been refurbished. Equipping of an extension to the test site is expected to continue during the first quarter, while drilling is expected to continue in the second quarter of 2015.

TauTona mine – Prototype site

In the fourth quarter, a total of 15 holes were drilled in the prototype sites. The Atlantis machine was removed from underground in the third quarter of 2014 and modified to allow operation in raise boring mode. Industrial engineers conducted time and motion studies on the machines to identify shortcomings in both the technical and work management aspects to improve the machine performance. Findings are expected to be applied during the first quarter of 2015.

Great Noligwa and Kopanang mine test sites

The softer footwall composition associated with the C-reef continued to pose a challenge to the HPE narrow reef boring machine. This method of drilling requires a double pass drilling sequence. Different hammer configurations/dimensions were tested on the HPE machine however with no successful completion on reef extraction across the full length of the planned hole as the cutter head deflected or got stuck. The technology was then tested in the Vaal-reef where the footwall conditions are harder and more consistent, after the machine was moved to Kopanang mine. Alternative technologies, such as Thermal Spalling which has shown encouraging results in the initial test work at Kopanang mine, may be investigated as possible solutions to extracting the narrow C-reef vein at Great Noligwa mine.

Ore body Knowledge and Exploration

Orebody knowledge and exploration plays a critical part in the mine design of an orebody. Enhanced geological information is expected to improve current planning practices and to be essential in the application of mechanical reef mining. In order to mine the different reef packages optimally, the location of the reef terraces, structural information and time to analyse geological information are essential for the success of mechanical mining methods.

Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling Trial 6 was completed in the fourth quarter of the year with four holes drilled. A new compressor increasing the air pressure and volume was tested. Improved drilling rates and an overall 294m depth (drill string length available) was reached in line with the set target of 8m/hour and depths of 270m to 300m. Accuracy and deflection remain a focus and are expected to be addressed when testing the stabilisers in trial 7 by the end of the first quarter in 2015.

Ultra High Strength Backfill (UHSB)

The successful development of this ultra-high strength backfill (UHSB) product, together with the Reef Boring technology, for use in mining applications as a support medium, replacing the need for current local and regional support, creates the potential for earlier shaft pillar mining, pre-extraction of planned stabilising pillars, post extraction of already created stabilising pillars and changing the current conventional mining method to a mechanical reef boring method.

Achieving this requires the development of a cost effective, UHSB formula, which on curing is expected to attain 170 - 200 MPa strength (Uniaxial Compressive Strength). Surface testing to increase the mixing volume from 4m³/hour to 8m³/hour has seen positive results. Alternative mixing methodologies have been developed on a laboratory scale mixer in Germany. A full scale prototype mixer was manufactured, delivered and commissioned. Initial trials indicated positive results. Mixing trials to increase the volume per mix as well as reducing the mixing times are expected to continue in the first quarter of 2015.

As part of the on-going process to install instrumentation, a software data logging system was installed and commissioned in the production site block. Data are currently being captured and analysed. Surface tailings dry plant has been commissioned on surface at TauTona mine.

EXPLORATION UPDATE

Total expensed exploration and evaluation costs (including technology) during the fourth quarter, inclusive of expenditure at equity accounted joint ventures, were \$48m (\$12m on Brownfield, \$13m on Greenfield and \$23m on pre-feasibility studies), compared to \$48m for the same quarter during the previous year, 2013.

GREENFIELDS EXPLORATION

During the year ended 31 December 2014, Greenfields focussed its project portfolio with significant tenure rationalisation completed in Colombia and Australia. AngloGold Ashanti remains committed to its core Greenfields projects comprised of over 13,000km² of highly-prospective ground in three countries; Australia, Colombia, and Guinea. Total expenditure for the quarter was \$13m, which included 7,192m of diamond and RC drilling.

In Colombia, resource drilling continued on the Nuevo Chaquiro deposit at Quebradona, a joint venture with B2Gold (AngloGold Ashanti 89.75%), with the objective of defining the limits of the higher grade zone and infill drilling on this part of the resource to an indicated status. During the quarter 5,265m of diamond drilling, in five holes was carried out with two drill rigs. Multiple consistently mineralised intersections have been returned from within the high grade (>0.6% Cu) intrusive phase within the declared resource. The latest drill results from the drilling include CHA-057 which intersected 1088m @ 0.82% Cu and 0.41 g/t Au from 238m and CHA-058 intersected 1086m @ 0.87% Cu and 0.44 g/t Au from 144m. These two holes significantly extended high grade (>0.6% Cu) mineralisation towards surface and towards the southwest.

In Australia, at the Tropicana JV, airborne magnetic and radiometric surveys were completed in Q4 over tenements in the south of the project. Further encouraging results were returned from Aircore (AC) and Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling at the Madras prospect approximately 25km south of the Tropicana Gold Mine. At the Mullion Project (AngloGold Ashanti 100%) in New South Wales, land access was secured and ground gravity geophysical surveying was completed in the latter part of the year. Processing and interpretation of data is ongoing.

In Guinea, Greenfields was focused on the handover of technical and administrative data for Blocks 2-4 to the AngloGold Ashanti Brownfields division. Field work was put on temporary suspension as a precautionary measure due to the Ebola outbreak.

BROWNFIELDS EXPLORATION

A total of 82,900m of diamond and RC drilling was completed during the fourth quarter of 2014. Exploration on brownfields was carried out in eleven countries.

In the South Africa region, Brownfields exploration continued with a total of 5 surface holes drilled during the year. This included four at the West Wits operations at Mponeng's Western Ultra Deep Levels (WUDLs) and one at the Vaal River operations.

In Argentina, at Cerro Vanguardia, drilling programmes for Mineral Resource expansion and exploration continued during the year. Follow up drilling for vein extensions along strike and at depth, guided by geophysical surveys, identified additional mill ore. Mapping, trenching and channel sampling work were completed in order to define new exploration targets.

In Brazil, the Mineral Resource development drilling programmes continued at the Cuiabá and Lamego mines with a focus on support to long-term planning and Mineral Resource definition ahead of mining. The surface drilling programs at the Córrego do Sítio mine continued to infill and expand oxide Mineral Resource with regional exploration conducted to test near-mine satellite projects. At Serra Grande, the exploration drilling continued to delineate the Inga mineralised structure. Geophysical surveys and soil sampling campaigns were completed as part of the target generation programs in the district.

In Colombia, exploration in the Gramalote area was focused on infill drilling to support the updated Mineral Resource estimation for the Gramalote Central deposit. Drilling programs were also conducted to expand the nearby Monjas West target. At La Colosa, Mineral Resource development drilling continued at a slower pace compared to previous years as emphasis on other project related drilling expanded to support geotechnical, hydrological and site infrastructure studies. The geological model was updated during the year as part of Mineral Resource addition that expanded the deposit to the northwest and at depth.

In the United States of America, the Mineral Resource development drilling programme continued at Cripple Creek and Victor. Drilling was directed toward identifying expansion opportunities for the current open pit operations through high wall laybacks with selective drilling also conducted to test deeper targets below or adjacent to planned open pit designs that may provide additional mill feed material.

In Tanzania, at Geita, drilling concentrated largely on infill drilling programmes within current open pits (Geita Hill, Nyankanga and Star & Comet) and extensions thereof. Limited pre-resource drilling programs were undertaken to test the underground potential at Star & Comet Deeps. A total of 111 holes (20,220m) were completed.

In Guinea, at Siguiri, 17,823m of RC and DD were drilled across a total of 6 projects in Block 1. These included reconnaissance, Mineral Resource delineation, and infill projects for both oxide and fresh rock mineralisation. The Ebola epidemic in West Africa caused significant disruptions, particularly with field mapping and geophysics and the work programme was suspended in the middle of the year.

In Ghana, at Obuasi, no surface exploration took place. Underground exploration focused on a portion of the Red Zone 6 (Block 9) area above 50 Level, drilling from the 41S-294W cross cut. The objective of the drilling program was to upgrade Inferred Mineral Resource

within the block. 24 holes were completed (4,115m). At Iduapriem, the major focus for the early part of 2014 was the logging, sampling and analysis of core from the 2013 Block 7&8 infill drilling program. During the year, several new products were produced from the existing regional magnetic data over the Iduapriem concession. Analysis of a distinct magnetic anomaly in an area west of the Teberebie warehouse, which is also being exploited by Artisanal Small-scale Miners, led to the identification of hydrothermal, vein-hosted, mineralisation. Initial sampling results show some promise and a detailed follow-up will commence in 2015.

In the Democratic Republic of the Congo, at Kibali, drilling totalled 19,018m, with an additional 1,666m drilled on regional projects. The exploration philosophy remains to add material to Ore Reserve at above run of mine grade, to find gap fillers where required, or to add sufficient new material (3-5 Moz) to induce a forced step change to the operation. At Gorumbwa, three phases of infill drilling were completed during the year, with the last phase completed in October. A revised Mineral Resource estimation was completed in November and showed 470,500oz from 4.56Mt @ 3.21g/t (within the \$1500 shell at 0.5g/t cut-off), with 22% of the Mineral Resource remaining Inferred.

In Mali, at Sadiola work was completed on a number of key oxide targets that were identified. CET research continued during the year and a structural framework for mineralisation was defined for Tambali and the FE complex. The most promising target, FE2S, shows potential for low grade, wide ore zones over a 1.2km strike length. Results are outstanding for drilling between FN2 and FN3 along the Sadiola northern extension where there is upside potential for more oxides. Limited fresh rock exploration was conducted in the FE3 and FE4 pits with positive results received from both. A scoping level study was done for the newly generated Tambali Mineral Resource and upside potential model to ascertain the economic potential. Drilling targets were defined for a possible infill programme. Field mapping and sampling continued over the lease area and the geology map has been refined with new information from most target areas.

In Australia, a 3D seismic survey to image the mineralised zone down dip of Tropicana was designed and completed during the year. The 3D seismic dataset is high quality and is being interpreted to create a structural model that will be used to help plan drill holes in 2015. At Sunrise Dam all mine exploration was focussed on Mineral Resource definition and extensional activities to support the underground mine. Drilling metres totalled 53.1 km for the year, of which 67% was diamond core and 33% UG-RC. Drilling in 2014 targeted the Vogue/Dolly area (42%); Cosmo East (23%); Sunrise Shear (22%) and GQ South (13%). Drilling in Vogue/Dolly saw an Indicated Mineral Resource defined above the 1,700mRL, in line with the plan to start mining stopes in the upper part of Vogue/Dolly area in 2015. In Cosmo East, the mining area has now been upgraded to an Indicated Mineral Resource down to the ~1,500mRL, enabling planned mining below the current 1,625mRL level. The strategy now moves to more extensional drilling and new areas in 2015 to replenish the Inferred Mineral Resource.

OUTLOOK

First Quarter

Production guidance is estimated to be between 900kozs to 940kozs at total cash costs of \$830/oz to \$860/oz, assuming average exchange rates against the US dollar of 11.60 (Rand), 2.60 (Brazil Real), 0.85 (Aus\$) and 9.50 (Argentina Peso), with oil prices at \$70/bl average for the quarter.

This guidance takes into account the slow seasonal ramp-up in production following the Christmas break, ongoing power disruptions and also interruptions to normal operations related to safety-related stoppages, all in South Africa.

Year

Production guidance for 2015 year is estimated to be between 4.0Moz to 4.3Moz, reflecting the sale of the Navachab mine, reduction in production from Mali, cessation of underground production at Obuasi, only partially offset by the ramp-up in production from Cripple Creek & Victor starting after the first quarter.

Total cash costs are estimated to be between \$770/oz to \$820/oz and all in sustaining costs at \$1,000/oz to \$1,050/oz at average exchange rates against the US dollar of 11.60 (Rand), 2.60 (Brazil Real), 0.85 (Aus\$) and 9.50 (Argentina Peso), with oil at \$70/bl average for the year.

The production and cost estimates outlined above do not take into account impacts of any unforeseen operational disruptions or changes to the portfolio.

For 2015, capital expenditure is anticipated to be between \$1.0bn and \$1.1bn. Corporate and marketing costs are estimated to be between \$95m and \$110m and expensed exploration and study costs including equity accounted investments at \$155m to \$175m. Depreciation and amortisation is forecasted at \$860m and interest and finance costs are expected to be \$270m (income statement) and \$240m (cash flow statement).

Other known or unpredictable factors could also have material adverse effects on our future results. Please refer to the Risk Factors section in AngloGold Ashanti's Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2013 that was filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on 14 April 2014 and available on the SEC's homepage at http://www.sec.gov.

MINERAL RESOURCE AND ORE RESERVE

The AngloGold Ashanti Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve are reported in accordance with the minimum standards described by the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code, 2012 Edition), and also conform to the standards set out in the South African Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves (The SAMREC Code, 2007 edition and amended July 2009). Mineral Resource is inclusive of the Ore Reserve component unless otherwise stated. In complying with revisions to the JORC code the changes to AngloGold Ashanti's Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve have been reviewed and it was concluded that none of the changes are material to the overall valuation of the company. AngloGold Ashanti has therefore once again resolved not to provide the detailed reporting as defined in Table 1 of the code. The company will however continue to provide the high level of detail it has in previous years in order to comply with the transparency requirements of the code.

AngloGold Ashanti strives to actively create value by growing its major asset – the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve. This drive is based on active, well-defined brownfields and greenfields exploration programmes, innovation in both geological modelling and mine planning and continual optimisation of its asset portfolio.

GOLD PRICE

The following local prices of gold were used as a basis for estimation in the December 2014 declaration:

	Gold Price		Local pric	es of gold					
	US\$/oz	South Africa ZAR/kg	Australia AUD/oz	Brazil BRL/oz	Argentina ARS/oz				
2014 Ore Reserve	1 100	398 452	1 261	2 801	8 979				
2014 Mineral Resource	1 600	429 803 1 566 3 184 12 3							

The JORC and SAMREC Codes require the use of reasonable economic assumptions. These include long-range commodity price forecasts which are prepared in-house.

MINERAL RESOURCE

The total Mineral Resource decreased from 233.0 million ounces (Moz) in December 2013 to 232.0Moz in December 2014. A gross annual increase of 8.7Moz occurred before depletion and disposals, while the net decrease after allowing for depletion and disposals is 1.0Moz. Changes in economic assumptions from December 2013 to December 2014 resulted in a 6.4Moz decrease to the Mineral Resource, whilst exploration and modelling resulted in an increase of 14.4Moz. Depletion from the Mineral Resource for the year totalled 5.9Moz and the sale of Navachab totalled 3.8Moz. The Mineral Resource has been estimated at a gold price of US\$1,600/oz (2013: US\$1,600/oz).

MINERAL RESOURCE		Moz
Mineral Resource as	at 31 December 2013	233.0
Disposal - Navachab		-3.8
	Sub Total	229.2
Depletion		-5.9
	Sub Total	223.3
Additions		
Nuevo Chaquiro	Maiden Mineral Resource declaration	5.5
La Colosa	Mineral Resource growth due to exploration success	5.1
AGA Mineracao	Exploration success at all three operations	2.1
Sunrise Dam	Revisions to the modelling approach.	1.6
Siguiri	Hard rock exploration additions from three deposits	1.5
Other	Additions less than 0.5Moz	1.5
	Sub Total	240.6

Reductions

Mponeng	Data driven revision to models and a Mineral Resource clean up	-3.4
Kopanang	Mineral Resource clean-up of uneconomic and inaccessible areas	-1.8
Moab Khotsong (Including Great Noligwa)	Exploration driven revisions to models	-1.4
Geita	Increased costs resulting in pit size reductions	-0.9
Other	Reductions less than 0.5Moz	-1.1
Mineral Resource as a	t 31 December 2014	232.0

Rounding of numbers may result in computational discrepancies.

ORE RESERVE

ODE DECEDIVE

The AngloGold Ashanti Ore Reserve reduced from 67.9Moz in December 2013 to 57.5Moz in December 2014. This gross annual decrease of 10.5Moz includes depletion of 4.9Moz and the sale of Navachab 1.9Moz. The balance of 3.7Moz reductions in Ore Reserve, results from changes in economic assumptions between 2013 and 2014 which resulted in a reduction of 3.0Moz to the Ore Reserve, whilst exploration and modelling changes resulted in a reduction of a further 0.7Moz. The Ore Reserve has been estimated using a gold price of US\$1,100/oz (2013: US\$1,100/oz).

ORE RESERVE		Moz
Ore Reserve as at 31 De	ecember 2013	67.9
Disposal - Navachab		-1.9
	Sub Total	66.1
Depletion		-4.9
	Sub Total	61.1
Additions		
Siguri	Inclusion of fresh rock for the Kami deposit	0.6
Sunrise Dam	Exploration success at Vogue	0.4
Other	Additions less than 0.3Moz	1.0
	Sub Total	63.1
Reductions		
Obuasi	Initial results of Feasibility study	-2.6
Mponeng	Revisions to the Carbon Leader and VCR models due to new exploration and development data	-1.3
Moab Khotsong (Including Great Noligwa)	New surface exploration data led to revision of the project Zaaiplaats models	-0.8
CC&V	Increased costs and reduction in sub marginal ounces	-0.4
Other	Reductions less than 0.3Moz	-0.5
Ore Reserve as at 31 De	ecember 2014	57.5

Rounding of numbers may result in computational discrepancies.

BY-PRODUCTS

Several by-products will be recovered as a result of processing of the gold Ore Reserve. These include 55.6kt of uranium oxide from the South African operations, 0.32Mt of sulphur from Brazil and 25.1Moz of silver from Argentina.

N 4 - -

The initial publication of the Nuevo Chaquiro Mineral Resource added 3.55MT of copper, 76.5Moz of Silver and 62.9kt of Molybdenum.

COMPETENT PERSONS

The information in this report relating to exploration results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by or under the supervision of the Competent Persons as defined in the JORC or SAMREC Codes. All Competent Persons are employed by AngloGold Ashanti, unless stated otherwise, and have sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which they are undertaking. The Competent Persons consent to the inclusion of Exploration Results, Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve information in this report, in the form and context in which it appears. The legal tenure of each operation and project has been verified to the satisfaction of the accountable Competent Person.

During the past decade, the company has developed and implemented a rigorous system of internal and external reviews aimed at providing assurance in respect of Ore Reserve and Mineral Resource estimates. The following operations were subject to an external review in line with the policy that each operation project will be reviewed by an independent third party on average once every three years:

- Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve at Mponeng
- Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve at Moab Khotsong
- Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve at Iduapriem
- Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve at Sunrise Dam
- Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve at Cerro Vanguardia
- Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve at Serra Grande
- Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve at Obuasi

The external reviews were conducted by the following companies The Mineral Corporation (Mponeng and Moab Khotsong Mines), Coffey Mining (Iduapriem Mine), Snowden (Sunrise Dam Mine), Optiro (Cerro Vanguardia and Serra Grande Mines), AMEC (Obuasi Mineral Resource) and SRK (Obuasi Ore Reserve). Certificate of competence documentation has been received from all companies conducting the external reviews to state that the Mineral Resource and/or Ore Reserve comply with the JORC Code and the SAMREC Code.

Numerous internal Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve process reviews were completed by suitably qualified Competent Persons from within AngloGold Ashanti. A documented chain of responsibility exists from the Competent Persons at the operations to the company's Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve Steering Committee.

Accordingly, the Chairman of the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve Steering Committee, VA Chamberlain, MSc (Mining Engineering), BSc (Hons) (Geology), MGSSA, FAusIMM, assumes responsibility for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve processes for AngloGold Ashanti and is satisfied that the Competent Persons have fulfilled their responsibilities. VA Chamberlain has 27 years' experience in exploration and mining and is employed full-time by AngloGold Ashanti and can be contacted at the following address: 76 Jeppe Street, Newtown, 2001, South Africa.

A detailed breakdown of Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve and backup detail is provided on the AngloGold Ashanti website (www.anglogoldashanti.com) and www.aga-reports.com.

MINERAL RESOURCE BY REGION (ATTRIBUTABLE) INCLUSIVE OF ORE RESERVE

MINITAL REGOORGE DI	KEOIOII (ATTKID	OTABLE) INOL	CONTE OF OR	IL INDOLINAL	
Gold		Tonnes	Grade	Contained	gold
as at 31 December 2014	Category	million	g/t	Tonnes	Moz
South Africa	Measured	147.19	2.35	345.91	11.12
	Indicated	946.99	1.93	1,829.48	58.82
	Inferred	47.34	10.31	487.87	15.69
	Total	1,141.52	2.33	2,663.26	85.63
Continental Africa	Measured	79.94	3.07	245.06	7.88
	Indicated	419.68	2.59	1,086.73	34.94
	Inferred	277.85	2.40	667.86	21.47
	Total	777.47	2.57	1,999.66	64.29
Australasia	Measured	31.77	1.43	45.46	1.46
	Indicated	83.83	2.25	188.70	6.07
	Inferred	23.35	2.73	63.84	2.05
	Total	138.95	2.14	298.00	9.58
Americas	Measured	284.50	1.15	326.31	10.49
	Indicated	1,195.53	0.94	1,128.97	36.30
	Inferred	1,076.04	0.74	799.23	25.70
	Total	2,556.07	0.88	2,254.52	72.48
AngloGold Ashanti total	Measured	543.41	1.77	962.74	30.95
	Indicated	2,646.03	1.60	4,233.89	136.12
	Inferred	1,424.57	1.42	2,018.80	64.91
	Total	4,614.01	1.56	7,215.43	231.98
	Total	4,614.01	1.56	7,215.43	231.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

MINERAL RESOURCE BY REGION (ATTRIBUTABLE) EXCLUSIVE OF ORE RESERVE

Gold	,	Tonnes	Grade	Contained	gold
as at 31 December 2014	Category	million	g/t	Tonnes	Moz
South Africa	Measured	15.75	15.17	239.06	7.69
	Indicated	251.24	3.49	877.25	28.20
	Inferred	13.43	18.32	246.09	7.91
	Total	280.43	4.86	1,362.39	43.80
Continental Africa	Measured	36.80	4.89	179.78	5.78
	Indicated	215.36	2.58	556.29	17.89
	Inferred	276.82	2.39	661.34	21.26
	Total	528.97	2.64	1,397.41	44.93
Australasia	Measured	3.50	0.83	2.89	0.09
	Indicated	55.33	2.18	120.88	3.89
	Inferred	23.35	2.73	63.84	2.05
	Total	82.18	2.28	187.62	6.03
Americas	Measured	157.88	1.15	181.18	5.83
	Indicated	1,126.20	0.90	1,017.56	32.72
	Inferred	1,064.18	0.74	784.22	25.21
	Total	2,348.27	0.84	1,982.97	63.75
AngloGold Ashanti total	Measured	213.94	2.82	602.91	19.38
	Indicated	1,648.14	1.56	2,571.98	82.69
	Inferred	1,377.77	1.27	1,755.49	56.44
	Total	3,239.84	1.52	4,930.39	158.52

ORE RESERVE BY REGION (ATTRIBUTABLE)

Gold		Tonnes	Grade	Contained	gold
as at 31 December 2014	Category	million	g/t	Tonnes	Moz
South Africa	Proved	133.45	0.64	85.20	2.74
	Probable	713.99	1.08	768.72	24.71
	Total	847.45	1.01	853.92	27.45
Continental Africa	Proved	44.95	1.52	68.12	2.19
	Probable	203.84	2.55	520.67	16.74
	Total	248.78	2.37	588.79	18.93
Australasia	Proved	28.27	1.51	42.57	1.37
	Probable	28.19	2.38	67.09	2.16
	Total	56.46	1.94	109.66	3.53
Americas	Proved	124.64	1.01	126.14	4.06
	Probable	72.87	1.50	109.03	3.51
	Total	197.51	1.19	235.17	7.56
AngloGold Ashanti total	Proved	331.30	0.97	322.03	10.35
	Probable	1,018.90	1.44	1,465.51	47.12
	Total	1,350.20	1.32	1,787.54	57.47

Independent auditor's review report on the Condensed Consolidated Financial Information for the quarter and twelve months ended 31 December 2014 to the Shareholders of AngloGold Ashanti Limited

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated financial statements of AngloGold Ashanti Limited (the company) contained in the accompanying quarterly report on pages 16 to 30, which comprise the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the condensed consolidated income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the quarter and twelve months then ended, and selected explanatory notes.

Directors' Responsibility for the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard, IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), the SAICA Financial Reporting Guides, as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Reporting Pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council, and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (ISRE) 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. This standard requires us to conclude whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial statements are not prepared in all material respects in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. This standard also requires us to comply with relevant ethical requirements.

A review of interim financial statements in accordance with ISRE 2410 is a limited assurance engagement. We perform procedures, primarily consisting of making enquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures and evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in a review are substantially less than and differ in nature from those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of the company for the quarter and twelve months ended 31 December 2014 are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard, IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as issued by the IASB, the SAICA Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Reporting Pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Ernst & Young Inc.
Director – Roger Hillen
Registered Auditor
Chartered Accountant (SA)
102 Rivonia Road, Sandton

Johannesburg, South Africa 19 February 2015

Group income statement

		Quarter ended December 2014	Quarter ended September 2014	Quarter ended December 2013	Year ended December 2014	Year ended December 2013
US Dollar million	Notes	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
Revenue	2	1,324	1,337	1,474	5,378	5,708
Gold income	2	1,278	1,295	1,418	5,218	5,497
Cost of sales	3	(1,061)	(1,052)	(1,042)	(4,190)	(4,146)
Gain on non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts		5	30	28	15	94
Gross profit		222	273	404	1,043	1,445
Corporate administration, marketing and other expenses		(23)	(24)	(37)	(92)	(201)
Exploration and evaluation costs		(45)	(37)	(41)	(144)	(255)
Other operating expenses	4	(7)	(9)	(1)	(28)	(19)
Special items	5	(182)	(54)	(90)	(260)	(3,410)
Operating (loss) profit		(35)	149	235	519	(2,440)
Dividends received	2		-	-	-	5
Interest received	2	6	6	15	24	39
Exchange gain (loss)		5	4	4	(7)	14
Finance costs and unwinding of obligations	6	(67)	(69)	(75)	(278)	(296)
Fair value adjustment on \$1.25bn bonds		63	20	(12)	(17)	(58)
Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bonds		-	-	-	-	9
Fair value adjustment on mandatory convertible bonds		-	-	-	-	356
Share of associates and joint ventures' profit (loss)	7	22	19	4	(25)	(162)
(Loss) profit before taxation		(6)	129	171	216	(2,533)
Taxation	8	(49)	(85)	(426)	(255)	333
(Loss) profit for the period	_	(55)	44	(255)	(39)	(2,200)
Allocated as follows:						
Equity shareholders		(58)	41	(305)	(58)	(2,230)
Non-controlling interests	<u> </u>	3	3	50	19	30
	_	(55)	44	(255)	(39)	(2,200)
Basic (loss) earnings per ordinary share (cents) (1)		(14)	10	(75)	(14)	(568)
Diluted (loss) earnings per ordinary share (cents) (2)		(14)	10	(75)	(14)	(631)

⁽¹⁾ Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

The reviewed financial statements for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2014 have been prepared by the corporate accounting staff of AngloGold Ashanti Limited headed by Mr John Edwin Staples (BCompt (Hons); CGMA), the Group's Chief Accounting Officer. This process was supervised by Ms Kandimathie Christine Ramon (CA (SA)), the Group's Chief Financial Officer and Mr Srinivasan Venkatakrishnan (BCom; ACA (ICAI)), the Group's Chief Executive Officer. The financial statements for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2014 were reviewed, but not audited, by the Group's statutory auditors, Ernst & Young Inc. A copy of their unmodified review report is available for inspection at the company's head office.

 $^{^{\}left(2\right)}$ Calculated on the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares.

Group statement of comprehensive income

	Quarter ended December	Quarter ended September	Quarter ended December	Year ended December	Year ended December
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
US Dollar million	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
(Loss) profit for the period	(55)	44	(255)	(39)	(2,200)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(67)	(118)	(85)	(201)	(433)
Share of associates and joint ventures' other comprehensive income	_	(1)	-	-	-
Net gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets Release on impairment of available-for-sale	1	(10)	-	-	(23)
financial assets Release on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	1	-	1	2	30
Cash flow hedges	(1)	-	- 1	(1)	(1) 1
Deferred taxation thereon	(1)	4	-	(1)	2
	-	(6)	2	-	9
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Actuarial (loss) gain recognised	(31)	(7)	52	(22)	69
Deferred taxation thereon	8	2	(15)	6	(20)
	(23)	(5)	37	(16)	49
Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax	(90)	(130)	(46)	(217)	(375)
Total comprehensive loss for the					
period, net of tax	(145)	(86)	(301)	(256)	(2,575)
Allocated as follows:					
Equity shareholders	(148)	(89)	(351)	(275)	(2,605)
Non-controlling interests	3	3	50	19	30
	(145)	(86)	(301)	(256)	(2,575)

Group statement of financial position

		As at	As at	As at
		December	September	December
		2014	2014	2013
US Dollar million	Notes	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Tangible assets		4,863	4,839	4,815
Intangible assets		225	247	267
Investments in associates and joint ventures		1,427	1,373	1,327
Other investments		126	127	131
Inventories		636	606	586
Trade and other receivables		20	30	29
Deferred taxation		127	160	177
Cash restricted for use		36	38	31
Other non-current assets	_	25	47	41
_	_	7,485	7,467	7,404
Current assets				
Other investments		-	-	1
Inventories		888	959	1,053
Trade and other receivables		278	312	369
Cash restricted for use		15	15	46
Cash and cash equivalents	_	468	557	648
New assessment assessment health for each	4.4	1,649	1,843	2,117
Non-current assets held for sale	14 _	4.040	4.042	153
	_	1,649	1,843	2,270
TOTAL ASSETS		9,134	9,310	9,674
TOTAL AGGLIG		3,134	3,310	3,014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Share capital and premium	11	7,041	7,036	7,006
Accumulated losses and other reserves	_	(4,196)	(4,051)	(3,927)
Shareholders' equity		2,845	2,985	3,079
Non-controlling interests	_	26	25	28
Total equity	_	2,871	3,010	3,107
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings		3,498	3,521	3,633
Environmental rehabilitation and other provisions		1,052	1,022	963
Provision for pension and post-retirement benefits		147	142	152
Trade, other payables and deferred income		15	13	4
Deferred taxation		567	597	579
	_	5,279	5,295	5,331
Current liabilities				
Borrowings		223	159	258
Trade, other payables and deferred income		695	751	820
Bank overdraft		-	13	20
Taxation	_	66	82	81
		984	1,005	1,179
Non-current liabilities held for sale	14	-	-	57
	_	984	1,005	1,236
Total liabilities	_	0.000	0.000	0.507
Total liabilities		6,263	6,300	6,567
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		9,134	9,310	9,674

Group statement of cash flows

	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Year ended	Year ended
	December 2014	September 2014	December 2013	December 2014	December 2013
US Dollar million	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from customers	1,318	1,358	1,479	5,351	5,709
Payments to suppliers and employees	(1,060)	(997)	(1,039)	(3,978)	(4,317)
Cash generated from operations	258	361	440	1,373	1,392
Dividends received from joint ventures	-	-	-	-	18
Taxation refund	3	-	22	41	23
Taxation paid	(48)	(41)	(31)	(194)	(187)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	213	320	431	1,220	1,246
Cash flows from investing activities					
Capital expenditure	(314)	(222)	(372)	(1,013)	(1,501)
Interest capitalised and paid	-	-	-	(1)	(5)
Expenditure on intangible assets	(2)	-	(17)	(5)	(68)
Proceeds from disposal of tangible assets	-	4	2	31	10
Other investments acquired	(17)	(14)	(18)	(79)	(91)
Proceeds from disposal of other investments	14	15	15	73	81
Investments in associates and joint ventures	(3)	(10)	(78)	(65)	(472)
Proceeds from disposal of associates and joint ventures	- (50)	-	-	- (=0)	6
Loans advanced to associates and joint ventures	(50)	-	(14)	(56)	(41)
Loans repaid by associates and joint ventures	16	4	-	20	33
Dividends received	•	-	-	-	5
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiary	•	-	-	105	2
Cash in subsidiary disposed and transfers to held for sale	-	-	3	2	(2)
Decrease (increase) in cash restricted for use	2	(1)	(13)	24	(20)
Interest received Net cash outflow from investing activities	5 (349)	(220)	(482)	(943)	(2,040)
		, ,	, ,	, ,	, , ,
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from borrowings	182	338	238	611	2,344
Repayment of borrowings	(72)	(386)	(260)	(761)	(1,486)
Finance costs paid	(38)	(83)	(42)	(245)	(200)
Revolving credit facility and bond transaction costs	-	(9)	(2)	(9)	(36)
Dividends paid Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	(8) 64	(6)	(11)	(17)	(62) 560
		, ,		, ,	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(72)	(46)	(128)	(144)	(234)
Translation	(4)	(10)	(5)	(16)	(30)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	544	600	761	628	892
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (1)	468	544	628	468	628
Cash generated from operations					
(Loss) profit before taxation	(6)	129	171	216	(2,533)
Adjusted for:	(5)	(00)	(00)	(40)	(0.4)
Movement on non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts Amortisation of tangible assets	(5) 214	(29) 182	(28) 202	(13) 750	(94) 775
Finance costs and unwinding of obligations	67	69	75		296
Environmental, rehabilitation and other expenditure	24		(37)	278 32	(66)
Special items	21	(6) 14	88	31	3,399
Amortisation of intangible assets	9	9	9	36	24
Fair value adjustment on \$1.25bn bonds	(63)	(20)	12	17	58
Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bonds	(03)	(20)	12	-	(9)
Fair value adjustment on mandatory convertible bonds	•	-	-	-	(356)
Interest received	- (6)				, ,
	(6) (22)	(6) (19)	(15) (4)	(24) 25	(39) 162
Share of accordates and joint ventures' (profit) loss		19	7	68	25
Share of associates and joint ventures' (profit) loss Other pop-cash movements				00	25
Other non-cash movements	6 19			(43)	(250)
, , ,	6 19 258	19 361	(40) 440	(43) 1,373	(250) 1,392
Other non-cash movements Movements in working capital	19	19	(40)		
Other non-cash movements	19 258	19 361	(40) 440	1,373	1,392
Other non-cash movements Movements in working capital Movements in working capital	19	19	(40) 440 (26)	1,373	1,392
Other non-cash movements Movements in working capital Movements in working capital Decrease (increase) in inventories	19 258 32	19 361 33	(40) 440	1,373	1,392

⁽i) The cash and cash equivalents balance at 31 December 2014 includes a bank overdraft included in the statement of financial position as part of current liabilities of nil (30 September 2014 : \$13m; 31 December 2013: \$20m).

Group statement of changes in equity

			Equity h	olders of the	e parent					
	Share			Cash	Available		Foreign			
	capital	Other	Accumu-	flow	for	Actuarial	currency		Non-	
	and	capital	lated	hedge	sale	(losses)	translation		controlling	Total
US Dollar million	premium	reserves	losses	reserve	reserve	gains	reserve	Total	interests	equity
Balance at 31 December 2012	6,742	177	(806)	(2)	13	(90)	(561)	5,473	21	5,494
Loss for the period			(2,230)					(2,230)	30	(2,200)
Other comprehensive income (loss)				1	8	49	(433)	(375)		(375)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	-	-	(2,230)	1	8	49	(433)	(2,605)	30	(2,575)
Shares issued	264							264		264
Share-based payment for share awards net of exercised		(13)						(13)		(13)
Dividends paid			(40)					(40)		(40)
Dividends of subsidiaries								-	(23)	(23)
Translation		(28)	15		(3)	16		-		-
Balance at 31 December 2013	7,006	136	(3,061)	(1)	18	(25)	(994)	3,079	28	3,107
Balance at 31 December 2013	7,006	136	(3,061)	(1)	18	(25)	(994)	3,079	28	3,107
Loss for the period	1,000		(58)	(-)		(=0)	(00.)	(58)	19	(39)
Other comprehensive loss			(,			(16)	(201)	(217)		(217)
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(58)	-	-	(16)	(201)	(275)	19	(256)
Shares issued	35							35		35
Share-based payment for share awards net of exercised		6						6		6
Dividends of subsidiaries								-	(21)	(21)
Translation		(10)	10		(1)	1		-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2014	7,041	132	(3,109)	(1)	17	(40)	(1,195)	2,845	26	2,871

Segmental reporting

AngloGold Ashanti's operating segments are being reported based on the financial information provided to the Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Committee, collectively identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). Individual members of the Executive Committee are responsible for geographic regions of the business.

	Q	uarter ended		Year ende	d
	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013	Dec 2014	Dec 2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
Gold income		05	Dollar million		
South Africa	355	410	428	1,527	1,810
Continental Africa	538	500	568	2,105	2,111
Australasia	183	197	192	785	441
Americas	345	311	335	1,270	1,425
	1,420	1,419	1,523	5,687	5,787
Equity-accounted investments included above	(142)	(123)	(105)	(469)	(290)
	1,278	1,295	1,418	5,218	5,497
Gross profit (loss)					
South Africa	44	76	134	216	510
Continental Africa	121	116	117	469	475
Australasia	19	24	30	125	(9)
Americas	73	76	125	309	516
Corporate and other	5	-	5	-	-
·	262	292	410	1,119	1,492
Equity-accounted investments included above	(40)	(19)	(6)	(76)	(47)
•	222	273	404	1,043	1,445
Capital expenditure					
South Africa	79	66	112	264	451
Continental Africa	119	86	212	454	839
Australasia	28	13	35	91	285
Americas	134	93	116	394	410
Corporate and other	3	2	2	6	8
	363	261	477	1,209	1,993
Equity-accounted investments included above	(48)	(38)	(94)	(191)	(411)
	316	222	383	1,018	1,582
		uarter ended		Year ende	
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec
	2014	2014	2013 oz (000)	2014	2013
Gold production					
South Africa	300	314	339	1,223	1,302
Continental Africa	419	410	460	1,597	1,460
Australasia	157	152	169	620	342
Americas	280	251	262	996	1,001
	1,156	1,128	1,229	4,436	4,105
			As at	As at	As at
			Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013
			Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
			US	Dollar million	
Total assets (1)					
Total assets (1) South Africa			2.124	2 166	2 325
South Africa			2,124 3,239	2,166 3,297	2,325 3.391
South Africa Continental Africa			3,239	3,297	3,391
South Africa Continental Africa Australasia			3,239 906	3,297 978	3,391 1,108
			3,239	3,297	3,391

⁽¹⁾ In 2014, pre-tax impairments, derecognition of goodwill, tangible assets and intangible assets of \$10m were accounted for in Continental Africa (2013: \$3,029m in South Africa (\$311m), Continental Africa (\$1,776m) and the Americas (\$942m)).

Notes

for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2014

1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements in this quarterly report have been prepared in accordance with the historic cost convention except for certain financial instruments which are stated at fair value. The group's accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations effective 1 January 2014.

The financial statements of AngloGold Ashanti Limited have been prepared in compliance with IAS 34, IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee, Financial Reporting Pronouncements as issued by Financial Reporting Standards Council, JSE Listings Requirements and in the manner required by the South African Companies Act, 2008 (as amended) for the preparation of financial information of the group for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2014.

2. Revenue

	Q	Quarter ended			
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed		Audited
		US	Dollar million		
Gold income	1,278	1,295	1,418	5,218	5,497
By-products (note 3)	39	34	39	132	149
Dividends received	-	-	-	-	5
Royalties received (note 5)	1	1	1	4	18
Interest received	6	6	15	24	39
	1,324	1,337	1,474	5,378	5,708

3. Cost of sales

	Q	Quarter ended			led
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
		US	Dollar million		
Cash operating costs	780	857	858	3,260	3,274
By-products revenue (note 2)	(39)	(34)	(39)	(132)	(149)
	741	823	819	3,128	3,125
Royalties	28	32	32	131	129
Other cash costs	8	9	10	33	43
Total cash costs	777	864	861	3,292	3,297
Retrenchment costs	9	5	16	24	69
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	47	8	(11)	94	18
Production costs	833	877	866	3,410	3,384
Amortisation of tangible assets	214	182	202	750	775
Amortisation of intangible assets	9	9	9	36	24
Total production costs	1,056	1,068	1,077	4,196	4,183
Inventory change	5	(15)	(35)	(6)	(37)
	1,061	1,052	1,042	4,190	4,146

4. Other operating expenses

	Q	uarter ended	Year ended		
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
		US	Dollar million		
Pension and medical defined benefit provisions	1	2	(1)	6	14
Claims filed by former employees in respect of loss					
of employment, work-related accident injuries and					
diseases, governmental fiscal claims and care and					
maintenance of old tailings operations	4	3	2	15	5
Other expenses	2	4	-	7	-
	7	9	1	28	19

5. Special items

	Q	uarter ended		Year ended	
	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013	Dec 2014	Dec 2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
-		US	Dollar millio	n	
Net impairment and derecognition of goodwill, tangible assets and					
intangible assets (note 9)	9	1	36	10	3,029
Impairment of other investments (note 9)	1	-	1	2	30
Net loss (profit) on disposal and derecognition of land, mineral					
rights, tangible assets and exploration properties (note 9)	2	(2)	-	(25)	(2)
Royalties received (note 2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(4)	(18)
Indirect tax expenses and legal claims	3	3	7	19	43
Inventory write-off due to fire at Geita	-	-	-	-	14
Insurance proceeds on Geita claim	-	-	(13)	-	(13)
Legal fees and other costs related to contract termination and			, ,		, ,
settlement costs	13	7	16	30	19
Write-down of stockpiles and heap leach to net realisable value					
and other stockpile adjustments	1	1	38	2	216
Write-down of consumable stores inventories	5	-	-	5	-
Impairment of other receivables	1	-	-	1	-
Retrenchment and related costs	148	37	4	210	24
Write-off of a loan	-	-	-	-	7
Transaction costs on the \$1.25bn bond and standby facility	-	_	2	-	61
Loss on sale of Navachab (note 14)	-	-	-	2	-
Accelerated deferred loan fees paid on cancellation and					
replacement of US and Australia revolving credit facilities	-	8	-	8	-
•	182	54	90	260	3,410

The group reviews and tests the carrying value of its mining assets (including ore-stock piles) when events or changes in circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

For the quarter and year ended 31 December 2014, no significant asset impairments or reversal of impairments were recognised.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, impairment, derecognition of assets and write-down of inventories to net realisable value and other stockpile adjustments include the following:

- During June 2013, consideration was given to a range of indicators including a decline in gold price, increase in discount rates
 and reduction in market capitalisation. As a result, certain cash generating units' recoverable amounts, including Obuasi and
 Geita in Continental Africa, Moab Khotsong in South Africa and CC&V and AGA Mineração in the Americas, did not support their
 carrying values and impairment losses of \$3,029m were recognised during 2013.
- The indicators were re-assessed as at 31 December 2013 as part of the annual impairment assessment cycle and the conditions
 that arose in June 2013 were largely unchanged and no further cash generating unit impairments arose.

6. Finance costs and unwinding of obligations

	Quarter ended			Year ended	
	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013	Dec 2014	Dec 2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
		US	Dollar million	1	
Finance costs	61	62	67	251	247
Unwinding of obligations, accretion of convertible bonds and					
other discounts	7	7	8	27	49
	67	69	75	278	296

7. Share of associates and joint ventures' profit (loss)

	Quarter ended			Year ended	
	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013	Dec 2014	Dec 2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
		US	Dollar million	1	
Revenue	151	130	117	519	334
Operating costs, special items and other expenses	(120)	(107)	(111)	(523)	(315)
Net interest received	` i	2	` <u>1</u>	6	4
Profit before taxation	32	25	7	2	23
Taxation	(11)	(6)	(2)	(22)	(21)
Profit (loss) after taxation	21	19	5	(20)	2
Net reversal (impairment) of investments in associates and joint				` ,	
ventures (1)	1	-	(1)	(5)	(164)
	22	19	4	(25)	(162)

Net impairments recognised on the entity's investments in equity accounted associates and joint ventures consider quoted share prices, their respective financial positions and anticipated declines in operating results of these entities.

⁽¹⁾ Includes a loan of \$20m recovered during the fourth quarter of 2014, which was impaired in 2013.

In July 2014, AngloGold Ashanti and other shareholders of Rand Refinery (Pty) Limited, an associate of the company, entered into an agreement with Rand Refinery to provide an irrevocable, subordinated loan facility to the maximum value of R1.2 billion (US\$106m). The facility allows for amounts to be advanced to Rand Refinery to compensate third parties in the event that Rand Refinery finally determines that a shortfall of 87 000 ounces of gold actually exists when comparing the physical inventory of Rand Refinery to the records of amounts it holds on behalf of third parties. The facility, once drawn down, will be convertible to equity after a period of 2 years on condition that all shareholders of Rand Refinery agree to the conversion.

The finalisation of the results of Rand Refinery for the years ended 30 September 2013 and 2014 confirmed the existence of the gold shortfall position and resulted in Rand Refinery issuing a notice to the shareholders to draw down an amount of \$89m of the loan facility available. AngloGold Ashanti's portion of the loan funding, including a pro-rata portion of DRD Gold Limited's funding commitment, amounted \$43m. The total investment in Rand Refinery, including the loan facility provided, was tested for impairment, resulting in an impairment of the loan of \$21m included in "net reversal (impairment) of investments in associates and joint ventures" above.

As a result, AngloGold Ashanti reviewed its previous estimates of its share of equity profits accounted for as part of its investment in Rand Refinery, which was based on the unaudited management accounts of Rand Refinery, effectively reducing AngloGold Ashanti's equity investment in Rand Refinery to nil.

8. Taxation

	Quarter ended			Year ended		
	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013	Dec 2014	Dec 2013	
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited	
		US	Dollar million	1		
South African taxation						
Mining tax	(10)	7	1	21	7	
Non-mining tax	15	(7)	-	5	1	
Prior year (over) under provision	(1)	-	(25)	4	(26)	
Deferred taxation						
Temporary differences	(1)	(1)	13	(20)	(39)	
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity	• •	, ,		` ,	, ,	
contracts	1	8	8	4	25	
Change in estimated deferred tax rate	(24)	-	-	(24)	-	
-	(20)	7	(3)	(10)	(32)	
Foreign taxation						
Normal taxation	24	46	96	152	160	
Prior year over provision	-	(5)	-	(17)	(8)	
Deferred taxation ⁽¹⁾		(-)		()	(-)	
Temporary differences	45	37	333	130	(453)	
	69	78	429	265	(301)	
	49	85	426	255	(333)	

⁽¹⁾ Included in temporary differences under Foreign taxation in 2013, is a tax credit relating to impairments and disposal of tangible assets of \$499m and write-down of inventories of \$68m.

9. Headline (loss) earnings

	Quarter ended			Year ended		
	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013	Dec 2014	Dec 2013	
_	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited	
		US	Dollar million	1		
The (loss) profit attributable to equity shareholders has been adjusted by the following to arrive at headline earnings (loss):						
(Loss) profit attributable to equity shareholders	(58)	41	(305)	(58)	(2,230)	
Net impairment and derecognition of goodwill, tangible assets and intangible assets (note 5)	9	1	36	10	3,029	
Net (profit) loss on disposal and derecognition of land, mineral rights, tangible assets and exploration properties (note 5)	2	(2)	-	(25)	(2)	
Loss on sale of Navachab (note 14)	-	-	-	2	-	
Impairment of other investments (note 5)	1	-	1	2	30	
Net (reversal) impairment of investments in associates and joint ventures	(22)	_	1	(22)	164	
Special items of associates and joint ventures	-	=	2	6	2	
Taxation - current portion	-	-	1	6	-	
Taxation - deferred portion	(3)	4	(12)	-	(915)	
	(71)	44	(276)	(79)	78	
Headline (loss) earnings per ordinary share (cents) (1)	(17)	11	(68)	(19)	20	
Diluted headline (loss) earnings per ordinary share (cents) (2)	(17)	11	(68)	(19)	(62)	

Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares.

⁽²⁾ Calculated on the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares.

10. Number of shares

		Quarter ended		Year e	nded		
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec		
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013		
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited		
Authorised number of shares:							
Ordinary shares of 25 SA cents each	600,000,000	600,000,000	600,000,000	600,000,000	600,000,000		
E ordinary shares of 25 SA cents each	4,280,000	4,280,000	4,280,000	4,280,000	4,280,000		
A redeemable preference shares of 50 SA cents							
each	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000		
B redeemable preference shares of 1 SA cent							
Each	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000		
Issued and fully paid number of shares:							
Ordinary shares in issue	404,010,360	403,552,085	402,628,406	404,010,360	402,628,406		
E ordinary shares in issue	· · · · -	685,668	712,006	-	712,006		
Total ordinary shares:	404,010,360	404,237,753	403,340,412	404,010,360	403,340,412		
A redeemable preference shares	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000		
B redeemable preference shares	778,896	778,896	778,896	778,896	778,896		
In calculating the basic and diluted number of ordinary	shares outstandi	ng for the period,	the following we	ere taken into co	nsideration:		
Ordinary shares	403,605,184	403,466,038	402,462,266	403,339,562	389,184,639		
E ordinary shares	589,685	696,371	1,062,510	585,974	1,460,705		
Fully vested options	3,122,215	2,047,889	1,477,629	3,803,514	1,979,920		
Weighted average number of shares	407,317,084	406,210,298	405,002,405	407,729,050	392,625,264		
Dilutive potential of share options	-	2,215,555	-	-	-		
Dilutive potential of convertible bonds					12,921,644		
Diluted number of ordinary shares	407,317,084	408,425,853	405,002,405	407,729,050	405,546,908		

11. Share capital and premium

		As at	
	Dec	Sep	Dec
	2014	2014	2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
	US	Dollar Million	
Balance at beginning of period	7,074	7,074	6,821
Ordinary shares issued	29	25	259
E ordinary shares issued and cancelled	(9)	-	(6)
Sub-total	7,094	7,099	7,074
Redeemable preference shares held within the group	(53)	(53)	(53)
Ordinary shares held within the group	-	-	(6)
E ordinary shares held within the group	-	(10)	(9)
Balance at end of period	7,041	7,036	7,006

12. Exchange rates

	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013
TAR (100)	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
ZAR/USD average for the year to date	10.83	10.70	9.62
ZAR/USD average for the quarter	11.22	10.76	10.12
ZAR/USD closing	11.57	11.28	10.45
AUD/USD average for the year to date	1.11	1.09	1.03
AUD/USD average for the guarter	1.17	1.08	1.08
AUD/USD closing	1.22	1.14	1.12
BRL/USD average for the year to date	2.35	2.29	2.16
BRL/USD average for the quarter	2.54	2.27	2.27
BRL/USD closing	2.66	2.45	2.34
ARS/USD average for the year to date	8.12	7.99	5.48
ARS/USD average for the quarter	8.51	8.30	6.07
ARS/USD closing	8.55	8.43	6.52

13. Capital commitments

	Dec	Sep	Dec
	2014	2014	2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
	US	Dollar Million	
Orders placed and outstanding on capital contracts at the prevailing			
rate of exchange (1)	178	290	437

⁽¹⁾ Includes capital commitments relating to associates and joint ventures.

Liquidity and capital resources

To service the above capital commitments and other operational requirements, the group is dependent on existing cash resources, cash generated from operations and borrowing facilities.

Cash generated from operations is subject to operational, market and other risks. Distributions from operations may be subject to foreign investment, exchange control laws and regulations and the quantity of foreign exchange available in offshore countries. In addition, distributions from joint ventures are subject to the relevant board approval.

The credit facilities and other finance arrangements contain financial covenants and other similar undertakings. To the extent that external borrowings are required, the group's covenant performance indicates that existing financing facilities will be available to meet the above commitments. To the extent that any of the financing facilities mature in the near future, the group believes that sufficient measures are in place to ensure that these facilities can be refinanced.

14. Non-current assets and liabilities held for sale

Effective 30 April 2013, Navachab mine located in Namibia was classified as held for sale. Navachab gold mine was previously recognised as a combination of tangible assets, goodwill, current assets, current and long-term liabilities. On 10 February 2014, AngloGold Ashanti announced that it signed a binding agreement to sell Navachab to a wholly-owned subsidiary of QKR Corporation Ltd (QKR). The purchase consideration consists of two components: an initial cash payment and a deferred consideration in the form of a net smelter return (NSR).

On 30 June 2014, AngloGold Ashanti Limited announced that the sale had been completed in accordance with the sales agreement with all conditions precedent being met. A loss on disposal of \$2m (note 5) was realised on the sale on Navachab.

15. Financial risk management activities

Borrowings

The \$1.25bn bonds and the mandatory convertible bonds settled in September 2013, are carried at fair value. The convertible bonds, settled 99.1% in August 2013 and in full in November 2013, and rated bonds are carried at amortised cost and their fair values are their closing market values at the reporting date. The interest rate on the remaining borrowings is reset on a short-term floating rate basis, and accordingly the carrying amount is considered to approximate fair value.

	As at		
	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013
	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
Carrying amount	3,721	3,680	3,891
Fair value	3,606	3,684	3,704

Derivatives

The fair value of derivatives is estimated based on ruling market prices, volatilities, interest rates and credit risk and includes all derivatives carried in the statement of financial position.

Embedded derivatives and the conversion features of convertible bonds are included as derivatives on the statement of financial position.

The group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

Level 1: quote prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following tables set out the group's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy:

Type of instrument

US Dollar million	Level 1	2 Dec 2	6 Fevel 3	Total	Level 1	Sep 2	6vel 3	Total	Level 1	S ood Fevel 2	6 Kerel 3 Cerel 3 Cere	Total
Assets measured at fair value												
Available-for-sale financial assets												
Equity securities	47	-	-	47	48	-	-	48	47	-	-	47
Liabilities measured at fair value												
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or												
loss												
\$1.25bn bonds	1,374	-	-	1,374	1,410	-	-	1,410	1,353	-	-	1,353

16. Contingencies

AngloGold Ashanti's material contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013 are detailed below:

Contingencies and guarantees

	December	December
	2014	2013
	Reviewed	Audited
	US Dollar mi	llion
Contingent liabilities		
Groundwater pollution (1)		
Deep groundwater pollution – Africa (2)		
Litigation – Ghana (3) (4)	97	97
ODMWA litigation (5)	192	-
Other tax disputes – AngloGold Ashanti Brasil Mineração Ltda (6)	32	38
VAT disputes – Mineração Serra Grande S.A. (7)	15	16
Tax dispute - AngloGold Ashanti Colombia S.A. (8)	162	188
Tax dispute - Cerro Vanguardia S.A. (9)	53	63
Sales tax on gold deliveries – Mineração Serra Grande S.A. (10)	-	101
Contingent assets		
Indemnity – Kinross Gold Corporation (11)	(9)	(60)
Royalty – Tau Lekoa Gold Mine (12)		
Royalty – Navachab (13)		
Financial Guarantees		
Oro Group (Pty) Limited (14)	9	10
	551	453

- (1) Groundwater pollution AngloGold Ashanti Limited has identified groundwater contamination plumes at certain of its operations, which have occurred primarily as a result of seepage from mine residue stockpiles. Numerous scientific, technical and legal studies have been undertaken to assist in determining the magnitude of the contamination and to find sustainable remediation solutions. The group has instituted processes to reduce future potential seepage and it has been demonstrated that Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) by the existing environment will contribute to improvements in some instances. Furthermore, literature reviews, field trials and base line modelling techniques suggest, but have not yet proven, that the use of phyto-technologies can address the soil and groundwater contamination. Subject to the completion of trials and the technology being a proven remediation technique, no reliable estimate can be made for the obligation.
- (2) Deep groundwater pollution The group has identified a flooding and future pollution risk posed by deep groundwater in certain underground mines in Africa. Various studies have been undertaken by AngloGold Ashanti Limited since 1999. Due to the interconnected nature of mining operations, any proposed solution needs to be a combined one supported by all the mines located in these gold fields. As a result, in South Africa, the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act (MPRDA) requires that the affected mining companies develop a Regional Mine Closure Strategy to be approved by the Department of Mineral Resources. In view of the limitation of current information for the accurate estimation of a liability, no reliable estimate can be made for the obligation.
- Litigation On 11 October 2011, AngloGold Ashanti (Ghana) Limited (AGAG) terminated Mining and Building Contractors Limited's (MBC) underground development agreement, construction on bulkheads agreement and diamond drilling agreement at Obuasi mine. The Parties reached agreement on the terms of the separation and concluded a separation agreement on 8 November 2012. On 23 July 2013 and 20 February 2014, AGAG was served with writs issued by MBC claiming a total of \$97m. AGAG filed a conditional entry of appearance and a motion of stay of proceedings pending arbitration. On 5 May 2014, the court denied AGAG's application to submit the matter to arbitration. AGAG subsequently appealed this decision to the Court of Appeal and filed a Stay of Proceedings at the lower court, which was granted on 11 June 2014. On 2 October 2014, AGAG was notified that the records had been transmitted to the Court of Appeal. However, as the transmitted records were incomplete, AGAG timely filed an application for the record to be amended prior to filing its statement of case. The matter remains pending.
- (4) Litigation AGAG received a summons on 2 April 2013 from Abdul Waliyu and 152 others in which the plaintiffs allege that they were or are residents of the Obuasi municipality or its suburbs and that their health has been adversely affected by emissions and/or other environmental impacts arising in connection with the current and/or historical operations of the Pompora Treatment Plant (PTP) which was decommissioned in 2000. The plaintiffs' alleged injuries include respiratory infections, skin diseases and certain cancers. The plaintiffs have not filed their application for directions which was due by 31 October 2013. AGAG is allowing some time to pass prior to applying to have the matter struck out for want of prosecution. On 24 February 2014, executive members of the PTP (AGAG) Smoke Effect Association (PASEA), sued AGAG by themselves and on behalf of their members (undisclosed number) on grounds similar to those discussed above, as well as economic hardships as a result of constant failure of their crops. To date, plaintiffs have failed to amend their writ and file their statement of claim. In view of the limitation of current information for the accurate estimation of a liability, no reliable estimate can be made for AGAG's obligation in either matter.
- (5) Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act (ODMWA) litigation On 3 March 2011, in Mankayi vs. AngloGold Ashanti, the Constitutional Court of South Africa held that section 35(1) of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, 1993 does not cover an "employee" who qualifies for compensation in respect of "compensable diseases" under the Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act, 1973 (ODMWA). This judgment allows such qualifying employee to pursue a civil claim for damages against the employer. Following the Constitutional Court decision, AngloGold Ashanti has become subject to numerous claims relating to silicosis and other Occupational Lung Diseases (OLD), including several potential class actions and individual claims.

AngloGold Ashanti, Anglo American South Africa, Gold Fields, Harmony Gold and Sibanye Gold announced in November 2014 that they have formed an industry working group to address issues relating to compensation and medical care for OLD in the gold mining industry in South Africa. The companies have begun to engage all stakeholders on these matters, including government, organised labour, other mining companies and legal representatives of claimants who have filed legal suits against the companies. These legal proceedings are being defended, and the status of the proceedings are set forth below. Essentially, the companies are seeking a comprehensive solution which deals both with the legacy compensation issues and future legal frameworks, and which, whilst being fair to employees, also ensures the future sustainability of companies in the industry.

On or about 21 August 2012, AngloGold Ashanti was served with an application instituted by Bangumzi Bennet Balakazi ("the Balakazi Action") and others in which the applicants seek an order declaring that all mine workers (former or current) who previously worked or continue to work in specified South African gold mines for the period owned by AngloGold Ashanti and who have silicosis or other OLD constitute members of a class for the purpose of proceedings for declaratory relief and claims for damages. On 4 September 2012, AngloGold Ashanti delivered its notice of intention to defend this application.

In addition, on or about 8 January 2013, AngloGold Ashanti and its subsidiary Free State Consolidated Gold Mines (Operations) Limited, alongside other mining companies operating in South Africa, were served with another application to certify a class ("the Nkala Action"). The applicants in the case seek to have the court certify two classes, namely: (i) current and former mineworkers who have silicosis (whether or not accompanied by any other disease) and who work or have worked on certain specified gold mines at any time from 1 January 1965 to date; and (ii) the dependants of mineworkers who died as a result of silicosis (whether or not accompanied by any other disease) and who worked on these gold mines at any time after 1 January 1965. AngloGold Ashanti filed a notice of intention to oppose the application.

On 21 August 2013, an application was served on AngloGold Ashanti for the consolidation of the Balakazi Action and the Nkala Action, as well as a request for an amendment to change the scope of the classes. The applicants now request certification of two classes (the "silicosis class" and the "tuberculosis class"). The silicosis class would consist of certain current and former underground mineworkers who have contracted silicosis, and the dependants of certain deceased mineworkers who have died of silicosis (whether or not accompanied by any other disease). The tuberculosis class would consist of certain current and former mineworkers who have or had contracted pulmonary tuberculosis and the dependants of certain deceased mineworkers who died of pulmonary tuberculosis (but excluding silico-tuberculosis).

In the event the class is certified, such class of workers would be permitted to institute actions by way of a summons against AngloGold Ashanti for amounts as yet unspecified. The parties in the class action met with the court and have tentatively agreed on a timetable for the court process wherein the application to certify the class action will be heard in October 2015.

In October 2012, AngloGold Ashanti received a further 31 individual summonses and particulars of claim relating to silicosis and/or other OLD. The total amount claimed in the 31 summonses is approximately \$7 million as at the 31 December 2014 closing rate. On or about 3 March 2014, AngloGold Ashanti received an additional 21 individual summonses and particulars of claim relating to silicosis and/or other OLD. The total amount claimed in the 21 summonses is approximately \$4 million as at the 31 December 2014 closing rate. On or about 24 March 2014, AngloGold Ashanti received a further 686 individual summonses and particulars of claim relating to silicosis and/or other OLD. The total amount claimed in the 686 summonses is approximately \$100 million as at the 31 December 2014 closing rate. On or about 1 April 2014, AngloGold Ashanti received a further 518 individual summonses and particulars of claim relating to silicosis and/or other OLD. The total amount claimed in the 518 summonses is approximately \$81 million as at the 31 December 2014 closing rate.

On 9 October 2014, AngloGold Ashanti and the plaintiffs' attorneys agreed to refer all of the individual claims to arbitration. The court proceedings have been suspended as a result of entering into the arbitration agreement.

It is possible that additional class actions and/or individual claims relating to silicosis and/or other OLD will be filed against AngloGold Ashanti in the future. AngloGold Ashanti will defend all current and subsequently filed claims on their merits. Should AngloGold Ashanti be unsuccessful in defending any such claims, or in otherwise favourably resolving perceived deficiencies in the national occupational disease compensation framework that were identified in the earlier decision by the Constitutional Court, such matters would have an adverse effect on its financial position, which could be material. The company is unable to reasonably estimate its share of the amounts claimed.

- (6) Other tax disputes In November 2007, the Departamento Nacional de Produção Mineral (DNPM), a Brazilian federal mining authority, issued a tax assessment against AngloGold Ashanti Brazil Mineração Ltda (AABM) in the amount of \$18m (2013: \$19m) relating to the calculation and payment by AABM of the financial contribution on mining exploitation (CFEM) in the period from 1991 to 2006. AngloGold Ashanti Limited's subsidiaries in Brazil are involved in various other disputes with tax authorities. These disputes involve federal tax assessments including income tax, royalties, social contributions and annual property tax. The amount involved is approximately \$14m (2013: \$19m). Management is of the opinion that these taxes are not payable.
- (7) VAT disputes Mineração Serra Grande S.A. (MSG) received a tax assessment in October 2003 from the State of Minas Gerais related to VAT on gold bullion transfers. The tax administrators rejected the company's appeals against the assessment. The company is now appealing the dismissal of the case. The assessment is approximately \$15m (2013: \$16m).
- (8) Tax dispute In January 2013, AngloGold Ashanti Colombia S.A. (AGAC) received notice from the Colombian Tax Office (DIAN) that it disagreed with the company's tax treatment of certain items in the 2010 and 2011 income tax returns. On 23 October 2013 AGAC received the official assessments from the DIAN which established that an estimated additional tax of \$27m (2013: \$35m) will be payable if the tax returns are amended. Penalties and interest for the additional taxes are expected to be \$135m (2013: \$153m), based on Colombian tax law. The company believes that it has applied the tax

legislation correctly. AGAC requested in December 2013 that the DIAN reconsider its decision. In November 2014, DIAN affirmed its earlier ruling. AGAC has until mid-March 2015 to challenge the DIAN's decision by filing a lawsuit before the Administrative Tribunal of Cundinamarca (trial court for tax litigation).

- (9) Tax dispute On 12 July 2013, Cerro Vanguardia S.A. received a notification from the Argentina Tax Authority (AFIP) requesting corrections to the 2007, 2008 and 2009 income tax returns of about \$14m (2013: \$18m) relating to the non-deduction of tax losses previously claimed on hedge contracts. The AFIP is of the view that the financial derivatives at issue should not have been accounted for as hedge contracts, as hedge contract losses could only be offset against gains derived from the same kind of hedging contracts. Penalties and interest on the disputed amounts are estimated at a further \$39m (2013: \$45m). A new notification was received on 16 July 2014 from the tax authorities that disallowed arguments from CVSA's initial response. CVSA prepared defence arguments and evidence which were filed on 8 September 2014. Management is of the opinion that the taxes are not payable. The government responded to the latest submission by CVSA on 22 December 2014, and continues to assert its position regarding the use of the financial derivatives. CVSA has until 9 March 2015 to respond to the government's findings, and is preparing a response.
- (10) Sales tax on gold deliveries In 2006, MSG received two tax assessments from the State of Goiás related to the payments of state sales taxes at the rate of 12% on gold deliveries for export from one Brazilian state to another during the period from February 2004 to the end of May 2006. The first and second assessments were approximately \$62m and \$39m as at 31 December 2013, respectively. Various legal proceedings have taken place over the years with respect to this matter, as previously disclosed. On 5 May 2014, the State of Goiás published a law which enables companies to settle outstanding tax assessments of this nature. Under this law, MSG settled the two assessments in May 2014 by paying \$14m in cash and by utilising \$29m of existing VAT credits. The utilisation of the VAT credits is subject to legal confirmation from the State of Goiás. Although the State has not yet provided confirmation, management has concluded that the likelihood of the State of Goiás declining the utilisation of the VAT credits or part thereof is remote. The cash settlement was further set off by an indemnity from Kinross of \$6m.
- (11) Indemnity As part of the acquisition by AngloGold Ashanti Limited of the remaining 50% interest in MSG during June 2012, Kinross Gold Corporation (Kinross) has provided an indemnity to a maximum amount of BRL255m against the specific exposures discussed in items 7 and 10 above. In light of the settlements described in item 10 at 31 December 2014, the company has estimated that the maximum contingent asset is \$9m (2013: \$60m).
- (12) Royalty As a result of the sale of the interest in the Tau Lekoa Gold Mine during 2010, the group is entitled to receive a royalty on the production of a total of 1.5Moz by the Tau Lekoa Gold Mine and in the event that the average monthly rand price of gold exceeds R180,000/kg (subject to an inflation adjustment). Where the average monthly rand price of gold does not exceed R180,000/kg (subject to an inflation adjustment), the ounces produced in that quarter do not count towards the total 1.5Moz upon which the royalty is payable. The royalty is determined at 3% of the net revenue (being gross revenue less state royalties) generated by the Tau Lekoa assets. Royalties on 507,471oz (2013: 413,246oz) produced have been received to date.
- (13) Royalty As a result of the sale of Navachab during the second quarter of 2014, AngloGold Ashanti will receive a net smelter to return paid quarterly for seven years from 1 July 2016, determined at 2% of ounces sold during the relevant quarter subject to a minimum average gold price of \$1,350 and capped at a maximum of 18,750 ounces sold per quarter.
- (14) Provision of surety The company has provided surety in favour of a lender on a gold loan facility with its associate Oro Group (Pty) Limited and one of its subsidiaries to a maximum value of \$9m (2013: \$10m). The probability of the non-performance under the suretyships is considered minimal. The suretyship agreements have a termination notice period of 90 days.

17. Concentration of tax risk

There is a concentration of tax risk in respect of recoverable value added tax, fuel duties and appeal deposits from the Tanzanian government.

The recoverable value added tax, fuel duties and appeal deposits are summarised as follows:

	Dec 2014 US Dollar million
Recoverable value added tax	31
Appeal deposits	4

18. Borrowings

AngloGold Ashanti's borrowings are interest bearing.

19. Announcements

Appointment of Non-Executive Directors: On 27 November 2014, AngloGold Ashanti announced the appointment of Mr Albert Garner and Ms Maria Richter to the Board as independent non-executive directors with effect from 1 January 2015.

Maiden resource for Nuevo Chaquiro Deposit: On 3 November 2014, AngloGold Ashanti announced the first Mineral Resource for the Nuevo Chaquiro deposit in the Quebradona Project Area. The Quebradona Project is a Joint Venture between AGA (88.5%) and B2Gold (11.5%). B2Gold is not participating in the exploration expenditure and its interest in the project is being diluted. The maiden Inferred Mineral Resource for Nuevo Chaquiro is 604Mt at an average grade of 0.65% copper, 0.32g/t gold, 4.38g/t silver and 116ppm molybdenum for a contained metal content of 3.95Mt copper, 6.13Moz gold, 85.2Moz silver and 70Kt molybdenum.

Appointment of new JSE Sponsor: On 3 November 2014, AngloGold Ashanti announced that the appointment of UBS Sout
Africa (Pty) Ltd as sponsor to Company ended by mutual consent with effect from 31 October 2014 and Deutsche Securities (SA
Proprietary Limited appointed sponsor to the Company with effect from 1 November 2014.

By order of the Board

S M PITYANA Chairman S VENKATAKRISHNAN Chief Executive Officer

19 February 2015

Non-GAAP disclosure

From time to time AngloGold Ashanti Limited may publicly disclose certain "Non-GAAP" financial measures in the course of its financial presentations, earnings releases, earnings conference calls and otherwise.

The group uses certain Non-GAAP performance measures and ratios in managing the business and may provide users of this financial information with additional meaningful comparisons between current results and results in prior operating periods. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative to, the reported operating results or any other measure of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition, the presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures that other companies use.

A Adjusted headline (loss) earnings

	Quarter ended		Year ended		
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
		U	S Dollar mi	llion	
Headline (loss) earnings (note 9)	(71)	44	(276)	(79)	78
Gain on unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts	(5)	(30)	(28)	(15)	(94)
Deferred tax on unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts (note 8)	1	8	8	4	25
Derecognition of deferred tax assets	-	-	330	-	330
Fair value adjustment on \$1.25bn bonds	(63)	(20)	12	17	58
Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	(9)
Fair value adjustment on mandatory convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	211
Provision for losses in associate and impairment of loan to associate	21	-	-	72	
Adjusted headline (loss) earnings	(117)	2	45	(1)	599
Adjusted headline (loss) earnings per ordinary share (cents) (1)	(29)	0	11	0	153

⁽¹⁾ Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares.

B Adjusted gross profit

	Q	Quarter ended			ended		
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec		
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013		
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited		
		US Dollar million					
Reconciliation of gross profit to adjusted gross profit:							
Gross profit	222	273	404	1,043	1,445		
Gain on unrealised non-hedge derivatives and							
other commodity contracts	(5)	(30)	(28)	(15)	(94)		
Adjusted gross profit	217	243	376	1,028	1,351		

C Price received

	Quarter ended			Year ended		
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec	
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	
		US Do	llar million	/ Imperial		
Gold income (note 2)	1,278	1,295	1,418	5,218	5,497	
Adjusted for non-controlling interests	(18)	(16)	(15)	(76)	(77)	
	1,260	1,279	1,403	5,142	5,420	
Realised loss on other commodity contracts	5	6	6	21	26	
Associates and joint ventures' share of gold income including realised non-hedge derivatives	142	123	105	469	290	
Attributable gold income including realised non-hedge derivatives	1,407	1,409	1,514	5,632	5,736	
Attributable gold sold - oz (000)	1,171	1,099	1,191	4,454	4,093	
Price received per unit - \$/oz	1,202	1,281	1,271	1,264	1,401	

D All-in sustaining costs and All-in costs ¹

	Qı	uarter ende	d	Year ended		
	Dec	Sep	Dec	Dec	Dec	
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	
		US Dol	/ Imperial			
Cost of sales (note 3)	1,061	1,052	1,042	4,190	4,146	
Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets (note 3)	(223)	(191)	(211)	(786)	(799	
Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation	3	3	2	10	6	
Corporate administration and marketing related to current operations	22	22	36	88	199	
Associates and joint ventures' share of costs	76	77	90	294	234	
Inventory writedown to net realisable value and other stockpile			00	4.4	040	
adjustments	9	1	38	11	216	
Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capex	18	14	16	49	94	
All-in sustaining capex	259	177	253	814	999 5,095	
-	1,224	1,156	1,265	4,670	· .	
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -gold producing companies All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and	(25)	(14)	(16)	(77)	(71	
non-gold producing companies	1,199	1,142	1,249	4,593	5,024	
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	(10)	(3)	(38)	(22)	(216	
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold	(10)	(0)	(00)	(22)	(210	
producing companies and stockpile write-offs	1,190	1,139	1,211	4,571	4,808	
All in custoining costs						
All-in sustaining costs	1,224	1,156	1,265	4,670	5,095	
Non-sustaining project capital expenditure	104	84	224	394	994	
Technology improvements	7	3	7	19	14	
Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	25	23	28	91	175	
Corporate and social responsibility costs not related to current operations All-in costs	6	6	1 505	24	21	
	1,366	1,271	1,525	5,198	6,299	
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	(19)	(11)	(16)	(62)	(81	
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	1,347	1,260	1,509	5,136	6,218	
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	(10)	(3)	(38)	(22)	(216	
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing	(10)	(0)	(00)	(22)	(210	
companies and stockpile write-offs	1,338	1,257	1,471	5,114	6,002	
Cold cold . cz (000)						
Gold sold - oz (000)	1,171	1,099	1,191	4,454	4,093	
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz	1,017	1,036	1,015	1,026	1,174	
All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) - \$/oz	1,143	1,144	1,233	1,148	1,466	
¹ Refer to note J for Summary of Operations by Mine						
Total costs ²						
Total cash costs (note 3)	777	864	861	3,292	3,297	
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and other	(20)	(16)	(20)	(94)	(110	
Associates and joint ventures' share of total cash costs	78	76	79	291	219	
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling interests						
and non-gold producing companies	835	924	920	3,489	3,406	
Retrenchment costs (note 3)	9	5	16	24	69	
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs (note 3)	47	8	(11)	94	18	
Amortisation of tangible assets (note 3)	214	182	202	750	775	
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 3)	9	9	9	36	24	
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	(9)	2	17	(4)	14	
Equity-accounted associates and joint ventures' share of production costs	23	29	17	104	23	
Total production costs adjusted for non-controlling	1 129	1 150	1 170	4,493	4 320	
interests and non-gold producing companies	1,128	1,158	1,170	+,433	4,329	
Gold produced - oz (000)	1,154	1,126	1,229	4,432	4,105	
Total cash cost per unit - \$/oz	724	820	748	787	830	
Total production cost per unit - \$/oz	978	1,029	952	1,014	1,054	
² Refer to note J for Summary of Operations by mine						

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Е

F Adjusted EBITDA (1)

G

Н

	Q	uarter ende			r ended	
	Dec 2014	Sep 2014	Dec 2013 Unaudited	Dec 2014 Unaudited	Dec 2013 Unaudited	
	Unaudited	Unaudited				
		ι	IS Dollar mi	llion		
(Loss) profit on ordinary activities before taxation Add back :	(6)	129	171	216	(2,533	
Finance costs and unwinding of obligations	67	69	75	278	296	
nterest received	(6)	(6)	(15)	(24)	(39	
Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets (note 3)	223	191	211	786	799	
Adjustments:			_		(5)	
Dividend received (note 2) Exchange (gain) loss	(5)	(4)	(4)	7	(5 (14	
Fair value adjustment on the mandatory convertible bonds	-	- (. /	-	-	(356	
air value adjustment on option component of convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	(9	
Fair value adjustment on \$1.25bn bonds	(63)	(20)	12	17	58	
let impairment and derecognition of goodwill, tangible and intangible assets (note 5)	9	1	36	10	3,029	
mpairment of other investments (note 5)	1		1	2	3,029	
Vrite-down of stockpiles and heap leach to net realisable value and other	•		•	_	00	
stockpile adjustments (note 5)	1	1	38	2	216	
Vrite-off of loan (note 5)	-	-	-	-	7	
Retrenchments at mining operations (note 3)	9	5	16	24	69	
Retrenchments at Obuasi	145	34	-	210	- (2	
let loss (profit) on disposal and derecognition of assets (note 5) oss on sale of Navachab (note 5)	2	(2)	-	(25)	(2	
Gain on unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts	(5)	(30)	(28)	(15)	(94	
Associates and joint ventures' exceptional expense	(22)	-	1	(16)	164	
Associates and joint ventures' - adjustments for amortisation, interest,	` ,			,		
taxation and other.	57	32	29	191	51	
Adjusted EBITDA	407	400	544	1,665	1,667	
nterest cover	-			4.005	4 007	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6)	g Credit Agreen 407 61	400 62	544 67	1,665 251 1	247	
nterest cover Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6)	407 61	400 62	67	251	247 5	
nterest cover adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs	407 61	400 62	67 -	251 1	247 5 252	
nterest cover Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 - 67	251 1 252	247 5 252	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 - 67	251 1 252	247 5 252	
Interest cover Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 - 67 8	251 1 252 7	1,667 247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 - 67 8 As at Dec	251 1 252 7 As at Sep	247 5 252 7 As at Dec	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 - 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 - 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10)	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited S Dollar milli	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10)	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 - 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited S Dollar milli 3,010	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net asset value - cents per share	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited S Dollar milli 3,010 404	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403	
Interest cover Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Jumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited IS Dollar milli 3,010 404 745	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770	
Interest cover Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Jumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited IS Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 3,107 (267)	
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Interest cover Idjusted EBITDA (note F) Innance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Idet tangible asset value - cents per share	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited IS Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 3,107 (267 2,840 403	
Interest cover Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Sumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Intangible assets Sumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net tangible asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Intangible asset value - cents per share Set tangible asset value - cents per share Net tangible asset value - cents per share	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited S Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 2,840 403 704	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Sumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Intangible assets Sumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net tangible asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Intangible asset value - cents per share Net tangible asset value - cents per share Net debt Sorrowings - long-term portion	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited IS Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684 3,521	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 2,840 403 704 3,633	
Interest cover Idjusted EBITDA (note F) Inance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Idet debt Idet rowings - long-term portion Idet rowings - short-term portion	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited IS Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684 3,521 159	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 (267 2,840 403 704	
Interest cover Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Aumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Idet asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Intangible assets Aumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Idet tangible assets Aumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Idet tangible asset value - cents per share Idet debt Borrowings - long-term portion Borrowings - short-term portion Bank overdraft	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited IS Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684 3,521 159 13	247 55 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 2,840 403 704	
Interest cover Idjusted EBITDA (note F) Inance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Idet debt Idet company shares in issue - million (note 10) Idet tangible asset value - cents per share Idet debt Idet company - long-term portion Iden company - short-term portion Iden coverdaft Idea overdraft Idea overdra	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655 3,498 223 -	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited IS Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684 3,521 159 13 3,693	247 55 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 2,840 403 704 3,633 258 20 3,911	
Interest cover Indigusted EBITDA (note F) Inance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Idet asset value - cents per share Idet asset value - cents per share Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Interest cover - times Idet asset value - cents per share Idet asset value - cents per share Idet debt Idet debt Idet cover - times Idet cover - times	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655 3,498 223 - 3,721 (22)	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited S Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684 3,521 159 13 3,693 (22)	247 55 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 2,840 403 704 3,633 258 20 3,911 (25	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Aumber of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Intangible assets Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net tangible asset value - cents per share Net debt Borrowings - long-term portion Borrowings - short-term portion Borrowings - short-term portion Borrowings - corporate office lease Unamortised portion of the convertible and rated bonds	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655 3,498 223 - 3,721 (22) 28	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited S Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684 3,521 159 13 3,693 (22) 29	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 3,107 (267 2,840 403 704 3,633 258 20 3,911 (25) 2	
Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Intangible assets Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net tangible asset value - cents per share Fotal equity Intangible asset value - cents per share Net tangible asset value - cents per share Net debt Borrowings - long-term portion Borrowings - short-term portion Borrowings - short-term portion Borrowings - short-term portion Borrowings - corporate office lease Unamortised portion of the convertible and rated bonds Fair value adjustment on \$1.25bn bonds	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655 3,498 223 - 3,721 (22) 28 (75)	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited S Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684 3,521 159 13 3,693 (22) 29 (138)	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 2,840 403 704 3,633 258 20 3,911 (25) 2 (58)	
1) EBITDA (as adjusted) and prepared in terms of the formula set out in the Revolving Interest cover Adjusted EBITDA (note F) Finance costs (note 6) Capitalised finance costs Interest cover - times Net asset value - cents per share Total equity Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net asset value - cents per share Total equity Intangible assets Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net tangible asset value - cents per share Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 10) Net tangible asset value - cents per share Net debt Borrowings - long-term portion Borrowings - short-term portion Borrowings - short-term portion Bank overdraft Total borrowings Corporate office lease Unamortised portion of the convertible and rated bonds Fair value adjustment on \$1.25bn bonds Cash restricted for use Cash and cash equivalents	407 61 - 61	400 62 - 62	67 67 8 As at Dec 2014 Unaudited U 2,871 404 711 2,871 (225) 2,646 404 655 3,498 223 - 3,721 (22) 28	251 1 252 7 As at Sep 2014 Unaudited S Dollar milli 3,010 404 745 3,010 (247) 2,763 404 684 3,521 159 13 3,693 (22) 29	247 5 252 7 As at Dec 2013 Unaudited on 3,107 403 770 3,107 (267 2,840 403 704 3,633 258 20 3,911 (25) 2	

J Summary of Operations by Mine

For the three months ended 31 December 2014

Operations in South Africa

(in \$ millions, except as otherwise noted)

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	Tau Tona	West Wits Operatios	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate
All-in sustaining costs		40	58	407	71	65	136			246	(2)
Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets	23 (2)	46 (9)	(14)	127 (24)	(16)	(13)		52 (5)	1 1	316 (58)	(3) (1)
Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation Corporate administration and marketing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
related to current operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
Total sustaining capital expenditure	2	7	15	25	16	11	27	15	4	70	2
All-in sustaining costs	23	44	59	128	71	63	134	62	6	328	19
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	23	44	59	128	71	63	134	62	6	328	19 (1)
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests, non-gold producing											
companies and stockpile write-offs	23	44	59	128	71	63	134	62	6	328	18
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex	23	44	59	128	71 9	63	134 9	62	6	328 9	19
Technology improvements	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	7	7	
Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
All-in costs	23	44	59	128	80	63	143	62	13	344	21
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling											
interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	23	44 -	59 -	128 -	80	63 -	143	62 -	13	344	21 (1)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and											
stockpile write-offs	23	44	59	128	80	63	143	62	13	344	20
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	22	34	68	124	56	63	119	56	1	300	-
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,027	1,324	888	1,031	1,275	1,000	1,129	1,116	-	1,097	-
All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write- offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,027	1,324	893	1,034	1,436	1,000	1,205	1,116	-	1,151	_

⁽¹⁾ Adjusting for non-controlling interest of items included in calculation, to disclose the attributable portions only. Other consists of heap leach inventory.

⁽²⁾ Attributable costs and related expenses of associates and equity accounted joint ventures are included in the calculation of total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce.

Attributable portion.

⁽⁴⁾ In addition to the operational performances of the mines, all-in sustaining cost per ounce, all-in cost per ounce, total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce are affected by fluctuations in the currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports all-in sustaining cost per ounce and all-in cost per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces.

⁽⁵⁾ Corporate includes non-gold producing subsidiaries.

⁽⁶⁾ Total cash costs per ounce calculation includes heap-leach inventory change.

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	TauTona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate ⁽⁵⁾
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	20	34	42	96	53	50	103	49	-	248	(5)
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Total cash costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	20	34	42	96	53	50	103	49	-	248	(3)
Retrenchment costs	1	2	2	5	1	1	2	-	-	7	-
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	-	1	1	3	1	1	3	(2)	1	3	(1)
Amortisation of tangible assets	2	8	12	22	15	12	27	4	-	53	1
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	-	5	-
Total production costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	23	46	58	128	71	65	137	52	1	316	(2)
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	22	33	68	124	56	63	119	56	1	300	-
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	894	1,014	615	773	946	792	864	883	-	830	-
Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,019	1,375	857	1,026	1,276	1,033	1,147	926	-	1,056	-

	DRC	G		GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental Africa other	TOTAL CONTINENTAL AFRICA
	Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	Africa other	ICA
All-in sustaining costs											
Cost of sales per financial statements	-	48	73	86	-	-	-	-	106	1	314
Amortisation of tangible and intangible											
assets	-	(6)	(6)	(9)	-	-	-	-	(43)	(1)	
Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Associates and equity accounted joint										_	
ventures' share of costs ⁽²⁾	42	-	-	-	13	19	1	-	-	1	76
Inventory writedown to net realisable value							8				8
and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs	-	_	10	1	-	-	0	-	1	-	12
Total sustaining capital expenditure	1	9	6	9	1	3	_	_	42	(2)	69
All-in sustaining costs	43	51	83	88	14	22	9	-	106	(2)	416
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and		0.	00	00			•		100		1.0
non -gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	-	_	-	(13)	-	-	-	-	-	(0)	(13)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-				\ /							
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	43	51	83	75	14	22	9	-	106	(0)	403
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	-	-	-	(8)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests, non-gold producing											
companies and stockpile write-offs	43	51	83	75	14	22	1	-	106	(0)	395
							_				
All-in sustaining costs	43	51	83	88	14	22	9	-	106	-	416
Non-sustaining Project capex Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	44	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	50 1
All-in costs	87	51	89	89	14	22	9	-	106	-	467
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and	01	31	69	09	14	22	9	-	100	-	467
non -gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	_	_	_	(13)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(13)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling				(10)							(10)
interests and non-gold producing companies	87	51	89	76	14	22	9	-	106	_	454
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	-	-	-	(8)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling							` /				` ′
interests, non-gold producing companies											
and stockpile write-offs	87	51	89	76	14	22	1	-	106	•	446
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	81	41	57	76	15	21	3	-	142	-	435
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile											
write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	532	1,248	1,440	973	937	1,049	414	_	751	_	907
All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile	501	-,5	.,	3.0	50.	.,5.5					""
All-III Cost per utilit (excluding stockbile											

DRC	GHANA		GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental	TOTAL CONTINENTAL AFRICA
Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	Africa Other	NTINENTAL NCA
-	39	48	71	-	-	-	-	62	-	220
			(44)							(4.4)
-	-	-	(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11)
11	_	_	_	1/	20	1	_	_	(1)	78
77				14	20	'			(1)	70
44	39	48	60	14	20	1	_	62	(1)	287
-				-	-	-	-		-	19
_		6	9	_	-	_	_		-	64
-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	1	1
-	-	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
			, ,							
17	-	-	-	1	5	-	-	-	-	23
61	48	66	69	15	25	1	-	107	-	392
80	40	48	68	15	21	3	-	144	-	419
546	976	999	884	973	942	220	_	420	_	687
					-		_	_		939
	Kibali 44	Kibali Iduapriem 39 - 39 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 4	Kibalii Iduapriem Obuasi - 39 48	Kibalii	Kibali Iduapriem	Kibali Iduapriem	Norial N	Kibali Obuasi Viguiri Morila Sadiola Yatela Navachab - 39 48 71	Kibali Iduapriem Obuasi Siguiri Morilla Sadiola Yatela Navachab Geita - 39 48 71 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62	Navachab Navachab Sadiola Yatela Navachab Sadiola Yatela Navachab Sadiola Sadiola Yatela Other

		Australia		TOTAL AUSTRALIA	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA	BRAZIC		Americas other	TOTAL AMERICAS
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	ISTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	ıs other	WERICAS
All-in sustaining costs Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation Inventory writedown to net realisable value	81 (14) -	79 (27) 1	3 (1)	163 (42) 1	62 (1)	66 (9)	98 (30)	41 (16)	4 (1) 1	271 (57) 1
and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capital expenditure	- - 5	- 1 22	- 1 1	2 28	- 1 7	23	1 2 45	- - 13	1 2	1 4 90
All-in sustaining costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non- gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾ All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-	72 -	76 -	-	152	-	80 (6)	116	38	7 (6)	310 (12)
controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	72 -	76 -	4	152 -	69 -	74 -	116 (1)	38	1	298 (1)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	72	76	4	152	69	74	115	38	1	297
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	72 - -	76 - -	4 - 2	152 - 2	69 42 -	80 - -	116 - -	38 - -	7 2 21	310 44 21
Corporate and social responsibility costs not related to current operations All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-	- 72	- 76	- 6	154	- 111	80	4 120	1 39	1 31	6 381
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾ All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	- 72	- 76	6	154	- 111	(6) 74	120	39	31	(6) 375
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	72	76	6	154	111	74	(1) 119	39	31	(1) 374
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	60	92	-	152	55	71	119	40	-	285
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-	1,193	824	-	995	1,261	1,051	970	947	-	1,042
offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,193	824	-	1,006	2,030	1,051	1,010	973	-	1,314

		AUSTRALIA		TOTAL A	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA	רובי ניילי	BB 4711	Americas	TOTAL A
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	TOTAL AUSTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	as other	TOTAL AMERICAS
Total cash costs									(4)	
Total cash costs per financial statements Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold	66	46	2	114	55	54	68	24	(1)	200
producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	_	_	_	_	(7)	(4)	_	_	_	(11)
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling					(- /	(- /				(* * /
interests and non-gold producing companies	66	46	2	114	48	50	68	24	(1)	
Retrenchment costs	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	(1)	
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	2	5	-	7	15	(1)		-	5	18
Amortisation of tangible assets	14	27	1	42	1	9	28	16	-	54
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾		-	-	-	(2)	(1)	-	-	(5)	(8)
Total production costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing										
companies	82	78	3	163	62 ⁻	59	98	40	(1)	258
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	61	96	-	157	54	64	121	42	-	280
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,083 1,344	482 815	-	729 1,043	895 ⁽⁶⁾ 1,158	780 918	565 812	570 958	-	677 924

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	Tau Tona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate
All-in sustaining costs											
Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets	25 (2)	51 (10)	57 (12)	133 (24)	87 (19)	82 (14)	169 (33)	62 (4)	(1)	363 (61)	1 (2)
Corporate administration and marketing	(2)	(10)	(12)	(24)	(19)	(14)	(33)	(4)	_	(01)	(2)
related to current operations	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	22
Sustaining exploration and study costs	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	(1)
Total sustaining capital expenditure	1	7	12	20	17	7	24	10	5	59	`2
All-in sustaining costs	24	48	57	129	85	75	160	68	4	361	22
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non											
-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	24	48	57	129	85	75	160	68	4	361	25
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests, non-gold producing											
companies and stockpile write-offs	24	48	57	129	85	75	160	68	4	361	24
companies and stockpile write-ons	24	70	31	123	03	13	100	00	7	301	24
All-in sustaining costs	24	48	57	129	85	75	160	68	4	361	22
Non-sustaining Project capex		-	-	-	7	-	7	-	1	8	
Technology improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Corporate and social responsibility costs not											
related to current operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
All-in costs	24	48	57	129	92	75	167	68	8	372	25
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non											_
-gold producing companies (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling		40		400	00	75	407			070	07
interests and non-gold producing companies	24	48	57	129	92	75	167	68	8	372	27 (1)
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
interests, non-gold producing companies and											
stockpile write-offs	24	48	57	129	92	75	167	68	8	372	26
Stookpile write one			- 01	123		,,,	.07			0.2	
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	18	39	54	111	96	63	159	54	-	326	-
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile											
write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,343	1,211	1,047	1,153	898	1,170	1,007	1,261	-	1,115	-
		•	•	•				· ·	ı		
All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾			1,054								

⁽¹⁾ Adjusting for non-controlling interest of items included in calculation, to disclose the attributable portions only. Other consists of heap leach inventory.

⁽²⁾ Attributable costs and related expenses of associates and equity accounted joint ventures are included in the calculation of total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce.

Attributable portion.

In addition to the operational performances of the mines, all-in sustaining cost per ounce, all-in cost per ounce, total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce are affected by fluctuations in the currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports allin sustaining cost per ounce and all-in cost per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces.

Corporate includes non-gold producing subsidiaries.

Total cash costs per ounce calculation includes heap-leach inventory change.

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	TauTona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate ⁽⁵⁾
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	22	37	41	100	63	63	126	54	2	282	(3)
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies and other (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total cash costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing									_		
companies	22	37	41	100	63	63	126	54	2	282	(1)
Retrenchment costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	1	1	1	3	. 1	1	2	1	-	6	1
Amortisation of tangible assets	2	9	11	22	17	13	30	3	1	56	2
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	1	1	2	2	1	3	-	-	5	1
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Total production costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing		40	54	407		70	464		-	254	_
companies	25	48	54	127	83	78	161	58	5	351	5
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	17	38	52	107	92	61	153	52	-	314	-
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,276 1,429	993 1,297	792 1,052	940 1,199	688 912	1,030 1,284	825 1,061	1,048 1,146	-	901 1,123	-

	DRC	GIANA		GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental Africa other	TOTAL CONTINENTAL AFRICA
	Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	vfrica other	TINENTAL CA
All-in sustaining costs Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation Associates and equity accounted joint	-	43 (7)	79 (5)	60 (8) 1	-	-	-	-	98 (22)	- - 1	280 (42) 2
ventures' share of costs ⁽²⁾ Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capital expenditure	36 - 1	- - 4	3 9	- - 4	15 - 1	21 - 1	4 - -	- - -	1 21	1 1 -	77 5 41
All-in sustaining costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	37	40	86	57 (9)	16	22	4		98	3	363 (9)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	37	40	86	48	16 -	22	4	-	98 (2)	3	354 (2)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	37	40	86	48	16	22	4	-	96	3	352
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	37 36 1	40 -	86 9	57 - 1	16 -	22 -	4	<u>.</u> -	98	3	363 45 2
All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1)	74	40	95	58	16	22	4	-	98	3 (0)	410
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	74	40	95	49	16	22	4	•	98 (2)	3	401 (2)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	74	40	95	49	16	22	4	-	96	3	399
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	63	41	73	61	10	21	2	-	107	-	379
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-	580	984	1,169	798	1,660	1,062	1,858	-	907	-	928
offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,159	984	1,295	818	1,660	1,062	1,858	-	907	•	1,052

	DRC	2		GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental Africa Other	TOTAL CONTIN
	Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	Africa Other	CONTINENTAL AFRICA
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	-	39	75	62	-	-	-	-	83	1	260
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9)
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	37	-	-	-	15	20	4	-	-	-	76
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling											
interests and non-gold producing companies	37	39	75	53	15	20	4	-	83	1	327
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	-	1	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	1	(1)	
Amortisation of tangible assets	-	7	5	8	-	-	-	-	22	(1)	
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-				(4)							(4)
gold producing companies (1)	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
Associates and equity accounted joint ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	18				3	7					28
Total production costs adjusted for non-	10	_	-	-	3	,	-	_	-	 	20
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	55	47	80	59	18	27	4	_	106	_	396
companies	33	7/	- 00	33	10	21	-	_	100	\vdash	330
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	65	45	78	72	10	21	2	-	116	-	410
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	563	866	966	741	1,525	981	1,672	_	715	_	799
Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	846	1,033	1,031	816	1,849	1,309	1,762	-	907	-	970

		Australia		TOTAL AUSTRALIA	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA		BB A 711	Americas other	TOTAL AMERICAS
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	JSTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	as other	MERICAS
All-in sustaining costs Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation	85 (14)	83 (24)	5 (1)	173 (39)	53 (1)	49 (8)	95 (26)	39 (12)		236 (47)
Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capital expenditure	- 8	1 5	2	3 13	1 5	14	3 33	9	3	7 62
All-in sustaining costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non - gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	79	66	6	151	58	55 (4)	105	36	4 (4)	258 (8)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	79	66	6	151	58	51	105	36	(4)	250
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex Non-sustaining exploration and study costs Corporate and social responsibility costs not	79 - -	66 - -	6 - 2	151 - 2	58 31	55 - -	105	36	4 - 18	258 31 18
related to current operations All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -	79	66	8	153	89	55	1 09	36	22	311
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾ All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and	-	-	-	-	-	(4)		-	-	(4)
stockpile write-offs Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	79 71	83	-	153 154	55	51 54	109	36	-	307 242
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-	1,116	800	-	980	1,075	956	1,037	1,097	-	1,035
offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,116	800	-	993	1,647	957	1,076	1,110	-	1,270

		AUSTRALIA		TOTAL AI	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA		BB / 711	Americas	TOTAL A
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	TOTAL AUSTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	as other	TOTAL AMERICAS
Total cash costs										
Total cash costs per financial statements	67	61	3	131	54	44	70	26	-	194
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold					(7)	(3)				(10)
producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	(7)	(3)	-	-	-	(10)
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	67	61	3	131	47	41	70	26		184
Retrenchment costs	07	01	3 1	131	41	41	2	20	_	2
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	_	_		<u> </u>	2	3	(4)	(1)	1	1
Amortisation of tangible assets	14	24	_	38	_	8	25	12	'	45
Amortisation of intangible assets	-		_	-	_	-	2	- '-	_	2
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold							_			_
producing companies ⁽¹⁾		-	_	_	4	(1)	-	-	-	3
Total production costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	81	85	4	170	53	51	95	37	1	237
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	68	84	-	152	56	62	101	32	-	251
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	982 1,187	721 1,005	- -	861 1,121	827 ⁽⁶⁾ 951	656 819	699 943	803 1,173	-	730 943

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	Tau Tona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate
All-in sustaining costs				400			400				(5)
Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets	24 (2)	49 (10)	56 (12)	129 (24)	82 (19)	50 (13)	132 (32)	61 (6)	-	322 (62)	(5) (2)
Corporate administration and marketing	(-)	(10)	(/	()	(10)	(10)	()	(-)		(/	(-)
related to current operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	31
Inventory writedown to net realisable value											4-1
and other stockpile adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
Total sustaining capital expenditure	4	12	16	32	26	16	42	6	-	80	3
All-in sustaining costs	26	51	60	137	89	53	142	61	2	342	25
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	26	51	60	137	89	53	142	61	2	342	27
companies and stockpile write-ons	20	31	60	137	09	33	142	01		342	21
All-in sustaining costs	26	51	60	137	89	53	142	61	2	342	25
Non-sustaining Project capex		1	2	3	17	-	17	12	(1)		
Technology improvements	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	-
Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4)
Corporate and social responsibility costs not											
related to current operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
All-in costs	26	52	62	140	106	53	159	73	8	380	19
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non											1
-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾ All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling	-			-	-				-	-	- '
interests, non-gold producing companies and											
stockpile write-offs	26	52	62	140	106	53	159	73	8	380	22
				- 1.0							
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	20	39	67	127	93	62	154	59	-	340	-
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile											
write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,294	1,296	890	1,080	963	852	919	1,039	-	1,005	-
All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) - $\rm \$/oz^{(4)}$	1,294	1,319	915	1,100	1,148	853	1,030	1,233	-	1,117	-

⁽¹⁾ Adjusting for non-controlling interest of items included in calculation, to disclose the attributable portions only. Other consists of heap leach inventory.

⁽²⁾ Attributable costs and related expenses of associates and equity accounted joint ventures are included in the calculation of total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce.

In addition to the operational performances of the mines, all-in sustaining cost per ounce, all-in cost per ounce, total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce are affected by fluctuations in the currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports all-in sustaining cost per ounce and all-in cost per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces.

Corporate includes non-gold producing subsidiaries.

Total cash costs per ounce calculation includes heap-leach inventory change.

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	TauTona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate ⁽⁵⁾
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	20	36	40	96	61	50	111	53	-	260	(8)
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total cash costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	20	36	40	96	61	50	111	53	_	260	_
Retrenchment costs	1	2	1	4	2	30	2	33	_	6	(1)
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	1	2	3	6	-	(13)		1	(2)	(8)	(1)
Amortisation of tangible assets	2	9	11	22	18	12	30	6	(2)	58	1
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	1	1	2	2	1	3	-	_	5	1
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-				_	_	•	ŭ				•
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	1
Total production costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	24	50	56	130	83	50	133	60	(2)	321	2
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	20	39	67	127	93	62	154	58	-	339	-
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,032 1,198	910 1,239	596 835	762 1,017	656 885	809 809	717 855	915 1,035	-	767 946	-

	DRC	GIANA		GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental Africa other	TOTAL CONTINENTAL AFRICA
	Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	vfrica other	TINENTAL CA
All-in sustaining costs											
Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation Corporate administration and marketing	- - -	72 (8)	94 (2)	76 (8) 1	- - -	- - -	<u>-</u> -	8 - -	98 (33) -	5 - 1	353 (51) 2
related to current operations Associates and equity accounted joint	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	(2)
ventures' share of costs ⁽²⁾ Inventory writedown to net realisable value	19	-	-	-	11	41	18	-	-	1	90
and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capital expenditure	- - -	- - 6	- - 37	5 10	- - 6	17 1 (1)	-	- - 1	23 1 50	-	40 7 109
All-in sustaining costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non	19	70	129	84	17	58	18	9	139	5	548
-gold producing companies (1) All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	19	70	129	(13) 71	17	58 (17)	18	9	139 (23)	6	(12) 536 (40)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	19	70	129	71	17	41	18	9	116	6	496
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex	19 66	70	129	84	17	58 22	18	9	139 (1)	5 (2)	548 103
Non-sustaining exploration and study costs All-in costs	85	71	146	86	17	80	18	9	138	3 6	5 656
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -gold producing companies (1)	-	-	-	(13)	-	-	-	-	-	(0)	(13)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	85 -	71 -	146 -	73 -	17 -	80 (17)	18 -	9	138 (23)	6	643 (40)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	85	71	146	73	17	63	18	9	115	6	603
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	40	62	62	64	12	24	8	17	147	-	437
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-	469	1,153	2,069	1,116	1,434	1,639	2,226	526	784	-	1,129
offs) - \$/oz ⁴	2,149	1,167	2,350	1,144	1,434	2,521	2,268	526	780	-	1,376

	DRC	GIANA	CHANA	GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental Africa Other	TOTAL CONTINENTAL AFRICA
	Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	Africa Other	NTINENTAL NICA
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	-	65	86	75	-	-	-	9	83	-	318
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11)
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	19	-	-	-	10	36	15	-	-	(1)	79
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling											
interests and non-gold producing companies	19	65	86	64	10	36	15	9	83	(1)	386
Retrenchment costs	-	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	9
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	-	6	6	3	-	-	-	(1)		1	14
Amortisation of tangible assets	-	7	2	8	-	-	-	-	33	-	50
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	9	-	-	-	2	4	3	-	-	(1)	17
Total production costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	28	83	95	73	12	40	18	8	115	3	475
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	40	67	63	75	12	24	8	18	154	-	460
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	471	966	1,354	844	853	1,506	1,923	524	543	_	839
Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	694	1,240	1,492	967	982	1,673	2,255	485	755	_	1,034

		Australia		TOTAL A	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA	ם ק	BB 471	Americ	TOTAL A
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	TOTAL AUSTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	Americas other	TOTAL AMERICAS
All-in sustaining costs										
Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets	97 (27)	64 (27)	1 (2)	162 (56)	40 -	46 (7)	91 (22)	32 (10)	1 (1)	210 (40)
Corporate administration and marketing	(21)	(21)	(2)	(00)		(1)	(22)	(10)	(1)	(40)
related to current operations	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	5
Sustaining exploration and study costs	-	-	2	2	1	-	4	2	-	7
Total sustaining capital expenditure	6	-	1	7	8	11	37	9	(11)	54
All-in sustaining costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -	76	37	2	115	52	50	112	33	(11)	236
gold producing companies (1)	_	_	_	_	_	(4)	_	_	_	(4)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-						(' /				(' /
controlling interests, non-gold producing										
companies and stockpile write-offs	76	37	2	115	52	46	112	33	(11)	232
All in custoining souts	76	37	2	115	52	50	112	33	(11)	236
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex	76	28	-	28	48	30	112	აა 1	12	62
Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	_	-	2	2	-	_	_ '_	_	25	25
Corporate and social responsibility costs not			_	_						
related to current operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3
All-in costs	76	65	4	145	100	50	114	34	28	326
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -										
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-		-	(4)	-	-	-	(4)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	76	65	4	145	100	46	114	34	28	322
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	94	58	-	152	48	54	126	34	-	262
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	804	640	-	763	1,076	852	891	956	-	887
All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) - $\mathrm{\$/oz}^{^{(4)}}$	804	1,122	-	961	2,072	867	913	987	-	1,228

		AUSTRALIA		TOTAL A	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA	מאלוני	BB \ 711	Americas	TOTAL A
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	TOTAL AUSTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	as other	TOTAL AMERICAS
Total cash costs										
Total cash costs per financial statements	70	38	-	108	52	44	62	24	1	183
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾					(13)	(3)			(1)	(17)
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling	-	-	-		(13)	(3)	-	_	(1)	(17)
interests and non-gold producing companies	70	38	_	108	39	41	62	24	_	166
Retrenchment costs	-	-	1	1	-		-		1	1
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	_	2	-	2	(19)	-	2	(3)	1	(19)
Amortisation of tangible assets	27	27	1	55	-	7	21	10	-	38
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold										
producing companies ⁽¹⁾		-	-	-	20	(1)	-	-	(1)	18
Total production costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	97	67	2	166	40 -	47	86	31	2	206
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	102	66	-	169	47	61	120	34	-	262
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	685 945	569 1,016	-	640 985	825 ⁽⁶⁾ 846	672 784	518 720	712 928	-	634 787

Operations in South Africa

(in \$ millions, except as otherwise noted)

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	Tau Tona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate
All-in sustaining costs Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation Corporate administration and marketing	94 (8) 1	201 (50)	217 (50)	512 (107) 1	313 (71)	268 (58)	581 (129)	231 (22) 1	- 1 (2)	1,324 (258)	1 (8)
related to current operations Inventory writedown to net realisable value and other stockpile adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	85 1
Total sustaining capital expenditure All-in sustaining costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non	94	26 177	211	76 482	65 307	35 245	100 552	46 256	7 8	230 1,298	5 84
-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾ All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-	94	177	211	482	307	245	552 -	256 -	8 (1)	1,298 (1)	90 (1)
controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	94	177	211	482	307	245	552	256	7	1,297	89
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex Technology improvements	94 - -	177 - -	211 2 -	482 2	307 32	245	552 32	256 - -	8 - 19	1,298 34 19	84 - -
Non-sustaining exploration and study costs Corporate and social responsibility costs not related to current operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 7
All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	94	177	213	484	339	245	584	256	27 -	1,351 -	96 6
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	94	177 -	213	484	339	245 -	584 -	256	27 (1)	1,351 (1)	102 (1)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	94	177	213	484	339	245	584	256	26	1,350	101
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	78	140	234	452	313	232	544	223	3	1,223	-
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-	1,185	1,256	903	1,061	981	1,059	1,014	1,153	-	1,064	-
offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,185	1,256	909	1,064	1,085	1,059	1,074	1,153	-	1,107	-

⁽¹⁾ Adjusting for non-controlling interest of items included in calculation, to disclose the attributable portions only. Other consists of heap leach inventory.

⁽²⁾ Attributable costs and related expenses of associates and equity accounted joint ventures are included in the calculation of total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce.

³⁾ Attributable portion.

⁽⁴⁾ In addition to the operational performances of the mines, all-in sustaining cost per ounce, all-in cost per ounce, total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce are affected by fluctuations in the currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports all-in sustaining cost per ounce and all-in cost per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces.

⁽⁵⁾ Corporate includes non-gold producing subsidiaries.

⁽⁶⁾ Total cash costs per ounce calculation includes heap-leach inventory change.

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	TauTona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate ⁽⁵⁾
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	84	144	160	388	233	205	438	210	(1)	1,035	(8)
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											_
gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	/
Total cash costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	84	144	160	388	233	205	438	210	(1)		(1)
Retrenchment costs	2	5	3	9	4	3	7	-	(1)	16	-
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	1	3	4	8	4	3	8	-	1	16	-
Amortisation of tangible assets	6	47	46	100	65	54	119	20	1	239	5
Amortisation of intangible assets	1	2	4	8	5	4	9	2	1	19	3
Total production costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	94	201	217	513	311	269	581	232	1	1,325	7
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	78	141	234	453	313	232	544	223	3	1,223	-
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,074	1,023	685	857	746	882	804	941	-	849	_
Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,208	1,431	928	1,132	1,001	1,159	1,068	1,040	-	1,087	-

	DRC	GIANA		GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental Africa other	TOTAL CONTINENTAL AFRICA
	Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	Africa other	NTINENTAL NCA
All-in sustaining costs Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation Corporate administration and marketing		192 (24)	303 (19) 1	314 (32) 4		-	- - -	26 - -	403 (99) 2	5 (4) (1)	1,243 (178) 6
related to current operations Associates and equity accounted joint ventures' share of costs ⁽²⁾	133	-	-	-	- 51	89	20	-	-	1 1	1 294
Inventory writedown to net realisable value and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capital expenditure	- - 3	- - 21	- 13 43	- 2 30	- - 6	- 1 6	8	- - 1	- 2 129	- (1) 1	8 17 240
All-in sustaining costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	136	189	341	318 (48)	57	96	28	27	437	2 (0)	1,631 (48)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	136	189	341	270	57	96	28 (8)	27 (2)	437 (9)	2	1,583 (19)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	136	189	341	270	57	96	20	25	428	2	1,564
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	136 176 2	189 - -	341 38	318 - 5	57 - -	96 -	28 - -	27 - -	437 - -	2 - -	1,631 214 7
All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	314	189	379	323 (48)	57 -	96 -	28 -	27 -	437 -	2	1,852 (48)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	314 -	189 -	379 -	275	57 -	96 -	28 (8)	27 (2)	437 (9)	2	1,804 (19)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	314	189	379	275	57	96	20	25	428	2	1,785
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾ All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile	233	185	248	294	44	85	11	34	481	-	1,615
write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	588 1,351	1,020 1,020	1,374 1,530	917 933	1,298 1,298	1,133 1,133	1,795 1,795	719 719	890 890	-	968 1,105

	DRC		GUANA	GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental Africa Other	TOTAL CONTINENTAL AFRICA
	Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	Africa Other	NTINENTAL NCA
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	-	153	264	273	-	-	-	25	286	-	1,001
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(41)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(41)
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	137	-	-	-	51	87	16	-	-	-	291
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling											
interests and non-gold producing companies	137	153	264	232	51	87	16	25	286	-	1,251
Retrenchment costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	-	6	15	5	-	-	-	-	7	-	33
Amortisation of tangible assets	-	24	19	32	-	-	-	-	99	-	174
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6)
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs (2)	67	-	-	-	8	25	4	-	-	-	104
Total production costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	204	183	298	263	59	112	20	25	393	4	1,561
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	237	177	243	290	44	85	11	33	477	-	1,597
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	578	865	1,086	799	1,162	1,028	1,438	752	599	_	783
Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	860	1,035	1,223	909	1,343	1,329	1,760	756	821		977

		Australia		TOTAL AUSTRALIA	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA	פאאני	BB 471	Americas other	TOTAL AMERICAS
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	ISTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	s other	WERICAS
All-in sustaining costs Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation Corporate administration and marketing related to current operations	344 (47)	296 (98) 3	20 (5) -	660 (150) 3	218	222 (33)	362 (107)	156 (49)	4 - 1	962 (192) 1
Inventory writedown to net realisable value and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capital expenditure All-in sustaining costs	- 31 328	3 59 263	- 6 1 22	9 91 613	2 24 241	2 58 249	1 8 127 392	1 38 146	10 1 16	1 23 248 1,044
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non - gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	(19)	-	-	(16)	(35)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	328	263	22	613	241	230	392 (1)	146	-	1,009 (1)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non- controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	328	263	22	613	241	230	391	146	-	1,008
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex Non-sustaining exploration and study costs Corporate and social responsibility costs not	328 - -	263 - -	22 - 7	613 - 7	241 145 -	249 - -	392 - 1	146 - -	16 1 71	1,044 146 72
related to current operations All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non - gold producing companies (1)	328	263	29	620	386	249 (19)	407	148	89	17 1,279
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	328	263	29 -	620	386	230 -	407 (1)	148	(1) 88 -	(20) 1,259 (1)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	328	263	29	620	386	230	406	148	88	1,258
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	271	350	-	622	210	246	404	138	-	998
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz^{(4)} All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-	1,214	752	-	986	1,147	938	966	1,062	-	1,010
offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,214	752	-	998	1,837	938	1,004	1,078	-	1,262

		AUSTRALIA		TOTAL A	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA		BB 4 711	Americ	TOTAL A
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	TOTAL AUSTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	Americas other	TOTAL AMERICAS
Total cash costs			-							
Total cash costs per financial statements	289	195	14	498	222	184	260	102	(2)	766
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold										
producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	(47)	(14)	-	-	-	(61)
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling										
interests and non-gold producing companies	289	195	14	498	175	170	260	102	(2)	705
Retrenchment costs	-	-	1	1	-	2	3	-	1	6
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	4	9	-	13	28	5	(7)	-	6	32
Amortisation of tangible assets	47	98	4	149	1	32	101	48	1	183
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	1	1	1	-	6	1	1	9
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold					40	(0)			(0)	•
producing companies ⁽¹⁾		-	-	-	12	(3)	-	-	(6)	3
Associates and equity accounted joint ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾										
Total production costs adjusted for non-	-	-	-	_	-		-	-	-	
controlling interests and non-gold producing										
companies	340	302	20	662	217	206	363	151	1	938
companies	3-10	302	20	002	211	200	303	131		330
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	262	358	-	619	211	246	403	136	-	996
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,105	545	-	804	829 ⁽⁶⁾	692	644	748	-	709
Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,301	845	-	1,070	1,031	842	902	1,113	-	942

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	Tau Tona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate
All-in sustaining costs											
Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets	103 (8)	215	240	558	347	262	609	226	-	1,393	(9)
Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation	(o) (1)	(43) 1	(60) 1	(111) 1	(82)	(51) -	(133)	(9)	_	(253)	(1)
Corporate administration and marketing	(1)										(.,
related to current operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	168
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of costs ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Inventory writedown to net realisable value									,	4	(4)
and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	1	1	(1) (1)
Total sustaining capital expenditure	14	50	78	142	95	59	154	16	_	312	9
All-in sustaining costs	108	223	259	590	360	270	630	233	6	1,459	168
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-										,	
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	108	223	259	590	360	270	630	233	6	1,459	168
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)	1
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs	108	223	259	590	360	270	630	233	5	1,458	169
companies and stockpile write-ons	100	223	200	330	300	210	030	200	-	1,430	103
All-in sustaining costs	108	223	259	590	360	270	630	233	6	1,459	168
Non-sustaining Project capex	-	1	39	40	76	1	77	23	(1)	139	(1)
Technology improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	14	-
Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Corporate and social responsibility costs not											40
related to current operations All-in costs	108	224	298	630	436	271	707	256	19	4 642	16 189
All-in costs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling	100	224	290	630	430	2/1	707	236	19	1,612	109
interests and non-gold producing companies	108	224	298	630	436	271	707	256	19	1,612	189
Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	-	:	-	-	-		-	-	(1)	,	
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling									` ′	. ,	
interests, non-gold producing companies and											
stockpile write-offs	108	224	298	630	436	271	707	256	18	1,611	190
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	83	178	212	472	354	235	589	240	-	1,302	-
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile											
write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,305	1,255	1,223	1,249	1,016	1,149	1,069	969	_	1,120	-
All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-	,		,	,	,	ĺ					
offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,305	1,262	1,406	1,334	1,230	1,152	1,199	1,064		1,238	

Adjusting for non-controlling interest of items included in calculation, to disclose the attributable portions only. Other consists of heap leach inventory.

Attributable costs and related expenses of associates and equity accounted joint ventures are included in the calculation of total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce.

In addition to the operational performances of the mines, all-in sustaining cost per ounce, all-in cost per ounce, total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce are affected by fluctuations in the currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports allin sustaining cost per ounce and all-in cost per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports total cash costs per ounce and total production costs per ounce calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces.

[.] Corporate includes non-gold producing subsidiaries.

Total cash costs per ounce calculation includes heap-leach inventory change.

	Great Noligwa	Kopanang	Moab Khotsong	Vaal River Operations	Mponeng	TauTona	West Wits Operations	Surface operations	South Africa other	Total South Africa (Operations)	Corporate ⁽⁵⁾
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	91	163	169	423	255	216	471	213	-	1,107	(7)
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total cash costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing	91	462	169	400	255	246	471	213		4 407	(4)
companies Retrenchment costs	3	163 5	6	423 14	255 7	216	13	213	-	1,107 27	(1)
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	1	4	6	11	3	(10)	(7)	3	_	7	1
Amortisation of tangible assets	7	41	57	105	77	47	124	8	_	237	5
Amortisation of intangible assets	1	3	37	7	5	3	8	_		15	2
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-	į	3	3	,	3	3	U			13	
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4)
Associates and equity accounted joint											(')
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	1
Total production costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	103	216	241	560	347	262	609	224	-	1,393	4
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	83	178	212	472	354	235	589	240	-	1,302	-
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,100 1,252	918 1,210	797 1,138	895 1,185	719 978	920 1,117	800 1,034	883 933	-	850 1,070	-

Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets									-			1
All-in sustaining costs Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation Corporate administration and marketing related to current operations Associates and equity accounted joint ventures' share of costs 21 Inventory writedown to net realisable value and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capital expenditure 21		DRC	GIANA		GUINEA		MALI			TANZANIA	Continental	TOTAL COI
Cost of sales per financial statements -		Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	Africa other	ITINENTAL ICA
Cost of sales per financial statements -	All-in sustaining costs											
Associates and equity accounted joint 21 - - 47 118 46 - - 23 23 24 - - 47 118 46 - - 24 89 - 23 1 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Cost of sales per financial statements Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets Adjusted for decommissioning amortisation	- -	(30)	(50)	(27)	- - -	- - -	-		(120)		1,393 (239) 6
ventures' share of costs ⁽²⁾ Inventory writedown to net realisable value and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs Total sustaining capital expenditure All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Companies All-in costs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in sustaining costs All-in sustaining costs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in sustaining costs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in sustaining costs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in costs All-in costs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in cost per unit (sectuding stockpile write-offs All-in cost		-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
and other stockpile adjustments Sustaining exploration and study costs - 1	ventures' share of costs ⁽²⁾	21	-	-	-	47	118	46	-	-	-	232
Total sustaining capital expenditure		-	83	4	-	-	16	-	24	89	-	216
All-in sustaining costs	Sustaining exploration and study costs	-		6	18	-		-			-	39
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) (52) (1) (52) (1) (52) (53) (54) (55) (73) (73) (73) (73) (73) (73) (73) (73	9 1 1	-						-				379
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies 21 303 541 293 60 147 46 73 473 19 1,97 Adjusted for stockpile write-offs - (83) (4) (16) - (24) (89) - (21 All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs 21 220 537 293 60 131 46 49 384 19 1,76 All-in sustaining costs 21 303 541 345 60 147 46 73 473 20 2,02 Non-sustaining Project capex 341 5 42 3 - 31 2 - 8 28 46 Non-sustaining exploration and study costs 1 9 30 4 All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) 9 (54) (9) (6) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) - (83) (4) (16) - (24) (89) - (21) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) - (83) (4) (16) - (24) (89) - (21) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs 363 225 579 303 60 162 48 49 392 69 2,25 Gold sold - oz (000)(3) 40 215 242 272 57 86 28 63 461 - 1,46 All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs 529 1,025 2,214 1,085 1,051 1,510 1,653 781 833 - 1,20 All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs 529 1,025 2,214 1,085 1,051 1,510 1,653 781 833 - 1,20	Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non	21	303	541		60	147	46	73	473		2,029
controlling interests and non-gold producing companies 21 303 541 293 60 147 46 73 473 19 1,97 Adjusted for stockpile write-offs - (83) (4) (16) - (24) (89) - (21 21 220 537 293 60 131 46 49 384 19 1,76 Adjusted for stockpile write-offs 21 220 537 293 60 131 46 49 384 19 1,76 All-in sustaining costs 21 303 541 345 60 147 46 73 473 20 2,02 Non-sustaining Project capex 341 5 42 3 - 31 2 - 8 28 46 Non-sustaining exploration and study costs 1 9 300 4 All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies 363 308 583 357 60 178 48 73 481 78 2,52 Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies 363 308 583 303 60 178 48 73 481 69 2,46 All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies 363 308 583 303 60 178 48 73 481 69 2,46 All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies 363 308 583 303 60 178 48 73 481 69 2,46 All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies 363 225 579 303 60 162 48 49 392 69 2,25 Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾ 40 215 242 272 57 86 28 63 461 - 1,46 All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs 529 1,025 2,214 1,085 1,051 1,510 1,653 781 833 - 1,20 All-in cost per unit - \$\(\script{control}{control		-	-	-	(52)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(53)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs 21 220 537 293 60 131 46 49 384 19 1,76 All-in sustaining costs 21 303 541 345 60 147 46 73 473 20 2,02 Non-sustaining Project capex 341 5 42 3 - 31 2 - 8 28 46 Non-sustaining exploration and study costs 1 - 9 30 4 All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -gold producing companies (1) (54) (9) (6) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) (54) (9) (6) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) - (83) (4) (16) - (24) (89) - (21) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs 363 225 579 303 60 162 48 49 392 69 2,25 Gold sold - oz (000)(3) 40 215 242 272 57 86 28 63 461 - 1,46 All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$\(\)000 (ox 200)(3) 529 1,025 2,214 1,085 1,051 1,510 1,653 781 833 - 1,20 All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) 529 1,025 2,214 1,085 1,051 1,510 1,653 781 833 - 1,20	controlling interests and non-gold producing companies	21 -			293	60 -					19 -	1,976 (216)
controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs 21 220 537 293 60 131 46 49 384 19 1,76 All-in sustaining costs 21 303 541 345 60 147 46 73 473 20 2,02 Non-sustaining Project capex 341 5 42 3 - 31 2 - 8 28 46 Non-sustaining exploration and study costs All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -gold producing companies (6) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (7) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (83) Adjusted for stockpile write-offs Aljusted for non-controlling interests and non-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o			\/				\ -/		\ /	(/		(-/
All-in sustaining costs Non-sustaining Project capex Non-sustaining exploration and study costs All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) All-in cost adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) All-in cost per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs)												
Non-sustaining Project capex 341 5 42 3 - 31 2 - 8 28 46	companies and stockpile write-offs	21	220	537	293	60	131	46	49	384	19	1,760
All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -gold producing companies (1) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) Adjusted for stockpile write-offs (1) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs (16) All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit -\$\frac{1}{2}\cdot 2000 (1) All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs)						60			73 -			2,029 460
All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -gold producing companies (1) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (1) Adjusted for stockpile write-offs (1) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs (16) All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot 2000 (1) (1) All-in costs per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) (1) All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write		1	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	30	40
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs 363 308 583 303 60 178 48 73 481 69 2,46 (24) (89) - (21) All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs 363 225 579 303 60 162 48 49 392 69 2,25 (21) All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot \frac{1}{2}\cdot \frac	All-in costs Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non	363	308	583		60	178	48	73	481		2,529
interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾ All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$\forall oz^{(4)}\$ See Producing companies and stockpile write-offs All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$\forall oz^{(4)}\$ See Producing companies and stockpile write-offs) per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) per	-gold producing companies(1)	-	-	-	(54)	-	-	-	-	-	(9)	(63)
interests, non-gold producing companies and stockpile write-offs 363 225 579 303 60 162 48 49 392 69 2,25 Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾ 40 215 242 272 57 86 28 63 461 - 1,46 All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ 529 1,025 2,214 1,085 1,051 1,510 1,653 781 833 - 1,20 All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs)	interests and non-gold producing companies Adjusted for stockpile write-offs	363			303 -	60		48			69 -	2,466 (216)
stockpile write-offs 363 225 579 303 60 162 48 49 392 69 2,25 Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾ 40 215 242 272 57 86 28 63 461 - 1,46 All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ 529 1,025 2,214 1,085 1,051 1,510 1,653 781 833 - 1,20 All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) 1,051 1,051 1,510 1,653 781 833 - 1,20				_					Ī		Ţ	
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾ All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit (excluding stockpile write-off		363	225	579	303	60	162	48	49	392	69	2,250
write-offs) per unit - \$\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(40	215	242	272	57	86	28	63	461	-	1,462
An-in cost per unit (excluding stockhie write-	write-offs) per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	529	1,025	2,214	1,085	1,051	1,510	1,653	781	833	-	1,202
	offs) - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	9,168	1,049	2,388	1,122	1,051	1,875	1,734	781	851		1,538

	DRC	GILANA		GUINEA		MALI		NAMIBIA	TANZANIA	Continental Africa Other	TOTAL CONTIN
	Kibali	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Morila	Sadiola	Yatela	Navachab	Geita	Africa Other	CONTINENTAL AFRICA
Total cash costs											
Total cash costs per financial statements	-	190	336	290	-	-	-	44	237	(3)	1,094
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(43)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43)
Associates and equity accounted joint											
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	19	-	-	-	44	114	42	-	-	-	219
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling											
interests and non-gold producing companies	19	190	336	247	44	114	42	44	237	(3)	
Retrenchment costs	-	5	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	38
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	-	7	4	4	-	-	-	(1)	-	7	21
Amortisation of tangible assets	-	30	50	27	-	-	-	6	105	18	236
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-											
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	(5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5)
Associates and equity accounted joint	_					_					
ventures' share of total cash costs ⁽²⁾	9	-	-	-	4	5	4	-	-	-	22
Total production costs adjusted for non-											
controlling interests and non-gold producing											
companies	28	232	420	273	48	119	46	49	342	29	1,586
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	40	221	239	268	57	86	27	63	459	-	1,460
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾ Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	471 701	861 1,047	1,406 1,758	918 1,018	773 838	1,334 1,389	1,530 1,702	691 771	515 778	-	869 1,086

	Australia			TOTAL A	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	ARGENTINA	BRAZIL		Americ	ТОТАL А
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	TOTAL AUSTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	Americas other	TOTAL AMERICAS
All-in sustaining costs										
Cost of sales per financial statements	366	64	19	449	201	199	374	133	3	910
Amortisation of tangible and intangible assets	(67)	(27)	(3)	(97)	(21)	(35)	(103)	(41)	(1)	(201)
Corporate administration and marketing related to current operations	_	_	1	1	15	_	6	_	1	22
Sustaining exploration and study costs	12	3	8	23	4	7	14	8	<u>'</u>	33
Total sustaining capital expenditure	39	25	5	69	15	61	118	36	_	230
All-in sustaining costs	350	65	30	445	214	232	409	136	3	994
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -										
gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	(18)	-	-	-	(18)
All-in sustaining costs adjusted for non-										
controlling interests, non-gold producing										
companies and stockpile write-offs	350	65	30	445	214	214	409	136	3	976
***	0.50						400	400		
All-in sustaining costs	350	65	30	445 216	214 148	232	409 5	136	3 15	994
Non-sustaining Project capex Non-sustaining exploration and study costs	-	216	9	216	140	8	5 6	4	114	180 120
Corporate and social responsibility costs not	_	_	9	9	-	-	0	_	114	120
related to current operations	_	_	_	_	_	1	7	(3)	_	5
All-in costs	350	281	39	670	362	241	427	137	132	1,299
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non -				-						-,
gold producing companies (1)	-	-	-	-	-	(18)	-	-	-	(18)
All-in costs adjusted for non-controlling										
interests, non-gold producing companies and										
stockpile write-offs	350	281	39	670	362	223	427	137	132	1,281
Gold sold - oz (000) ⁽³⁾	265	58	-	323	231	236	399	141	-	1,007
All-in sustaining cost (excluding stockpile write-offs) per unit - \$\forall oz^{(4)}	1,321	1,113	-	1,376	927	912	1,023	970	-	970
All-in cost per unit (excluding stockpile write-offs) - $\rm \$/oz^{(4)}$	1,321	4,850	-	2,073	1,567	947	1,069	971	-	1,271

	AUSTRALIA			TOTAL A	ARGENTINA UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		BRAZIL		Americas	TOTAL A
	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana	Australia other	TOTAL AUSTRALIA	Cripple Creek & Victor	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineracao	Serra Grande	as other	TOTAL AMERICAS
Total cash costs										
Total cash costs per financial statements	306	38	14	358	230	162	253	99	1	745
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies and other ⁽¹⁾					(61)	(12)				(73)
Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling	-	-	_	-	(01)	(12)	-	-	_	(13)
interests and non-gold producing companies	306	38	14	358	169	150	253	99	1	672
Retrenchment costs	-	-	1	1	- 100	1	2	-		3
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	(4)	2	1	(1)	(15)	1	7	(4)	1	(10)
Amortisation of tangible assets	(4) 67	27	4	98	21	35	101	40	1	198
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3
Adjusted for non-controlling interests, non-gold producing companies ⁽¹⁾		-	-	-	25	(3)	-	-	-	22
Total production costs adjusted for non-										
controlling interests and non-gold producing										
companies	369	67	20	456	200	184	365	135	4	888
Gold produced - oz (000) (3)	276	66	-	342	231	241	391	138	-	1,001
Total cash costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,110	568	_	1.047	732 ⁽⁶⁾	622	646	719	_	671
Total production costs per unit - \$/oz ⁽⁴⁾	1,341	1,018	-	1,333	864	767	931	991	-	886



Administrative information

ANGLOGOLD ASHANTI LIMITED

Registration No. 1944/017354/06 Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Share codes:

ZAE000043485 ISIN:

JSE: **ANG** NYSE: ΑU ASX: AGG GhSE: (Shares) AGA GhSE: (GhDS) AAD

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SM Pityana[^] (Chairman)

R Gasant[^] A Garner# DL Hogdson[^] NP January-Bardill[^] MJ Kirkwood* Prof LW Nkuhlu² M Richter# R J Ruston~

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BoNY maintains a direct share purchase and dividend reinvestment plan for ANGLOGOLD ASHANTI.

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