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Find object by its property in array of objects with angular way

Asked 2 years, 10 months ago Active 12 months ago Viewed 87k times

▲ I have a array like below

42 `var myArray = [{ 'id': '73', 'name': 'john' }, { 'id': '45', 'name': 'Jass' }, etc.]`

▼ Now I have an `id` 73 how to select this particular object from the array. I see I can do this in jQuery easily with [grep](#) Is there any **angular way** of doing this?



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Since most user developing app with angular always get data from array of objects(mostly for table) there should be a helper function for this?

So that I can change the data of the row with the ID of the row by updating the array of object.

I don't want to bind this in view. I want to manipulate the data and update the data withing function.

For Example. I have a table listing. If end user edit a row from the table I have the ID of the object so after end user hit save, I need to update the array and then back to table listing.

javascript

angularjs

arrays

edited Oct 28 '16 at 14:16

asked Oct 28 '16 at 14:09



[rram](#)

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@JaredSmith I'm looking for any angular helper function(like `angular.isNumber`) for this, not javascript default array object methods. – [rram](#) Oct 28 '16 at 14:30

1 that makes no sense at all. Why would you need a framework helper function to replace a native method supported all the way back to IE 9? Unless you give a reason otherwise, it just comes across as an XY problem meta.stackexchange.com/questions/66377/what-is-the-xy-problem. – [Jared Smith](#) Oct 28 '16 at 15:14

I can understand why you wouldn't want to include jquery if you're already using angular, but `.filter` is both native and well-supported. If you can give

a compelling reason why angular, and angular alone, **must** be used to solve this problem I'll retract the close vote. – [Jared Smith](#) Oct 28 '16 at 15:15

- 4 OP wanted an [angularjs](#) answer. The target dupe didn't answer the question. Just like a jQuery solution doesn't answer a [javascript](#) question. – [Cerbrus](#) Nov 1 '16 at 13:29

[This question is being discussed on meta](#) – [Cerbrus](#) Nov 1 '16 at 13:33

4 Answers



you can use angular's `filter` <https://docs.angularjs.org/api/ng/filter/filter>

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in your controller:



```
$filter('filter')(myArray, {'id':73})
```



or in your HTML

```
{{ myArray | filter : {'id':73} }}
```

answered Oct 28 '16 at 14:16



[M B](#)

2,050 14 26

Thanks +1 I was thinking to apply the filter only in view mode with markup, thanks for the idea to use it in controller too. – [rram](#) Oct 28 '16 at 14:27

- 4 Just a note to fellow learners, We need to pass `$filter` in our controller in order to use this method. – [rram](#) Oct 28 '16 at 14:36

- 17 Worth noting that the above code will filter based upon the ID being a substring. So filtering on an id of 73 would also find 733, 4573, 173 etc. To get a strict comparison you must pass a third comparator parameter of 'true' as per the docs. – [Hooligancat](#) May 5 '17 at 18:54

Is there any way to store the result in HTML? I need that filter result in some loop. so this will reduce my filter process in each loop iteration. BTW i am new to angular. Thanks. – [Govind Totla](#) Mar 29 at 13:04



How about plain JavaScript? [More about Array.prototype.filter\(\)](#) .

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```
var myArray = [{ 'id': '73', 'name': 'john' }, { 'id': '45', 'name': 'Jass' }]  
  
var item73 = myArray.filter(function(item) {  
    return item.id === '73';  
})[0];  
  
// even nicer with ES6 arrow functions:  
// var item73 = myArray.filter(i => i.id === '73')[0];  
  
console.log(item73); // {"id": "73", "name": "john"}
```

[Run code snippet](#)[Expand snippet](#)

answered Oct 28 '16 at 14:18

[Timo](#)

26k

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Thanks +1 for the help. I already saw the JavaScript filter method, I was looking for angular way. – [rram](#) Oct 28 '16 at 14:28

How about using `FIND` instead? – [Dementic](#) Mar 8 at 14:37

@Dementic `find` support was still pretty fresh in Chrome when the answer was written, and for example is not available in IE at all. `filter` on the other hand is. – [Timo](#) Mar 9 at 22:47

1 IE ? What is that ? :) – [Dementic](#) Mar 10 at 15:24

For complete `ng-bind` answer, if you want to access to an specific attribute of this object already filtered from the array in your HTML, you will have to do it in this way:

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```
{{ (myArray | filter : {'id':73})[0].name }}
```

So, in this case, it will print `john` in the HTML.

Regards!

answered Aug 8 '18 at 9:17

[David Corral](#)

1,865

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The solution that work for me is the following

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```
$filter('filter')(data, {'id':10})
```



answered Sep 19 '18 at 14:17



[Jorge Santos Neill](#)

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