Assignment 1

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Analysis

The first paragraph of the description is ignored when creating the ER diagram since it is just an introduction.

The sentence "First, the system will store information about several cinemas" indicates that there is an entity Cinema for the diagram. "Each cinema has a unique name and anaddress" shows that the entity Cinema has attributes name and address. Although each cinema has a unique name, cinema names have changed in the past. Thus, we cannot let the attribute name be the primary key. We cannot let the attribute address be the primary key either since the location of a cinema may change (e.g., moving the cinema to another place or expanding the cinema). Thus, I believe it is better to add another attribute called <u>cinema_id</u>, stands for cinema id, and let this attribute be the primary key. Therefore, the Cinema entity has three attributes <u>cinema_id</u>, name and address where cinema_id is the primary key.

"Per cinema, the system will also maintain information per room" illustrates that the entity Room is a owned by the entity Cinema. In other words, Room is a weak entity of Cinema since a room can only be uniquely defined when there is a cinema corresponding with it. Since each room has a different room number, the attribute room_num is added to be the partial key for the entity Room. So, the primary key for the entity Room is the pair (cinema_id, room_num). Based on the description, the entity also has attributes screen_type, screen_size, projector_type, sound_system and accessibility. The examples of screen type, projector type, sound system are ignored since we focus on the attributes rather than the examples of each attribute when creating the diagram.

"This information is not only available for cinema visitors, but will also be communicated to private partiesthat are looking to hire a room (e.g., for a corporate event)" is ignored since the visibility is not restricted to anyone and also, the database is more for storing data rather than showing data. "Finally, per room the system also needs to knowthe exact seat arrangement, as the online system will allow customers to order tickets for specific seats" indicates that the entity Seat is a weak entity of the entity Room since seat is a part of the room. The sentence also shows that there is an entity Ticket that has a relationship with Seat, this will be explain in details later. The next two sentences of the description shows that the entity Seat should have attributes row, seat_num and

reserved (which means reserved for disabled people). Thus, the primary key for the entity Seat is the tuple (<u>cinema_id</u>, room_num, row, seat_num).

"Each screening is assigned a single room" depicts that there is a one-tomany relationship from an entity Screening to the entity Room. The relationship name is Room_Assign and the ———————————— arrow from the entity Screening to the relationship Room_Assign shows that each screening is associated with exactly one room while the _____ arrow from the entity Room to the relationship Room_Assign shows that a room can have multiple screenings. The Screening entity has attributes timeslot and screening_type. Since timeslot and screening_type can be the same for different screenings, we need to have a different, unique attribute for each screening. We name that attribute screening_id. The explanation of three types of screening and how each type affect the ticket price is ignored. "For each public screening, the system keeps track which films are shown. This film information is provided by the film distributors in a standard format: for now, the system represents this external information via an entity Film with an attribute fid" depicts that there is a relationship between the entity Screening and Film, the relationship is named Show in the diagram. There is also the entity Film with the primary key attribute fid, as stated in the description. The relationship between Screening and Film is many to many since a screening can show multiple films and a film can be shown in many screenings. "If a screening will show multiple films (as part of special screening), then each of these films will be shown in the same room" is ingnored because this can be inferred as many films are shown in a screening and a screening is associated with exactly one room. "... and the ticket of the customer assign the same seat during each film" shows that there is a one to many relationship between an entity Ticket and the entity Seat since one ticket is only assigned with exactly one seat while one seat can have many tickets being assigned to.

"Via an (online) sale, customers can buy one or more tickets for a specific screening and that are assigned a seat on sale" first, shows that there is an entity Ticket (as mentioned before) and an entity Customer. Second, the sentence shows that there is a one to many relationship between two entities Ticket Ticket to Screening_Assign and the _____ arrow is used from Screening_Assign to Screening since one ticket can only have exactly one screening associated with it while one screening can have multiple tickets associated with it. "Customers that do not feel comfortable with paying online can reserve their seats online and buy a ticket for these reservations at the counter" shows that there should be an attribute reservation to keep track if the ticket is already paid online or it is a reservation for a seat. The information "(these reservations will be cancelled 45 minutes before the start of the film)" is ignored since they are to inform when to update the attribute reservation. The next sentence shows that there should be an attribute mode_of_purchase for entity Ticket to keep track of how they are made. "whether the sale was related to a reservation" reassures that there should be an attribute reservation for the entity Ticket. Lastly, the attribute price is added to keep track of the paid price. However, these attributes are not unique, so, we need to define a unique attribute for the entity Ticket. We name

this attribute ticket_id.

Furthermore, the sentence "Via an (online) sale, customers can buy one or more tickets..." shows that there is an entity Customer and there should be a one to many relationship, namely, Buy, between Ticket and Customer. Therefore, the ——— arrow points from the entity Ticket to the relationship Buy and the _____ arrow points from the relationship Buy and the entity Customer since a ticket can only be bought by one customer but a customer can buy multiple tickets. Since the description does not mention about the information of the entity Customer, we can add some extra attributes to the entity Customer. Let <u>customer_id</u> be the primary key attribute for entity Customer. We can add some more attributes including firstname, lastname, dob (stands for date of birth).