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## JsonResult return Json in ASP, NET CORE 2.1

Asked 1 year, 2 months ago Active 1 year ago Viewed 23k times



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Controller that worked in ASP.NET Core 2.0:

```
[Produces("application/json")]
[Route("api/[controller]")]
[ApiController]
public class GraficResourcesApiController : ControllerBase
   private readonly ApplicationDbContext context;
   public GraficResourcesApiController(ApplicationDbContext context)
        context = context;
   [HttpGet]
   public JsonResult GetGrafic(int ResourceId)
        var sheduling = new List<Sheduling>();
        var events = from e in context.Grafic.Where(c=>c.ResourceId == ResourceId)
                     select new
                         id = e.Id,
                         title = e.Personals.Name,
                         start = e.DateStart,
                         end = e.DateStop,
                         color = e.Personals.Color,
                         personalId = e.PersonalId,
                         description = e.ClientName
        var rows = events.ToArray();
        return Json(rows);
```

in ASP.NET Core 2.1

```
return Json (rows);
```

writes that Json does not exist in the current context. If we remove Json leaving simply

```
return rows;
```

then writes that it was not possible to explicitly convert the type List () to JsonResult

How to convert to Json now?

```
c# json asp.net-core-2.1 jsonresult
```



asked Aug 30 '18 at 15:53 blakcat 181 1 1 8

## 1 Answer



In asp.net-core-2.1 ControllerBase does not have a Json(Object) method. However Controller does.

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So either refactor the current controller to be derived from Controller



```
 \begin{array}{c} \textbf{public class GraficResourcesApiController} \ : \ \textbf{Controller} \ \{ \\ \hspace{0.5cm} // \ldots \\ \} \end{array}
```



to have access to the Controller. Json Method or you can initialize a new JsonResult yourself in the action

```
return new JsonResult(rows);
```

which is basically what the method does internally in Controller

```
/// <summary>
/// Creates a <see cref="JsonResult"/> object that serializes the specified <paramref
name="data"/> object
/// to JSON.
/// </summary>
/// <param name="data">The object to serialize.</param>
/// <returns>The created <see cref="JsonResult"/> that serializes the specified
<paramref name="data"/>
/// to JSON format for the response.</returns>
[NonAction]
public virtual JsonResult Json(object data)
    return new JsonResult(data);
/// <summary>
/// Creates a <see cref="JsonResult"/> object that serializes the specified <paramref
name="data"/> object
/// to JSON.
/// </summary>
/// <param name="data">The object to serialize.</param>
/// <param name="serializerSettings">The <see cref="JsonSerializerSettings"/> to be used
bу
/// the formatter.</param>
/// <returns>The created <see cref="JsonResult"/> that serializes the specified
<paramref name="data"/>
/// as JSON format for the response.</returns>
/// <remarks>Callers should cache an instance of <see cref="JsonSerializerSettings"/> to
avoid
/// recreating cached data with each call.</remarks>
[NonAction]
public virtual JsonResult Json(object data, JsonSerializerSettings serializerSettings)
    if (serializerSettings == null)
        throw new ArgumentNullException(nameof(serializerSettings));
    return new JsonResult(data, serializerSettings);
```

Source

edited Aug 30 '18 at 16:42

answered Aug 30 '18 at 16:29



**143k** 23 188 251

So upgrading from 2.0 to 2.1 breaks existing code. Anyone know why they changed this? - WillC Jan 24 at 13:50

@WillC I coulldn't tell you why they changed it, but I can tell you that one of the main reasons behind DNC was that they *could* break things. Fast iterations with little promise of backwards compatibility. – ernest Jan 30 at 21:24 /

Note that if you are creating an API it is recommended in the docs not to use Controller, but ControllerBase. Ref docs: Don't create a web API controller by deriving from the Controller class. Controller derives from ControllerBase and adds support for views, so it's for handling web pages, not web API requests. There's an exception to this rule: if you plan to use the same controller for both views and APIs, derive it from Controller. — johnb Aug 13 at 6:12