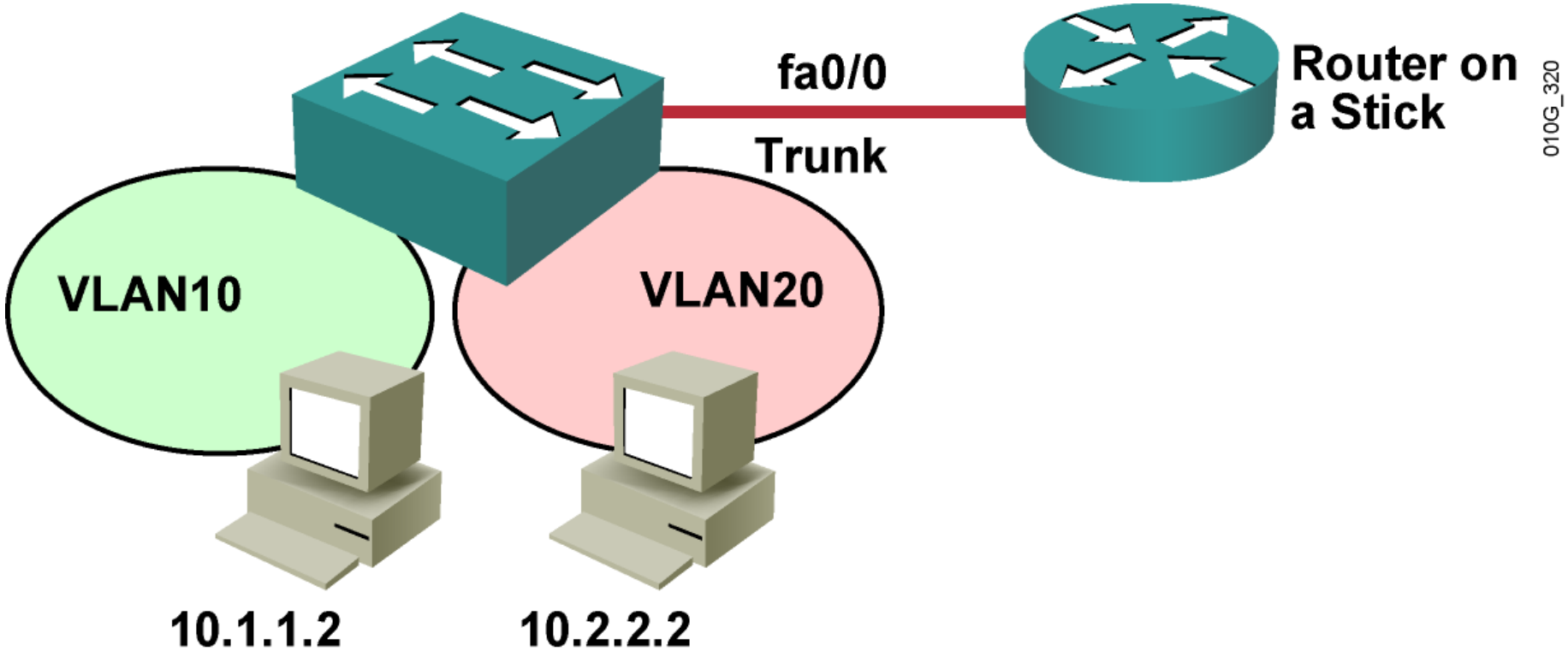
Implementing Inter-VLAN Routing

Describing Routing Between VLANs

Inter-VLAN Routing with External Router



- Single trunk link carries traffic for multiple VLANs to and from router.

Inter-VLAN Routing
External Router Configuration Commands

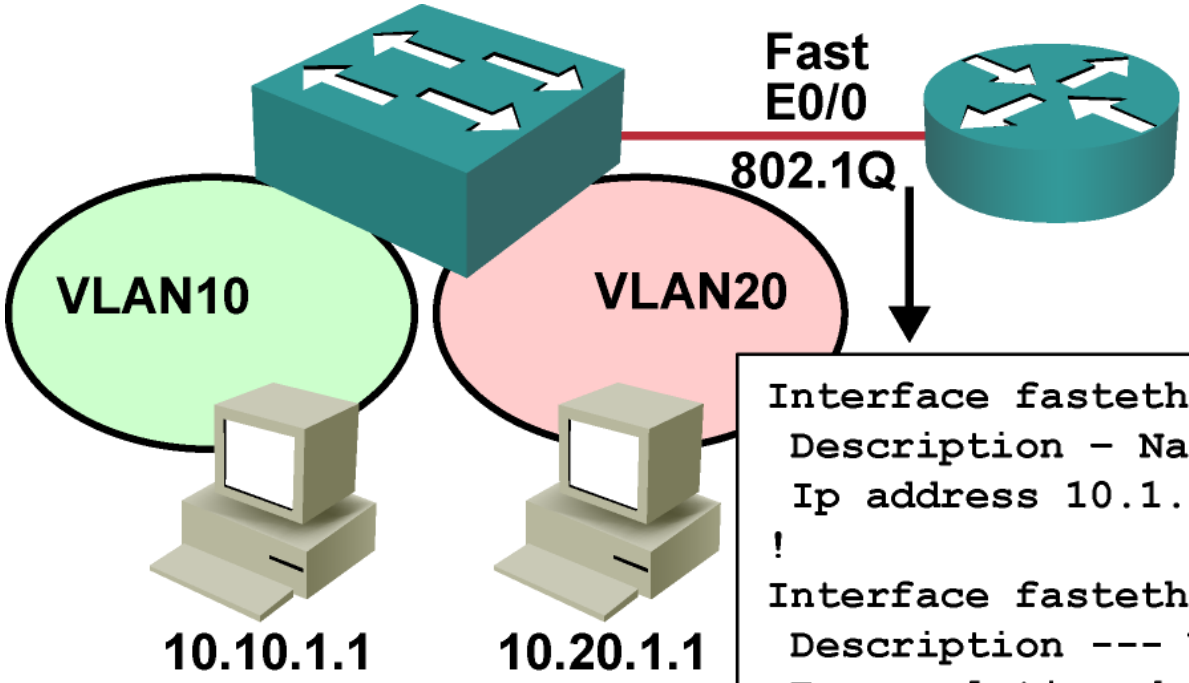
Configure on subinterface

- encapsulation dot1Q (or isl) 10
- ip address 10.10.1.1 255.255.255.0

Verify

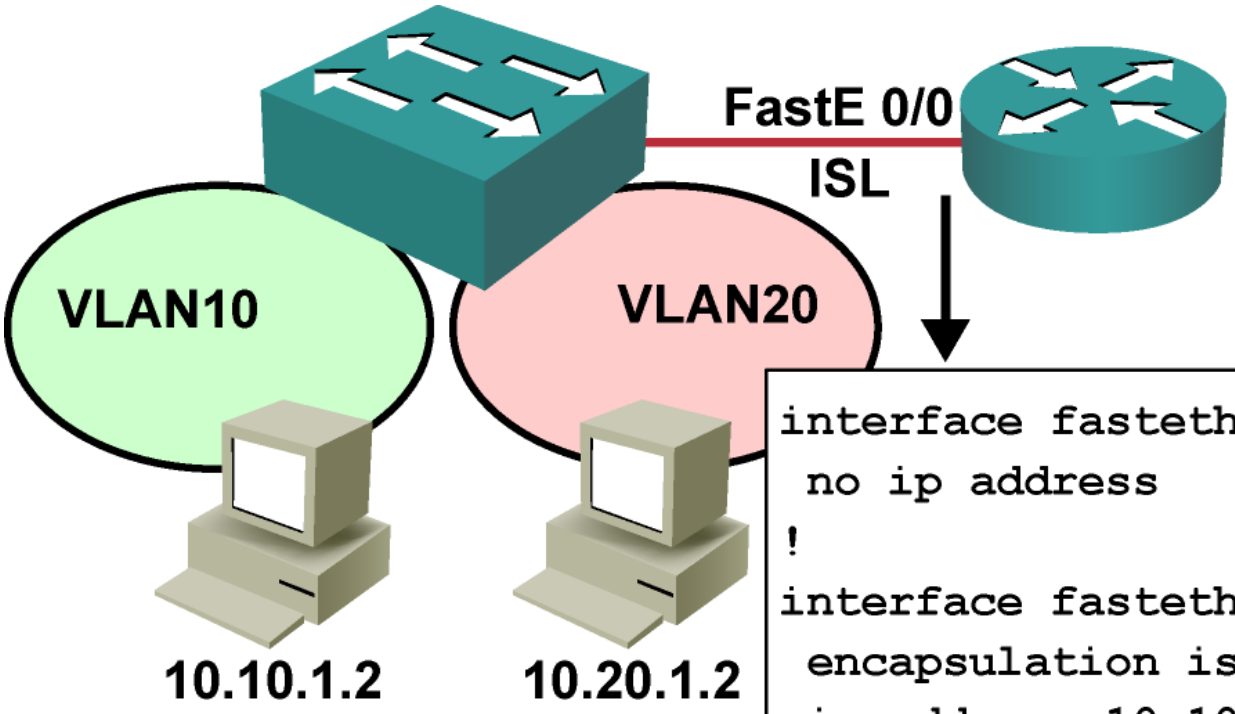
- show vlan 10
- show ip route

Inter-VLAN Routing on External Router: 802.1Q Trunk Link




```
Interface fastethernet 0/0
 Description – Native 802.1q VLAN –
 Ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
Interface fastethernet 0/0:10
 Description --- VLAN 10 w/ 802.1q ---
 Encapsulation dot1q 10
 Ip address 10.10.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
Interface fastethernet 0/0:20
 Description --- VLAN 20 w/ 802.1q ---
 Encapsulation dot1q 20
 Ip address 10.20.1.1 255.255.255.0
```

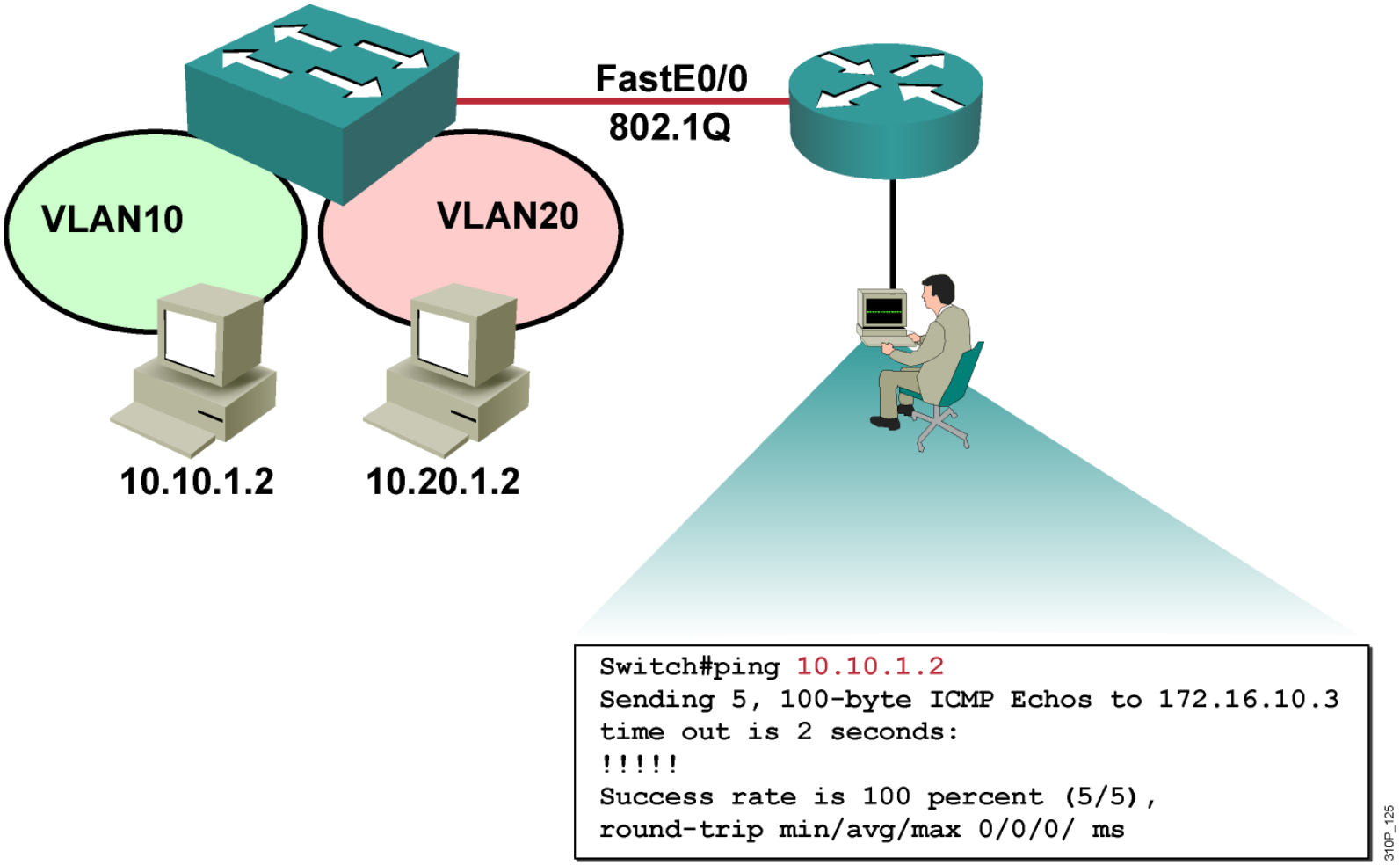
Inter-VLAN Routing on External Router: ISL Trunk Link




```
interface fastethernet 0/0
 no ip address
!
interface fastethernet 0/0.10
 encapsulation isl 10
 ip address 10.10.1.1 255.255.255.0
interface fastethernet 0/0.20
 encapsulation isl 20
 ip address 10.20.1.1 255.255.255.0
```

310P_304

Verifying Inter-VLAN Routing



The ping **command tests connectivity to remote hosts.**

Verifying the Inter-VLAN Routing Configuration

```
Router#show vlan
```

- Displays the current IP configuration per VLAN

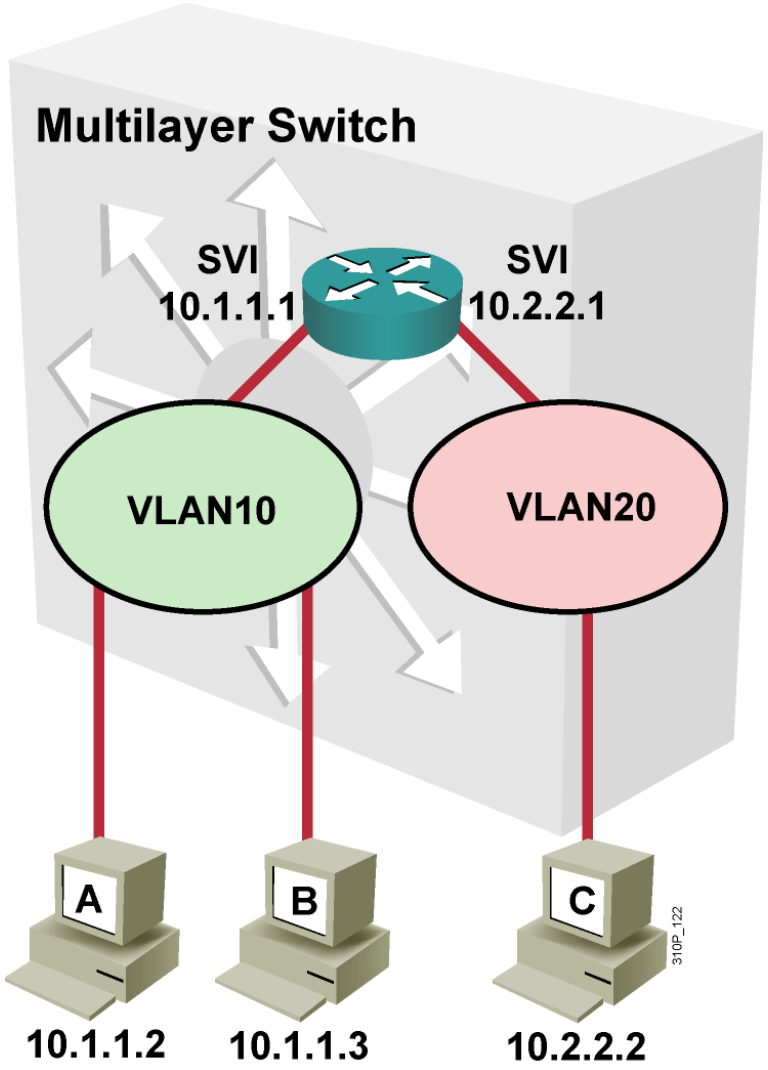
```
Router#show ip route
```

- Displays IP route table information

```
Router#show ip interface brief
```

- Displays IP address on interfaces and current state of interface

Layer 3 SVI


Multilayer Switch
SVI
10.1.1.1
SVI
10.2.2.1
VLAN10
VLAN20
A
B
C
10.1.1.2
10.1.1.3
10.2.2.2
310P_122

SVI on a Multilayer Switch

Configure

- ip routing
- interface vlan 10
  - ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0

Verify

- show ip route

Configuring Inter-VLAN Routing Through an SVI

Step 1: Configure IP routing.

```
Switch(config)#ip routing
```

Step 2: Create an SVI interface.

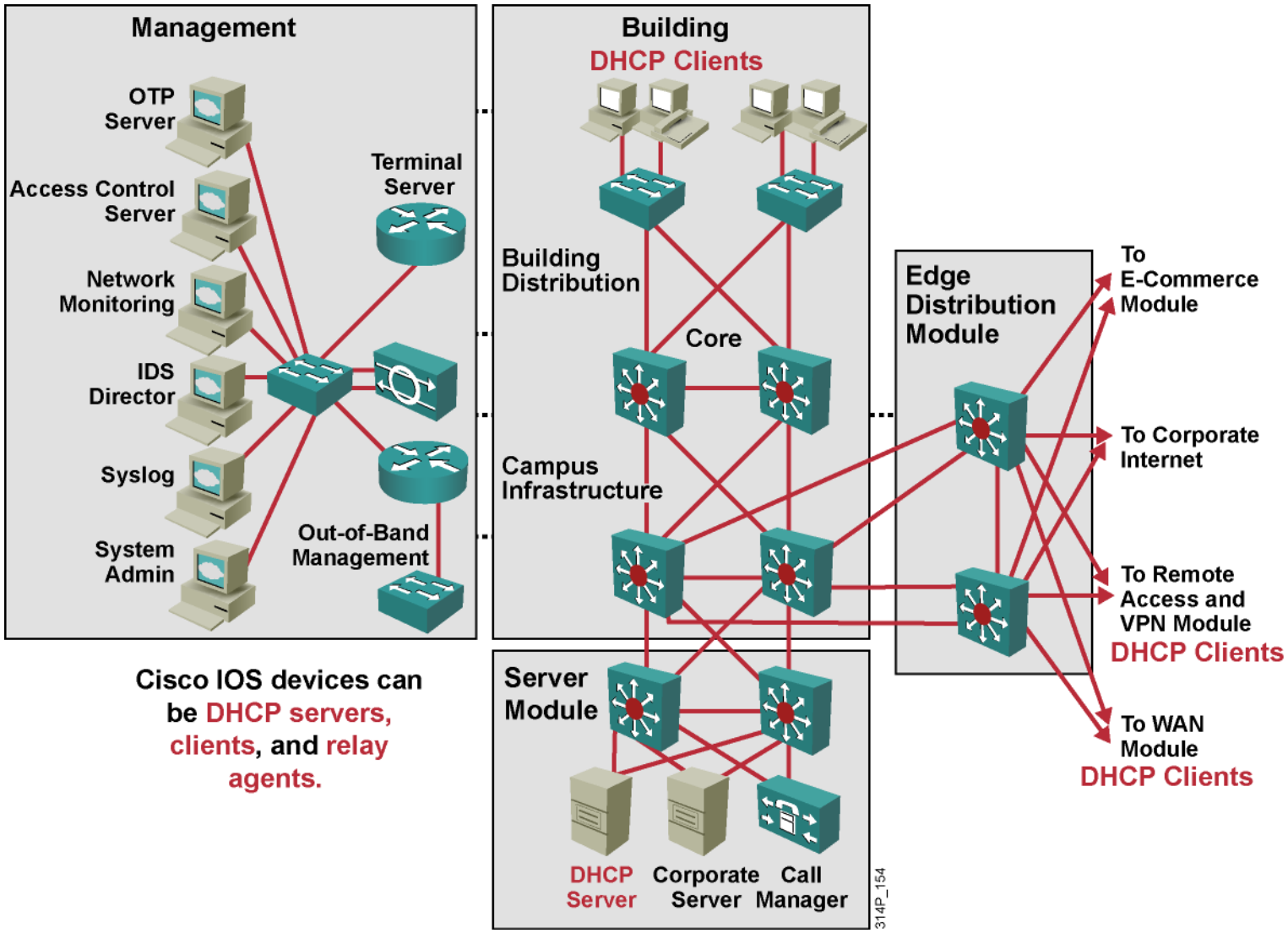
```
Switch(config)#interface vlan vlan-id
```

Step 3: Assign an IP address to the SVI.

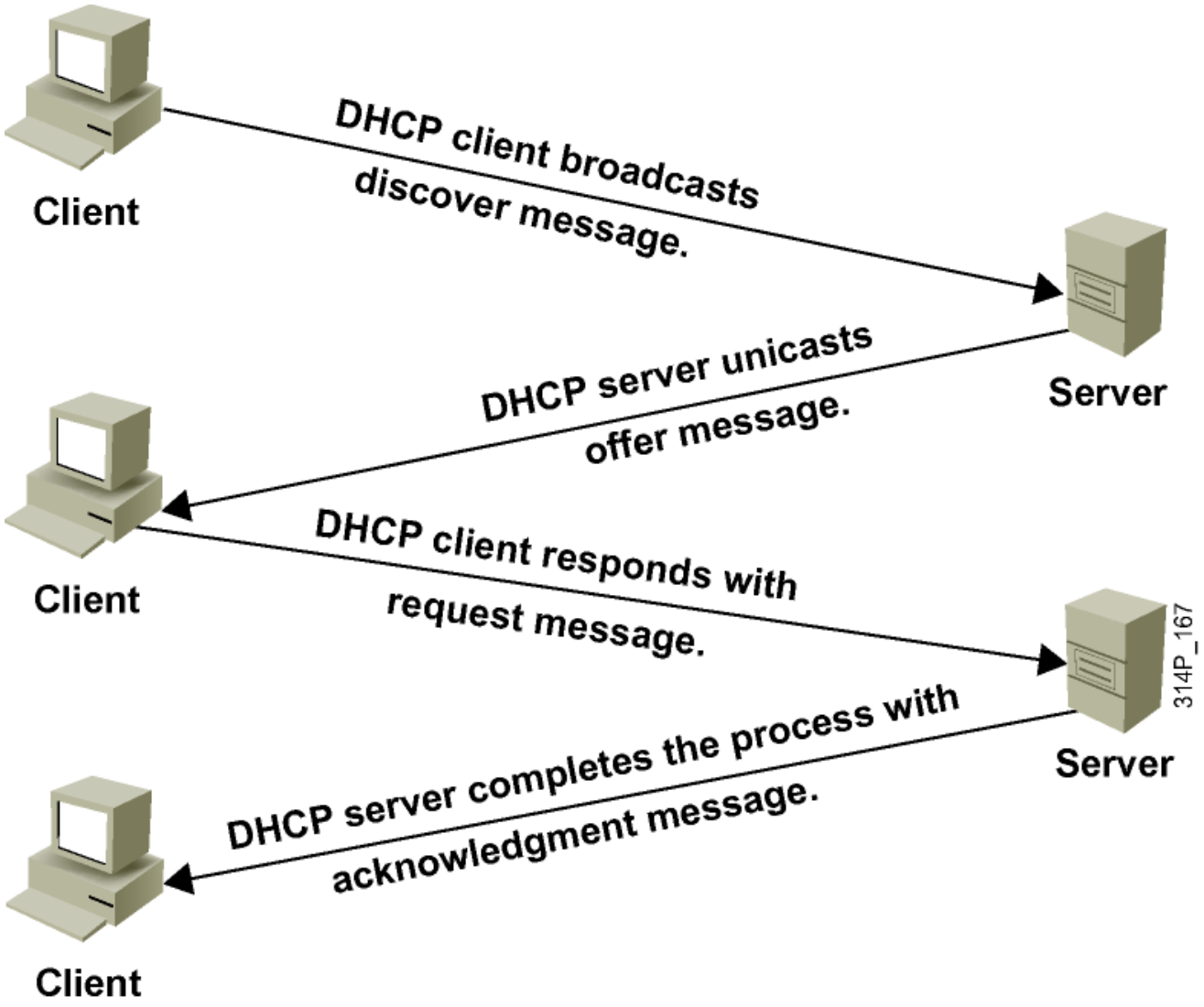
```
Switch(config-if)#ip address ip-address mask
```

Configuring DHCP

DHCP in an Enterprise Network



Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol



Configuring a DHCP Server

```
Router(config)#ip dhcp pool [pool name]
```

- **Enables a DHCP pool for use by hosts**

```
Router(config-dhcp)#network [network address][subnet mask]
```

- **Specifies the network and subnet mask of the pool**

```
Router(config-dhcp)#default-router [host address]
```

- **Specifies the default router for the pool to use**

DHCP Client

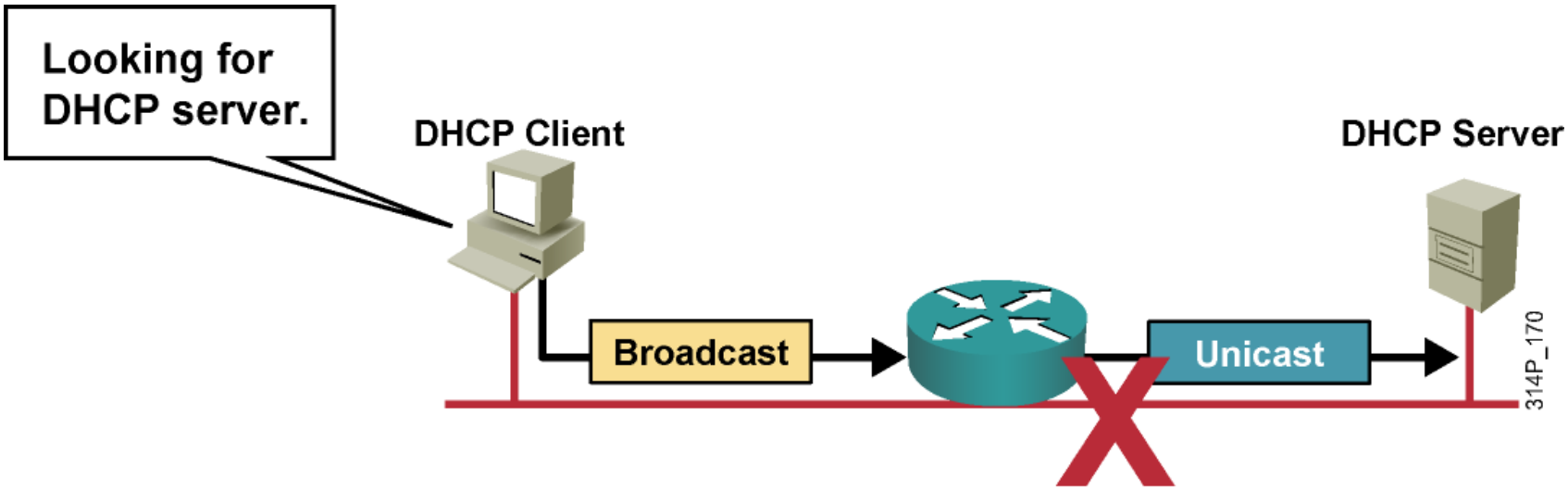
```
Router(config-if)# ip address dhcp
```

- **Enables a Cisco IOS device to obtain an IP address dynamically from a DHCP server**

Helper Addressing Overview

- **Routers do not forward broadcasts, by default.**
- **Helper address provides selective connectivity.**

Why Use a Helper Address?



- **Sometimes clients do not know the server address.**
- **Helpers change broadcast to unicast to reach server.**

IP Helper Address Commands

```
Router(config-if)# ip helper-address address
```

- **Enables forwarding and specifies destination address for main UDP broadcast packets**
- **Changes destination address from broadcast to unicast or directed broadcast address**

DHCP Verification Commands

```
Router# show ip dhcp database
```

- Displays recent activity on the DHCP database

```
Router# show ip dhcp server statistics
```

- Shows count information about statistics and messages sent and received

```
Router# show ip route dhcp
```

- Displays routes added to the routing table by DHCP

```
Router# debug ip dhcp server {events|packets|linkage}
```

- Enables debugging on the DHCP server


CISCO