## Crop MP3 to first 30 seconds



## **Original Question**

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I want to be able to generate a new (fully valid) MP3 file from an existing MP3 file to be used as a preview -- try-before-you-buy style. The new file should only contain the first *n* seconds of the track.



Now, I know I could just "chop the stream" at *n* seconds (calculating from the bitrate and header size) when delivering the file, but this is a bit dirty and a real PITA on a VBR track. I'd like to be able to generate a proper MP3 file.



Anyone any ideas?

## **Answers**

Both mp3split and ffmpeg are both good solutions. I chose ffmpeg as it is commonly installed on linux servers and is also <u>easily</u> <u>available for windows</u>. Here's some more good command line parameters for generating previews with ffmpeg

- -t <seconds> chop after specified number of seconds
- -y force file overwrite
- -ab <bitrate> set bitrate e.g. -ab 96k
- -ar <rate Hz> set sampling rate e.g. -ar 22050 for 22.05kHz
- -map\_meta\_data <outfile>:<infile> copy track metadata from infile to outfile

instead of setting -ab and -ar, you can copy the original track settings, as Tim Farley suggests, with:

-acodec copy

mp3 ffmpeg



asked Sep 4 '08 at 14:35

Cheekysoft
26.9k 17 62 82

Just a thought: you may want to skip the beginning of the original song. Say, you can use 30 seconds piece starting at the *third* of the song. In some songs, the first 30 seconds doesn't tell you much as it's just a "setting up the scene" part - for instance *Pink Floyd*'s Shine On You Crazy Diamond. —

Tomas Sedovic Sep 4 '08 at 15:18

Just as note, I had a really bad time with ffmpeg, mptsplit and mp3cutter on CentOS, all of them reporting "Header Missing". So, I had to go with MP3 Class and some maths to cut by filesize. – Gardner Feb 28 '13 at 19:36

I didn't realize ffmpeg could do that. Thank you. - Sridhar Sarnobat Dec 16 '17 at 7:28

## 8 Answers



I also recommend ffmpeg, but the command line suggested by John Boker has an unintended side effect: it re-encodes the file to the default bitrate (which is 64 kb/s in the version I have here at least). This might give your customers a false impression of the quality of your sound files, and it also takes longer to do.



Here's a command line that will slice to 30 seconds without transcoding:



ffmpeg -t 30 -i inputfile.mp3 -acodec copy outputfile.mp3

The -acodec switch tells ffmpeg to use the special "copy" codec which does not transcode. It is lightning fast.

NOTE: the command was updated based on comment from Oben Sonne

edited Dec 15 '14 at 22:01



Jiri Kremser 8,883 5 3 answered Sep 4 '08 at 15:42



Tim Farley 9,937 4 25 3

19 Recent ffmpeg versions (at least since 0.10.6) interpret options differently based on position. Input-related options must appear before -i ... and output-releated options must appear after -i .... This means ffmpeg -t 30 -i inputfile.mp3 -acodec copy outputfile.mp3 would now be the correct answer. — Oben Sonne Dec 30 '12 at 20:41

Can i extract 30 second audio from 15 second input file, it means if file grater then 30 second then extract 30 second but if file 15 second then repeat and extract complete 30 second. – Girish Patidar Jan 11 '16 at 10:01

- If you want to set starting time (offset) you can use <a href="mailto:ssf">-ss hh:mm:ss[.xxx]</a>. Example: ffmpeg -t 30 -ss 00:00:15.500 -i inputfile.mp3 -acodec copy outputfile.mp3 will slice to 30 seconds starting from 00h 00m 15s 500ms. patryk.beza May 9 '16 at 15:08 <a href="mailto:spf">-ss hh:mm:ss[.xxx]</a>. Example: ffmpeg -t 30 -ss 00:00:15.500 -i inputfile.mp3 -acodec copy outputfile.mp3 will slice to 30 seconds starting from 00h 00m 15s 500ms. patryk.beza May 9 '16 at 15:08 <a href="mailto:spf">-ss hh:mm:ss[.xxx]</a>. Example: ffmpeg -t 30 -ss 00:00:15.500 -i inputfile.mp3 -acodec copy outputfile.mp3 will slice to 30 seconds starting from 00h 00m 15s 500ms. patryk.beza May 9 '16 at 15:08 <a href="mailto:spf">-ss hh:mm:ss[.xxx]</a>.
- for some reason above command didn't worked for me but if i changed it to: ffmpeg -i inputfile.mp3 -t 30 -acodec copy outputfile.mp3 then it's working perfectly Krishnendu Jun 28 '16 at 5:27 /

For me the -t and -s options must be used separately in 2 commands. But it works, thanks! - Yan King Yin Jan 21 '17 at 14:25



This command also works perfectly. I cropped my music files from 20 to 40 seconds.

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-y: force output file to overwrite.



ffmpeg -i test.mp3 -ss 00:00:20 -to 00:00:40 -c copy -y temp.mp3



answered Jun 14 '17 at 6:03
Rahul Chauhan

1 Perfect! Thanks for sharing this. – HerrimanCoder Aug 26 '18 at 23:39

This is the correct answer. – Viktor Joras Nov 25 '18 at 11:50



I have got an error while doing the same

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Invalid audio stream. Exactly one MP3 audio stream is required.

Could not write header for output file #0 (incorrect codec parameters ?): Invalid argumentStream mapping:



Fix for me was:

ffmpeg -ss 00:02:43.00 -t 00:00:10 -i input.mp3 -codec:a libmp3lame out.mp3



answered Dec 2 '16 at 2:41

Mithun Cheriyath

1 1



If you wish to REMOVE the first 30 seconds (and keep the remainder) then use this:

ffmpeg -ss 30 -i inputfile.mp3 -acodec copy outputfile.mp3

edited Jul 25 '15 at 10:39



answered May 27 '10 at 23:30





you can use mp3cut:

11 cutmp3 -i foo.mp3 -0 30s.mp3 -a 0:00.0 -b 0:30.0



It's in ubuntu repo, so just: sudo apt-get install cutmp3.

answered Sep 19 '11 at 0:15





You might want to try Mp3Splt.

5 I've used it before in a C# service that simply wrapped the mp3splt.exe win32 process. I assume something similar could be done in your Linux/PHP scenario.



answered Sep 4 '08 at 14:45



Ryan Duffield **14.1k** 5 34 38

2 Used MP3Split with success for mp3 cut – Freshblood Apr 10 '14 at 19:20



try:

ffmpeg -t 30 -i inputfile.mp3 outputfile.mp3



answered Sep 4 '08 at 14:45





I haven't used it for this specific purpose, but I bet ffmpeg can do it.



answered Sep 4 '08 at 14:38

