# Thesis

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Từ Hamiltonian  $H_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{k})=\sum_{\mathbf{R}}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}}E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R})$  trong đó

$$E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}) = \langle \phi_{\mu}^{j}(\mathbf{r}) | \hat{H} | \phi_{\mu'}^{j'}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle$$

$$|\phi_1^1\rangle = d_{z^2}, \quad |\phi_1^2\rangle = d_{xy}, \quad |\phi_2^2\rangle = d_{x^2-y^2}$$

$$\begin{split} H_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{k}) &= \sum_{\mu\mu'jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R_{1}}} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R_{1}}) + \sum_{\mu\mu'jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R_{2}}} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R_{2}}) + \sum_{\mu\mu'jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R_{3}}} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R_{3}}) \\ &+ \sum_{\mu\mu'jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R_{4}}} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R_{4}}) + \sum_{\mu\mu'jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R_{5}}} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R_{5}}) + \sum_{\mu\mu'jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R_{6}}} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R_{6}}) \end{split}$$

$$H^{NN} = \begin{pmatrix} h_0 & h_1 & h_2 \\ h_1^* & h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h_{0} = \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle; \quad h_{1} = \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle$$

$$h_{2} = \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle; \quad h_{11} = \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle$$

$$h_{12} = \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle; \quad h_{22} = \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle$$

Lai có  $E^{jj'}(\hat{g_n}\mathbf{R}) = D^j(\hat{g_n})E^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}) \left[D^j(\hat{g_n})\right]^{\dagger}$ 

trong đó  $\hat{g_n} = \{E, C_3, C_3^2, \sigma_\nu, \sigma'_\nu, \sigma''_\nu\}$ 

trong đó  $D^1(\hat{g_n}) = 1$ 

$$D^{2}(E) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D^{2}(\hat{C}_{3}) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\phi & -\sin\phi \\ \sin\phi & \cos\phi \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D^{2}(\hat{C}_{3}^{2}) = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Để tìm được  $D^2(\sigma_{\nu})$  ta cố định  $\triangle$  ABC :  $A(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}), B(1,0), C(0,0)$ .

Khi đổi chỗ A  $\leftrightarrow$  B, ta được ma trận:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = D^2(\sigma_{\nu}) \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow D^2(\sigma_{\nu}) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Ta có 
$$\vec{R_5} = \sigma_{\nu}' \vec{R_4}$$
 mà  $C_3^2 \vec{R_5} = \vec{R_1} \Rightarrow C_3^2 \sigma_{\nu}' \vec{R_4} = \vec{R_1}$ 

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow D^2\left(\sigma_{\nu}'\right) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Tương tự ta tính cho

$$D^2\left(\sigma_{\nu}^{\prime\prime}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Toán tử  $C_3$  đánh lên  $\mathbf{R}_1$  ta được  $\to \mathbf{R}_5$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Toán tử  $C_3^2$  đánh lên  $\mathbf{R}_1$  ta được  $\to \mathbf{R}_3$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Toán tử  $\sigma_{\nu}$  đánh lên  ${\bf R}_1$  ta được  $\to {\bf R}_6$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Toán tử  $\sigma'_{\nu}$  đánh lên  $\mathbf{R}_1$  ta được  $\rightarrow \mathbf{R}_2$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Toán tử  $\sigma''_{\nu}$  đánh lên  ${f R}_1$  ta được  $\to {f R}_4$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Kiểm tra điều trên:

$$D^{2}\left(C_{3}^{2}\right)R_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_{3}$$
$$D^{2}\left(\sigma_{\nu}'\right)R_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_{2}$$

\* h0

$$\begin{split} h_{0} &= \sum_{\mathbf{R}\neq 0} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) | H \left| \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}\right) \right\rangle + \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) | H \left| \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) \right\rangle \right. \\ &= e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{1}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) | H \left| \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}_{1}\right) \right\rangle + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{4}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) | H \left| \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}_{4}\right) \right\rangle \\ &+ e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{2}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) | H \left| \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}_{2}\right) \right\rangle + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{5}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) | H \left| \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}_{5}\right) \right\rangle \\ &+ e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{3}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) | H \left| \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}_{3}\right) \right\rangle + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{6}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}\right) | H \left| \phi_{1}^{1}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}_{6}\right) \right\rangle + \epsilon_{1} \\ &= e^{ik_{x}a} E_{11}^{11}\left(\mathbf{R}_{1}\right) + e^{-ik_{x}a} E_{11}^{11}\left(\mathbf{R}_{4}\right) + e^{i\left(k_{x}\frac{a}{2}-k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{11}\left(\mathbf{R}_{2}\right) + e^{-i\left(k_{x}\frac{a}{2}-k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{11}\left(\mathbf{R}_{5}\right) \\ &+ e^{-i\left(k_{x}\frac{a}{2}+k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{11}\left(\mathbf{R}_{3}\right) + e^{i\left(k_{x}\frac{a}{2}+k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{11}\left(\mathbf{R}_{6}\right) + \epsilon_{1} \\ &= 2E_{11}^{11}\left(\mathbf{R}_{1}\right)\left(\cos 2\alpha + 2\cos \alpha \cos \beta\right) + \epsilon_{1} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} h_1 &= \sum_{\mathbf{R} \neq 0} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_1^1 \left( \mathbf{r} \right) \right| H \left| \phi_1^2 \left( \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R} \right) \right\rangle \\ &= e^{ik_x a} E_{11}^{12} \left( \mathbf{R_1} \right) + e^{-ik_x a} E_{11}^{12} \left( \mathbf{R_4} \right) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{12} \left( \mathbf{R_2} \right) + e^{-i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{12} \left( \mathbf{R_5} \right) \\ &+ e^{-i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{12} \left( \mathbf{R_3} \right) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{12} \left( \mathbf{R_6} \right) \end{split}$$

trong đó

$$E^{12}(\mathbf{R_2}) = E^{12}(\sigma'_{\nu}\mathbf{R_1}) = D^{1}(\sigma'_{\nu})E^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[D^{2}(\sigma'_{\nu})\right]^{\dagger}$$

$$= \left(1\right) \left(E^{12}_{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) \quad E^{12}_{12}(\mathbf{R_1})\right) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2} \quad -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{E^{12}_{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E^{12}_{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \quad \frac{-E^{12}_{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\sqrt{3} - E^{12}_{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow E^{12}_{11}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{E^{12}_{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E^{12}_{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2}$$

Tương tự ta có cho:

$$\begin{split} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_3}) &= \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \quad ; E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_4}) = -E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \\ E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_5}) &= \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \quad ; E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_6}) = \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ h_1 &= e^{i2\alpha}E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - e^{i2\alpha}E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \\ &+ e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}\frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} + e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)}\frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ &+ e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)}\frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} + e^{i(\alpha+\beta)}\frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ &= 2isin2\alpha E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + 2i\frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2}sin(\alpha-\beta) - 2\frac{E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}\sqrt{3})}{2}cos(\alpha-\beta) \\ &+ 2i\frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2}sin(\alpha+\beta) + 2\frac{E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}\sqrt{3})}{2}cos(\alpha+\beta) \\ &= -2\sqrt{3}t_2sin\alpha sin\beta + 2it_1(sin2\alpha + sin\alpha \cos\beta) \end{split}$$

Đặt

$$t_0 = E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_1 = E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_2 = E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1});$$

$$t_{11} = E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_{12} = E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_{21} = E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_{22} = E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1});$$

$$h_{22} = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R})$$

$$= e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{1}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{2}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{2}) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{3}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{3})$$

$$+ e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{4}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{4}) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{5}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{6}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{6}) + E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{0})$$

$$E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{2}) = E^{22}(\sigma_{\nu}'\mathbf{R}_{1})$$

$$= D^{2}(\sigma_{\nu}') E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) \left[ D^{2}(\sigma_{\nu}') \right]^{\dagger}$$

$$= \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) \quad E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) \right) \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$$

$$= \left( \frac{t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - t_{21}\sqrt{3} + 3t_{22}}{4} \quad \frac{-t_{11}\sqrt{3} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \right)$$

$$= \left( \frac{t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - t_{21}\sqrt{3} + 3t_{22}}{4} \quad \frac{-t_{11}\sqrt{3} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{3t_{11} + t_{12}\sqrt{3} + c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4}$$

Tương tự ta có cho:

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{3t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_4}) = t_{22}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{3t_{11} + t_{12}\sqrt{3} + c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_6}) = \frac{3t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4}$$

Ta được:

$$\begin{split} h_{22} &= e^{i2\alpha}t_{22} + e^{-i2\alpha}t_{22} \\ &+ e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}\left(\frac{3t_{11} + t_{12}\sqrt{3} + c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4}\right) + e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)}\left(\frac{3t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4}\right) \\ &+ e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)}\left(\frac{3t_{11} + t_{12}\sqrt{3} + c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4}\right) + e^{i(\alpha+\beta)}\left(\frac{3t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4}\right) \\ &= 2cos(2\alpha)t_{22} + \frac{1}{4}3t_{11}\left(e^{i\alpha} + e^{-i\alpha}\right)\left(e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta}\right) + \frac{1}{4}t_{22}\left(e^{i\alpha} + e^{-i\alpha}\right)\left(e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta}\right) \\ &+ c\sqrt{3}(e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} - e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} + e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} - e^{i(\alpha+\beta)}) \\ &+ t_{12}\sqrt{3}(e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} - e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} + e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} - e^{i(\alpha+\beta)}) \\ &= 2cos(2\alpha)t_{22} + (3t_{11} + t_{22})cos\alpha\cos\beta \end{split}$$

Sử dụng tính Hermite của Hamiltonian  $h_{22}$  là số thực, nên  $t_{12} = -t_{21}$ 

### \*h11

$$\begin{split} H_{11}^{22} &= \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}) = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{1}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{2}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{2}) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{3}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) \\ &+ e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{4}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{4}) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{5}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{6}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{6}) + E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{0}) \\ &= e^{ik_{x}a} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{i\left(k_{x}\frac{a}{2} - k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{2}) + e^{i\left(-k_{x}\frac{a}{2} - k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) \\ &+ e^{-ik_{x}a} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{4}) + e^{i\left(-k_{x}\frac{a}{2} + k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{i\left(k_{x}\frac{a}{2} + k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{6}) + \epsilon_{2} \\ &= e^{2i\alpha}t_{11} + e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} \\ &+ e^{i(-\alpha-\beta)} \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} + e^{-2i\alpha}t_{11} \\ &+ e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} + e^{i(\alpha+\beta)} \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} + \epsilon_{2} \\ &= 2t_{11}cos(2\alpha) + (t_{11} + 3t_{22}) cos(\alpha)cos(\beta) + \epsilon_{2} \end{split}$$

Lưu ý ở đây đã sử dụng tính chất Hermite của  $h_{11}$  phải là số thực

$$\Rightarrow t_{12} = -t_{21}$$

$$E^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = E^{22}(\sigma'_{\nu}\mathbf{R_1}) = D^2(\sigma'_{\nu})E^{22}(\mathbf{R_1})[D^2(\sigma'_{\nu})]^{\dagger}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \text{Trong d\'o} \begin{pmatrix} a = t_{11} \\ b = t_{12} \\ c = t_{21} \\ d = t_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{a - \sqrt{3}b - \sqrt{3}c + 3d}{4}$$

Tương tự ta tìm được:

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{a - \sqrt{3}b - \sqrt{3}c + 3d}{4}$$

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_4}) = a$$

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{a + \sqrt{3}b + \sqrt{3}c + 3d}{4}$$

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_6}) = \frac{a + \sqrt{3}b + \sqrt{3}c + 3d}{4}$$

### \*h12

$$\begin{split} H_{12}^{22} &= \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_2} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_3} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) \\ &= e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_4} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_5} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_3} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) + E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{0}) \\ &= e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_4} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i(\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_5} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_6} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) + E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{0}) \\ &= e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_4} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i(\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_5 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2}) E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) \\ &+ e^{i(-\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_3 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2}) E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) \\ &+ e^{-i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_4} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i(-\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_3 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2}) E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) \\ &+ e^{i(\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_3 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2 - \mathbf{k}_2)} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) \\ &= e^{2i\alpha} t_{12} + e^{i(\alpha - \beta)} - \sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22} \\ &+ e^{i(-\alpha - \beta)} \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ &- e^{-2i\alpha} t_{12} + e^{i(-\alpha + \beta)} - \sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22} \\ &+ e^{i(\alpha + \beta)} \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ &= \sqrt{3}(t_{22} - t_{11}) \sin\alpha\sin\beta + 4it_{12}\sin\alpha\cos\alpha - it_{12}\sin\alpha\cos\beta + 3it_{21}\sin\alpha\cos\beta \\ &E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) = E^{22}(\sigma_{\nu}'\mathbf{R}_1) = D^2(\sigma_{\nu}')E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1)[D^2(\sigma_{\nu}')]^{\dagger} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \text{Trong d\'o} \begin{pmatrix} a = t_{11} \\ b = t_{12} \\ c = t_{21} \\ d = t_{22} \end{pmatrix} \\ &\Rightarrow E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}a - b + 3c + \sqrt{3}d}{4} \end{split}$$

Tương tự ta tìm được:

$$\begin{split} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) &= \frac{\sqrt{3}a + b - 3c - \sqrt{3}d}{4} \\ E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_4}) &= -b \\ E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) &= \frac{\sqrt{3}a + b - 3c + \sqrt{3}d}{4} \\ E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_6}) &= \frac{\sqrt{3}a - b + 3c - \sqrt{3}d}{4} \end{split}$$

Chọn hướng từ trường là 
$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ B \end{pmatrix}$$
. Lại có  $B = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \end{vmatrix}$ 
$$= (\frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_z - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_y) \vec{i} + (\frac{\partial}{\partial z} A_x - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_z) \vec{j} + (\frac{\partial}{\partial x} A_y - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} A_x) \vec{k}$$
 Có thể chọn  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ B \cdot x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ 

$$H_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{\mu\mu'jj'} \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R})$$

$$h_{0} = H_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R})$$

$$= e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{1}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{1}} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{2}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{2}} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{2})$$

$$+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{3}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{3}} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{4}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{4}} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{4})$$

$$+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{5}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{5}} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{6}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{6}} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{6})$$

Xét  $e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'}$ 

Đặt 
$$A = (P(x,y), Q(x,y), R(x,y)) = (0, Bx, 0)$$

Phương trình tham số cho x, y:

$$x = x(t) = x_0 + \alpha t$$

$$y = y(t) = y_0 + \beta t$$

C là đường cong đi từ  $\mathbf{R_0} \to \mathbf{R}$ 

$$*\mathbf{R_0} \longrightarrow \mathbf{R_1}_{(0,0)}$$

Ta có:

$$x = at$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = \int_{t_{B}}^{t_{A}} \left[ P(x, y) \frac{dx}{dt} + Q(x, y) \frac{dy}{dt} + R(x, y) \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \left[ 0 \frac{dx}{dt} + Bx0 + 0 \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt = 0$$

$$*\mathbf{R_0} \longrightarrow \mathbf{R_2} \atop \stackrel{(0,0)}{\longrightarrow} (\frac{a}{2}, -\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2})$$

Ta có:

$$x = \frac{a}{2}t$$

$$y = -\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}t$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = \int_{t_{B}}^{t_{A}} \left[ P(x, y) \frac{dx}{dt} + Q(x, y) \frac{dy}{dt} + R(x, y) \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \left[ 0 \frac{dx}{dt} + Bx \left( -\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) + 0 \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt = -\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}$$

$$*\mathbf{R_0} \longrightarrow \mathbf{R_3} \atop (0,0) \qquad (-\frac{a}{2}, -\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2})$$

Ta có:

$$\begin{split} x &= -\frac{a}{2}t \\ y &= -\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}t \\ \Rightarrow \int_{C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = \int_{t_{B}}^{t_{A}} \left[ P(x,y) \frac{dx}{dt} + Q(x,y) \frac{dy}{dt} + R(x,y) \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt \\ &= \int_{0}^{1} \left[ 0 \frac{dx}{dt} + Bx \left( -\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) + 0 \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt = B \left( -\frac{a}{2} \right) \left( -\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \int_{0}^{1} t dt \\ &= \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8} \end{split}$$

Xét  $R_4, R_5, R_6$ : ta nhận thấy có thể đưa đường cong C từ  $R_0$  cho tới R về các dạng của  $R_1, R_2, R_3$ . Lúc này đường cong sẽ là -C

Dựa vào tính chất của tích phân đường:

$$\int_{C} \vec{f} d\vec{\mathbf{r}} = -\int_{-C} \vec{f} d\vec{\mathbf{r}}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\int_{C} \vec{f} d\vec{\mathbf{r}} = \int_{-C} \vec{f} d\vec{\mathbf{r}}$$

$$*\mathbf{R_0} \longrightarrow \mathbf{R_4} \atop (0,0) \longrightarrow (0,-a)$$

Ta có:

$$x = -at$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = -\int_{C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = -\int_{t_B}^{t_A} \left[ P(x, y) \frac{dx}{dt} + Q(x, y) \frac{dy}{dt} + R(x, y) \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt$$
$$= -\int_{0}^{1} \left[ 0 \frac{dx}{dt} + Bx0 + 0 \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt = 0$$

$$*\mathbf{R_0} \longrightarrow \mathbf{R_5} \atop \stackrel{(0,0)}{\longrightarrow} (-\frac{a}{2}, \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2})$$

Ta có:

$$x = -\frac{a}{2}t$$

$$y = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}t$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = -\int_{C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = \int_{t_B}^{t_A} \left[ P(x, y) \frac{dx}{dt} + Q(x, y) \frac{dy}{dt} + R(x, y) \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{1} \left[ 0 \frac{dx}{dt} + Bx \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} + 0 \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt = \frac{Ba^2 \sqrt{3}}{8}$$

$$*\mathbf{R_0} \longrightarrow \mathbf{R_6} \atop (0,0) \xrightarrow{\left(\frac{a}{2}, \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}$$

Ta có:

$$x = \frac{a}{2}t$$

$$y = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}t$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = -\int_{C} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}' = \int_{t_B}^{t_A} \left[ P(x, y) \frac{dx}{dt} + Q(x, y) \frac{dy}{dt} + R(x, y) \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{1} \left[ 0 \frac{dx}{dt} + Bx \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} + 0 \frac{dz}{dt} \right] dt = -\frac{Ba^2\sqrt{3}}{8}$$

Vậy  $h_0$  có dạng:

$$h_{0} = H_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{k}) = e^{0}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{1}}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{2}}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{2})$$

$$+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{3}}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) + e^{0}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{4}}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{4})$$

$$+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{5}}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{6}}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{6}) + \epsilon_{1}$$

$$= e^{ik_{x}a}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{-ik_{x}a}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{4}) + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}e^{i\left(k_{x}\frac{a}{2} - k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{2})$$

$$+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}e^{i\left(-k_{x}\frac{a}{2} - k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}e^{i\left(-k_{x}\frac{a}{2} + k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{5})$$

$$+ e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}e^{i\left(k_{x}\frac{a}{2} + k_{y}\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_{6}) + \epsilon_{1}$$

Đặt  $k_x \frac{a}{2} = \alpha$ ,  $k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} = \beta$ ,  $\frac{e}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^2\sqrt{3}}{8} = \eta$ ,  $\alpha - \beta = \delta$ ,  $\alpha + \beta = \gamma$  và áp dụng các toán tử quay để biểu diễn  $\mathbf{R}_1$  theo  $\mathbf{R}_1$ .

$$E^{11}(\mathbf{R_4}) = E^{11}(\sigma''\mathbf{R_4}) = D^1(\sigma'')E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^1(\sigma'') \right]^{\dagger} = E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$E^{11}(\mathbf{R_2}) = E^{11}(\sigma'\mathbf{R_1}) = D^1(\sigma')E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^1(\sigma') \right]^{\dagger} = E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$E^{11}(\mathbf{R_3}) = E^{11}(C_3^2\mathbf{R_1}) = D^1(C_3^2)E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^1(C_3^2) \right]^{\dagger} = E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$E^{11}(\mathbf{R_5}) = E^{11}(C_3\mathbf{R_1}) = D^1(C_3)E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^1(C_3) \right]^{\dagger} = E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$E^{11}(\mathbf{R_6}) = E^{11}(\sigma\mathbf{R_1}) = D^1(\sigma)E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^1(\sigma) \right]^{\dagger} = E^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$\Rightarrow h_0 = 2E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\cos(2\alpha) + (e^{-i\eta}e^{i\delta} + e^{i\eta}e^{-i\gamma} + e^{i\eta}e^{-i\delta} + e^{-i\eta}e^{i\gamma})E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \epsilon_1$$

$$= 2E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\cos(2\alpha) + E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\left[(\cos\eta - i\sin\eta)e^{i\delta} + (\cos\eta + i\sin\eta)e^{-i\delta}\right]$$

$$+ E_{11}^{11}\mathbf{R_1}\left[(\cos\eta + i\sin\eta)e^{-i\gamma} + (\cos\eta - i\sin\eta)e^{i\gamma}\right] + \epsilon_1$$

$$= 2E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\cos(2\alpha) + E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\left[2\cos\eta\cos\delta - i\sin\eta(2i\sin\delta)\right]$$

$$+ E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\left[2\cos\eta\cos\gamma - i\sin\eta(2i\sin\gamma)\right] + \epsilon_1$$

$$= 2E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\cos(2\alpha) + 2E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1})\left[\cos\eta(\cos\gamma + \cos\delta) + \sin\eta(\sin\gamma + \sin\delta)\right] + \epsilon_1$$

$$= 2t_0\left[\cos(2\alpha) + 2\cos\eta\cos\alpha\cos\beta + 2\sin\eta\sin\alpha\cos\beta\right] + \epsilon_1$$

$$h_{1} = H_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R})$$

$$= e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{1}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{1}} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{2}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{2}} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_{2})$$

$$+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{3}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{3}} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{4}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{4}} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_{4})$$

$$+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{5}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{5}} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{6}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{6}} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_{6})$$

$$*E^{12}(\mathbf{R_4}) = E^{12}(\sigma''\mathbf{R_4}) = D^1(\sigma'')E^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^2(\sigma'') \right]^{\dagger}$$

$$= 1 \left( E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \quad E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \right) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \left( -E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \quad E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_4}) = -E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}), \quad E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_4}) = E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$*E^{12}(\mathbf{R_2}) = E^{12}(\sigma'\mathbf{R_2}) = D^{1}(\sigma')E^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^{2}(\sigma') \right]^{\dagger}$$

$$= 1 \left( E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \quad E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \right) \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2} \quad -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$$

$$= \left( \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \quad \frac{-\sqrt{3}E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2}$$

$$E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2}$$

Một cách tương tự ta có cho:

$$\begin{split} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_3}) &= \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \quad ; E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_4}) = -E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \\ E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_5}) &= \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \quad ; E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_6}) = \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ h_1 &= E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left( e^{ik_x a} - e^{-ik_x a} \right) + e^{-i\eta}e^{i\delta} \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ &+ e^{i\eta}e^{-i\gamma} \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} + e^{i\eta}e^{-i\delta} \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ &+ e^{-i\eta}e^{i\gamma} \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ &= E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left( e^{ik_x a} - e^{-ik_x a} \right) + \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \left( e^{-i\eta}e^{i\delta} - e^{i\eta}e^{-i\gamma} - e^{i\eta}e^{-i\delta} + e^{-i\eta}e^{i\gamma} \right) \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \left( -e^{-i\eta}e^{i\delta} + e^{i\eta}e^{-i\gamma} - e^{i\eta}e^{-i\delta} + e^{-i\eta}e^{i\gamma} \right) \\ &= E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left( 2i\sin 2\alpha \right) + \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} 4i(\cos \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta) \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} 4(-\cos \eta \sin \alpha \sin \beta + \sin \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta) \\ \Rightarrow h_1 = 2it_1(\sin 2\alpha + \cos \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta) \\ &- 2\sqrt{3}t_2 \left[ \cos \eta \sin \alpha \sin \beta - \sin \eta \cos \alpha \sin \beta \right] \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} h_2 &= H_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}) \\ &= e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}_1} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_1} E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}_2} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_2} E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_2) \\ &+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}_3} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_3} E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_3) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}_4} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_4} E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_4) \\ &+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}_5} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_5} E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_5) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_0^{\mathbf{R}_6} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_6} E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_6) \end{split}$$

Trong đó:

$$E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2}$$

$$E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \quad ; E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_4}) = E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \quad ; E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_6}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2}$$

Thế vô:

$$\begin{split} h_2 = & E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left( e^{ik_x a} + e^{-ik_x a} \right) + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} \frac{-\sqrt{3} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ & + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} \frac{-\sqrt{3} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} \frac{\sqrt{3} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ & + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \frac{\sqrt{3} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \\ = & 2 E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \cos 2\alpha + \frac{\sqrt{3} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \left( -e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} - e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \right) \\ & + \frac{E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1})}{2} \left( -e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} - e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} - e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} - e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \right) \\ = & 2 t_2 \cos 2\alpha + 2i\sqrt{3} t_1 (\cos \eta \cos \alpha \sin \beta + \sin \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta) \\ & - 2 t_2 (\cos \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \eta \sin \alpha \sin \beta) \\ h_2 = & 2 t_2 (\cos 2\alpha - \cos \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta) \\ & + 2i\sqrt{3} t_1 (\cos \eta \cos \alpha \sin \beta + \sin \eta \sin \alpha \sin \beta) \end{split}$$

Các ma trận  $E^{22}(\mathbf{R})$ 

$$\begin{split} *E^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) &= E^{22}(\sigma_{\nu}' \mathbf{R_1}) \\ &= D^2(\sigma_{\nu}') E^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^2(\sigma_{\nu}') \right]^{\dagger} \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \left( \frac{E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1})}{E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1})} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) - E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1})}{E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1})} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \\ &= \left( \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} - \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \right) \\ &\Rightarrow E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} \\ &E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ &E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} + 3t_{12} - t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ &E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{3t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4} \end{split}$$

$$*E^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = E^{22}(C_3^2 \mathbf{R_1})$$

$$= D^2(C_3^2)E^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^2(C_3^2) \right]^{\dagger}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) & E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \\ E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) & E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - 3t_{12} + t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} & \frac{3t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - 3t_{12} + t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{3t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$*E^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = E^{22}(C_3\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$= D^2(C_3)E^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^2(C_3) \right]^{\dagger}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) & E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \\ E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) & E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} & \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - 3t_{12} + t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} & \frac{3t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} - 3t_{12} + t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{3t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$*E^{22}(\mathbf{R_4}) = E^{22}(\sigma''_{\nu}\mathbf{R_1})$$

$$= D^2(\sigma''_{\nu})E^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \left[ D^2(\sigma''_{n}u) \right]^{\dagger}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E^{22}_{11}(\mathbf{R_1}) & E^{22}_{12}(\mathbf{R_1}) \\ E^{22}_{21}(\mathbf{R_1}) & E^{22}_{22}(\mathbf{R_1}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} t_{11} & -t_{12} \\ -t_{21} & t_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow E^{22}_{11}(\mathbf{R_4}) = t_{11}$$

$$E^{22}_{12}(\mathbf{R_4}) = -t_{12}$$

$$E^{22}_{21}(\mathbf{R_4}) = -t_{21}$$

$$E^{22}_{22}(\mathbf{R_4}) = t_{22}$$

$$*E^{22}(\mathbf{R_{6}}) = E^{22}(\sigma_{\nu}\mathbf{R_{1}})$$

$$= D^{2}(\sigma_{\nu})E^{22}(\mathbf{R_{1}}) \left[D^{2}(\sigma_{\nu})\right]^{\dagger}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_{1}}) & E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_{1}}) \\ E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_{1}}) & E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_{1}}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} & \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + 3t_{12} - t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} & \frac{3t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_{6}}) = \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_{6}}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R_{6}}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + 3t_{12} - t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_{6}}) = \frac{3t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$\begin{split} h_{11} &= H_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}) \\ &= e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{1}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{1}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{2}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{2}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{2}) \\ &+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{3}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{3}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{4}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{4}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{4}) \\ &+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{5}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{5}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{6}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{6}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{6}) \end{split}$$

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_4}) = t_{11}$$

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_6}) = \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

Thế vô:

$$h_{11} = t_{11} \left( e^{ik_x a} + e^{-ik_x a} \right) + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

$$+ e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

$$+ e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4}$$

Do tính Hermite của Hamiltonian, ta có thể đưa  $t_{12}=-t_{21},$  nên  $h_{11}$  đơn giản thành:

$$h_{11} = e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} \frac{t_{11} + 3t_{22}}{4} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} \frac{t_{11} + 3t_{22}}{4} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} \frac{t_{11} + 3t_{22}}{4} + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \frac{t_{11} + 3t_{22}}{4} + t_{11} \left( e^{ik_x a} + e^{-ik_x a} \right) + \epsilon_2$$

$$= \frac{t_{11} + 3t_{22}}{2} \left[ 2\cos\eta\cos\alpha\cos\beta + 2\sin\eta\sin\alpha\cos\beta \right] + 2t_{11}\cos2\alpha + \epsilon_2$$

$$\Rightarrow h_{11} = (t_{11} + 3t_{22}) \left[ \cos\eta\cos\alpha\cos\beta + \sin\eta\sin\alpha\cos\beta \right] + 2t_{11}\cos2\alpha + \epsilon_2$$

\* h22

$$\begin{split} h_{22} &= H_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}) + \epsilon_{2} \\ &= e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{1}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{1}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{2}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{2}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{2}) \\ &+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{3}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{3}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{4}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{4}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{4}) \\ &+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{5}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{5}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{6}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{6}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{6}) + \epsilon_{2} \end{split}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{3t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{3t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_4}) = t_{22}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{3t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_6}) = \frac{3t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4}$$

$$\begin{split} h_{22} = & e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} \frac{3t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} \frac{3t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4} \\ & + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} \frac{3t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4} + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \frac{3t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{21} + t_{22}}{4} \\ & + t_{22} \left( e^{ik_x a} + e^{-ik_x a} \right) + \epsilon_2 \\ = & e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} \frac{3t_{11} + t_{22}}{4} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} \frac{3t_{11} + t_{22}}{4} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} \frac{3t_{11} + t_{22}}{4} + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \frac{3t_{11} + t_{22}}{4} \\ & + t_{22} \left( e^{ik_x a} + e^{-ik_x a} \right) + \epsilon_2 \\ = & \left( e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \right) \frac{3t_{11} + t_{22}}{4} + t_{11} \left( e^{ik_x a} + e^{-ik_x a} \right) + \epsilon_2 \\ = & \frac{3t_{11} + t_{22}}{2} \left[ 2\cos\eta\cos\alpha\cos\beta + 2\sin\eta\sin\alpha\cos\beta \right] + 2t_{22}\cos2\alpha + \epsilon_2 \\ \Rightarrow & h_{22} = \left( 3t_{11} + t_{22} \right) \left[ \cos\eta\cos\alpha\cos\beta + \sin\eta\sin\alpha\cos\beta \right] + 2t_{22}\cos2\alpha + \epsilon_2 \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} h_{12} &= H_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}) + \epsilon_{2} \\ &= e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{1}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{1}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{1}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{2}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{2}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{2}) \\ &+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{3}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{3}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{3}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{4}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{4}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{4}) \\ &+ e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{5}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{5}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{5}) + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}_{6}} A(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{6}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_{6}) + \epsilon_{2} \end{split}$$

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_2}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_3}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_4}) = -t_{12}$$

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_5}) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_6}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4}$$

Thế vô:

$$\begin{split} h_{12} &= e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ &\quad + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3t_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3t_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ &\quad + t_{12} \left( e^{ik_x a} - e^{-ik_x a} \right) \\ &= e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} - 4t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + 4t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ &\quad + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} + 4t_{12} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - 4t_{12} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} + t_{12} \left( e^{ik_x a} - e^{-ik_x a} \right) \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11}}{4} \left( -e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} - e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} + e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \right) + t_{12} \left( -e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} - e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \right) \\ &\quad + \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \left( e^{-i\eta} e^{i\delta} - e^{i\eta} e^{-i\gamma} + e^{i\eta} e^{-i\delta} - e^{-i\eta} e^{i\gamma} \right) + t_{12} \left( e^{ik_x a} - e^{-ik_x a} \right) \\ &= 2it_{12} \sin 2\alpha + \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11}}{4} 4 \left[ -\cos \eta \sin \alpha \sin \beta + \sin \eta \cos \alpha \sin \beta \right] \\ &\quad - 4it_{12} (\cos \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta) + \sqrt{3}t_{22} \left[ \cos \eta \sin \alpha \sin \beta - \sin \eta \cos \alpha \sin \beta \right] \\ &\Rightarrow h_{12} = 4it_{12} (\sin \alpha \cos \alpha - \cos \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta) \\ &\quad + \frac{\sqrt{3}(t_{22} - t_{11})}{4} 4 \left[ \cos \eta \sin \alpha \sin \beta - \sin \eta \cos \alpha \sin \beta \right] \end{split}$$

Vậy Hamiltonian:

$$H_{TB}^{NN}(\mathbf{k}) = \begin{pmatrix} h_0 & h_1 & h_2 \\ h_1^* & h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (1)

Với:

$$h_0 = 2t_0 \left[ \cos(2\alpha) + 2\cos\eta\cos\alpha\cos\beta + 2\sin\eta\sin\alpha\cos\beta \right] + \epsilon_1, \tag{2}$$

 $h_1 = 2it_1(\sin 2\alpha + \cos \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta)$ 

$$-2\sqrt{3}t_2\left(\cos\eta\sin\alpha\sin\beta - \sin\eta\cos\alpha\sin\beta\right),\tag{3}$$

$$h_2 = 2t_2(\cos 2\alpha - \cos \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta) \tag{4}$$

$$+2i\sqrt{3}t_1(\cos\eta\cos\alpha\sin\beta+\sin\eta\sin\alpha\sin\beta),\tag{5}$$

$$h_{11} = (t_{11} + 3t_{22}) \left[\cos \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta\right] + 2t_{11} \cos 2\alpha + \epsilon_2, \tag{6}$$

$$h_{22} = (3t_{11} + t_{22}) \left[\cos \eta \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \eta \sin \alpha \cos \beta\right] + 2t_{22} \cos 2\alpha + \epsilon_2, \tag{7}$$

 $h_{12} = 4it_{12}(\sin\alpha\cos\alpha - \cos\eta\sin\alpha\cos\beta + \sin\eta\cos\alpha\cos\beta)$ 

$$+\sqrt{3}(t_{22}-t_{11})\left[\cos\eta\sin\alpha\sin\beta-\sin\eta\cos\alpha\sin\beta\right],\tag{8}$$

$$(\alpha, \beta) = \left(\frac{1}{2}k_x a, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}k_y a\right),$$

$$\eta = \frac{e}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^2\sqrt{3}}{8},$$
(9)

$$t_0 = E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_1 = E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_2 = E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R_1});$$
  

$$t_{11} = E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_{12} = E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1}); \quad t_{22} = E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R_1});$$
(10)

### \* Hamiltonian Zeeman:

Chon các cơ sở:

$$|\phi_1^1,\uparrow\rangle = |\phi_1^1\rangle \,\chi_+ \quad , \quad |\phi_1^2,\uparrow\rangle = |\phi_1^2\rangle \,\chi_+ \quad , \quad |\phi_2^2,\uparrow\rangle = |\phi_2^2\rangle \,\chi_+$$

$$|\phi_1^1,\downarrow\rangle = |\phi_1^1\rangle \,\chi_- \quad , \quad |\phi_1^2,\downarrow\rangle = |\phi_1^2\rangle \,\chi_- \quad , \quad |\phi_2^2,\downarrow\rangle = |\phi_2^2\rangle \,\chi_-$$

$$\chi_+ = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\0 \end{pmatrix} \quad , \quad \chi_- = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Trong đó  $|\phi_{\mu}^{j}\rangle$  là các hàm sóng không gian, $\chi$  là các hàm spinor.

Do các hàm Spinor  $\chi$  chỉ tác động lên spin  $\sigma_z$  và không tác động lên Hamiltonian nằm trong không gian Hilbert. Đồng thời Hamiltonian (1) không có sự tách spin nên ta có thể viết thành:

$$H = H_{space} + H_{1/2} = \mathbb{1}_{2 \times 2} \otimes H_{TB}^{NN} + H_{Zeeman}$$
 (11)

Nhờ vào tính trực giao của các hàm cơ sở  $|\phi_{\mu}^{j}\rangle$  và spinor  $\chi$ , ta tính được:

$$*H_{11}^{11(z)}\uparrow$$

$$\begin{split} H_{11}^{11(z)} \uparrow &= -\sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}), \uparrow \middle| \boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{B} \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}), \uparrow \right\rangle \\ &= -\sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}), \uparrow \middle| \gamma \mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{S} \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}), \uparrow \right\rangle \\ &= -\gamma B \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}), \uparrow \middle| S_{z} \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}), \uparrow \right\rangle \\ &= -\gamma B \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \left\langle \uparrow \middle| S_{z} \middle| \uparrow \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} \delta_{11} 1 \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} (e^{0} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{0} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}) \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} (2 + 4 \cos \eta) = -\gamma B \hbar (1 + 2 \cos \eta) \end{split}$$

$$*H_{11}^{22(z)}\uparrow$$

$$\begin{split} H_{11}^{22(z)} \uparrow &= -\sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{2} \left( \mathbf{r} \right), \uparrow \middle| \, \boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{B} \middle| \phi_{1}^{2} \left( \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R} \right), \uparrow \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} (e^{0} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2} \sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2} \sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{0} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2} \sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2} \sqrt{3}}{8}}) \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} (2 + 4 \cos \eta) = -\gamma B \hbar (1 + 2 \cos \eta) \end{split}$$

 $*H_{22}^{22(z)}\uparrow$ 

$$\begin{split} H_{22}^{22(z)}\uparrow &= -\sum_{\mathbf{R}}e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}}\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}')\cdot d\mathbf{r}'}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}}\left\langle \phi_{2}^{2}\left(\mathbf{r}\right),\uparrow\right|\boldsymbol{\mu}\cdot\mathbf{B}\left|\phi_{2}^{2}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}\right),\uparrow\right\rangle\\ &= \frac{-\gamma B\hbar}{2}(e^{0}+e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}+e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}+e^{0}+e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}+e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}})\\ &= \frac{-\gamma B\hbar}{2}(2+4\cos\eta) = -\gamma B\hbar(1+2\cos\eta) \end{split}$$

 $*H_{11}^{11(z)}\downarrow$ 

$$H_{11}^{11(z)} \downarrow = -\sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}), \downarrow \middle| \boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{B} \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}), \downarrow \right\rangle$$

$$= -\sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}), \downarrow \middle| \gamma \mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{S} \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}), \downarrow \right\rangle$$

$$s = -\gamma B \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}), \downarrow \middle| S_{z} \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}), \downarrow \right\rangle$$

$$= -\gamma B \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \left\langle \downarrow \middle| S_{z} \middle| \downarrow \right\rangle$$

$$= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} \delta_{11} 1$$

$$= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} (e^{0} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{0} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}})$$

$$= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} (2 + 4 \cos \eta) = \gamma B \hbar (1 + 2 \cos \eta)$$

 $*H_{11}^{22(z)} \downarrow$ 

$$\begin{split} H_{11}^{22(z)} \downarrow &= -\sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}} \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}') \cdot d\mathbf{r}'} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \left\langle \phi_{1}^{2} \left( \mathbf{r} \right), \downarrow \middle| \, \boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{B} \middle| \phi_{1}^{2} \left( \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R} \right), \downarrow \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} (e^{0} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2} \sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2} \sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{0} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2} \sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar} \frac{Ba^{2} \sqrt{3}}{8}}) \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B \hbar}{2} (2 + 4 \cos \eta) = \gamma B \hbar (1 + 2 \cos \eta) \end{split}$$

 $*H_{22}^{22(z)} \downarrow$ 

$$\begin{split} H_{22}^{22(z)}\downarrow &= -\sum_{\mathbf{R}}e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\int_{0}^{\mathbf{R}}\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{r}')\cdot d\mathbf{r}'}e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}}\left\langle \phi_{2}^{2}\left(\mathbf{r}\right),\downarrow\right|\boldsymbol{\mu}\cdot\mathbf{B}\left|\phi_{2}^{2}\left(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{R}\right),\downarrow\right\rangle \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B\hbar}{2}(e^{0} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{0} + e^{\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}} + e^{-\frac{ie}{\hbar}\frac{Ba^{2}\sqrt{3}}{8}}) \\ &= \frac{-\gamma B\hbar}{2}(2 + 4\cos\eta) = \gamma B\hbar(1 + 2\cos\eta) \end{split}$$

với  $\gamma = -\frac{e}{m}$ 

Hamiltonian cho thành phần Zeeman:

$$H_{Zeeman} = rac{e\hbar B}{m}(1+\cos\eta) egin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Ta có thể xây dựng Hamiltonian thành:

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \bigotimes \begin{pmatrix} h_0 & h_1 & h_2 \\ h_1^* & h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} + H_{Zeeman}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} h_0 & h_1 & h_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ h_1^* & h_{11} & h_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & h_0 & h_1 & h_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & h_1^* & h_{11} & h_{12} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{e\hbar B}{m} (1 + \cos \eta) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Chéo hóa Hamiltonian, ta có phương trình hàm riêng trị riêng:

$$H_{TB}^{NN}(\mathbf{k})f = \lambda f$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} h_0 & h_1 & h_2 \\ h_1^* & h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} f = \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} f$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} h_0 - \lambda & h_1 & h_2 \\ h_1^* & h_{11} - \lambda & h_{12} \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} - \lambda \end{pmatrix} f = 0$$

Để phương trình có nghiệm không tầm thường: 
$$\Leftrightarrow egin{array}{c|c} h_0-\lambda & h_1 & h_2 \\ h_1^* & h_{11}-\lambda & h_{12} \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22}-\lambda \\ \end{array} = 0$$

$$h_1 \left[ h_{12} h_2^* - h_1^* (h_{22} - \lambda) \right] + h_2 \left[ h_{12}^* h_1^* - h_2^* (h_{11} - \lambda) \right] + (h_0 - \lambda) \left[ (h_{11} - \lambda) (h_{22} - \lambda) - h_{12} h_{12}^* \right] = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow h_1 h_{12} h_2^* - h_1 h_1^* h_{22} + h_1 h_1^* \lambda + h_2 h_{12}^* h_1^* - h_2 h_2^* h_{11} + h_2 h_2^* \lambda$$

$$+ (h_0 - \lambda)(h_{11} - \lambda)(h_{22} - \lambda) - h_0 h_{12} h_{12}^* + h_{12} h_{12}^* \lambda = 0$$

## Two bands $k \cdot p$ model

Sử dụng Hamiltonian:

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} h_0 & h_1 & h_2 \\ h_1^* & h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} \end{pmatrix},$$

chọn các cơ sở:

$$|\psi_{c}^{\tau}\rangle = |d_{z^{2}}\rangle \equiv \left|\phi_{1}^{1}\right\rangle$$

$$|\psi_{v}^{\tau}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\left|d_{x^{2}-y^{2}}\right\rangle + i\tau\left|d_{xy}\right\rangle\right) \equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\left|\phi_{2}^{2}\right\rangle + i\tau\left|\phi_{1}^{2}\right\rangle\right)$$

$$H_{\mu\mu'}(\mathbf{k},\tau) = \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} E_{\mu\mu'}(\mathbf{R})$$

$$= \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left\langle \psi_{\mu}^{\tau}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \psi_{\mu'}^{\tau}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle$$

$$\mathbf{k} = (k_{x}, k_{y}) = \left(\frac{4\pi}{3a}, 0\right)$$

$$(\alpha, \beta) = \left(\frac{1}{2}k_{x}a, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}k_{y}a\right)$$

 $*H_{cc}(\mathbf{k},\tau)$ 

$$H_{cc}(\mathbf{k}, \tau) = \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left\langle \psi_c^{\tau}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \psi_c^{\tau}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle$$
$$= h_0$$
$$= 2t_0 \left(\cos 2\alpha + 2\cos \alpha \cos \beta\right) + \epsilon_1$$
$$= 2t_0 \left(1 + 2\right) + \epsilon_1$$

 $*H_{cv}(\mathbf{k},\tau)$ 

$$\begin{split} H_{cv}(\mathbf{k},\tau) &= \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left\langle \psi_{c}^{\tau}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \psi_{v}^{\tau}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left[ \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle + i\tau \left\langle \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ h_{2} + i\tau h_{1} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ 2t_{2}(\cos 2\alpha - \cos \alpha \cos \beta) + 2i\sqrt{3}t_{1}\cos \alpha \sin \beta \right. \\ &+ i\tau \left( -2\sqrt{3}t_{2}\sin \alpha \sin \beta + 2it_{1}(\sin 2\alpha + \sin \alpha \cos \beta) \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ 2t_{2}(0) + 2i\sqrt{3}t_{1}\beta + i\tau \left( -2\sqrt{3}t_{2}\alpha\beta + 2it_{1}(2\alpha + \alpha) \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ i\sqrt{3}t_{1}\beta - \sqrt{3}i\tau t_{2}\alpha\beta - t_{1}\tau 3\alpha \right] \\ &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ i\sqrt{3}t_{1}\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}k_{y}a - \sqrt{3}i\tau t_{2}\frac{1}{2}k_{x}a\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}k_{y}a - t_{1}\tau 3\frac{1}{2}k_{x}a \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ 3it_{1}k_{y}a + \frac{3}{2}i\tau t_{2}k_{x}k_{y}a^{2} - 3t_{1}\tau k_{x}a \right] \\ &= \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ it_{1}k_{y}a + i\tau t_{2}k_{x}k_{y}a^{2} - t_{1}\tau k_{x}a \right] \\ &= \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ at_{1}(ik_{y} - \tau k_{x}) + \frac{i}{2}\tau t_{2}k_{x}k_{y}a^{2} \right] \end{split}$$

 $*H_{vc}(\mathbf{k},\tau)$ 

$$\begin{split} H_{vc}(\mathbf{k},\tau) &= \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left\langle \psi_{v}^{\tau}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \psi_{c}^{\tau}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left[ \left\langle \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle - i\tau \left\langle \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \phi_{1}^{1}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (h_{2}^{*} - i\tau h_{1}^{*}) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ 2t_{2}(\cos 2\alpha - \cos \alpha \cos \beta) - 2i\sqrt{3}t_{1}\cos \alpha \sin \beta \right. \\ &- i\tau \left( -2\sqrt{3}t_{2}\sin \alpha \sin \beta - 2it_{1}(\sin 2\alpha + \sin \alpha \cos \beta) \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ 2t_{2}(0) - 2i\sqrt{3}t_{1}\beta - 2\sqrt{3}i\tau t_{2}\alpha\beta - 2t_{1}\tau 3\alpha \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ -2i\sqrt{3}t_{1}\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}k_{y}a - 2\sqrt{3}i\tau t_{2}\frac{1}{2}k_{x}a\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}k_{y}a - 2t_{1}\tau 3\frac{1}{2}k_{x}a \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ -it_{1}3k_{y}a - \frac{3i}{2}\tau t_{2}k_{x}ak_{y}a - t_{1}\tau 3k_{x}a \right] \\ &= \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ -at_{1}(\tau k_{x} + ik_{y}) - \frac{i}{2}\tau t_{2}k_{x}k_{y}a^{2} \right] \end{split}$$

 $*H_{vv}(\mathbf{k},\tau)$ 

$$\begin{split} H_{vv}(\mathbf{k},\tau) &= \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left\langle \psi_{v}^{\tau}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \psi_{v}^{\tau}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{R} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \left[ \left\langle \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle + i\tau \left\langle \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \\ &- i\tau \left\langle \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \phi_{2}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle + \tau \left\langle \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r}) \middle| \hat{H} \middle| \phi_{1}^{2}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \right\rangle \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( h_{22} + i\tau h_{12}^{*} - i\tau h_{12} + \tau h_{11} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 2t_{22}\cos 2\alpha + (3t_{11} + t_{22})\cos \alpha\cos \beta + \tau \left( 2t_{11}\cos 2\alpha + (t_{11} + 3t_{22})\cos \alpha\cos \beta + 2\epsilon_{2} \right) \right. \\ &- i\tau (8it_{12}\sin \alpha(\cos \alpha - \cos \beta)) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 2t_{22} + (3t_{11} + t_{22}) + \tau (2t_{11} + t_{11} + 3t_{22} + 2\epsilon_{2}) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 3(t_{11} + t_{22}) + 3\tau (t_{11} + t_{22} + \frac{2}{3}\epsilon_{2}) \right] \end{split}$$