10/8/2019 JavaScript Function call()





HTML

CSS JA









WOSCHOOLS, COLL

THE WORLD'S LARGEST WEB DEVELOPER SITE

JavaScript Function Call

☐ Previous

Next

Method Reuse

With the call() method, you can write a method that can be used on different objects.

All Functions are Methods

In JavaScript all functions are object methods.

If a function is not a method of a JavaScript object, it is a function of the global object (see previous chapter).

The example below creates an object with 3 properties, firstName, lastName, fullName.



HTML CSS JAVASCRIPT

MORE ▼



```
var person = {
  firstName:"John",
  lastName: "Doe",
  fullName: function () {
    return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
person.fullName(); // Will return "John Doe"
Try it Yourself »
```

The **this** Keyword

In a function definition, this refers to the "owner" of the function.

In the example above, this is the **person object** that "owns" the **fullName** function.

In other words, **this.firstName** means the **firstName** property of **this object**.

Read more about the this keyword at JS this Keyword.

The JavaScript call() Method





HTML CSS JAVASCRIPT MORE ▼







It can be used to invoke (call) a method with an owner object as an argument (parameter).

With call(), an object can use a method belonging to another object.

This example calls the **fullName** method of person, using it on **person1**:

```
Example
 var person = {
   fullName: function() {
     return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
 var person1 = {
   firstName:"John",
   lastName: "Doe"
 var person2 = {
   firstName:"Mary",
   lastName: "Doe"
 person.fullName.call(person1); // Will return "John Doe"
 Try it Yourself »
```

This example calls the **fullName** method of person, using it on **person2**:



★ HTML CSS JAVASCRIPT MORE ▼





```
var person = {
  fullName: function() {
    return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
var person1 = {
  firstName:"John",
  lastName: "Doe"
var person2 = {
 firstName:"Mary",
  lastName: "Doe"
person.fullName.call(person2); // Will return "Mary Doe"
Try it Yourself »
```

The call() Method with Arguments

The call() method can accept arguments:

```
Example
 var person = {
   fullName: function(city, country) {
     return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName + "," + city + "," + country;
```



☐ Previous

Next □

COLOR PICKER



HOW TO

Tabs Dropdowns Accordions





HTML CSS JAVASCRIPT MORE ▼



Modal Boxes

Progress Bars

Parallax

Login Form

HTML Includes

Google Maps

Range Sliders

Tooltips

Slideshow

Filter List

Sort List

SHARE







CERTIFICATES

HTML

CSS

JavaScript

SQL

Python

PHP

jQuery

Bootstrap

XML





HTML

CSS

JAVASCRIPT





Q

REPORT ERROR PRINT PAGE FORUM ABOUT

Top Tutorials

HTML Tutorial
CSS Tutorial
JavaScript Tutorial
How To Tutorial
SQL Tutorial
Python Tutorial
W3.CSS Tutorial
Bootstrap Tutorial
PHP 5 Tutorial
PHP 7 Tutorial
jQuery Tutorial
Java Tutorial

Top Examples

HTML Examples
CSS Examples
JavaScript Examples
How To Examples
SQL Examples
Python Examples
W3.CSS Examples
Bootstrap Examples
PHP Examples

Top References

HTML Reference
CSS Reference
JavaScript Reference
SQL Reference
Python Reference
W3.CSS Reference
Bootstrap Reference
PHP Reference
HTML Colors
jQuery Reference
Angular Reference
Java Reference

Web Certificates

HTML Certificate
CSS Certificate
JavaScript Certificate
SQL Certificate
Python Certificate
jQuery Certificate
PHP Certificate
Bootstrap Certificate





HTML

CSS

JAVASCRIPT

MORE ▼



AIML Examples

Get Certified »

W3Schools is optimized for learning, testing, and training. Examples might be simplified to improve reading and basic understanding. Tutorials, references, and examples are constantly reviewed to avoid errors, but we cannot warrant full correctness of all content. While using this site, you agree to have read and accepted our terms of use, cookie and privacy policy. Copyright 1999-2019 by Refsnes Data. All Rights Reserved. Powered by W3.CSS.

