







LESSON 03 Introduction to React & Project Setup

WEEK 01









Objectives

- Understanding React Fundamentals
- Setting Up Development Tools
- Setting up a React Project
- React Project structure
- React Examples









Understanding React Fundamentals









What is React?

- JavaScript library for building user interfaces.
- Developed by Facebook, open-source since 2013.
- Focuses on component-based architecture.









Key Features

- JSX: JavaScript XML syntax for describing UI
- **Components**: Reusable, modular UI pieces
- ❖ Virtual DOM: Efficient rendering with minimal updates
- ❖ One-way Data Flow: Predictable state management









Why Use React?

- Fast and responsive UIs
- Simplified development with reusable components
- Large ecosystem and community support
- Works with modern frameworks and tools









Components

- Modular UI building blocks
- Functional or Class-based
- Reusable and composable









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- JavaScript XML syntax
- Combines HTML-like code with JavaScript
- Transpiled to pure JavaScript
- Enables dynamic UI









Virtual DOM

- Lightweight in-memory representation of real DOM
- Optimizes UI updates
- > Improves performance









- ❖ **Props:** (short for properties) are used to pass data from parent components to child components.
 - Data passed to components
 - > Immutable within component
 - Enables customization









- ❖ State: State is an object that holds data or information about the component and determines how it renders and behaves
 - Internal component data
 - Managed with useState hook
 - > Triggers re-renders









Component Lifecycle

The lifecycle of a React component refers to the series of methods that are invoked in different phases: mounting, updating, and unmounting.

Common Lifecycle Methods componentDidMount(), componentDidUpdate(), and componentWillUnmount() are common lifecycle methods used to perform actions at specific points.









Hooks

- > Functions to add state and lifecycle to functional components
- useState, useEffect, useContext, etc.









Event Handling in React

- > React uses synthetic events for consistent browser behavior
- > Events are handled via event handlers in components
- Similar to DOM events but with React-specific syntax

```
1 function Button() {
2  const handleClick = () ⇒ {
3   alert('Clicked!');
4  };
5
6  return <button onClick={handleClick}>Click Me</button>;
7 }
```









Setting Up Development Tools









Install Node.js

- Node.js is required to run JavaScript and manage React dependencies using npm.
- Download from: Node.js Official Site.

•Download from: Visual Studio Code Official Site.









Install Visual Studio Code (VS Code)

- VS Code is a powerful and lightweight code editor used for React development.
- Download from: Visual Studio Code Official Site.









VS Code Extensions for React Development

ES7 React/Redux/GraphQL/React-Native Snippets

Provides React snippets for faster development of React components and Redux actions.

Prettier

Automatically formats your code to maintain a consistent style.

SESTING

Helps in maintaining code quality by identifying and fixing code issues.









Setting up a React Project

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Prerequisites

- ❖ Install Node.js
 - Ensure you have Node.js installed (version LTS).
- ❖ Install npm
 - npm comes bundled with Node.js, which is necessary for installing dependencies.









Setting Up Vite for React Project

What is Vite?

➤ Vite is a modern, fast build tool that allows quick setup and development of React applications. It provides fast hot module replacement and optimized builds.

Why Use Vite for React?

➤ Vite offers faster startup times and faster updates during development compared to other tools like Create React App (CRA).









Setting Up Vite for React Project

❖ Install Vite

- To set up a React project using Vite, run the following command: npm create vite@latest my-react-app --template react
- > This will scaffold a new React project with Vite.

Install Dependencies

Navigate to the project folder and install dependencies: cd my-react-app npm install









Running the React Project

Start the Development Server

- > Run the project locally with: npm run dev
- This starts the development server and opens the project in your browser at http://localhost:5173

Fast Reload

➤ Vite enables hot module replacement (HMR), so changes in your code automatically reload in the browser.

















Overview of React Project Structure

- ➤ A typical React project has a predefined structure that helps organize components, assets, and configuration files.
- Common structure includes folders for source code (src), assets, configuration files, and dependencies.

Project Root Directory

Contains essential configuration files and scripts to run the app, like package.json, vite.config.js (for Vite), and others like README.md.









node_modules/

- Stores all project dependencies
- Installed via npm/yarn
- Not tracked in version control

❖ public/

- Static assets (e.g., images, favicon)
- index.html: Main HTML file
- Accessible without bundling

src/

- Core source code folder
- Contains components, styles, and logic
- index.js: Entry point for React app









package.json

- Project metadata and scripts
- Lists dependencies and devDependencies
- Defines commands (e.g., start, build)

.gitignore

- Specifies files/folders to ignore in Git
- Typically includes node_modules/, build/
- Ensures clean repository

* README.md

- Project documentation
- Includes setup and usage instructions
- Written in Markdown









React Examples









React Examples

Counter App

A simple app that allows users to increase or decrease a counter value by clicking buttons.

Picture Viewer App

➤ A simple app that allows users to view and navigate through a collection of images.

❖ Todo List App Example

A simple app where users can add, remove, and mark tasks as completed.









React Examples

❖ Todo List Demo

- Manages list of tasks
- Uses useState for tasks, useEffect for storage
- Shows component composition