CS 352 The Application Layer

Lecture 3.1, Spring 2020

http://www.cs.rutgers.edu/~sn624/352

Srinivas Narayana



Application-layer Protocol

- Message format:
 - Syntax: what fields in messages & how fields are delineated
 - Semantics: meaning of information in fields
- Actions: when and how processes send & respond to messages

Public-domain protocols:

- defined in RFCs
- allows for interoperability
- e.g., HTTP, SMTP

Proprietary protocols:

• e.g., Skype



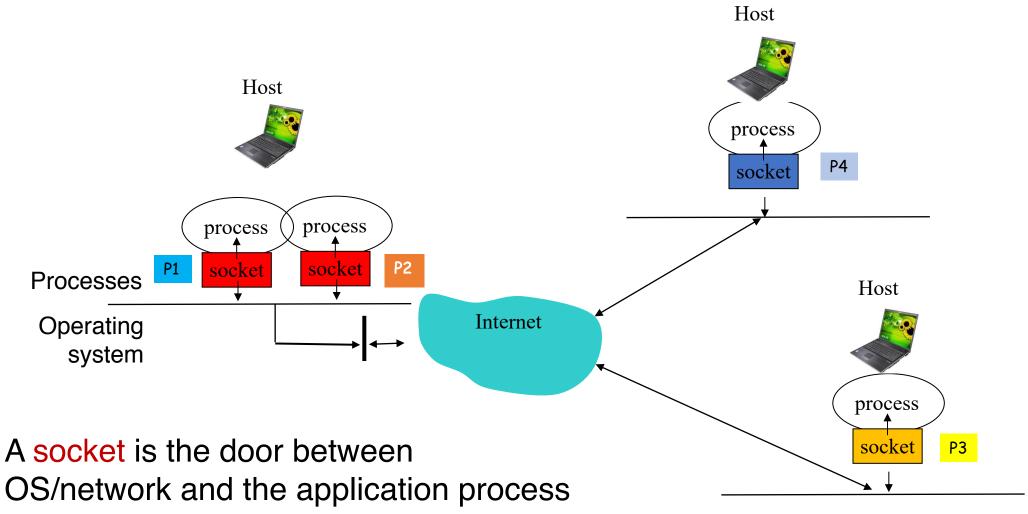
Application Addresses

- We usually think of an application executing on a single endpoint
- However, applications can reside on, say, 2 different endpoints connected by a network
- In order to communicate, need to identify the communicating parties
 - Telephone network: phone number (10 digits)
- Computer network: IP address
 - IPv4 (32 bits) 128.6.24.78
 - IPv6 (128 bits) 2001:4000:A000:C000:6000:B001:412A:8000
- Suppose there is more than one networked program executing on a host
 - In addition to host address, we need one more address
 - "Which Program to talk to?"
- Identity for an application: port number + IP addr

Host / house (IP address)

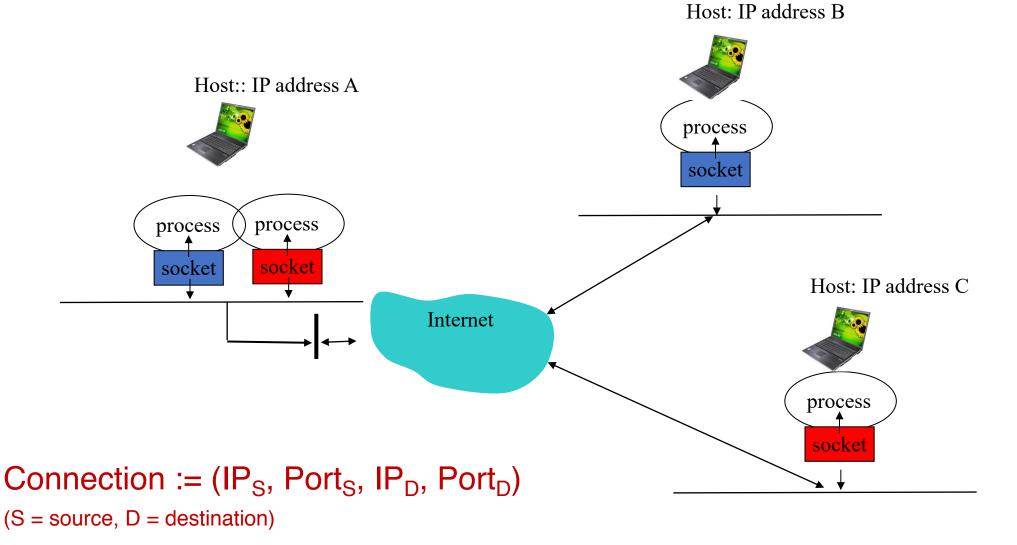
App / person (port #)

IP address & port number

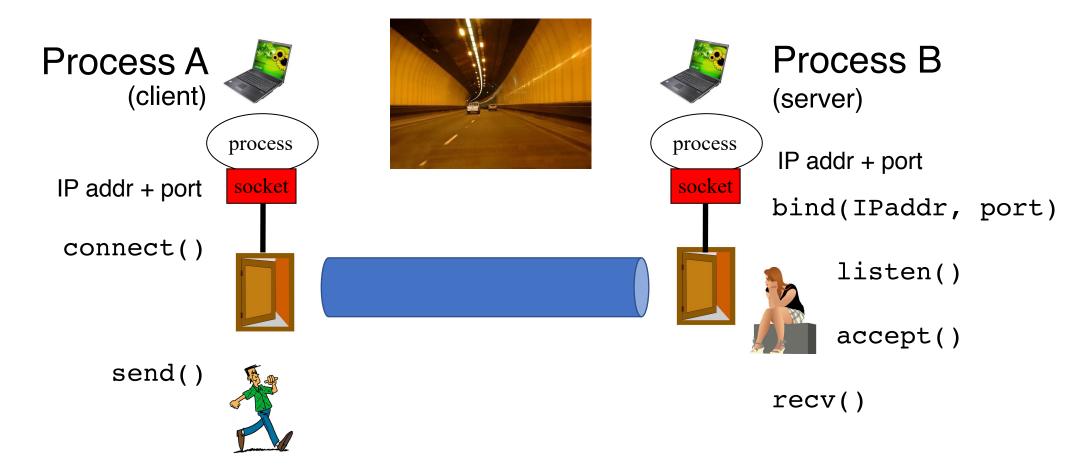


The application's programming interface to the network

An app-layer connection is a 4-tuple



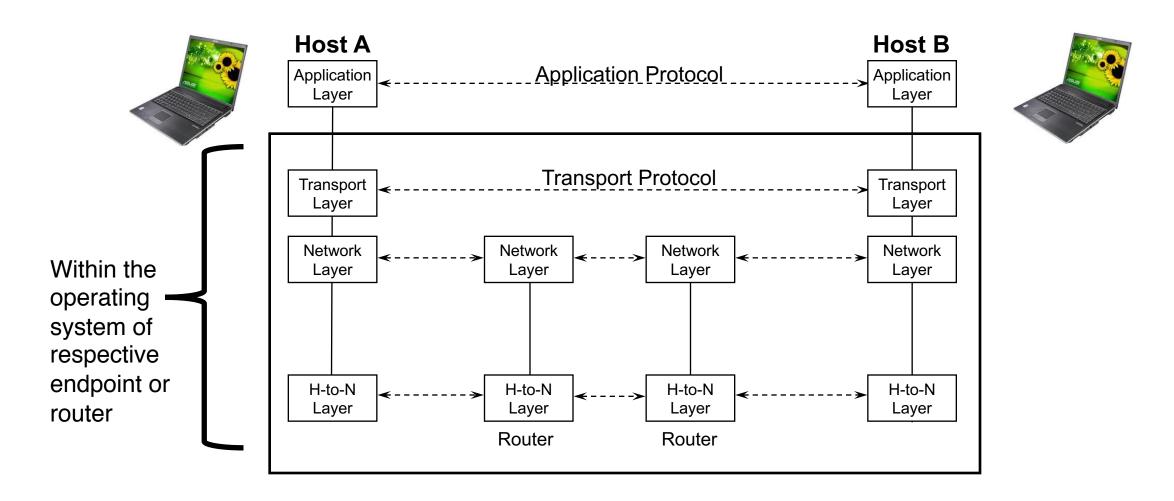
Socket system calls



Seeing app-layer connections

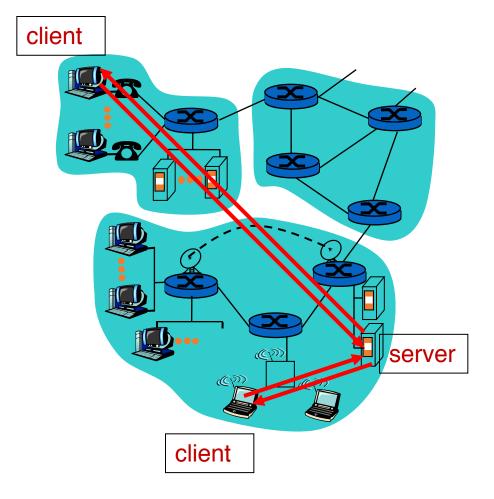
• netstat

Recall: Apps rely on services by lower layers



Common Architectures of Applications

Client-server architecture



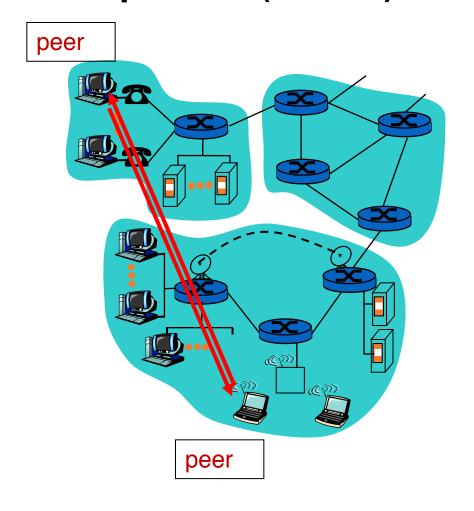
Server:

- Always-on endpoint
- Provides a "service" to the world
- Typically permanent IP address
- Compute clusters to scale to many users

Clients:

- A "customer" of the server
- May be intermittently connected
- May have dynamic IP addresses
- Typically do not communicate directly with other clients
- The web (HTTP) works this way!
- Many mobile apps too (e.g., Instagram)

Peer-to-peer (P2P) architecture



Peers:

- Intermittently connected hosts
- Directly talking to each other
- Little to no reliance on always-up servers
 - Examples: BitTorrent, Skype
- Today, many applications use a hybrid model
 - Example: Skype "supernodes"

Going forward: A few applications

Domain Name System

The web: HTTP

Mail

Streaming video

Domain Name System

"You have my name. Can you lookup my address?"

Domain Name System (DNS)

Problem statement:

- Average brain can easily remember 7 digits for a few names
- On average, IP addresses have 12 digits
- We need an easier way to remember IP addresses

Solution:

- Use alphanumeric names to refer to hosts. Called host names or domain names
 - Example: cs.rutgers.edu
- We need a directory (address book): add a service to map between alphanumeric host names and binary IP addresses
- We call this process Address Resolution

Types of Directories

- Directories map a *name* to an *address*
- Simplistic designs
 - Central directory
 - Ask everyone (e.g., flooding)
 - Tell everyone (e.g., push to a file like /etc/hosts)
- Scalable distributed designs
 - Hierarchical namespace (e.g., Domain Name System (DNS))
 - Flat name space (e.g., Distributed Hash Table)



Simple DNS

- What if every endpoint has a local directory?
- /etc/hosts.txt
 - How things worked in the early days of the Internet!

What if endpoints changed addresses? How do you keep this

up to date?

snowski Maciej Czerw. Krzyż-	Zaklad Lhezp. Spolecznych s.	vollzieher KsSkorupko-Str 12	Zytniastr 20	verbindet mit sämtlichen	Spychalski Wi
11 610.41	Bauptanstalt I. Sozialversiche-	969 59	Direktion 636 39	Abteilungen u. Referaten.	nehm, Såskastr I
nowski Mieczysiaw Lebens nittel Hopfenstr 91 522 47		Spalinski Mieczyslaw Sniadec-	Verkaufsabt 321 02	Zucker Kunsthonig- Marmelade-	Spysz Jan Napo
snowski Mieczyslaw R.	Sozialversicherungskasse in Warschau Weichseluler 35	kichstr 1 740 59	Spiritus Monopol Staatl, Zab-	Konserven- u. Petroleum-Refe-	Inh. technHande skastr 1
Szusterstr 28 415 65		Spaltenstein Franciszek Lud-	kowskastr 27-33	rate 448 05	
snowski Stanislaw Mechani-		nastr 9 927 27	Werksleiter Büro Sekretärin	Baureferat Grazynastr 22 418 39	Srebrny Kazimi
er Bahnhoistr 2 596 78	Deutscher Kommissar 240 66	Sparkasse s. unter Kassel	10 17 15	Genossenschaftl. Korrespondenz-	
snowski Stanislaw Desin-	Stellvertr. d. Deutschen Kommis-	*Sparterte Holzindustrie GmbH	Websung 10 17 15	kurse Wiktorskastr 16 434 45	Srednicka Wlad
ekt. Hausreinig. Siennastr 45	340 40	Blumenstr 4 323 02	Stellvertreter d. Werksleiters	Zweigstelle Warschau	Korsettmacherin P
500 82		Sparterie Holzindustrie GmbH	Büro 10 60 22	Leiter u. Büro 427 24	Srednicki Br. M
mowski Stanislaw Dr med.	Tantrale 4-alle	Madalinskistr 87 422 02	Wohnung 10 60 22	Verkaufsabt, Verk, v. Sacha-	we Kolostr 10
wowskastr 13 826 08	Zentrale Analit. Laborat. Sonn-o. Felertage 11-12 558 04	Spasinska Jadwiga Rakowiec-	Hauptpförtnerei Auskunft	rin u. Kontingentart. f. d. Kreis Warschau 427 14	Srednicki Broni Luki Wielkiestr 1
nowski Szymon Verteilungs-	Wirtschaftslager Dorfstr 20	kastr 5 425 35	10 07 06	Kreis Warschau 427 14 Ref. Kontingentart, f. d. Stadt	
elle Szosa Poznanska Ecke Mech-	"Histmatistager Dortstr 20	Spanowicz Eugeniusz 6 Sier-	Personalbüro Leiter 10 14 69	Warschau 407 54	Srednicki Stanis
nowski Tadeusz Lastricwa-	Schreibmat -Lager Polnastr 34	pienstr 24 944 47	Technische Abt. Leiter 10 42 32	Lager Grazynastr 13 439 68	Kinderarzt Targov
en Pius-XI-Str 13 936 45	992 62	Spasowiczowa Aniela + Re-	Böro d. Techn. Abt. 10 02 77	Litzmannstadt Str 81	Srednicki Stanis
nowski W. Eisenwarenverk.	Druckerei Litamannstadtstr 52	amtin Bednarskastr 26 238 95	Mechanische Werkstätte	291 88 302 30	str 52
	627 56	Spaw Stahlkonstruktionswerke	10 43 49	Kolejowastr 5 302 31 334 44	Sredzinski Leon
nowski W. EisenwVerk	Landgut Groty 510 86	Kwiecinski Wl. Pradzynskistr 17	Abt. Haushaltung Leiter	Wlochy 11 Listopadastr 24	str 31
eldherrnaltee 12a 436 86	Nachtverhindungen (nach 19 Uhr)	321 49	Büro 10 14 81	684 34	Srocki Stefan Pi
nowski Waclaw + Nordsud	Weichselufer 35	Specht Elzbieta Kurstr 108	Wohnung 10 14 81	Zweigstelle f. Schreibwarenhan-	STUCKI Stelau I
lee 130 442 17	Bote Pförtner 558 01	10 23 49	Einkaufsabt. 103189	del Rozanastr 8/10 413 97	Sroczynska Apol
nowski Zdzislaw & Co	Intendant 558 02	Specht Willi Ingenieurbauten	Verkaufsabt. u. Großbandlung	Obsterzeugn, u. Fischkons, Fabr.	str 20
arschauer Müllabluhr EsMac-	Garage 558 03	Marsstr 6 900 89	10 26 25	Halenstr 196 900 15 Büro Halenstr 204 717 25	Sroczynska Iren
ewicz-Str 3/5 10 30 53	1. Bezirk Smulikowskistr 1/3	Speck Paula Wein- u. Spirituo-	Abt. Branntweinreinigung	Tüten- u. Briefumschlagfbr. Dlu-	
nowski Zygmunt Ing. Moko-	Zentrale # 558 00	senhdig Neue Welt 3 805 72	Leiter 10 16 77	gastr 48	Sroczynska Kar
wskastr 41 832 44	Röntgenanstalt Zielnastr 11	Ordenstr 19 633 14	Fabriks Laboratorium	Büro 11 06 82	bdlg. Dobrastr 26
onko H. u. Wojciechowski	67E 70	Speditio Transportburo Postpl 9	Rechnungsweep n. Buchführung	Expedition 11 09 79	Sroczynski u. Ho
Bauing GmbH Kruczastr 8	II. Bezirk Poloastr 34	338 00	Leiter 10 04 CS	Schachtelfbr. Marienstadtstr 29	hdi. Notenlager u
onko Henryk Ing. Boernero-	Oberarzt 932 84	Speditionshaus Adolf u. Edd-		Honigstr 14 232 14 614 00	schallstr 91
Parkowastr 7 11 17 14	Vertrauensärzte 746 47	ard Holler Zweigniederlassung	Zigaretten Nowiniarskastr 2	Te-Ersatzfbr, Mokotowskastr 9	Sroczynski E. S
rka Adam Dr. med. f. innere	Büroleiter u. Sekretariat	Dlugastr 29 11 19 70	11 00 21	Büro 713 05	Mctallw. Abt. elel
ankh. Radomer Str 43 979 69	830 71	Spedo SpedBüro Marschallstr 102	Spiro Gertrud Geschäftsinh.	Verpackungsabt. 941 49	nigsberger Str 4/6
ka Stanislawa Kinderkon-	Meldeburo v. Intendant	692 59	Tamkastr 48 224 91	Auto-Werkstätte Barokowastr 4	Sroczynski J. &
t. Hdig. I Markthalle 157	Potent 1 : 856 57	Speich Walter + Ing. Kim.	Spisacki wascales ing. Arch.	11 09 88	met. Laborat. K
500 67	Referat d. Krankenbauswesens	Marsstr 8 738 24	Potockastr 9 12 50 15	Genossenschaftl, Schule Drei-	Sroczynski Jan H
rynska Eugenia Widokstr 23	Oberschwester 744 14	Speidel Max Beauftragte d. Kom-	Spitzbarth-Benda Karol +	kreuzpl 8/10 914 19	ria-kazimiera-Str
647.00		missar, Verwaltung sichergest,	Schauspieler Neue Welt 30 248 76	Spolnota Arbeitsgen. m. Anteilb.	Sroczynski Kar
ynski Alfons Feldherrn-		Grundstücke i. Warschau Grott-	Spiz Arbeitsgenossenschaftl. Un-	Ordenstr 18 Vorstand 245 16	Leczyckastr 4
ee 117a 436 62	Chemisches Laboratorium	gerstr 2 426 35	tern, I. Tief- u. Hochbauarb. Kru-	Direktor 347 13	Sroczynski Karo
ynski Jan Seifenw. Browar-	III. Bezirk Litzmannstadt Str 52	Spel + elektr. Anl. u. Materialien-	czastr 14 960 82	+ Warenhaus Leiter 697 83	22 Conjument Mary
ynski Janusz Klempner-	Oberarzt 542 82	lager Bartoszewicz M. Gasewski	Spizewski Jan Zahnarzi Jawo-	+ Binkaufsbüroltr. 342.97	+ Grzybowskastr
	Vertrauensärzte 231 16	B. Wspolnastr 9 734 57	rzynskastr 7 723 12	Einkaufshüro 640 70	Sroczynski Kazi
ewicz Adam IngMech. Ra-	Büroleiter u. Ref. d. Facharzte	Sperling J. & Co. Wagen u. Me-	Splawa-Neyman Helena Neue	Verkaufsbüroltr. 500 25 Auftragsbüroltr. 252 53	Kinderarzt Sporta
vieckastr 45	217 34	tallwarenfbr. GmbH Mlynarska-	Burestr 10 998 49	Auftragsbüroltr. 252.53 + Auftragsbüro 234.19	Y 3
iewicz S. Marschallstr 15	Referat d. Hausarzte 345 88	str 50 253 59	Splawa-Neyman Jan IngArch.	Gaststätte 593 29	Sroczynski Wito
Q25 QQ	Meldeburo u. Ref. d. Barlei-	Sperling Juliusz Kim. Wagen-	Radomer Str 43 946 28	Magazin 255 54	str 2a

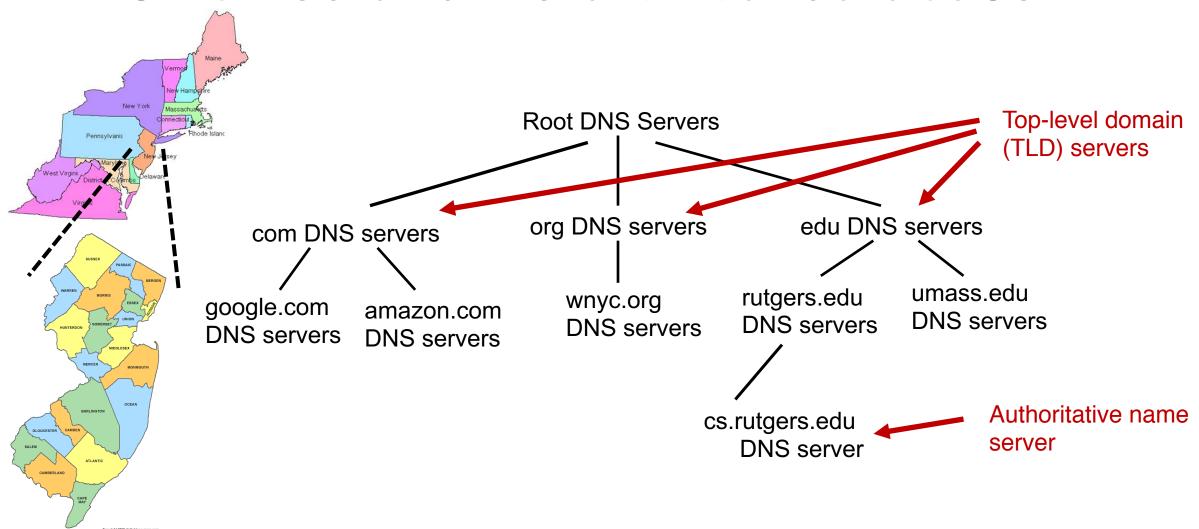
Simple DNS

DOMAIN NAME	IP ADDRESS
spotify.com	98.138.253.109
cs.rutgers.edu	128.6.4.2
www.google.com	74.125.225.243
www.princeton.edu	128.112.132.86

Client IP, CPort, DNS server IP, 53>
QUERY cs.rutgers.edu
<DNS server, 53, Client IP, Cport>

- RESPONSE 128.6.4.2
- Key idea: Implement a server that looks up a table.
- Will this scale?
 - Every new host needs to be entered in this table
 - Performance: can the server serve billions of Internet users
 - Failure: what if the server or the database crashes?
 - How to secure this server?

Distributed and hierarchical database



RFC 1034: Distribution through hierarchy enables scaling

DNS Protocol

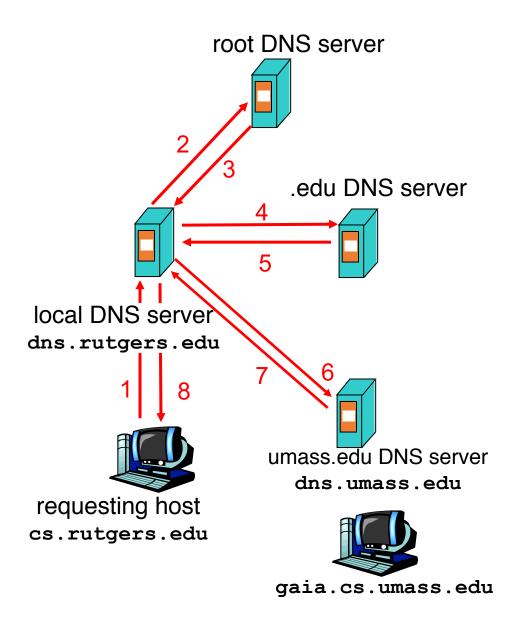
- Client and Server
- Client connects to Port 53 on server
- Assume DNS server IP known
- Two types of messages
 - Queries
 - Responses
- Type of Query (OPCODE)
 - Standard query (0x0)
 - e.g., Request IP address for a given domain name
 - Updates (0x5)
 - Provide a binding of IP address to domain name
- Each type has a common message format that follows the header

DNS Protocol

- When client wants to know an IP address for a host name
 - Client sends a DNS query to the "local" name server in its network
 - If name server contains the mapping, it returns the IP address to the client
 - Otherwise, the name server forwards the request to the root name server
 - The request works its way down the tree toward the host until it reaches a name server with the correct mapping

Example

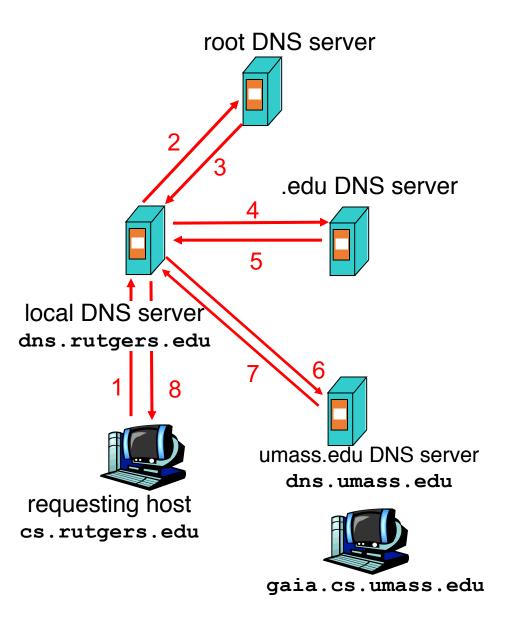
- Host at cs.rutgers.edu wants IP address for gaia.cs.umass.edu
- Local DNS server
- Root DNS server
- TLD DNS server
- Authoritative DNS server



Query type

Iterative query:

- Contacted server replies with name of server to contact
- "I don't know this name, but ask this server"
- Queries are iterative for the local DNS server



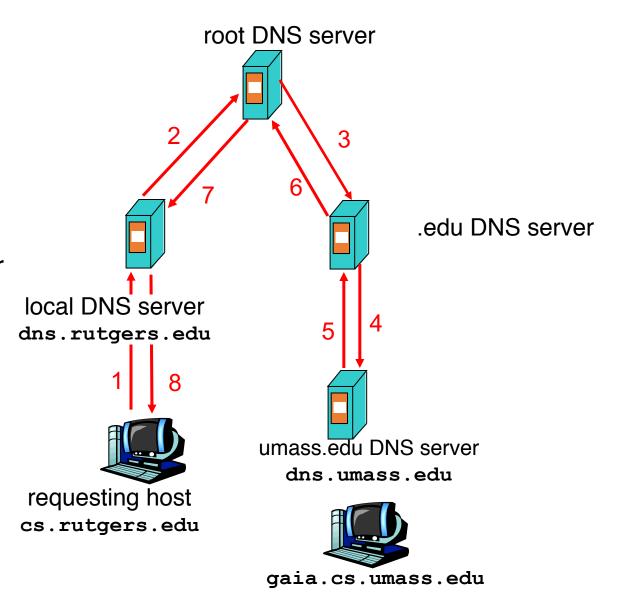
Query type

Recursive query:

 Puts burden of name resolution on the contacted name server

Problem: think about the root DNS server.

Must it answer every DNS query?



DNS in action

- dig <domain-name>
- dig +trace <domain-name>
- dig @<dns-server> <domain-name>

DNS may seem simple, but ...

Gone in Minutes, Out for Hours: Outage Shakes Facebook

Akamai DNS outage knocks many major websites and services offline: PSN, Steam, Fidelity, more [U]

Overloaded Azure DNS Servers to Blame For Microsoft Outage

April 5, 2021

POSTED ON OCTOBER 5, 2021 TO NETWORKING & TRAFFIC

More details about the October 4 outage

DNS Resource Records

DNS is a distributed database

DNS stores resource records (RRs)

- (Incomplete) message format (headers):
 - Class, type, name, value, TTL
- You can read all the gory details of the message format at https://www.iana.org/assignments/dns-parameters/dns-parameters.xhtml

DNS records

Type=A

- name is hostname
- value is IP address

Type=AAAA

- name is hostname
- value is IPv6 address

Type=NS

- name is domain (e.g. foo.com)
- value is hostname of authoritative name server for this domain

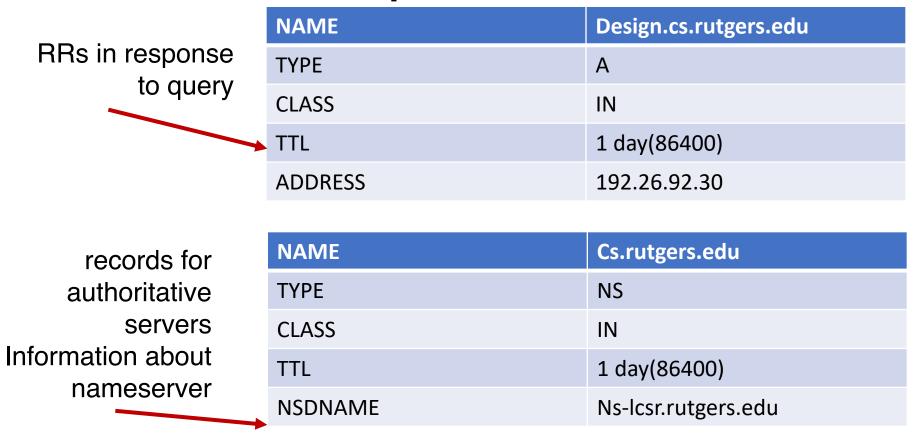
Type=CNAME

- name is alias name for some "canonical" (the real) name e.g., www.ibm.com is really servereast.backup2.ibm.com
- value is canonical name

Type=MX

value is name of mailserver associated with name

DNS record example



DNS serves as a general repository of information for the Internet!

DNS record types

• dig —t <type> <domain-name>

DNS caching and updating records

- Once (any) name server learns a name to IP address mapping, it caches the mapping
 - Cache entries timeout (disappear) after some time
 - TLD servers typically cached in local name servers
 - In practice, root name servers aren't visited often

Bootstrapping DNS

- How does a host contact the name server if all it has is the domain name and no (name server) IP address?
- IP address of at least 1 nameserver (usually, a local resolver) must be known a priori
- The name server may be bootstrapped "statically", e.g.,
 - File /etc/resolv.conf in unix
 - Start -> settings-> control panel-> network ->TCP/IP -> properties in windows
- ... or with another protocol!
 - DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (more on this later)

Summary of DNS

- Hostname to IP address translation via a global network of servers
- Use Multiple layers of indirection
 - Hierarchically scale
 - Good performance (load distribution)
 - Resilient to local transient failure
- Additional load distribution can happen at each level (e.g., TLD server)
- Uses caching all over for better performance
- DNS can be used to implement useful primitives atop domain names:
- Example: Scaling large web services, e.g., google search
- Domain-authoritative server will return an address from a pool of IP addresses, for example from Google's server "farm"

Some themes and observations on DNS

- Request/response nature of the protocol
- How messages are structured: simple, text-based protocol
 - Similar in HTTP, SMTP, FTP
- Load distribution through hierarchy and replication
- Caching is an effective method to improve performance