R Notebook: Time Series Analysis

library(stats)

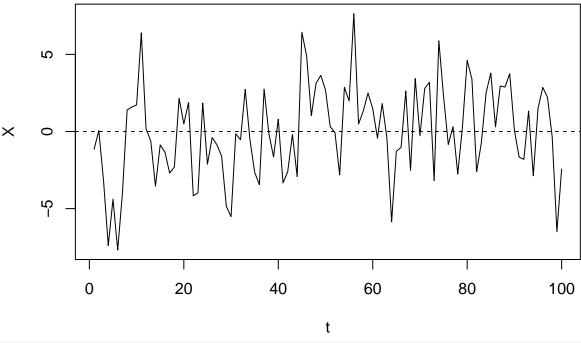
PART 1

AR(1):

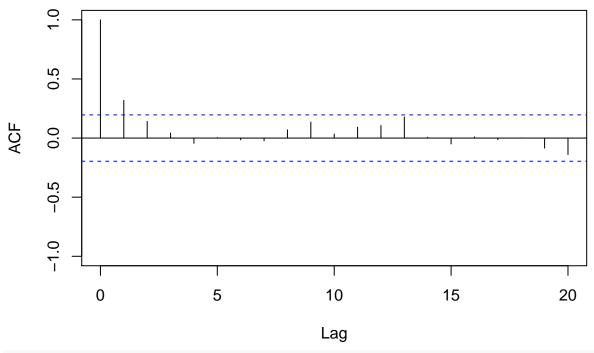
$$X_t = 0.6X_(t-1) + e_t ; Var(X_t) = 9$$

```
set.seed(2018)
ar.sim1=arima.sim(n=100,list(ar=0.6),sd=3)
plot(ar.sim1,xlab="t",ylab="X",main="AR(1):phi1=0.6;sd=3")
abline(h=0,lty=2)
```

AR(1):phi1=0.6;sd=3

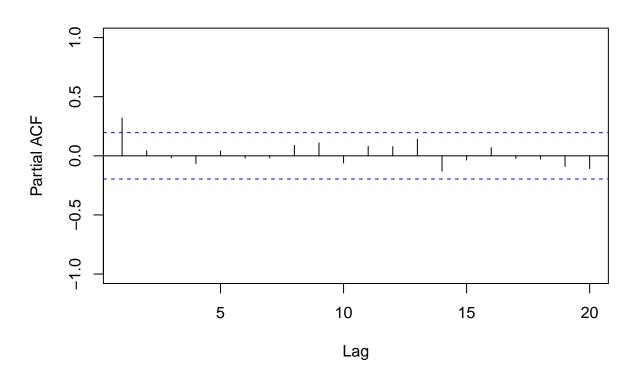


Series ar.sim1



plot(pacf(ar.sim1,lag.max=20,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series ar.sim1

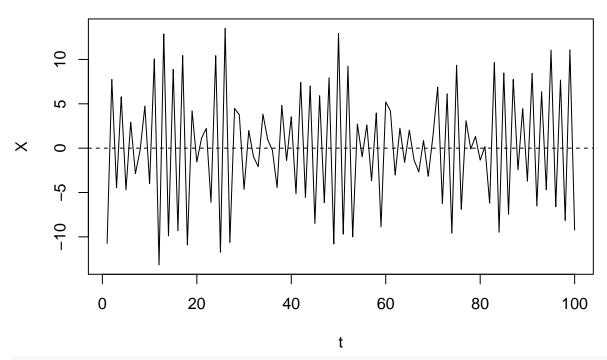


AR(1)

$$X_t = -0.9X_(t-1) + e_t ; Var(X_t) = 9$$

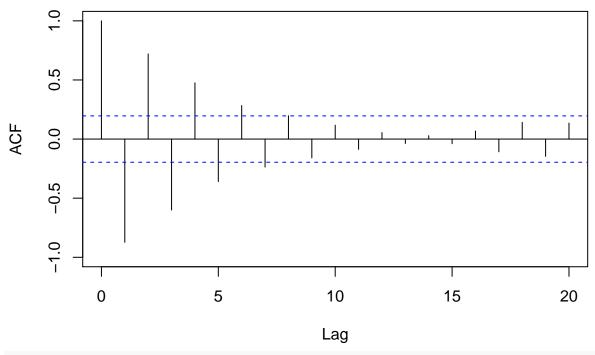
```
set.seed(2018)
ar.sim2=arima.sim(n=100,list(ar=-0.9),sd=3)
plot(ar.sim2,xlab="t",ylab="X",main="AR(1):phi1=-0.9;sd=3")
abline(h=0,lty=2)
```

AR(1):phi1=-0.9;sd=3



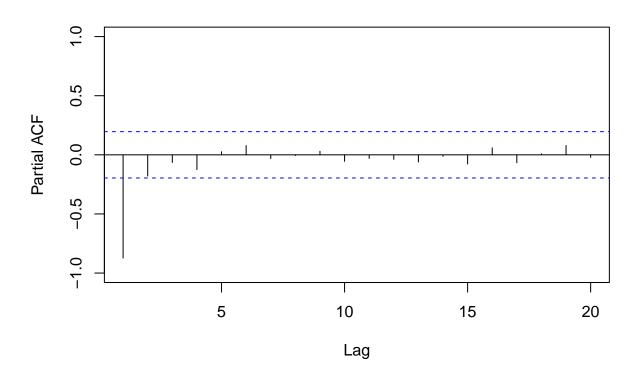
plot(acf(ar.sim2,lag.max=20,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series ar.sim2



plot(pacf(ar.sim2,lag.max=20,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series ar.sim2

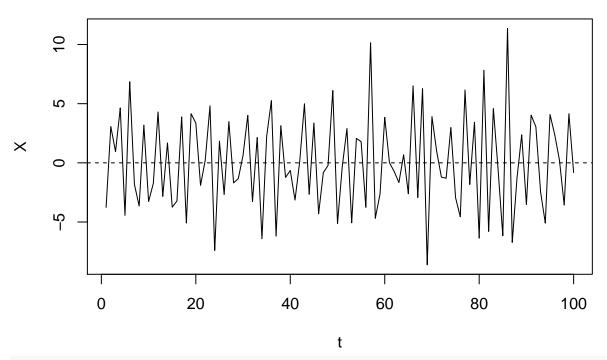


MA(1)

$$X_t = e_t - 0.7e_{(t-1)}$$
; $Var(X_t) = 9$

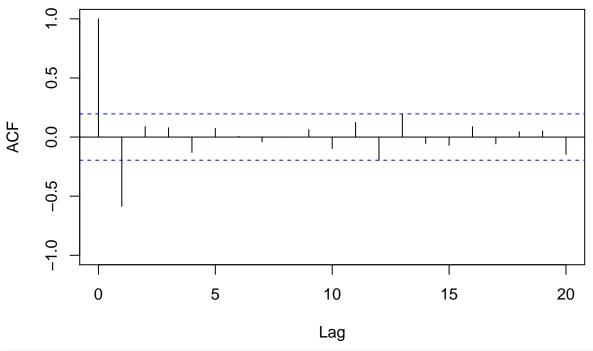
```
set.seed(2018)
ma.sim=arima.sim(n=100,list(ma=-0.7),sd=3)
plot(ma.sim,xlab="t",ylab="X",main="MA(1):theta1=0.6;sd=3")
abline(h=0,lty=2)
```

MA(1):theta1=0.6;sd=3



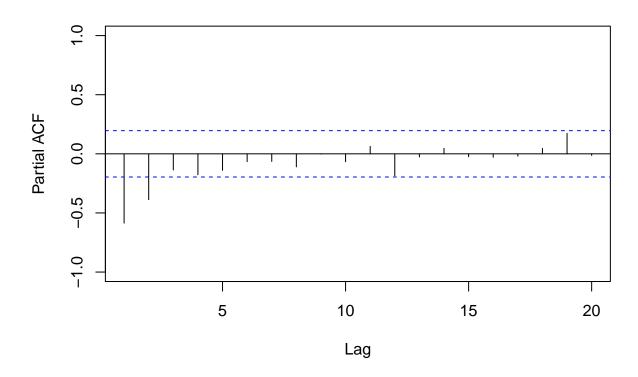
plot(acf(ma.sim,lag.max=20,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series ma.sim



plot(pacf(ma.sim,lag.max=20,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series ma.sim

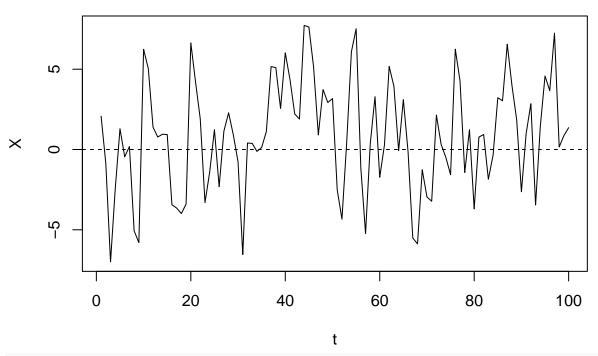


ARMA(1,1)

$$X_t = 1/3 X_(t-1) + e_t + 1/4 e_(t-1) ; Var(X_t) = 9$$

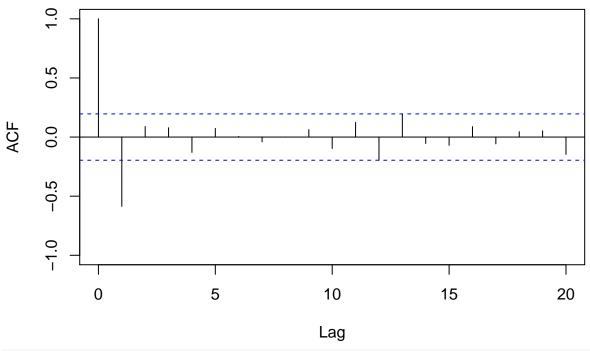
arma.sim=arima.sim(n=100,list(ar=1/3,ma=1/4),sd=3) plot(arma.sim,xlab="t",ylab="X",main="ARMA(1,1):phi1=1/3;theta1=1/4;sd=3") abline(h=0,lty=2)

ARMA(1,1):phi1=1/3;theta1=1/4;sd=3



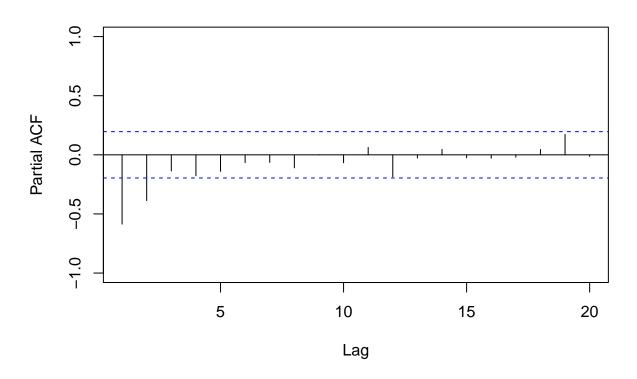
plot(acf(ma.sim,lag.max=20,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series ma.sim



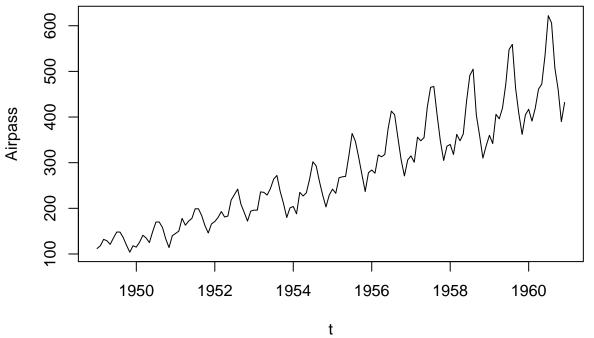
plot(pacf(ma.sim,lag.max=20,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series ma.sim

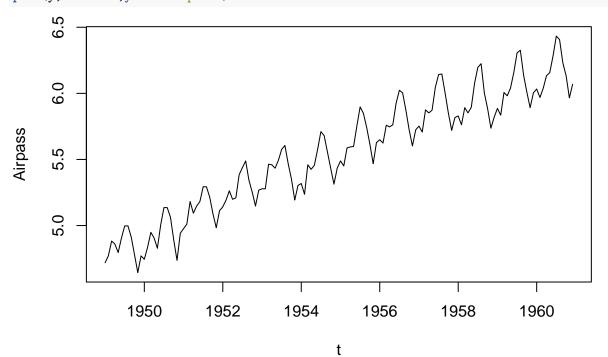


Modeling

```
x=AirPassengers
y=log(x)
plot(x,xlab="t",ylab="Airpass")
```



plot(y,xlab="t",ylab="Airpass")

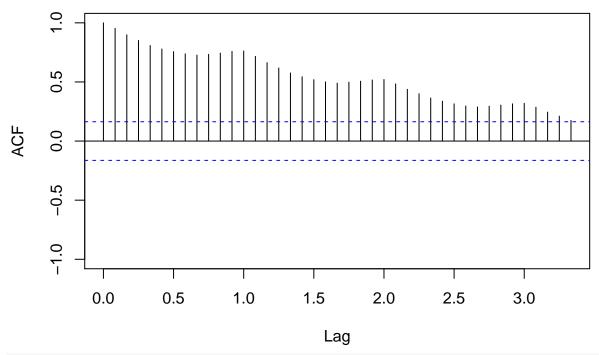


Example

```
a=c(1:10); a
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
b=cumsum(a); b
## [1] 1 3 6 10 15 21 28 36 45 55
c=cumsum(b); c
## [1] 1 4 10 20 35 56 84 120 165 220
diff(c, lag=1, differences = 1)
## [1] 3 6 10 15 21 28 36 45 55
diff(c, lag=1, differences = 2)
## [1] 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
diff(c, lag=2, differences = 1)
## [1] 9 16 25 36 49 64 81 100
diff(c, lag=2, differences = 2)
## [1] 16 20 24 28 32 36
Stationarity
```

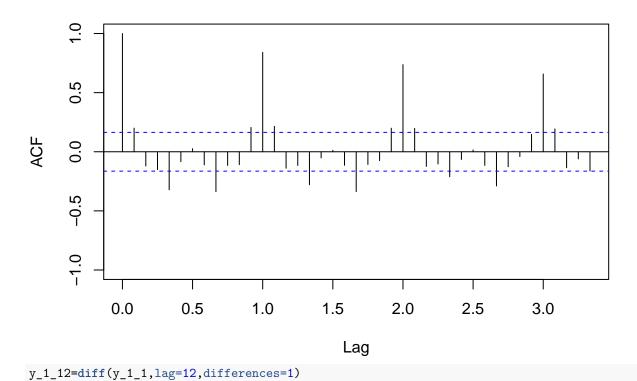
```
plot(acf(y,lag.max=40,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))
```

Series y

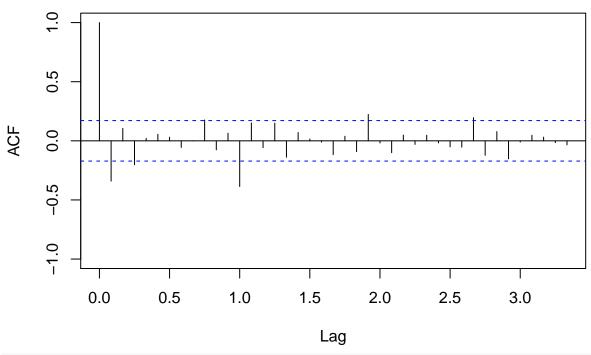


y_1_1=diff(y,lag=1,differences=1)
plot(acf(y_1_1,lag.max=40,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series y_1_1

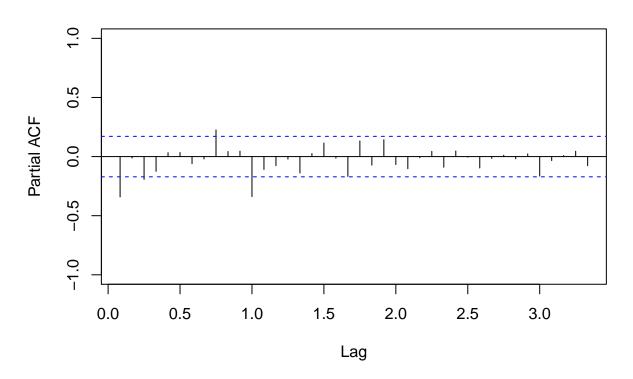


Series y_1_12



plot(pacf(y_1_12,lag.max=40,plot=FALSE),ylim=c(-1,1))

Series y_1_12



```
library(TSA)
## Loading required package: leaps
## Loading required package: locfit
## locfit 1.5-9.1
                     2013-03-22
## Loading required package: mgcv
## Loading required package: nlme
## This is mgcv 1.8-17. For overview type 'help("mgcv-package")'.
## Loading required package: tseries
## Warning: package 'tseries' was built under R version 3.4.4
##
## Attaching package: 'TSA'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       acf, arima
## The following object is masked from 'package:utils':
##
       tar
library(caschrono)
## Loading required package: zoo
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       as.Date, as.Date.numeric
Model 1
model1=arima(y,order=c(1,1,1),list(order=c(1,1,1),period=12),include.mean=FALSE,method="CSS-ML")
model1
##
## Call:
## arima(x = y, order = c(1, 1, 1), seasonal = list(order = c(1, 1, 1), period = 12),
      include.mean = FALSE, method = "CSS-ML")
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
            ar1
                     ma1
                            sar1
                                     sma1
##
         0.1666 -0.5615 -0.099 -0.4973
## s.e. 0.2459 0.2115 0.154 0.1360
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.001336: log likelihood = 245.16, aic = -482.31
t_stat(model1)
               ar1
                         ma1
                                  sar1
## t.stat 0.677738 -2.654214 -0.642984 -3.657670
```

```
## p.val 0.497938 0.007949 0.520235 0.000255
```

Model 2

```
model2=arima(y,order=c(1,1,1),list(order=c(0,1,1),period=12),include.mean=FALSE,method="CSS-ML")
##
## Call:
## arima(x = y, order = c(1, 1, 1), seasonal = list(order = c(0, 1, 1), period = 12),
       include.mean = FALSE, method = "CSS-ML")
##
## Coefficients:
##
           ar1
                    ma1
                             sma1
##
        0.1960 -0.5784 -0.5643
## s.e. 0.2475 0.2132 0.0747
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.001341: log likelihood = 244.95, aic = -483.9
t_stat(model2)
                        ma1
              ar1
                                  sma1
## t.stat 0.792074 -2.712668 -7.554412
## p.val 0.428318 0.006674 0.000000
Model 3
model3=arima(y,order=c(0,1,1),list(order=c(0,1,1),period=12),include.mean=FALSE,method="CSS-ML")
model3
##
## Call:
## arima(x = y, order = c(0, 1, 1), seasonal = list(order = c(0, 1, 1), period = 12),
       include.mean = FALSE, method = "CSS-ML")
##
## Coefficients:
##
            ma1
                     sma1
##
        -0.4018 -0.5569
        0.0896
                 0.0731
## s.e.
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.001348: log likelihood = 244.7, aic = -485.4
t stat(model3)
                ma1
                         sma1
## t.stat -4.482494 -7.618978
          0.000007 0.000000
## p.val
shapiro.test(model3$residuals)
##
##
   Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: model3$residuals
## W = 0.98637, p-value = 0.1674
```