Answer Key

- 1a. 1x B, 3x A, 2x N.
- 1b. There are C(6,1) = 6 ways to place the B.
- 1c. There are C(5,3) = 10 ways to place the A's.
- 1d. There are C(2,2) = 1 ways to place the N's.
- 1e. Use the Rule of Products: $6 \cdot 10 \cdot 1 = 60$.
- 2. P: C(12,1), E: C(11,1), N: C(10,3), S: C(7,1), Y: C(6,1), L: C(5,1), V: C(4,1), I: C(3,1), A: C(2,2)= $12 \cdot 11 \cdot 120 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 1$ = 39,916,800
- 3a. r = 3
- 3b. n r = 2
- 3c. n-3=2 n=2+3 n=5
- 3d. C(n,r) = C(5,3) = 10
 - 4. Length 5 means 1x, 3x, or 5x ones. one 1, four 0: r=1, n-r=4, n-1=4, n=5, C(5,1)=5 three 1, two 0: r=3, n-r=2, n-3=2, n=5, C(5,3)=10 five 1, zero 0: r=5, n-r=0, n-5=0, n=5, C(5,5)=1 5+10+1=16
- 5a. 0100010000
- 5b. 0000100001
- 5c. 0000000011
- 6a. n = 5
- 6b. r = 12
- 6c. 4 separators
- 6d. 12 donuts + 4 separators = 16
- 6e. r + n 1 = 12 + 5 1 = 16

- 6f. C(16, 12) or C(16, 4).
- 6g. C(16, 12) = 1,820
- 7. 20 pieces of fruit, 2 separators: C(22, 20). C(22, 20) = 231