

# Rectangle Area

Given the coordinates of two rectilinear rectangles in a 2D plane, return the total area covered by the two rectangles.

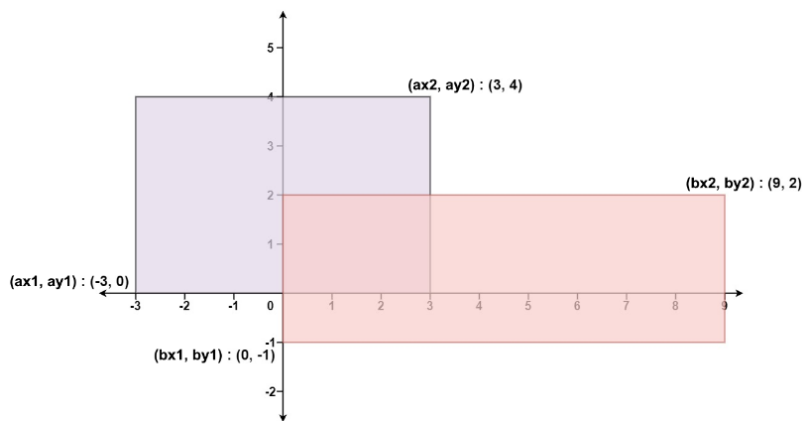
The first rectangle is defined by its bottom-left corner (ax1, ay1) and its top-right corner (ax2, ay2).  
The second rectangle is defined by its bottom-left corner (bx1, by1) and its top-right corner (bx2, by2).

Constraints:

- 10<sup>4</sup> ≤ ax1 ≤ ax2 ≤ 10<sup>4</sup>.
- 10<sup>4</sup> ≤ ay1 ≤ ay2 ≤ 10<sup>4</sup>.
- 10<sup>4</sup> ≤ bx1 ≤ bx2 ≤ 10<sup>4</sup>.
- 10<sup>4</sup> ≤ by1 ≤ by2 ≤ 10<sup>4</sup>.

Example:

Input: -3 0 3 4 0 -1 9 2	ax1 = -3, ay1 = 0, ax2 = 3, ay2 = 4, bx1 = 0, by1 = -1, bx2 = 9, by2 = 2
Output: 45	



Input: -2 -2 2 2 -2 -2 2 2	ax1 = -2, ay1 = -2, ax2 = 2, ay2 = 2, bx1 = -2, by1 = -2, bx2 = 2, by2 = 2
Output: 16	