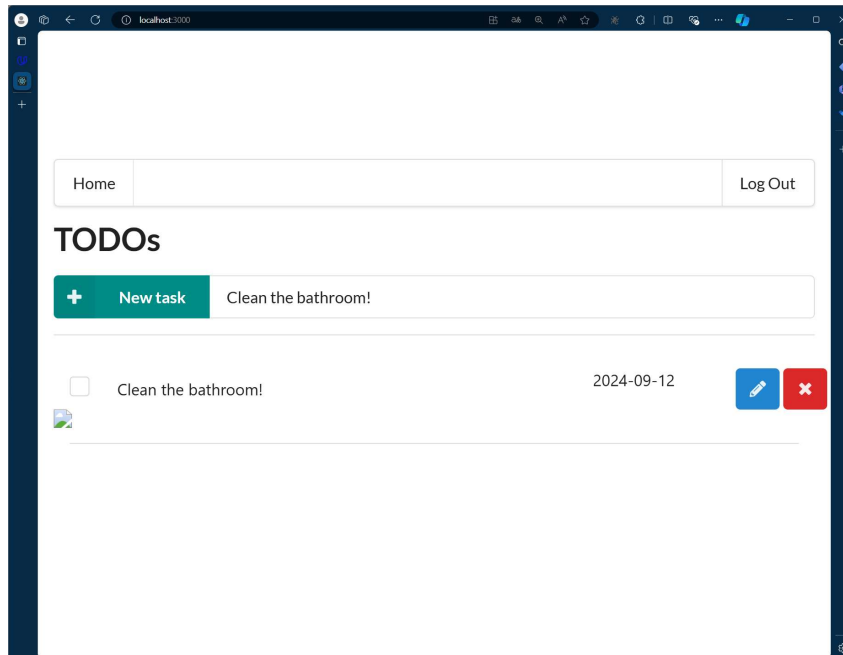
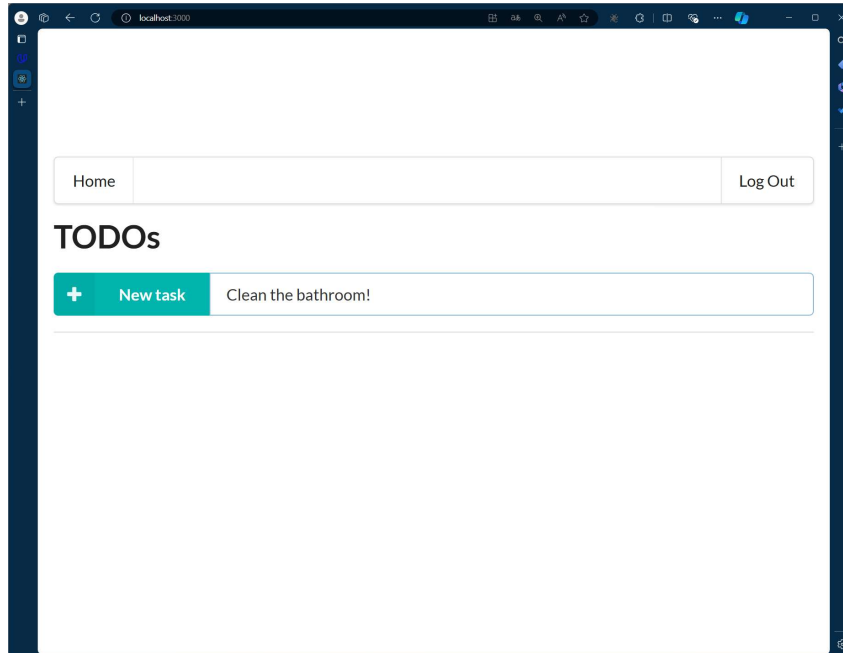


Project: Serverless Application

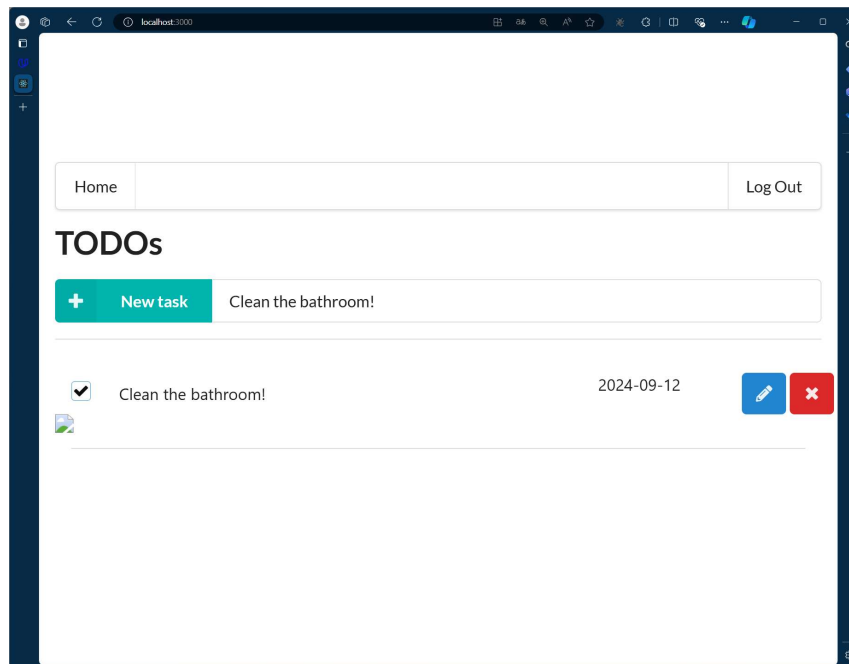
1) Functionality

- The application allows users to create, update, delete TODO items
 - A user of the web application can use the interface to create, delete and complete a TODO item.
 - Result:

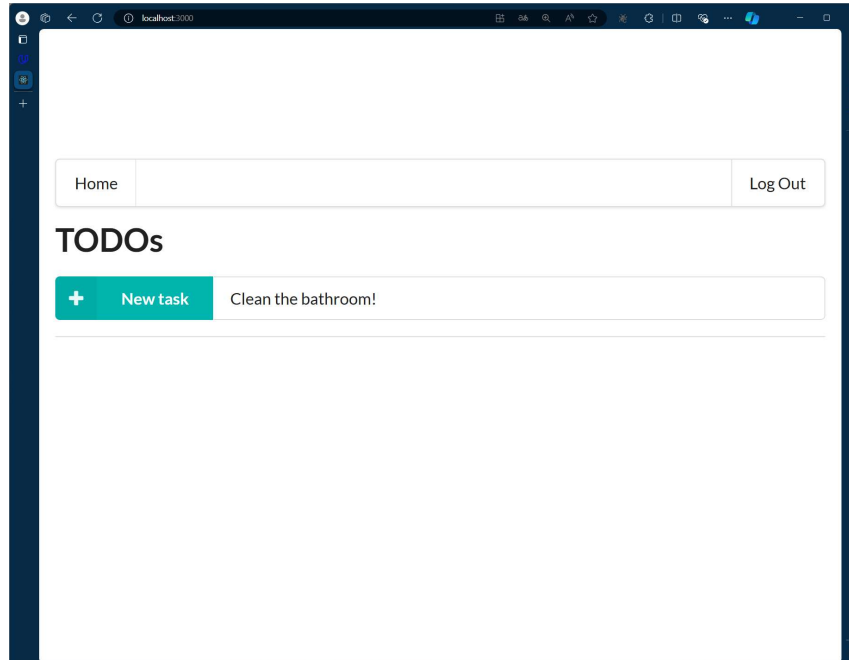
▪ Create todo



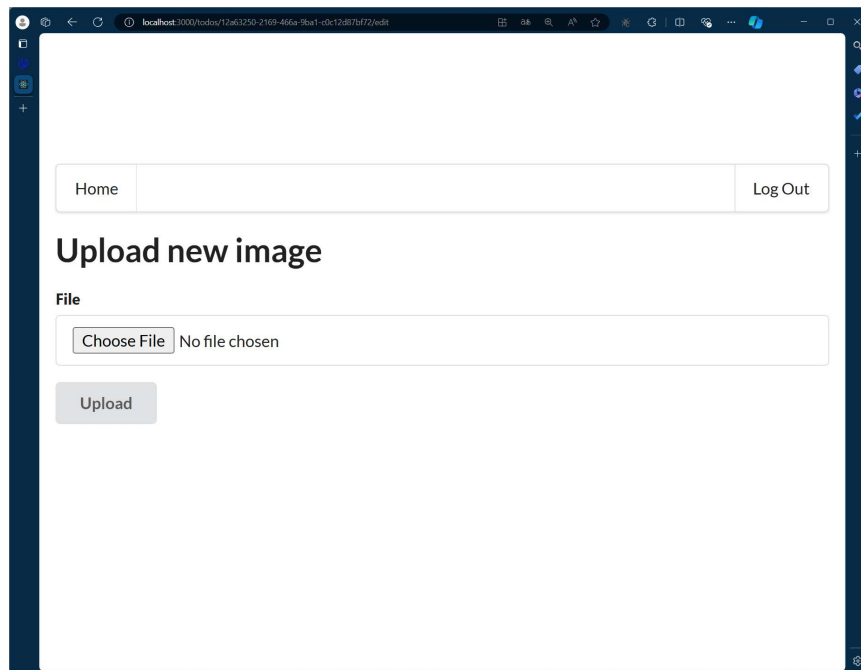
▪ Complete todo



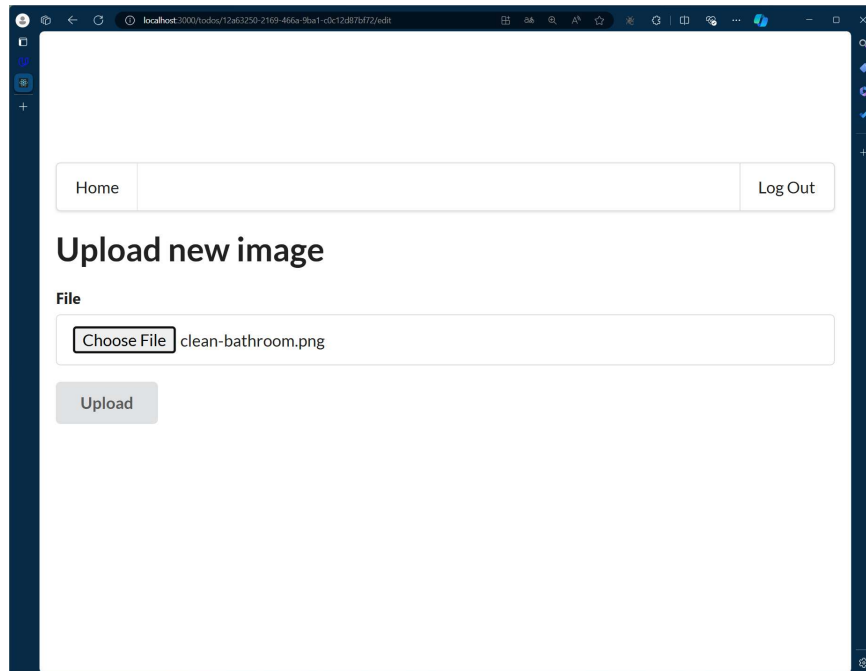
- Delete todo



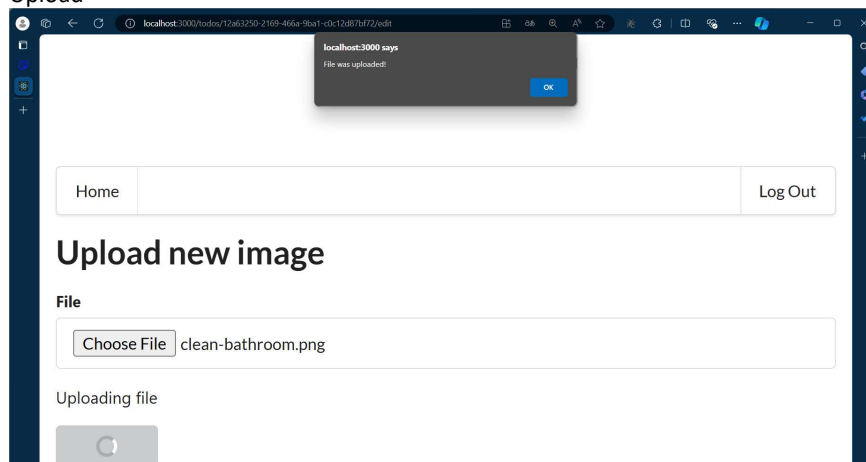
- The application allows users to upload a file.
 - A user of the web interface can click on a "pencil" button, then select and upload a file. A file should appear in the list of TODO items on the home page.
 - Result:
 - Click on a "pencil" button

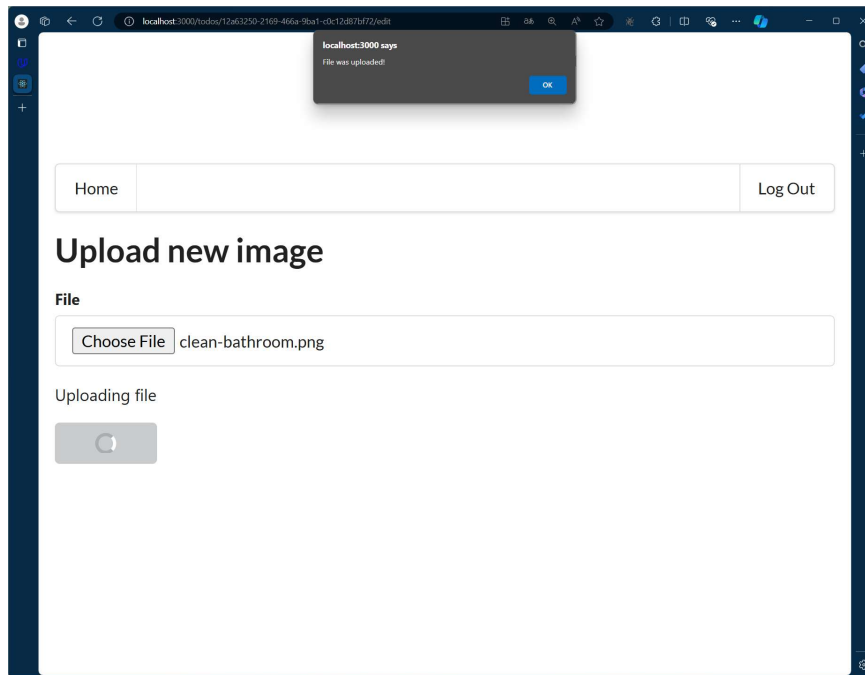


- Choose file

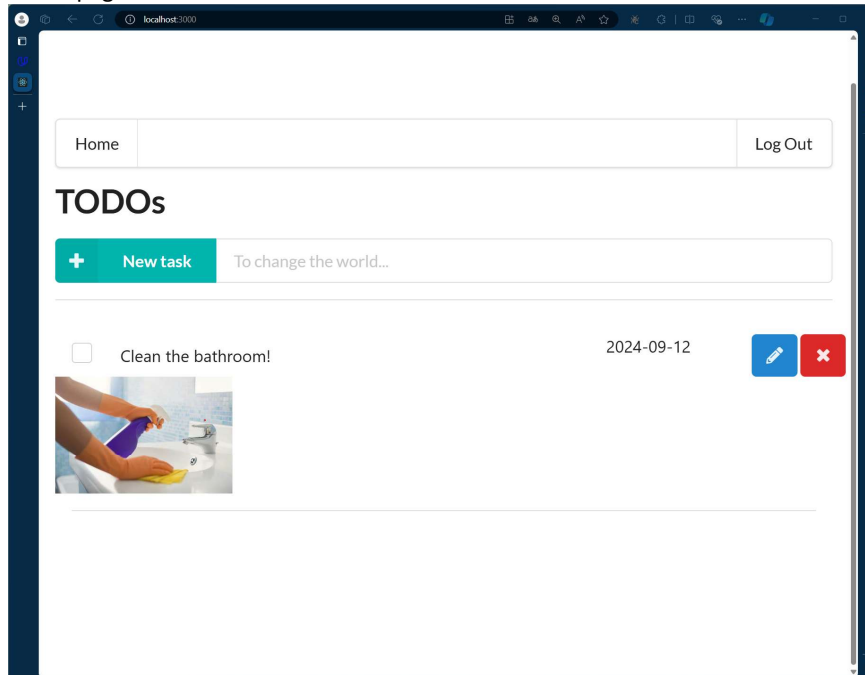


- Upload

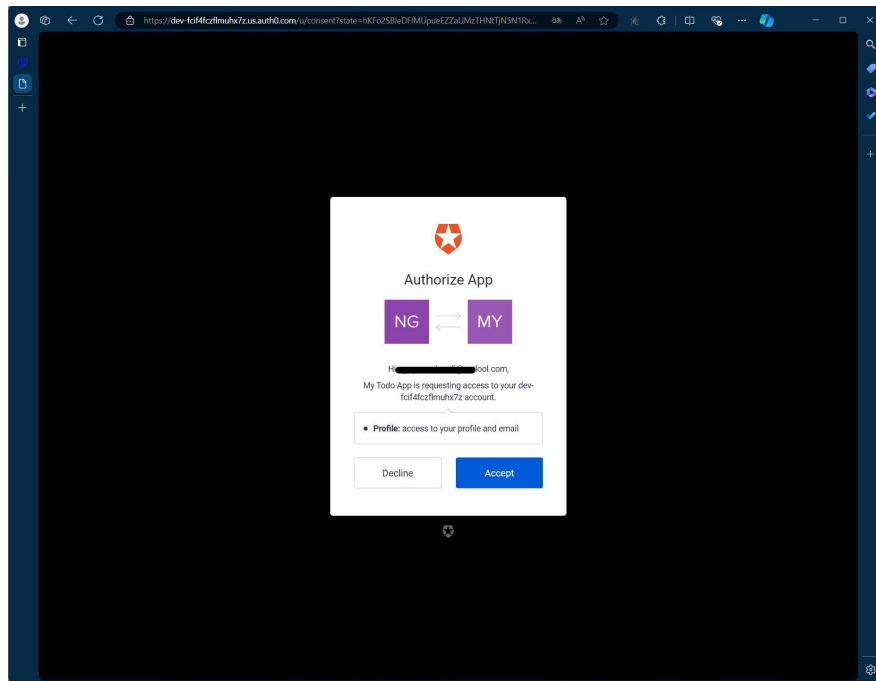




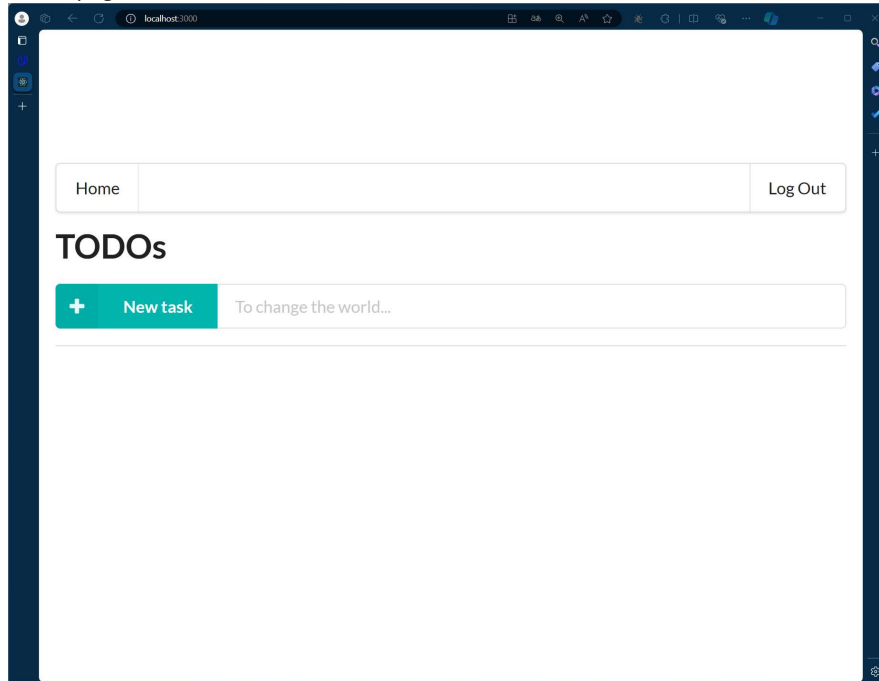
▪ Home page



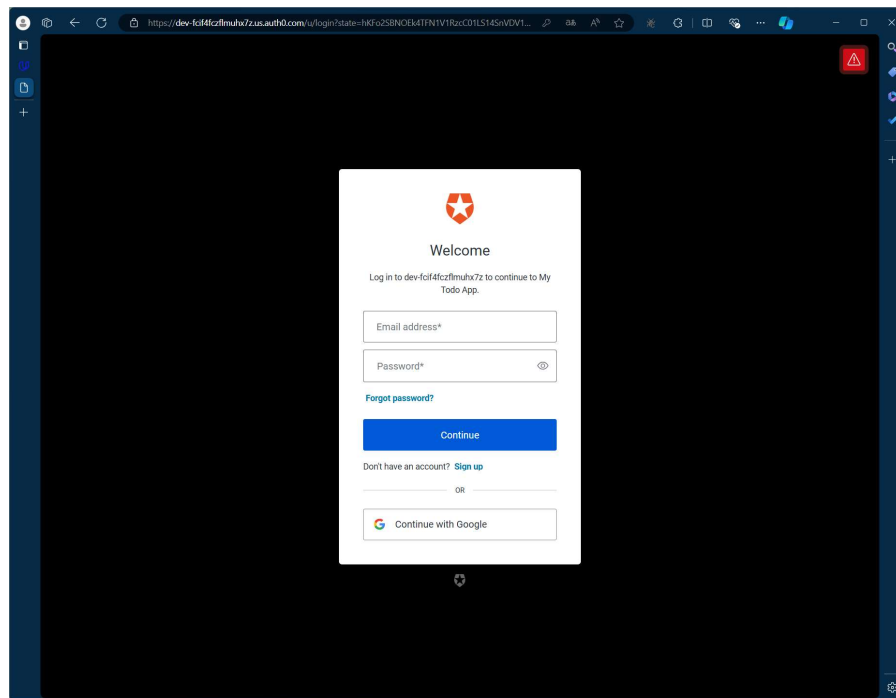
- The application only displays TODO items for a logged in user.
 - If you log out from a current user and log in as a different user, the application should not show TODO items created by the first account.
 - Result:
 - Login with other Account



- Home page

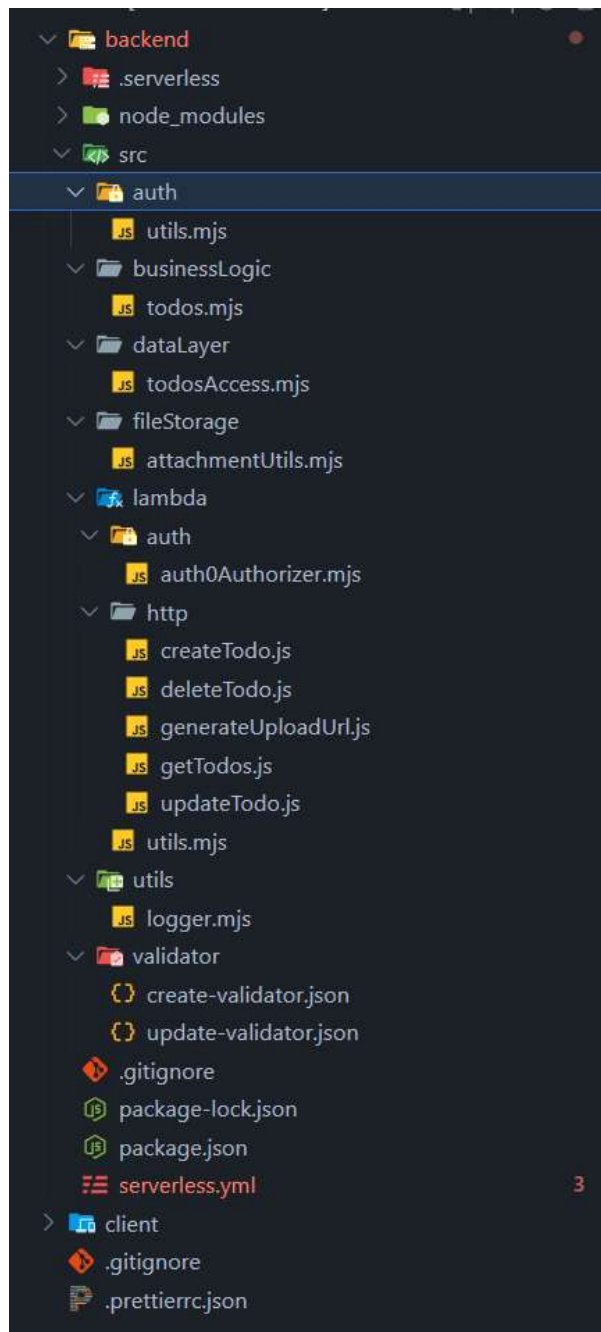


- Authentication is implemented and does not allow unauthenticated access.
 - A user needs to authenticate in order to use an application.
 - Result:
 - Need login



2) Code Base

- The code is split into multiple layers separating business logic from I/O related code.
 - Code of Lambda functions is split into multiple files/classes. The business logic of an application is separated from code for database access, file storage, and code related to AWS Lambda.
 - Result:
 - Directory structure



- Code is implemented using async/await and Promises without using callbacks.
 - To get results of asynchronous operations, a student is using async/await constructs instead of passing callbacks.
 - Result: Please refer git repository

- Example:

```
7 const createTodoHandler = async (event) => {
8   const userId = getUserId(event)
9   const body = JSON.parse(event.body)
10  const todo = await createTodo(userId, body)
11
12  return {
13    statusCode: 201,
14    body: JSON.stringify({
15      item: todo
16    })
17  }
```

3) Best Practices

- All resources in the application are defined in the "serverless.yml" file
 - All resources needed by an application are defined in the "serverless.yml". A developer does not need to create them manually

using AWS console.

- Result: Please refer git repository
- Each function has its own set of permissions.
 - Instead of defining all permissions under provider/iamRoleStatements, permissions are defined per function in the functions section of the "serverless.yml".
 - Result: Please refer git repository
- Application has sufficient monitoring.
 - Application has at least some of the following:
 - Distributed tracing is enabled
 - It has a sufficient amount of log statements
 - It generates application level metrics
 - Result:

▪ Code:

```
async getTodos(userId) {  
  logger.info('Get all todo.')  
  try {  
    const command = await docClient.query({  
      TableName: todosTable,  
      IndexName: todosCreatedAtIndex,  
      KeyConditionExpression: 'userId = :userId',  
      ExpressionAttributeValues: {  
        ':userId': userId  
      }  
    })  
    return command.Items  
  } catch (error) {  
    logger.error('Can not get all todo!!')  
    throw new Error(error.message)  
  }  
},
```

▪ CloudWatch Logs:

```
START RequestId: de50a5ad-162f-4525-825f-aeba54c8f181 Version: $LATEST  
  
2024-09-05T09:40:49.861Z {"level":"info","message":"Get all processing.", "name": "CRUD Business Logic"}  
  
2024-09-05T09:40:49.862Z {"level":"info","message":"Get all todo.", "name": "DATA PROCESSING"}  
  
2024-09-05T09:40:49.995Z END RequestId: de50a5ad-162f-4525-825f-aeba54c8f181
```

- HTTP requests are validated
 - Incoming HTTP requests are validated either in Lambda handlers or using request validation in API Gateway. The latter can be done either using the serverless-reqvalidator-plugin or by providing request schemas in function definitions.
 - Result:
 - Serverless definition:


```

CreateTodo:
  handler: src/lambda/http/createTodo.handler
  events:
    - http:
        method: post
        path: todos
        cors: true
        authorizer: Auth
        request:
          schemas:
            application/json: ${file(src/validator/create-validator.json)}
iamRoleStatementsInherit: true
iamRoleStatements:
  - Effect: Allow
    Action:
      - lambda:InvokeFunction
    Resource: "*"

```

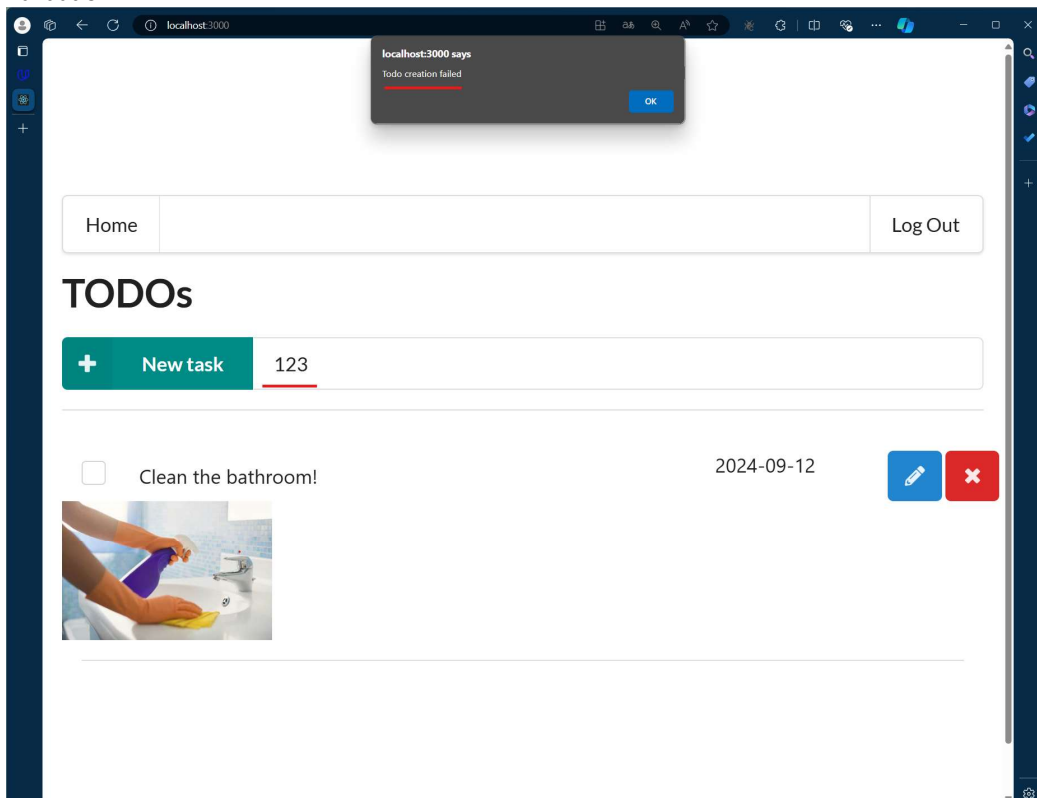
▪ Schema:

```

{
  "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
  "title": "create-todo",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "name": {
      "type": "string",
      "minLength": 4
    },
    "dueDate": {
      "type": "string"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "name"
  ]
}

```

▪ Validation:



- Data is stored in a table with a composite key.
 - 1:M (1 to many) relationship between users and TODO items is modeled using a DynamoDB table that has a composite key with both partition and sort keys.
 - Result: Please refer git repository
- Scan operation is not used to read data from a database.
 - TODO items are fetched using the "query()" method and not "scan()" method (which is less efficient on large datasets)
 - Result: Please refer git repository

```
async getTodos(userId) {  
  logger.info('Get all todo.')  
  try {  
    const command = await docClient.query({  
      TableName: todosTable,  
      IndexName: todosCreatedAtIndex,  
      KeyConditionExpression: 'userId = :userId',  
      ExpressionAttributeValues: {  
        ':userId': userId  
      }  
    })  
    return command.Items  
  } catch (error) {  
    logger.error('Can not get all todo!!!')  
    throw new Error(error.message)  
  }  
},
```