## How to remove files that are listed in the .gitignore but still on the repository?



I have some files in my repository that should be ignored, i added them to the .gitignore but, of course, they are not removed from my repository.

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So my question is, is there a magic command or script using filter-branch that can rewrite my history and remove all these files easily? Or simply a command that will create a commit that will remove them?





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asked Nov 24 '12 at 13:22



3 Duplicate of <u>.gitignore file not ignoring</u> – user456814 May 25 '14 at 19:46 🖍

Similar to stackoverflow.com/questions/1274057/... – testing Apr 6 '16 at 11:00

1 Possible duplicate of How to make Git "forget" about a file that was tracked but is now in .gitignore? – Steven M. Vascellaro Nov 8 '17 at 16:52

WARNING: While this will not remove the physical file from your local, it will remove the files from other developers machines on next git pull. How to make Git "forget" about a file that was tracked but is now in \_gitignore? – Kris Roofe Apr 12 at 7:14

## 5 Answers



You can remove them from the repository manually:

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git rm --cached file1 file2 dir/file3



Or, if you have a lot of files:

But this doesn't seem to work in Git Bash on Windows. It produces an error message. The following works better:

```
git ls-files -i --exclude-from=.gitignore | xargs git rm --cached
```

Regarding rewriting the whole history without these files, I highly doubt there's an *automatic* way to do it. And we all know that rewriting the history is bad, don't we?:)

edited Jan 15 '14 at 19:30

answered Nov 24 '12 at 13:34



Samy Dindane 12.9k 3 31 45

- 1 Unfortunately the Git Bash on Windows command doesn't work with paths that contain spaces Nate Bundy Apr 23 '14 at 18:50
  - @NateBundy if you're referring to the fact that xargs won't work with spaces, most command line utilities get around that by using special flags so that whitespace won't matter. Off the top of my head I don't remember what the flags are for git 1s-files and xargs (I think it might be -0 for xargs), but you can look them up. user456814 May 25 '14 at 19:50
- 13 @Cupcake thanks. git ls-files -i -z --exclude-from=.gitignore | xargs -0 git rm --cached seems to do the trick Nate Bundy Jun 16 '14 at 8:52
- I got stuck with the same problem on windows. I'm using powershell, and in my case I got the third command tipped by @samy-dindane and changed it into a foreach. It became this git ls-files -i --exclude-from=.gitignore | %{git rm --cached \$ } digaomatias Jul 26 '14 at 21:28

wrong, wrong, and wrong. :( sorry no insight, yeah git needs to add a feature that doesn't make this particular thing - which totally sucks ass and eats up tons of coding time - not suck so bad — StackAttack Oct 10 '17 at 23:46



An easier way that works on any OS is to do



```
git rm -r --cached .
git add .
git commit -m "Removing all files in .gitignore"
```

You basically readd all files, except the ones in the .gitignore

answered Dec 23 '15 at 11:58



How does this effect other users on the repo executing a *pull* - as I read it the folder we dont want to track anymore is deleted??? How can we prevent this - we just want to untrack – snh nl Nov 3 '17 at 10:36

1 This should be accepted answer. – Michael Ecklund May 30 at 13:38



As the files in **.gitignore** are not being tracked, you can use the **git clean** command to recursively remove files that are not under version control.

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Use git clean -xdn to perform a dry run and see what will be removed.



Then use git clean -xdf to execute it.

Basically, git clean -h Or man git-clean (in unix) will give you help.

Be aware that this command will also remove new files that are not in the staging area.

Hope it helps.



answered Apr 12 '16 at 12:45



- 2 This should be the accepted answer. It actually works (the accepted answer didn't work for me, on macOS), and it's way cleaner. Roger Oba Sep 21 '16 at 17:33
- 16 This answer isn't applicable the OP says the files in .gitignore are being tracked. Ken Williams Dec 15 '16 at 23:15
- 9 BEWARE! This permanently deletes all untracked files, rather than just removing from the branch Emmanuel Mar 6 '18 at 6:38

the git clean -xdn is a dry run which won't delete, the next one will. - JohnZaj Dec 18 '18 at 22:30 🖍

3 -1: This is a highly misleading answer - the original poster wanted to remove from the repository, not remove the files completely. I was this close to deleting a load of dynamic files required by my IDE but not required to be in the repo. – Auspice Dec 30 '18 at 14:11



I did a very straightforward solution by manipulating the output of the .gitignore statement with sed:

cat .gitignore | sed '/^#.\*/ d' | sed '/^\s\*\$/ d' | sed 's/^/git rm -r /' | bash



- 1. print the .gitignore file
- 2. remove all comments from the print
- 3. delete all empty lines
- 4. add 'git rm -r' to the start of the line
- 5. execute every line.

answered Sep 29 '17 at 17:54



Scott Crossen

3 sed is straightforward? – IgorGanapolsky Sep 13 '18 at 10:52



The git will ignore the files matched .gitignore pattern after you add it to .gitignore.

-2

But the files already existed in repository will be still in.



use git rm files\_ignored; git commit -m 'rm no use files' to delete ignored files.

answered Nov 24 '12 at 13:31



pensz

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1 There are a lot of them, is there a way to delete them without having to specifying their names? – Intrepidd Nov 24 '12 at 13:36