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Server.MapPath("."), Server.MapPath("~/"), Server.MapPath(@"\"), Server.MapPath("/"). What is the difference?

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▲ Can anyone explain the difference between `Server.MapPath(".")` , `Server.MapPath("~/")` , `Server.MapPath(@"\")` and `Server.MapPath("/")` ?

433



asp.net

path

directory

mapping

filesystems



238

edited Dec 15 '13 at 21:15



dav_i

19.7k

13

84

115

asked Nov 9 '08 at 9:48



Manu

16.1k

25

68

82

3 Answers



Server.MapPath specifies the relative or virtual path to map to a physical directory.

783

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asp.net - Server.MapPath("."), Server.MapPath("~/"), Server.MapPath(@"\"), Server.MapPath("/"). What is the difference? - Stack Overflow

- `Server.MapPath(".")` ¹ returns the current physical directory of the file (e.g. `aspx`) being executed
- `Server.MapPath("..")` returns the parent directory
- `Server.MapPath("~/")` returns the physical path to the root of the application
- `Server.MapPath("/")` returns the physical path to the root of the domain name (is not necessarily the same as the root of the application)

An example:

Let's say you pointed a web site application
(`http://www.example.com/`) to

`C:\Inetpub\wwwroot`

and installed your shop application (sub web as virtual directory in IIS, marked as application) in

`D:\WebApps\shop`

For example, if you call `Server.MapPath()` in following request:

`http://www.example.com/shop/products/GetProduct.aspx?id=2342`

then:

- `Server.MapPath(".")` ¹ returns `D:\WebApps\shop\products`
- `Server.MapPath("..")` returns `D:\WebApps\shop`
- `Server.MapPath("~/")` returns `D:\WebApps\shop`
- `Server.MapPath("/")` returns `C:\Inetpub\wwwroot`
- `Server.MapPath("/shop")` returns `D:\WebApps\shop`

If Path starts with either a forward slash (/) or backward slash (\), the `MapPath()` returns a path as if Path was a full, virtual path.

If Path doesn't start with a slash, the `MapPath()` returns a path relative to the directory of the request being processed.

Note: in C#, @ is the verbatim literal string operator meaning that the string should be used "as is" and not be processed for escape sequences.

Footnotes

1. `Server.MapPath(null)` and `Server.MapPath("")` will [produce this effect too](#).

edited May 23 '17 at 12:10



Community ♦

1 1

answered Nov 9 '08 at 10:01



splattne

84.3k 45 195 242

44 Excellent. We've been battling with `Server.Bloody.MapPath`. Thanks – [gbn](#) May 10 '10 at 15:16

26 You will be better off using `HostingEnvironment.MapPath` as it doesn't require `HttpContext` : stackoverflow.com/q/944219/3205 – [skolima](#) Jul 25 '12 at 14:57



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1) `Server.MapPath(".")` -- Returns the "Current Physical Directory" of the file (e.g. `aspx`) being executed.

Ex. Suppose `D:\WebApplications\Collage\Departments`

2) `Server.MapPath("../")` -- Returns the "Parent Directory"

Ex. D:\WebApplications\Collage

3) `Server.MapPath("~/")` -- Returns the "Physical Path to the Root of the Application"

Ex. D:\WebApplications\Collage

4) `Server.MapPath("/")` -- Returns the physical path to the root of the Domain Name

Ex. C:\Inetpub\wwwroot

edited Apr 28 '18 at 12:23

user9711416

answered Jan 8 '18 at 10:49



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67 1 1

Just to expand on @splatne's answer a little:

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`MapPath(string virtualPath)` calls the following:

```
public string MapPath(string virtualPath)
{
    return this.MapPath(VirtualPath.CreateAllowNull(virtualPath));
}
```

`MapPath(VirtualPath virtualPath)` in turn calls `MapPath(VirtualPath virtualPath, VirtualPath baseVirtualDir, bool allowCrossAppMapping)` which contains the following:

```
//...
if (virtualPath == null)
{
    virtualPath = VirtualPath.Create(".");
}
```

```
}  
//...
```

So if you call `MapPath(null)` or `MapPath("")`, you are effectively calling `MapPath(".")`

answered Jul 12 '13 at 13:49



dav_i

19.7k 13 84 115

protected by [Jeff Atwood](#) Jun 7 '10 at 7:30

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