

Question 1:

(4 marks) Write a class **Cala** and a class **SpecCala** extending from **Cala** (i.e. Cala is a superclass and SpecCala is a subclass) with the following information:

Cala
-owner:String
-price:int
+Cala()
+Cala(owner:String, price:int)
+getOwner():String
+getPrice():int
+setOwner(owner:String):void
+toString():String

Where:

- getOwner():String – return owner.
- getPrice():int – return price.
- setOwner(owner:String):void – update owner.
- toString():String – return the string of format:
owner @ price

Where:

SpecCala
-color:int
+SpecCala()
+SpecCala(owner:String, price:int, color:int)
+toString():String
+setData():void
+getValue():int

- toString():String – return the string of format:
owner @ price # color
- setData():void – Formats the owner with the following rules:
 - The first letter of all words is converted to uppercase.
 - All other letters are converted to lowercase.
- getValue():int – Check if color is even number then return price+1, otherwise return price*2.

The program output might look something like:

Sample 1	Sample 2
Enter owner: john	Enter owner: joHN wICk 109 PARis
Enter price: 10	Enter price: 10
Enter color: 7	Enter color: 7
1. Test toString()	1. Test toString()
2. Test setData()	2. Test setData()
3. Test getValue()	3. Test getValue()

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Question 2:

(3 marks) Write a class **Cala** with the following information:

Cala
-owner:String -price:int
+Cala() +Cala(owner:String, price:int) +getOwner():String +getPrice():int +setOwner(owner:String):void +setPrice(price:int):void

Where:

- getOwner():String – return owner.
- getPrice():int – return price.
- setOwner(owner:String): void – update owner.
- setPrice(price:int): void – update price.

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The interface **ICala** below is already compiled and given in byte code format, thus **you can use it without creating an ICala.java file.**

```
import java.util.List;

public interface ICala {

    public int f1(List<Cala> t);

    public void f2(List<Cala> t);

    public void f3(List<Cala> t);

}
```

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```
import java.util.List;

public interface ICala {

    public int f1(List<Cala> t);

    public void f2(List<Cala> t);

    public void f3(List<Cala> t);

}
```

Write a class **MyCala**, which implements the interface **ICala**. The class MyCala implements methods f1, f2 and f3 in ICala as below (you can add other functions in MyCala class):

- f1: Count and return number of elements that its price is an even number.
- f2: Remove the second element having minimum price (do nothing if only one element in the list).
- f3: Suppose all owners contain at least 1 character. Sort the list t descendingly by the 1st character of the owner.

When running, the program will add some data to the list. Sample output might look something like:

Sample 1

Add how many elements: 0

Enter TC(1-f1;2-f2;3-f3): 1

The list before running f1:

(A1B,5) (BC2,4) (CT,3) (D3X,4) (2E1,5) (FY4,2)

OUTPUT:

3

Sample 2

Add how many elements: 0

Enter TC(1-f1;2-f2;3-f3): 2

The list before running f2:

(A,4) (C,3) (B,7) (D,3) (E,7) (F,5)

OUTPUT:

(A,4) (C,3) (B,7) (E,7) (F,5)

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Close

Sample 3

Add how many elements: 0

Enter TC(1-f1;2-f2;3-f3): 3

The list before running f3:

(A8,1) (B1,2) (C7,3) (D2,4) (E6,5) (F3,6)

OUTPUT:

(F3,6) (E6,5) (D2,4) (C7,3) (B1,2) (A8,1)

Question 3:

(3 marks) The interface **IString** below is already compiled and given in byte code format, thus **you can use it without creating IString.java file.**

```
public interface IString {
    public int f1(String str);
    public String f2(String str);
}
```

Write a class named **MyString**, which implements the interface **IString**. The class **MyString** implements methods **f1** and **f2** in **IString** as below:

- **f1**: Count and return number of words containing at least 1 even digit.
- **f2**: Return the string **s**, which is obtained by replacing the **1st** palindrome word in **str** with the string **"YY"** (word = a string without space(s), a word is called palindrome if it and its reverse are the same). **(do nothing if the list doesn't have any palindrome).**

The program output might look something like:

1. Test f1()

1. Test f1()

Write a class named **MyString**, which implements the interface **IString**. The class MyString implements methods f1 and f2 in IString as below:

- f1: Count and return number of words containing at least 1 even digit.
- f2: Return the string s, which is obtained by replacing the 1st palindrome word in str with the string "YY" (word = a string without space(s), a word is called palindrome if it and its reverse are the same). (do nothing if the list doesn't have any palindrome).

The program output might look something like:

1. Test f1() 2. Test f2() Enter TC (1 or 2): 1 Enter a string: ab c2 d1 e1 b4 u8 OUTPUT:	1. Test f1() 2. Test f2() Enter TC (1 or 2): 2 Enter a string: ab abc abcba 12321 uv OUTPUT:
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3	ab abc YY 12321 uv
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PRO192 PE INSTRUCTIONS

Read the instructions below carefully before starting coding.

Students are ONLY allowed to use:

- Materials on his/her computer (including JDK, NetBeans...).
- For distance learning: Google Meet, Hangout (for Exam Monitoring Purpose).

Follow the steps below to complete PE.

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