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## Global exception handling in asp.net core mvc

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In this video we will discuss how to implement **global exceptions handler in ASP.NET Core MVC**

### Throwing an Exception in ASP.NET Core

Consider the following [Details](#) action method in [HomeController](#). We are deliberately throwing an exception using the [throw](#) keyword.

```
public IActionResult Details(int? id)
{
    throw new Exception("Error in Details View");

    // Rest of the code
}
```

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## UseDeveloperExceptionPage Middleware in ASP.NET Core

```
public void Configure(IApplicationBuilder app, IHostingEnvironment env)
{
    if (env.IsDevelopment())
    {
        app.UseDeveloperExceptionPage();
    }

    // Rest of the code
}
```

We have plugged in the `DeveloperExceptionPage` middleware into the HTTP request processing pipeline for the `Development` environment. So if we run the application in Development environment, then we see the following developer exception page if there is an **unhandled exception**.

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← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:4900/home/details/1 ☆

An unhandled exception occurred while processing the request.

Exception: Error in Details View

EmployeeManagement.Controllers.HomeController.Details(Nullable<int> id) in HomeController.cs, line 32

Stack Query Cookies Headers

Exception: Error in Details View

EmployeeManagement.Controllers.HomeController.Details(Nullable<int> id) in HomeController.cs

```
26.         var model = _employeeRepository.GetAllEmployees();
27.         return View(model);
28.     }
29.
30.     public IActionResult Details(int? id)
31.     {
32.         throw new Exception("Error in Details View");
33.
34.         Employee employee = _employeeRepository.GetEmployee(id ??
35.
36.         if (employee == null)
37.         {
38.             Response.StatusCode = 404;
```

We discussed the significance and the use of [DeveloperExceptionPage](#) middleware in [Part 13 of ASP.NET Core tutorial](#)

As the name implies, the [DeveloperExceptionPage](#) middleware must be used only on the Development environment. **Using this page on a non-development environment like Production for example is a security risk as it contains detailed exception information that could be used by an attacker.** Also this exception page does not make any sense to

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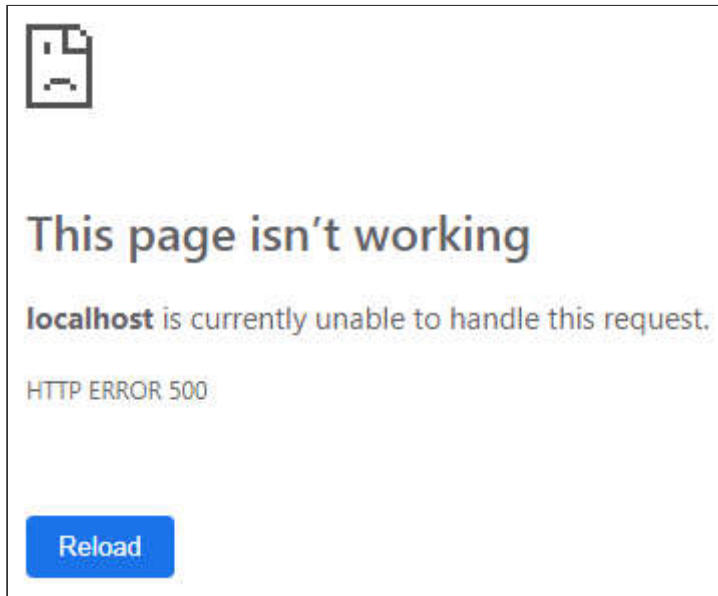
the end user.

## Unhandled Exception on Non-Development Environment in ASP.NET Core

On your local development machine to simulate running the application on production environment set `ASPNETCORE_ENVIRONMENT` variable to **Production**.

"ASPNETCORE\_ENVIRONMENT": "**Production**"

By default, if there is an unhandled exception in a non-development environment like production, we see the following default page.



Notice, other than displaying that there was a **500 http error** we do not see any other information. **Error 500** means, there was an error on the server which the server did not know how to handle.

This default page is not very useful for the end user. We want to handle the exception and redirect to the user to custom error view which is more useful and meaningful.

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## Exception Handling in ASP.NET Core

**Step 1 :** For a non-development environment, add the Exception Handling Middleware to the request processing pipeline using `UseExceptionHandler()` method. We do this in the `Configure()` method of the `Startup` class. Exception Handling Middleware looks for `ErrorController`.

```
public void Configure(IApplicationBuilder app, IHostingEnvironment env)
{
    if (env.IsDevelopment())
    {
        app.UseDeveloperExceptionPage();
    }
    else
    {
        app.UseExceptionHandler("/Error");
    }

    // Rest of the code
}
```

**Step 2 :** Implement the `ErrorController` that retrieves the exception details and returns the custom Error view. In a production application, we do not display the exception details on the error view. We instead log them to a database table, file, event viewer etc, so a developer can review them and provide a code fix if required. We will discuss logging in a later video.

```
public class ErrorController : Controller
{
    [AllowAnonymous]
    [Route("/Error")]
    public IActionResult Error()
    {
        // Retrieve the exception Details
        var exceptionHandlerPathFeature =
            HttpContext.Features.Get<ExceptionHandlerPathFeature>();

        ViewBag.ExceptionPath = exceptionHandlerPathFeature.Path;
        ViewBag.ExceptionMessage = exceptionHandlerPathFeature.Error.Message;
        ViewBag.StackTrace = exceptionHandlerPathFeature.Error.StackTrace;
```

```
        return View("Error");  
    }  
}
```

**Please note :** `IExceptionHandlerPathFeature` is in [Microsoft.AspNetCore.Diagnostics](#) namespace.

### Step 3 : Implement Error View

`<h3>`An occurred while processing your request. The support team is notified and we are working on the fix`</h3>`

`<h5>`Please contact us on [pragim@pragimtech.com](mailto:pragim@pragimtech.com)`</h5>`

`<hr />`

`<h3>`Exception Details:`</h3>`

`<div class="alert alert-danger">`

`<h5>`Exception Path`</h5>`

`<hr />`

`<p>`@ViewBag.ExceptionPath`</p>`

`</div>`

`<div class="alert alert-danger">`

`<h5>`Exception Message`</h5>`

`<hr />`

`<p>`@ViewBag.ExceptionMessage`</p>`

`</div>`

`<div class="alert alert-danger">`

`<h5>`Exception Stack Trace`</h5>`

`<hr />`

`<p>`@ViewBag.Stack Trace`</p>`

`</div>`



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