# The Seven DA Principles



# **Delight Customers**

Successful organizations offer great products and services that delight their customers.

Systems design tells us to

- build with the customer in mind,
- work with them closely,
- build in small increments, and
- then seek feedback

so that we better understand what will delight them.

As solutions evolve, we know our **stakeholders will change their minds** as they learn.

# **Be Awesome**

Awesome employees make awesome teams, and awesome teams build quality from the very beginning.

What does awesome look like?

- Act in a way that earns respect and the trust of colleagues.
- This leads to collaborating by sharing information, offering help, asking for help when needed, and actively participating on a team.
- Then, demonstrate active learning by mastering specialist skills and looking for opportunities to not only expand on that knowledge, but also keep going beyond the current specialty.
- Continue to focus on the team to prevent disappointing them.
- Finally, improve and manage emotional responses to difficult situations

Innovation requires diversity, and diversity leads to emotional reactions.

# **Enterprise Awareness**

This awareness involves

- considering the overall needs of the organization,
- with a focus on project outcomes that contribute to the larger goals, rather than just the project goals.

This thought pattern changes behaviors, as members

- contact other departments,
- leverage existing company assets,
- follow common guidance to ensure quality,
- share learning across teams, and
- inspire reciprocity through transparency

#### **Pragmatism**

DA recognizes the **pragmatic elements of modern work environments** like team distribution, outsourcing, part-time stakeholders, distance or virtual members, employee turnover, and transient workers.

With the recognition that context counts and choice is good, teams can turn away from purist devotion to process and move toward pragmatism.

# **Context Counts**

Each team possesses **individual attributes** like skill sets, preferences, and backgrounds.

An **organization** also possesses unique **characteristics** (e.g., operational and regulatory compliance, location, and work cultures).

Examine these contexts and determine the level of impact by dividing them into two factors, those that:

- significantly impact life cycle choice and
- motivate choices of practice/strategies.

# **Choice is Good**

Different contexts require different strategies.

DA can sit between the extremes of easy-to-follow methods and more advanced methods, allowing teams to choose and own processes that lead to awesome outcomes.

By having lots of options to explore and choose from, teams can **improve** their process earlier.

# **Optimize Flow**

DA recommends strategies for optimizing the

flow of work. These strategies include:

- Frequent delivery of consumable solutions
- Working in an enterprise-aware manner
- Visualizing work and using simplicity to eliminate waste
- Improving the team's work environment
- Adopting an experimentation mindset
- Tracking and measuring based on context
- Moving from temporary project teams to long-lived product teams

