How can I select just two columns from a list using LINQ

Ask Question

I have a variable that contains a list of the following Class:

```
public class Test
{

public int a { get; set; }

public int b { get; set; }

public int c { get; set; }
```



IList abc;

How can I create a new list that contains just the first two columns using LINQ



asked Nov 19 '13 at 10:36 user1943020

6 Answers

Home

The list is not the problem but your class, it has three properties. So

PUBLIC



Tags

Users

Jobs

TeamsQ&A for work



Learn More



you either have to use an anonymous type or a <code>Tuple<int</code>, <code>int></code>, change your class or create a new class with just two properties.



New class approach:



```
public class Test2
{
    public int a { get; set; }
    public int b { get; set; }
}

var list = testList
    .Select(t => new Test2{ a = t.a, b = t.b } )
    .ToList();
```

Anonymous type:

.ToList();

```
var list = testList
    .Select(t => new { a = t.a, b = t.b } )
    .ToList();

List<Tuple<int, int>> approach:

var list = testList
    .Select(t => Tuple.Create(t.a, t.b))
```

Here is another approach that just takes two properties and leaves the third <code>int.MinValue</code>:

```
var list = testList
   .Select(t => new Test{ a = t.a, b = t.b, c = int.MinValue} )
   .ToList();
```

answered Nov 19 '13 at 10:41



```
try this:
       List<Test> list = new List<Test>();
       List newList = list.Select(i => new { i.a, i.b});
                                               edited Jun 17 '17 at 12:11
                                                     181k 30 276 294
                                               answered Nov 19 '13 at 10:40
       var newLIst = from t in myTestList select new { a= t.a,b=t.b }.ToLis
     This way the columns are still named the same for clarity.
                                               answered Nov 19 '13 at 10:40
       List<Test> tt = new List <Test> ();
      tt.Select(x => new {x.a, x.b}).ToList ();
                                               answered Nov 19 '13 at 10:40
0
```





You can create a LINQ query that returns an anonymous type

0







var result = Test.Select(x => new { x.a, x.b }).ToList();



If you want to use the same List of Test, you need to provide default value to column c and include it.



answered Nov 19 '13 at 10:39



Imran Rizvi 5,028 8 42 88