How to use *nglf else?

Asked 2 years, 5 months ago Active 16 days ago Viewed 565k times



I'm using Angular and I want to use *ngIf else (available since version 4) in this example:

```
519
```

```
<div *ngIf="isValid">
 content here ...
</div>
```



<div *ngIf="!isValid"> other content here... </div>

99

How can I acheive the same behavior with ngIf else ?



if-statement

angular-template



Alexander Abakumov

5,689 5 50 79

asked Mar 24 '17 at 18:18



Check here for Angular 8 explained with Example Nglf, Nglf Else and Nglf Then Else freakyjolly.com/... - Code Spy Aug 7 at 15:02 /

14 Answers



Angular 4 and 5:

using else :



<div *ngIf="isValid;else other_content">

Demo:

Plunker

Details:

<ng-template> : is Angular's own implementation of the <template> tag which is according to MDN :

The HTML <template> element is a mechanism for holding client-side content that is not to be rendered when a page is loaded but may subsequently be instantiated during runtime using JavaScript.

edited Jun 25 '18 at 6:55



Iswar

948 4 23 49

answered Mar 24 '17 at 18:20



Bougarfaoui El houcine 17.2k 4 29 29

- I hoped there was a way just to use <ng-template> without another tag like div, but oddly it is not... I know the <div> gets removed as you use it, but it's kinda weird as implementation I think. andreas Mar 30 '17 at 20:03 /
- 13 @andreas You can use <ng-container> for the if-clause Martin Schneider Jun 17 '17 at 11:08
- Note: you can use ng-container for the container containing *nglf, but not for the template Simon_Weaver Jan 18 '18 at 1:32 🖍
 - @Simon_Weaver I figured it out the hard way. But why? why didn't they allow *ngIf to work on ng-template? Eran Medan Mar 15 '18 at 6:02 🖍



In Angular 4.x.x You can use nglf in four way to achieve simple if else procedure:

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1. Just Use If

```
<div *ngIf="isValid">
        If isValid is true
</div>
```

2. Using If with Else (Please notice to templateName)

```
<div *ngIf="isValid; else templateName">
        If isValid is true
</div>
<ng-template #templateName>
        If isValid is false
</ng-template>
```

3. Using If with Then (Please notice to templateName)

```
<div *ngIf="isValid; then templateName">
    Here is never showing
</div>
<ng-template #templateName>
    If isValid is true
</ng-template>
```

4. Using If with Then and Else

```
<div *ngIf="isValid; then thenTemplateName else elseTemplateName">
    Here is never showing
</div>
<ng-template #thenTemplateName>
    If isValid is true
</ng-template>
<ng-template #elseTemplateName>
```

Tip: **nglf** evaluates the **expression** and then renders the **then** or **else** template in its place when expression is truthy or falsy respectively. Typically the:

- then template is the inline template of nglf unless bound to a different value.
- else template is blank unless it is bound.



answered Oct 19 '17 at 15:18 user2577907

```
It seems like the compiler does not accept ...; else .... Probably the ; should be removed. – slartidan Feb 27 '18 at 15:55

5 in angular-6, I tested with ...; else ... and it worked – WasiF Sep 7 '18 at 14:32 /*
```



To work with observable, this is what I usually do to display if the observable array consists of data.

14

answered Sep 29 '17 at 9:03



Ah Hiang 313 3 11



"bindEmail" it will check email is available or not. if email is exist than Logout will show otherwise Login will show

<ng-template #login>Login</ng-template>

edited Jul 23 '17 at 13:17

answered Jul 23 '17 at 13:13



2 This doesn't work. If it were correct, then it still wouldn't add any value because the accepted answer shows already how to do it. – Günter Zöchbauer Jul 23 '17 at 13:18



In Angular 4.0 if..else syntax is quite similar to conditional operators in Java.



In Java you use to "condition?stmnt1:stmnt2".



In Angular 4.0 you use *ngIf="condition; then stmnt1 else stmnt2".

edited Jun 2 '17 at 19:25 msanford 7,415 7 47 68 answered Apr 11 '17 at 3:51



- 1 looks like Oracle case when expression..:-) Peter Jun 30 '17 at 8:09
- 4 You're referring to the ternary operator which exists in most C-based languages but this is closer to Kotlin's if expressions. mythz Jun 30 '17 at 11:05



ngif expression resulting value won't just be the boolean true or false



if the expression is just a object, it still evaluate it as truthiness.



if the object is undefined, or non-exist, then ngif will evaluate it as falseness.

common use is if an object loaded, exist, then display the content of this object, otherwise display "loading......".

<div *ngIf="!object">

```
<div *ngIf="object">
      <!-- the content of this object -->
            object.info, object.id, object.name ... etc.
  </div>
another example:
   things = {
  car: 'Honda',
  shoes: 'Nike',
  shirt: 'Tom Ford',
  watch: 'Timex'
  };
  <div *ngIf="things.car; else noCar">
   Nice car!
  </div>
 <ng-template #noCar>
    Call a Uber.
 </ng-template>
  <!-- Nice car ! -->
anthoer example:
 <div *ngIf="things.car; let car">
    Nice {{ car }}!
  </div>
 <!-- Nice Honda! -->
```

ngif template

ngif angular 4

answered Jan 11 '18 at 18:00





Syntax for nglf/Else



<div *ngIf="condition; else elseBlock">Truthy condition</div>
<ng-template #elseBlock>Falsy condition</ng-template>

```
<div *ngIf="person">{{person.name}}</div>
                 The final output
<template [ngIf]="person">
  <div>{{person.name}}</div>
</template>
```

Using NgIf / Else/ Then explicit syntax

```
<div *ngIf="condition; then thenBlock else elseBlock"> ... </div>
<ng-template #thenBlock>Then template</ng-template>
<ng-template #elseBlock>Else template</ng-template>
```

```
<ng-container
  *ngIf="isLoggedIn; then loggedIn; else loggedOut">
</ng-container>

<ng-template #loggedIn>
  <div>
    Welcome back, friend.
  </div>
</ng-template>
<ng-template #loggedOut>
  <div>
    Please friend, login.
  </div>
</ng-template>
```

Observables with Nglf and Async Pipe

For more details

answered Oct 11 '18 at 8:10



Lyes CHIOUKH 2,638 6 22 46



There are two possibilities to use if condition on HTML tag or templates:

2

1. *nglf directive from CommonModule, on HTML tag;





```
<!-- Case 1 -->
<div *ngIf="condition">
    if the condition is true will show the content
</div>
<!-- Case 2 -->
<ng-container *ngIf="expression; else elseTemplate">
        content on true expression
</ng-container>
<ng-template #elseTemplate>
        content on false expression
</ng-template>
```

answered Nov 13 '18 at 16:30



Rzv Razvan

1,003 1 6 11



ng-template

</ng-template>



<ng-template [ngIf]="condition1" [ngIfElse]="template2">
...



<ng-template #template2>
 ...
</ng-template>

answered May 18 at 9:03



Aniket

254 1 12



For Angular 8



```
export class AppComponent {
  isDone = true;
}
```

1) *nglf

```
<div *ngIf="isDone">
   It's Done!
</div>
<!-- Negation operator-->
<div *ngIf="!isDone">
   It's Not Done!
</div>
```

2) *nglf and Else

```
<ng-container *ngIf="isDone; else elseNotDone">
   It's Done!
</ng-container>
<ng-template #elseNotDone>
   It's Not Done!
</ng-template>
```

3) *nglf, Then and Else

```
<ng-container *ngIf="isDone; then iAmDone; else iAmNotDone">
</ng-container>
<ng-template #iAmDone>
   It's Done!
</ng-template>
<ng-template #iAmNotDone>
   It's Not Done!
</ng-template>
```

edited Aug 20 at 5:13

answered Aug 7 at 15:08



You can also use Javascript short ternary conditional operator? in angular like this:

1

```
{{doThis() ? 'foo' : 'bar'}}
```



or

```
<div [ngClass]="doThis() ? 'foo' : 'bar'">
```

answered May 13 at 7:58

Sebastian Viereck 2,775 27 34



<div *ngIf="this.model.SerialNumber != '';then ConnectedContent else
DisconnectedContent" class="data-font"> </div>





<ng-template #ConnectedContent class="data-font">Connected</ng-template>
<ng-template #DisconnectedContent class="data-font">Disconnected</ng-template>

answered Apr 17 '18 at 15:44





In Angular 4, 5 and 6

We can simply create a *template reference variable* $^{[2]}$ and link that to the else condition inside an *nglf directive



The possible *Syntaxes* [1] are:

```
<!-- Only If condition -->
```

```
<!-- If and else conditions -->
<div *ngIf="condition; else elseBlock">...</div>
<!-- or -->
<ng-template #elseBlock>...</ng-template>

<!-- If-then-else -->
<div *ngIf="condition; then thenBlock else elseBlock"></div>
<ng-template #thenBlock>...</ng-template>
<!-- If and else conditions (storing condition value locally) -->
<div *ngIf="condition as value; else elseBlock">{{value}}</div>
<ng-template #elseBlock>...</ng-template>
```

DEMO: https://stackblitz.com/edit/angular-feumnt?embed=1&file=src/app/app.component.html

Sources:

- 1. https://angular.io/api/common/Nglf#syntax
- 2. https://angular.io/guide/template-syntax#template-reference-variables--var-

answered Aug 8 '18 at 20:24



Kalpesh Panchal 598 5 16



I know this has been a while, but want to add it if it helps. The way I went about with is to have two flags in the component and two nglfs for the corresponding two flags.

0

It was simple and worked well with material as ng-template and material were not working well together.

answered Sep 20 '18 at 7:29



user1707141 813 3 19 3

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