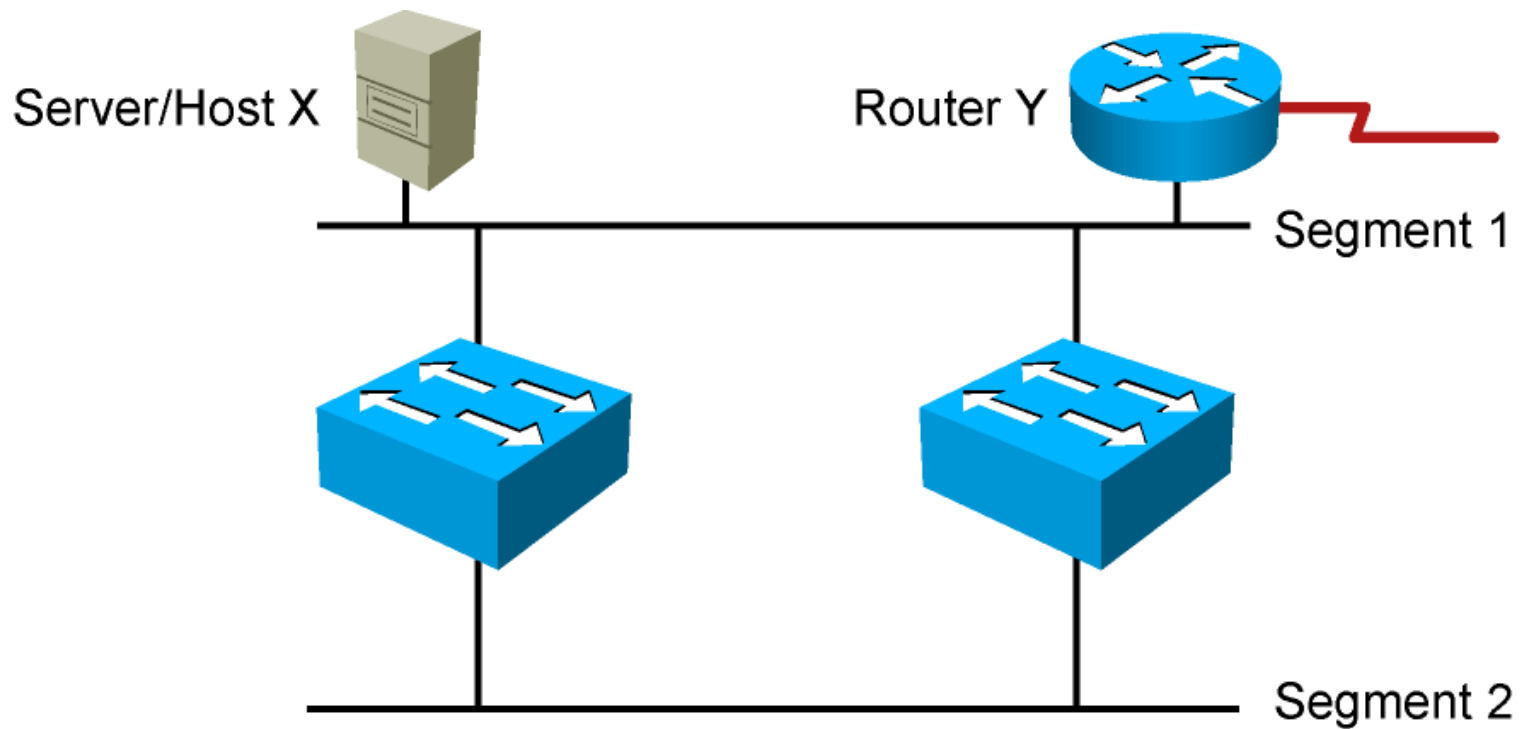




Medium-Sized Switched Network Construction

Improving Performance with Spanning Tree

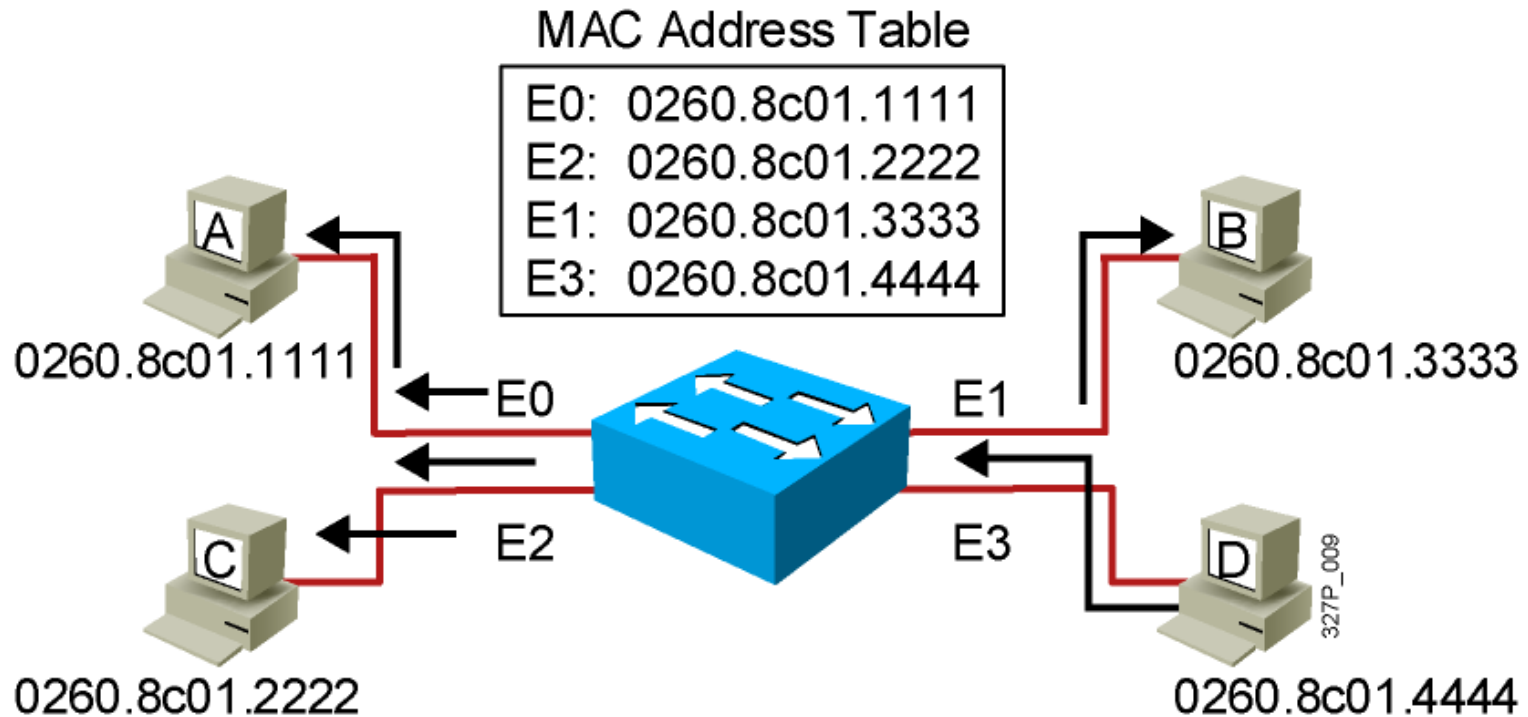
Redundant Topology



327P_083

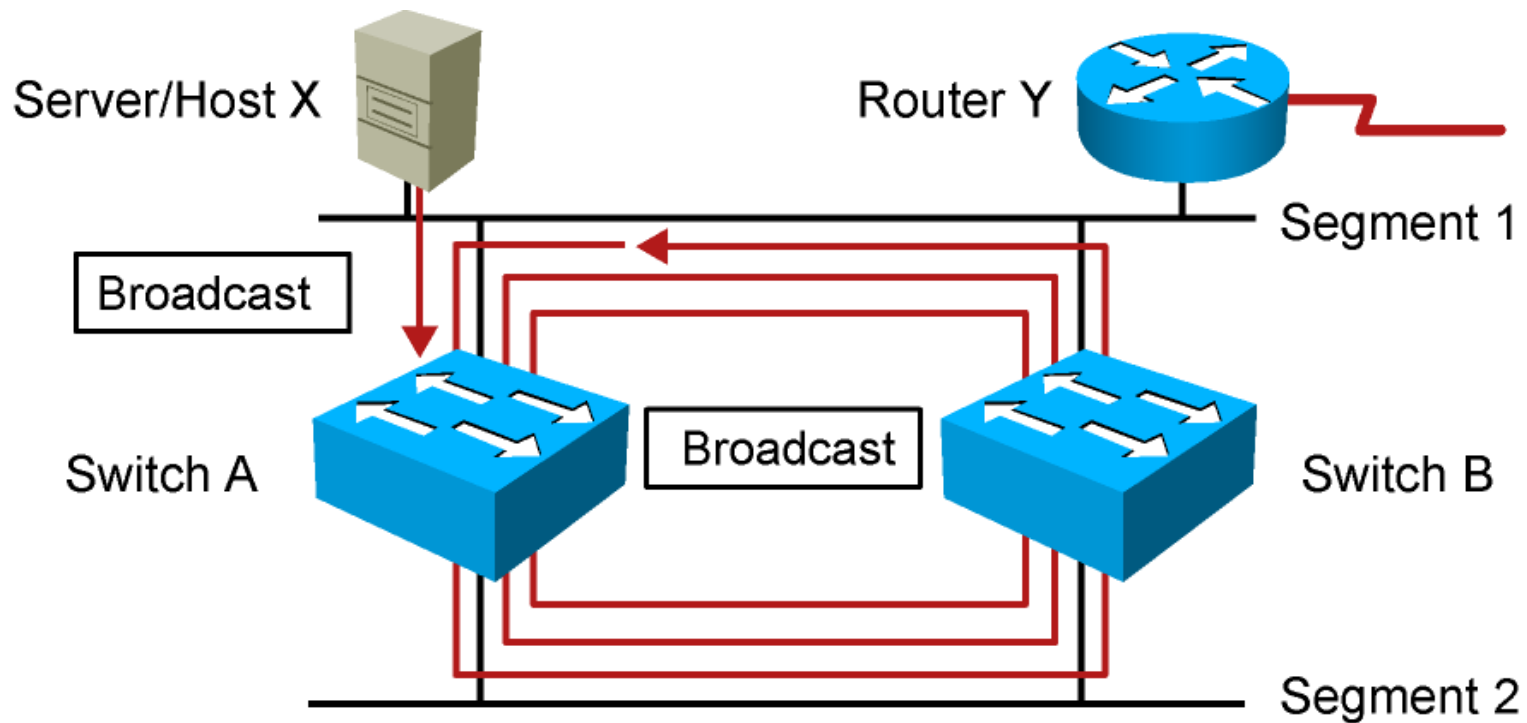
- Redundant topology eliminates single points of failure.
- Redundant topology causes broadcast storms, multiple frame copies, and MAC address table instability problems.

Broadcast Frames



- Station D sends a broadcast frame.
- Broadcast frames are flooded to all ports except the originating port.

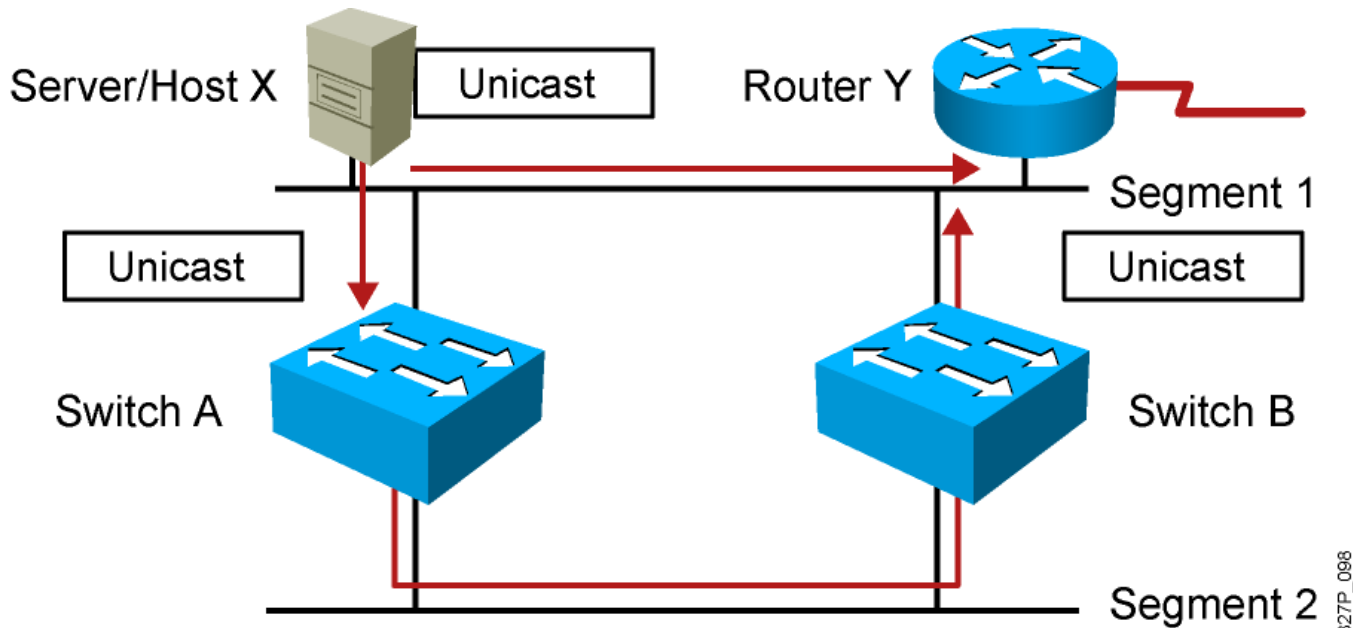
Broadcast Storms



327P_084

- Host X sends a broadcast.
- Switches continue to propagate broadcast traffic over and over.

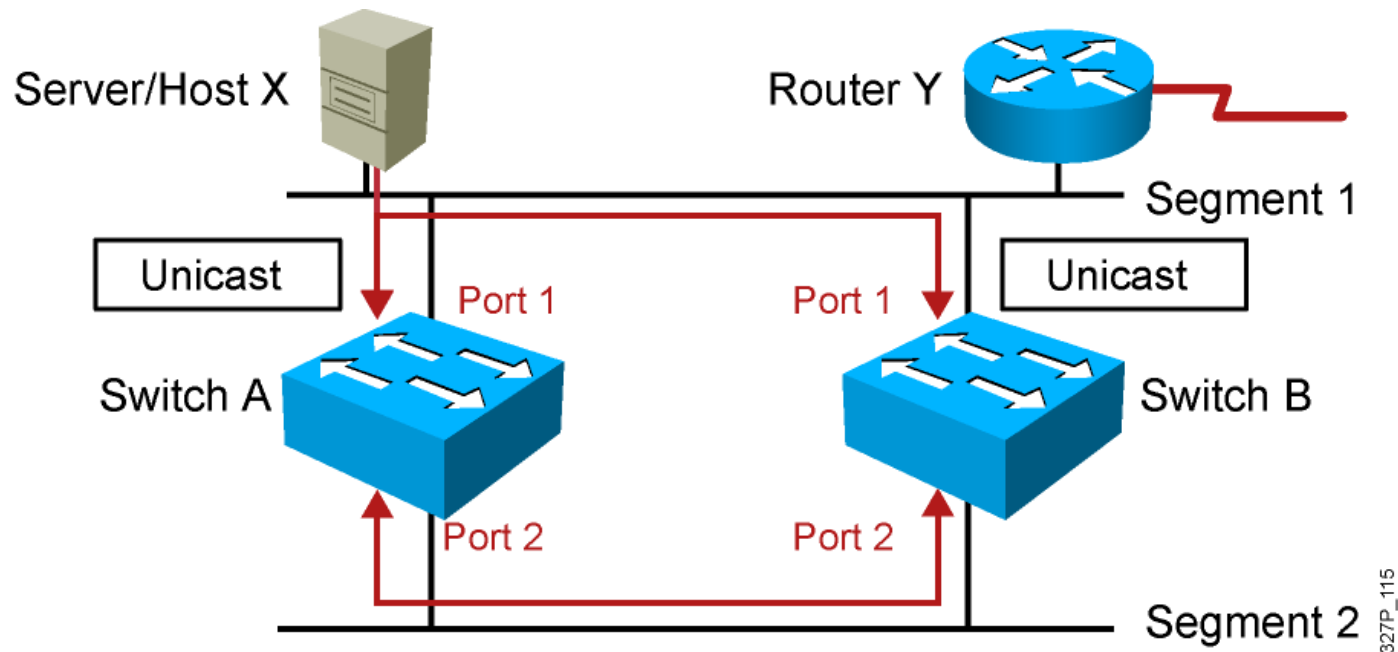
Multiple Frame Copies



327P_098

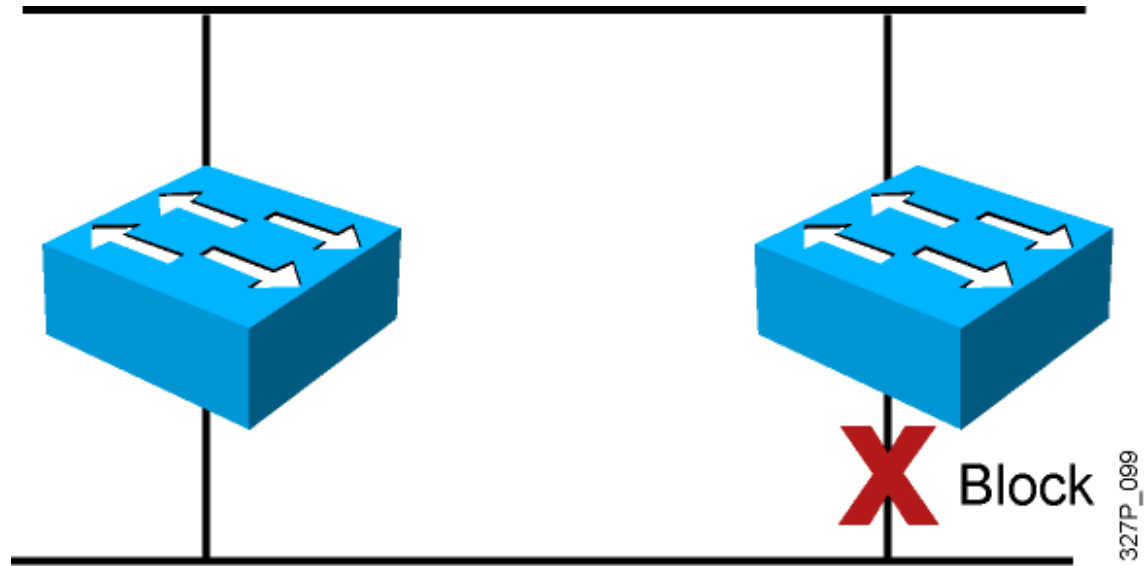
- Host X sends a unicast frame to router Y.
- The MAC address of router Y has not been learned by either switch.
- Router Y will receive two copies of the same frame.

MAC Database Instability



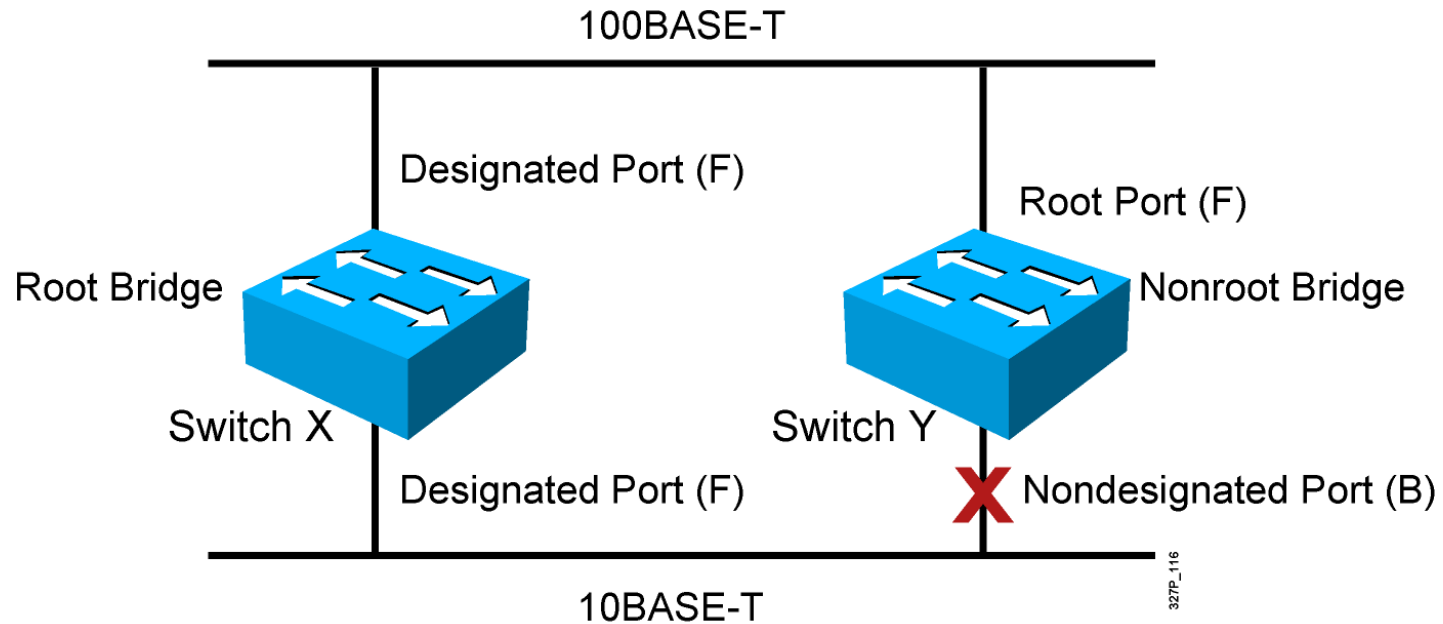
- Host X sends a unicast frame to router Y.
- The MAC address of router Y has not been learned by either switch.
- Switches A and B learn the MAC address of host X on port 1.
- The frame to router Y is flooded.
- Switches A and B incorrectly learn the MAC address of host X on port 2.

Loop Resolution with STP



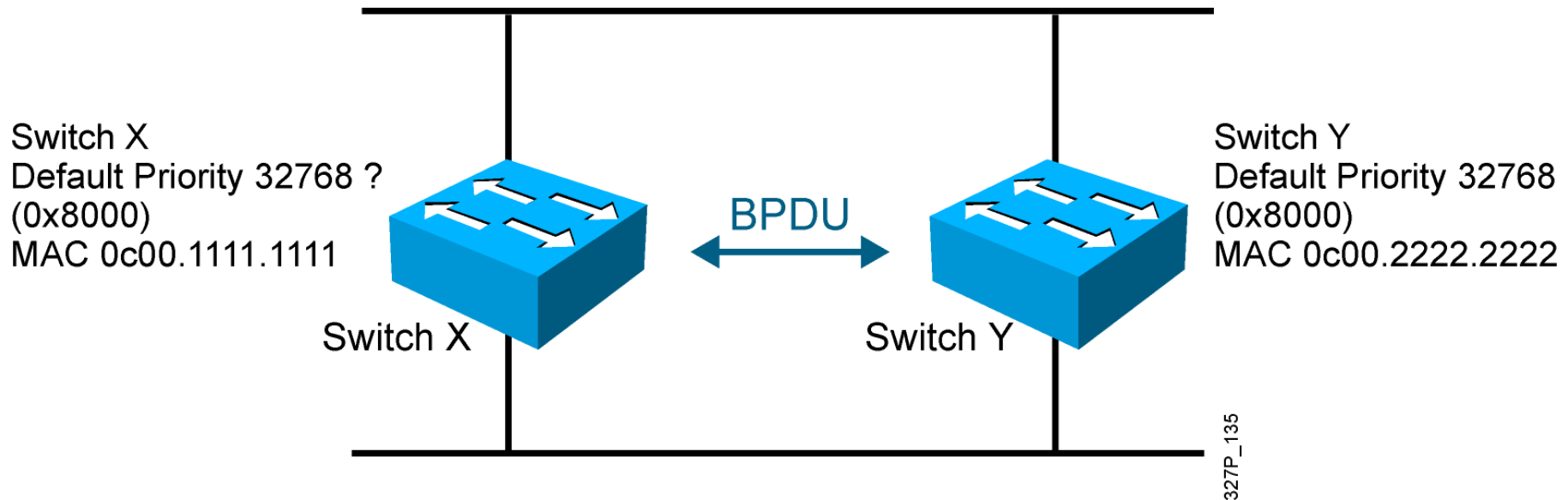
- Provides a loop-free redundant network topology by placing certain ports in the blocking state
- Published in the IEEE 802.1D specification
- Enhanced with the Cisco PVST+ implementation

Spanning-Tree Operation



- One root bridge per broadcast domain.
- One root port per non-root bridge.
- One designated port per segment.
- Non-designated ports are unused.

STP Root Bridge Selection



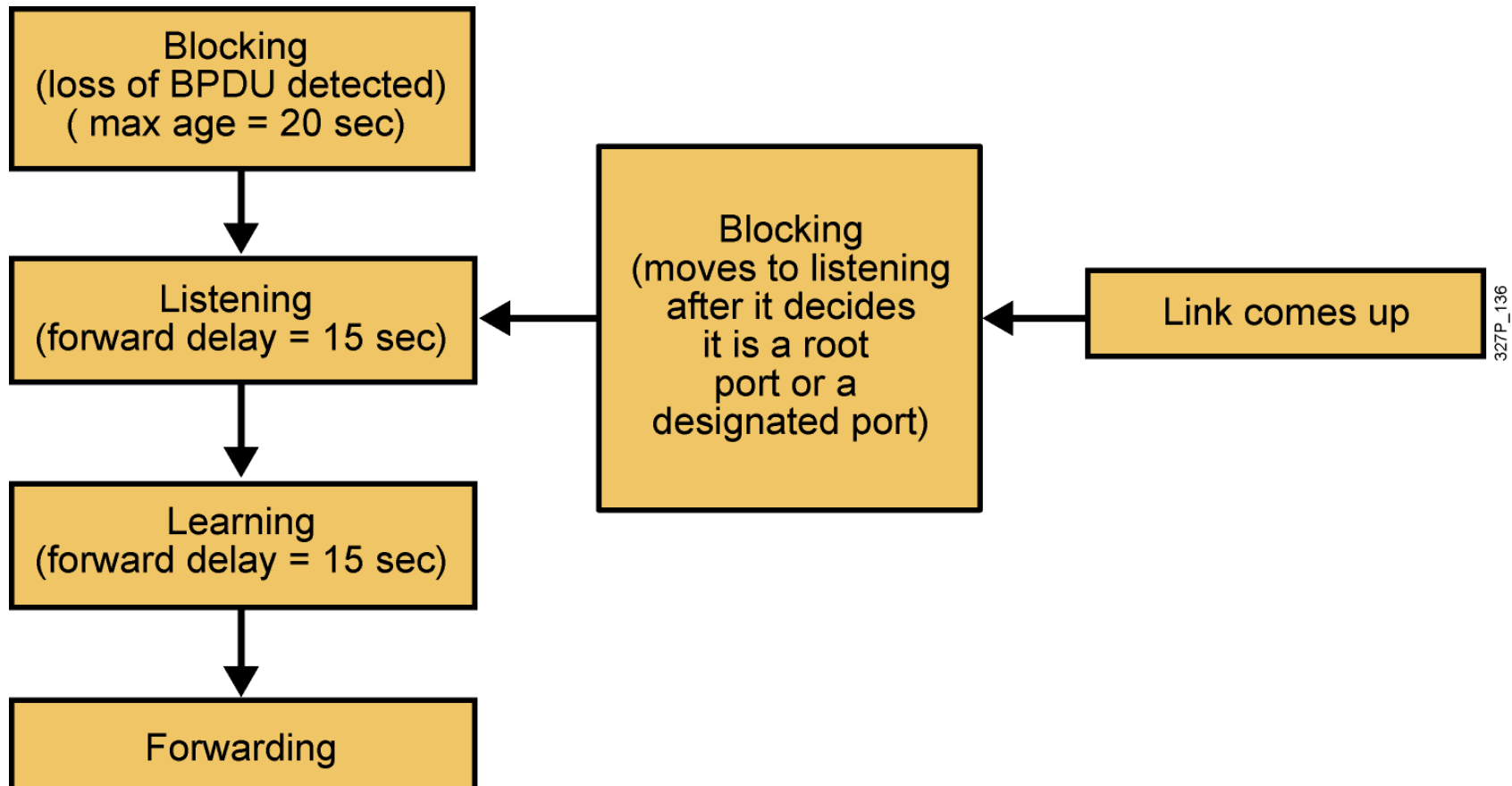
- BPDUs (default = sent every 2 seconds)
- Root bridge = bridge with the lowest bridge ID

■ Bridge ID =

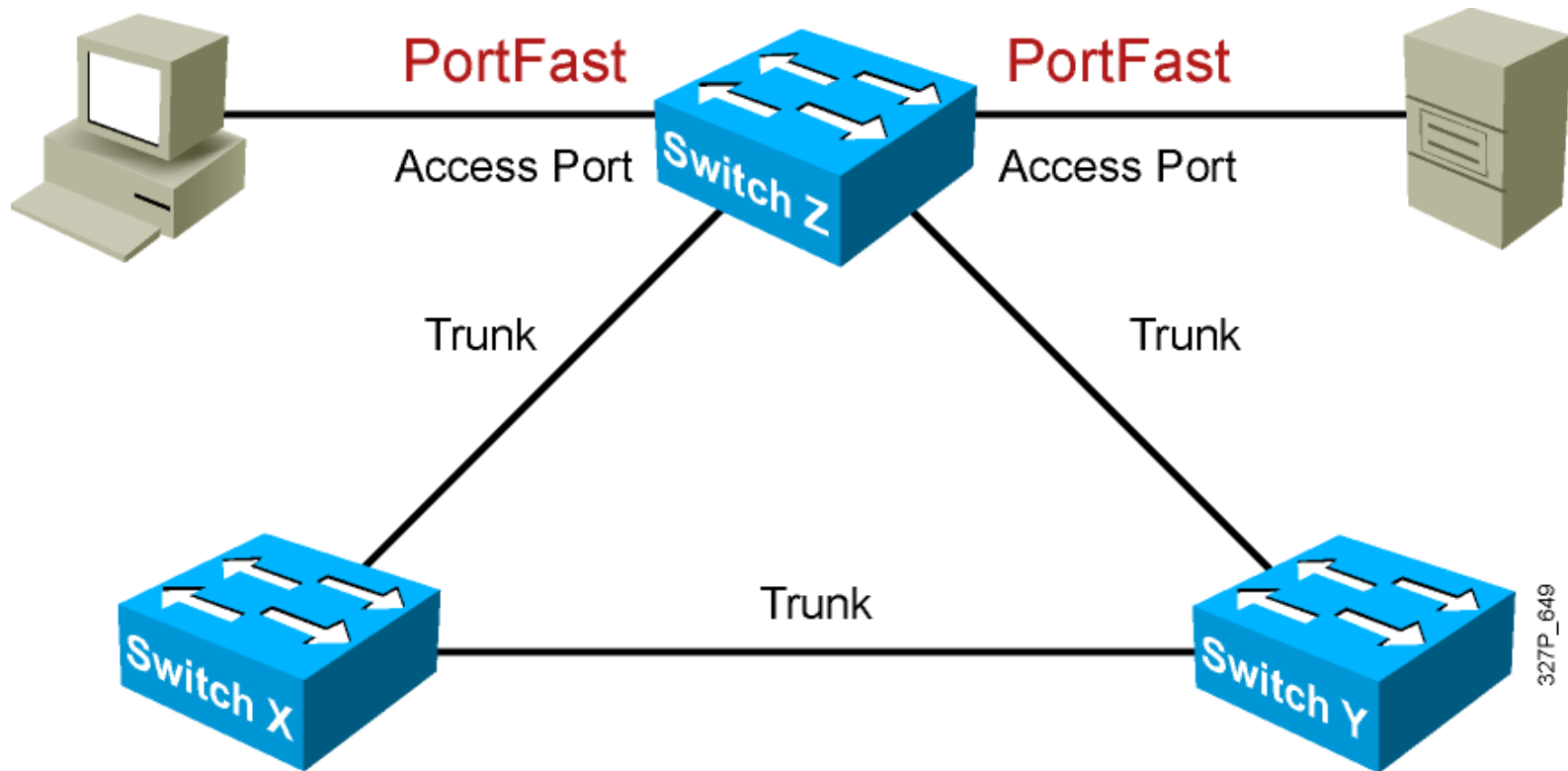
Bridge Priority	MAC Address
--------------------	----------------

Spanning-Tree Port States

Spanning tree transits each port through several different states:



Describing PortFast



327P_649

PortFast is configured on access ports, not trunk ports.

Configuring and Verifying PortFast

```
SwitchX(config-if) # spanning-tree portfast
```

- Configures PortFast on an interface

OR

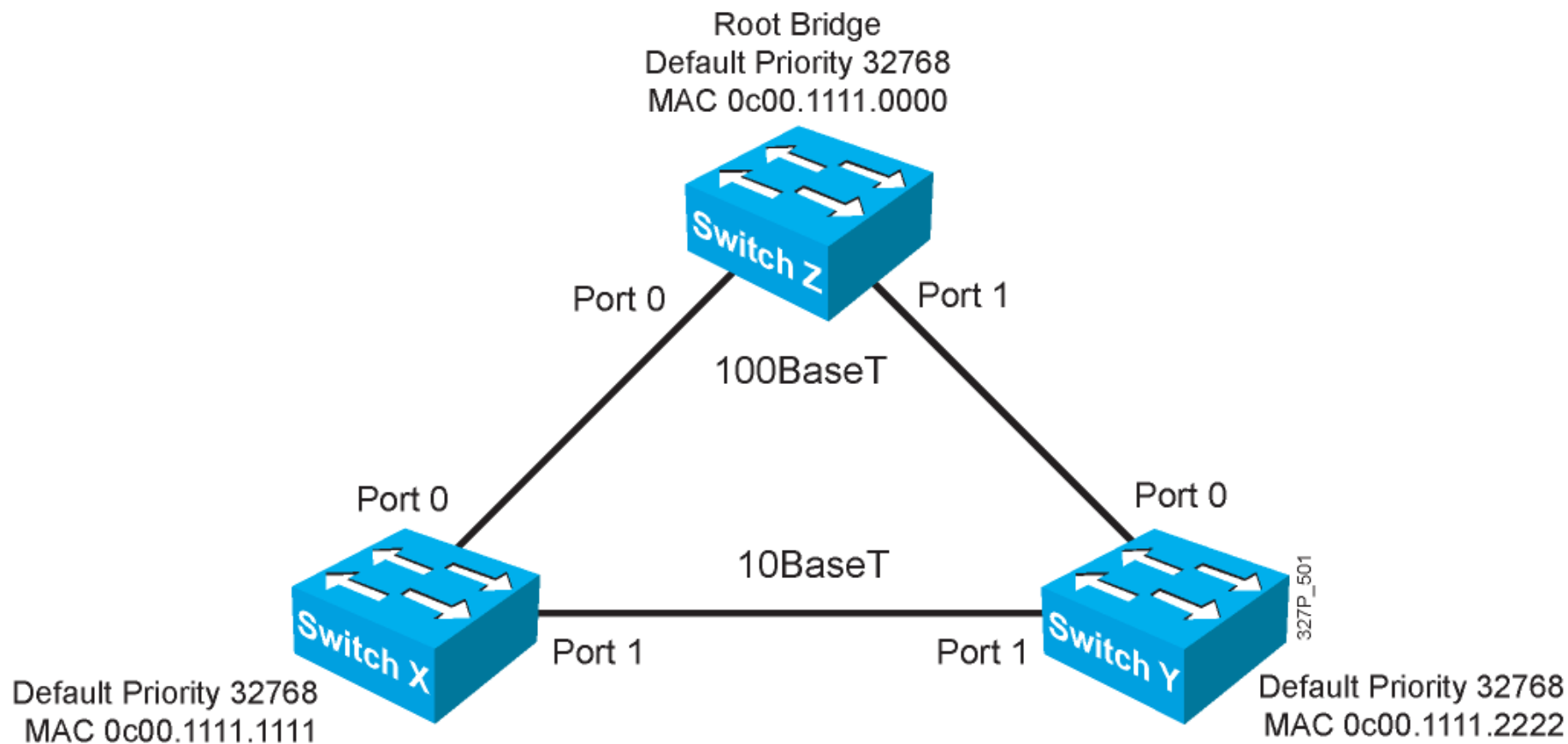
```
SwitchX(config) # spanning-tree portfast default
```

- Enables PortFast on all non-trunking interfaces

```
SwitchX# show running-config interface interface
```

- Verifies that PortFast has been configured on an interface

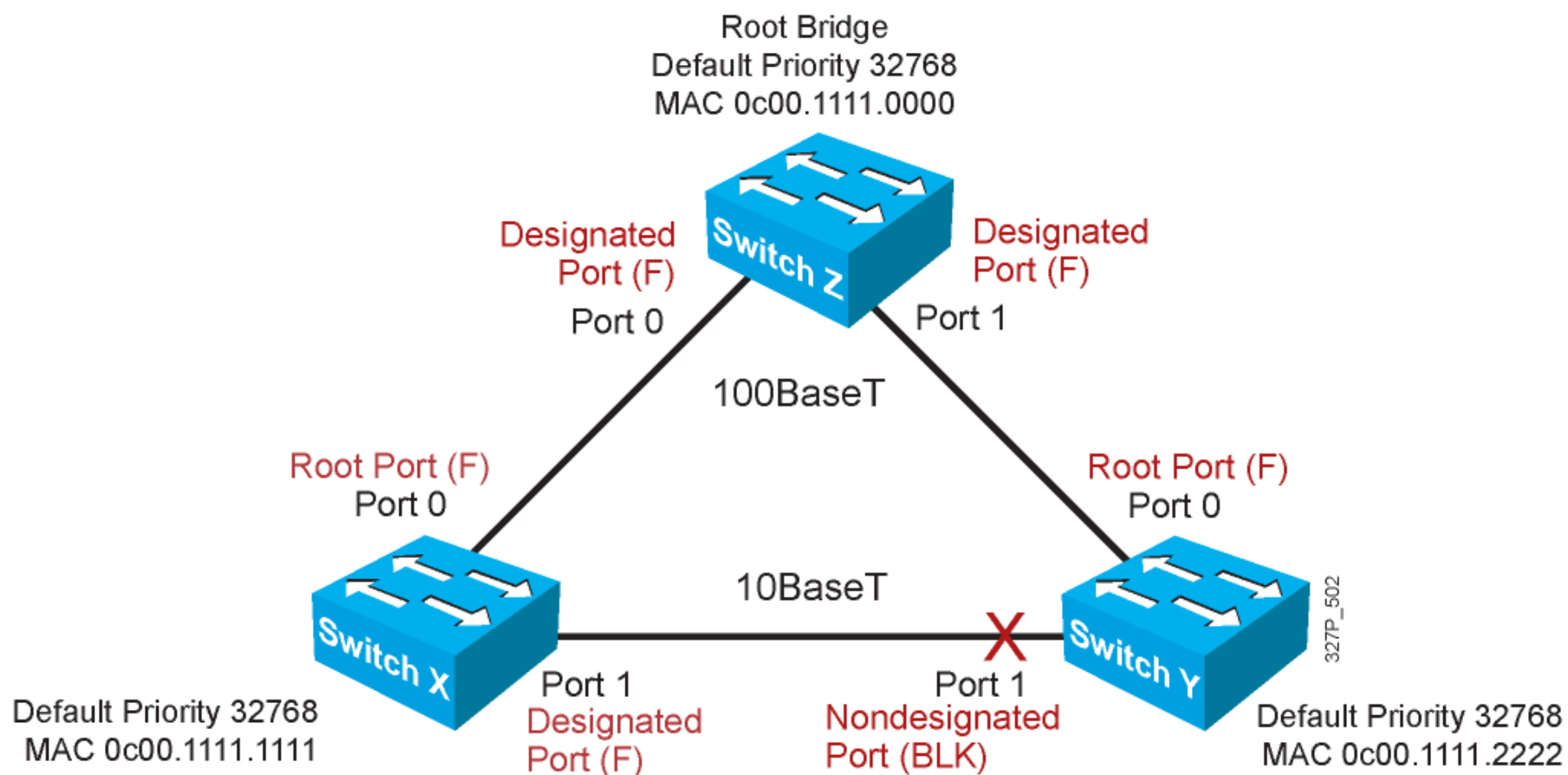
Spanning-Tree Operation Example



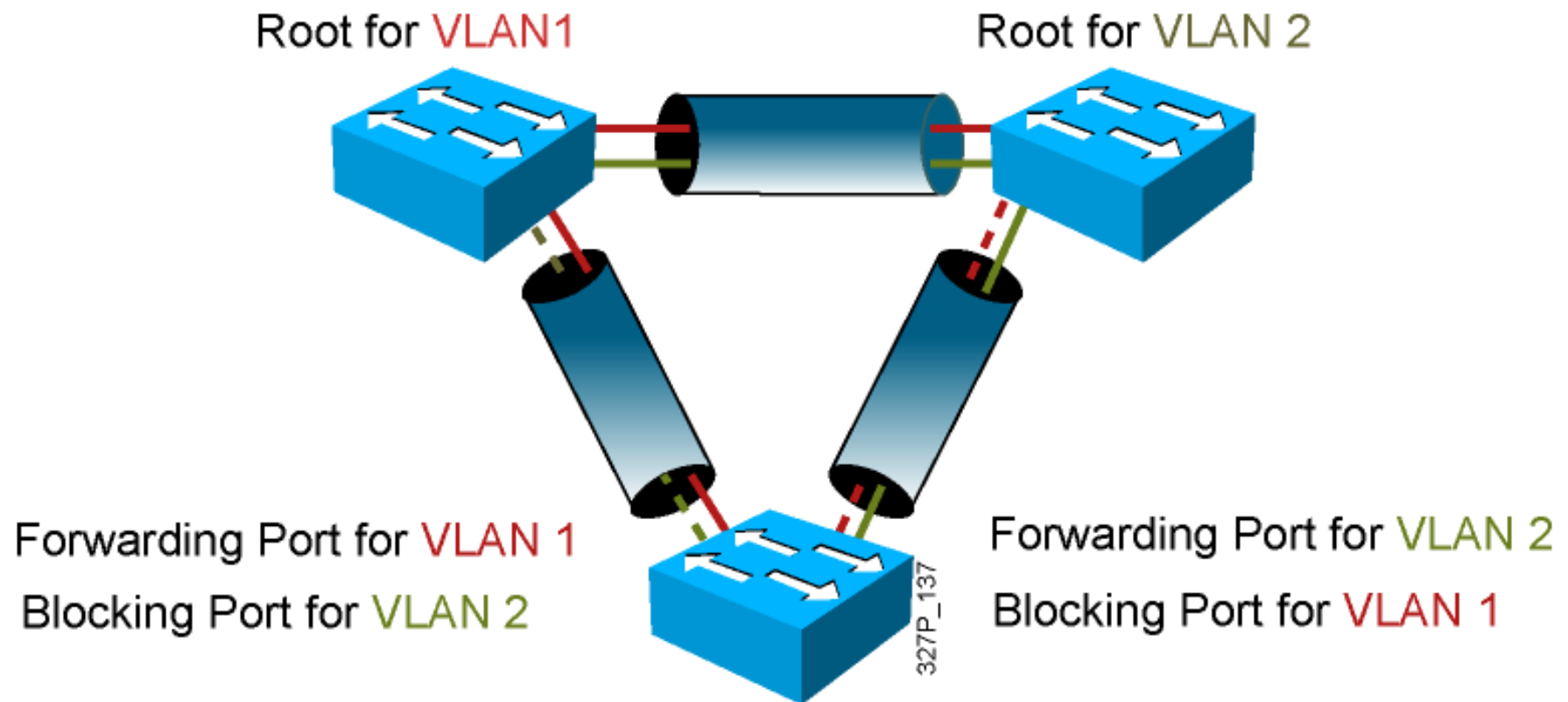
Spanning-Tree Path Cost

Link Speed	Cost (Revised IEEE Specification)	Cost (Previous IEEE Specification)
10 Gb/s	2	1
1 Gb/s	4	1
100 Mb/s	19	10
10 Mb/s	100	100

Spanning-Tree Recalculation

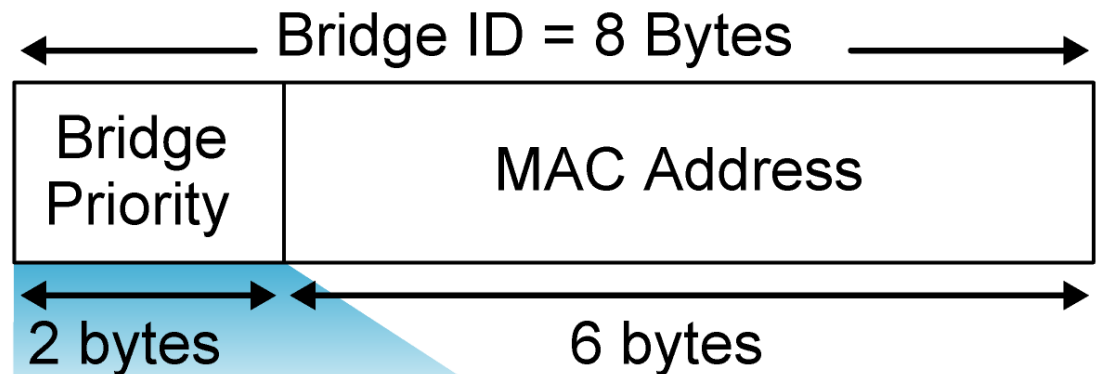


Per VLAN Spanning Tree Plus

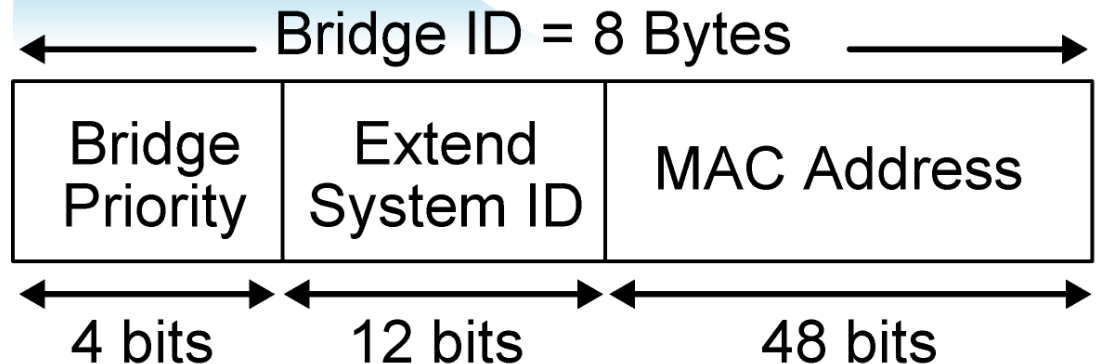


PVST+ Extended Bridge ID

Bridge ID without the extended system ID

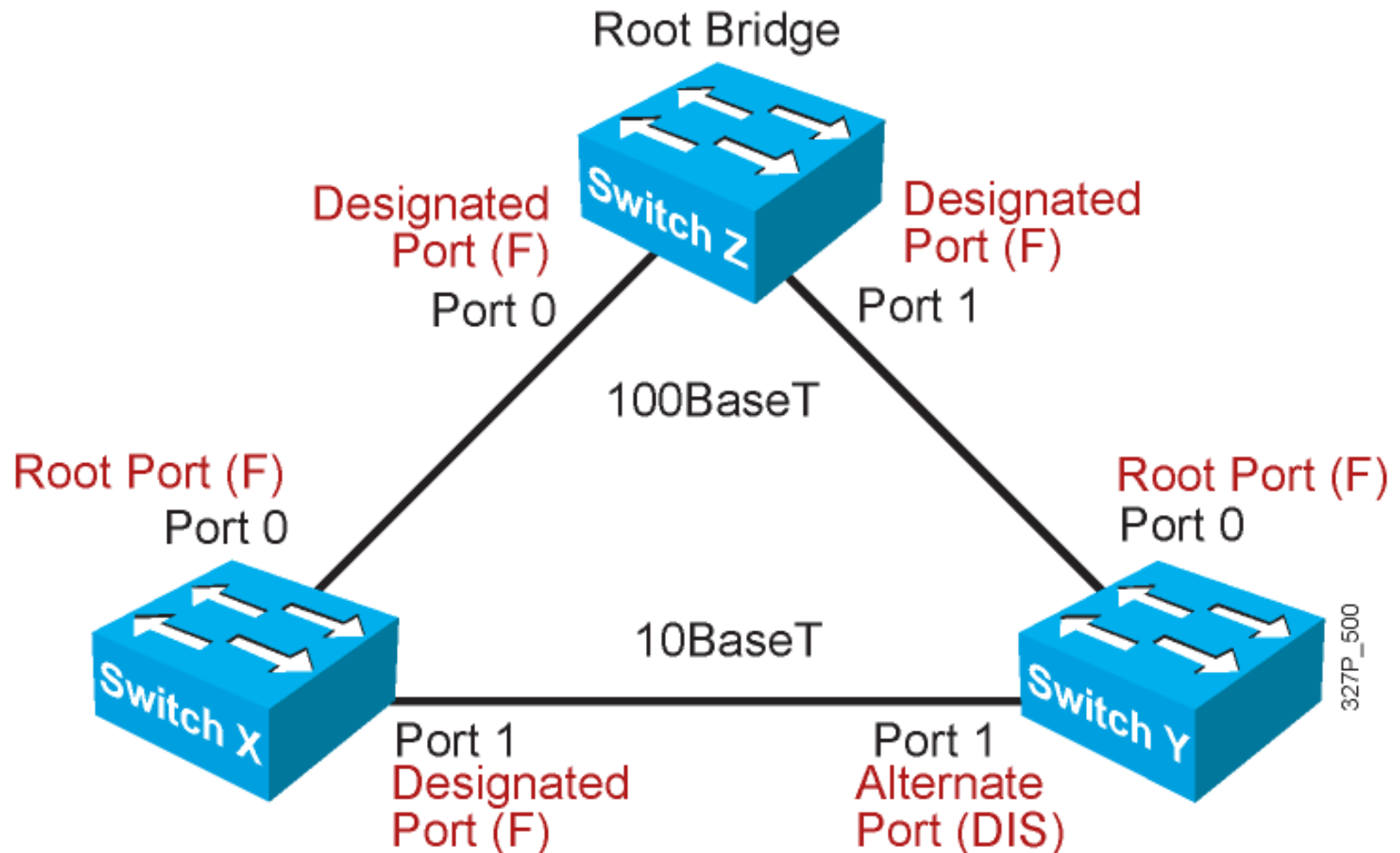


Extended bridge ID with system ID



System ID = VLAN

Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol



Default Spanning-Tree Configuration

- **Cisco Catalyst switches support three types of STPs:**
 - PVST+
 - PVRST+
 - MSTP
- **The default STP for Cisco Catalyst switches is PVST+:**
 - A separate STP instance for each VLAN
 - One root bridge for all VLANs
 - No load sharing

PVRST+ Configuration Guidelines

- 1. Enable PVRST+.**
- 2. Designate and configure a switch to be the root bridge.**
- 3. Designate and configure a switch to be the secondary root bridge.**
- 4. Verify the configuration.**

PVRST+ Implementation Commands

```
SwitchX(config)# spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
```

- Configures PVRST+

```
SwitchX# show spanning-tree vlan vlan# [detail]
```

- Verifies the spanning-tree configuration

```
SwitchX# debug spanning-tree pvst+
```

- Displays PVST+ event debug messages

Verifying PVRST+

```
SwitchX# show spanning-tree vlan 30
```

```
VLAN0030
```

```
Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
```

```
Root ID Priority 24606
```

```
Address 00d0.047b.2800
```

```
This bridge is the root
```

```
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
```

```
Bridge ID Priority 24606 (priority 24576 sys-id-ext 30)
```

```
Address 00d0.047b.2800
```

```
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
```

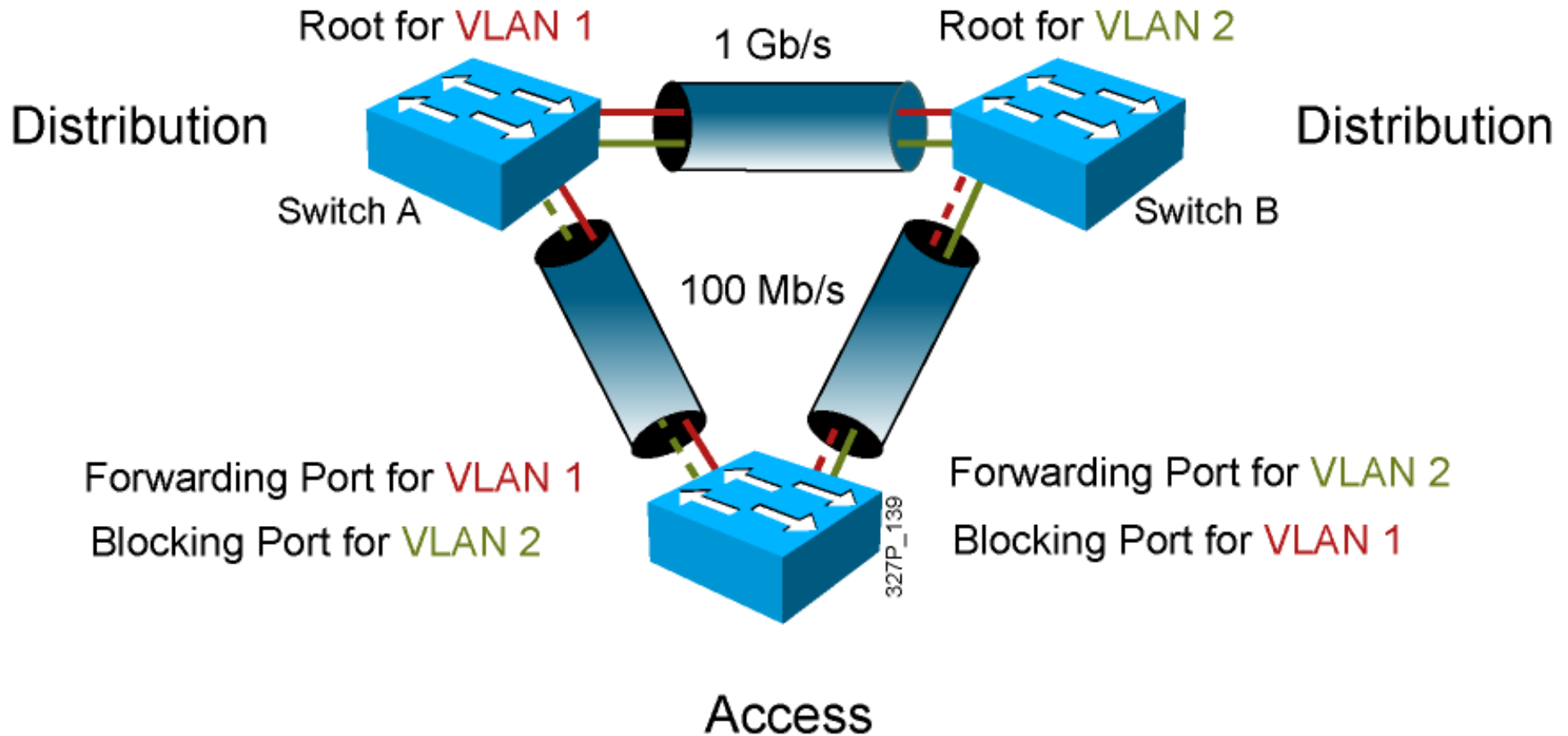
```
Aging Time 300
```

```
Interface Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type
```

-----	-----	---	---	-----	-----
Gi1/1	Desg	FWD	4	128.1	P2p
Gi1/2	Desg	FWD	4	128.2	P2p
Gi5/1	Desg	FWD	4	128.257	P2p

The spanning-tree mode is set to PVRST.

Configuring the Root and Secondary Bridges



Configuring the Root and Secondary Bridges: SwitchA

```
SwitchA(config) # spanning-tree vlan 1 root primary
```

- This command forces this switch to be the root for VLAN 1.

```
SwitchA(config) # spanning-tree vlan 2 root secondary
```

- This command configures this switch to be the secondary root for VLAN 2.

OR

```
SwitchA(config) # spanning-tree vlan # priority priority
```

- This command statically configures the priority (increments of 4096).

Configuring the Root and Secondary Bridges: SwitchB

```
SwitchB(config) # spanning-tree vlan 2 root primary
```

- This command forces this switch to be the root for VLAN 2.

```
SwitchB(config) # spanning-tree vlan 1 root secondary
```

- This command configures this switch to be the secondary root for VLAN 1.

OR

```
SwitchB(config) # spanning-tree vlan # priority priority
```

- This command statically configures the priority (increments of 4096).

