

Synchronization exercise

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Objectives

The objective of this exercise is to use POSIX thread management and synchronization primitives in order to implement the producer/consumer example described in the associated lecture.

Instructions

You have to launch 2 threads which will produce and consume iteratively with a random temporization (between 1 and 2 seconds) between each production/consumption. The buffer where you produce and consume can simply be an array of boolean.

For the random function:

- include <stdlib.h>
- srand(time(NULL)) - initialize the random generator
- rand() - returns a random number

For the temporization function:

- you can use *pthread_cond_timedwait()* to suspend the current thread for a given time

For the display, you can show the state of the buffer after each production/consumption. Below is the display I implemented in my solution.

```
hagimont@laptop-hagimont: ~/shared/international/vietnam/USTH/cours-sys
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

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|x|x|x|x|x| | | | | | | | |x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|74
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|x|x|x|x|x|x| | | | | | | | |x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|75
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iteratively with a random
tion/consumption. The buffer
ice and consume can simply be an array of boolean.

|x|x|x|x|x|x| | | | | | | | |x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|76
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solution
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|x|x|x|x|x|x| | | | | | | | |x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|77
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using thread_cond_timedwait() to suspend the current thread for a given time
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|x|x|x|x|x|x| | | | | | | | |x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|x|78
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mented in my solution.
```