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Từ Hamiltonian  $H_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R})$  trong đó

$$E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}) = \langle \phi_{\mu}^j(\mathbf{r}) | \hat{H} | \phi_{\mu'}^{j'}(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle$$

$$|\phi_1^1\rangle = d_{z^2}, \quad |\phi_1^2\rangle = d_{xy}, \quad |\phi_2^2\rangle = d_{x^2-y^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{k}) = & \sum_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_1} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}_1) + \sum_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_2} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}_2) + \sum_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_3} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}_3) \\ & + \sum_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_4} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}_4) + \sum_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_5} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}_5) + \sum_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_6} E_{\mu\mu'}^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}_6) \end{aligned}$$

$$H^{NN} = \begin{bmatrix} h_0 & h_1 & h_2 \\ h_1^* & h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_2^* & h_{12}^* & h_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h_0 = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle; \quad h_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^2(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle$$

$$h_2 = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_2^2(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle; \quad h_{11} = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_1^2(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^2(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle$$

$$h_{12} = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_1^2(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_2^2(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle; \quad h_{22} = \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_2^2(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_2^2(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle$$

Lại có  $E^{jj'}(\hat{g}_n \mathbf{R}) = D^j(\hat{g}_n) E^{jj'}(\mathbf{R}) [D^j(\hat{g}_n)]^\dagger$

trong đó  $\hat{g}_n = \{E, C_3, C_3^2, \sigma_\nu, \sigma'_\nu, \sigma''_\nu\}$

trong đó  $D^1(\hat{g}_n) = 1$

$$D^2(E) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D^2(\hat{C}_3) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\phi & -\sin\phi \\ \sin\phi & \cos\phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D^2(\hat{C}_3^2) = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Để tìm được  $D^2(\sigma_\nu)$  ta cố định  $\triangle ABC : A(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}), B(1,0), C(0,0)$ .

Khi đổi chỗ  $A \leftrightarrow B$ , ta được ma trận:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = D^2(\sigma_\nu) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow D^2(\sigma_\nu) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

trong đó  $D^2(\sigma'_\nu) = D^2(C_3) D^2(\sigma_\nu)$  ;  $D^2(\sigma''_\nu) = D^2(C_3^2) D^2(\sigma_\nu)$

$$D^2(\sigma'_\nu) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D^2(\sigma''_\nu) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Toán tử  $C_3$  đánh lên  $\mathbf{R}_1$  ta được  $\rightarrow \mathbf{R}_5$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Toán tử  $C_3^2$  đánh lên  $\mathbf{R}_1$  ta được  $\rightarrow \mathbf{R}_3$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Toán tử  $\sigma_\nu$  đánh lên  $\mathbf{R}_1$  ta được  $\rightarrow \mathbf{R}_6$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Toán tử  $\sigma'_\nu$  đánh lên  $\mathbf{R}_1$  ta được  $\rightarrow \mathbf{R}_4$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Toán tử  $\sigma''_\nu$  đánh lên  $\mathbf{R}_1$  ta được  $\rightarrow \mathbf{R}_2$  (dưới dạng ma trận)

Kiểm tra điều trên:

$$D^2(C_3^2) R_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_3$$

$$D^2(\sigma''_\nu) R_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_2$$

\* **h0**

$$\begin{aligned} h_0 &= \sum_{\mathbf{R} \neq 0} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle + \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) \rangle \\ &= e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_1} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}_1) \rangle + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_4} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}_4) \rangle \\ &+ e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_2} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}_2) \rangle + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_5} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}_5) \rangle \\ &+ e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_3} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}_3) \rangle + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_6} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}_6) \rangle + \epsilon_1 \\ &= e^{ik_x a} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{-ik_x a} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_2) + e^{-i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_5) \\ &+ e^{-i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_3) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_6) + \epsilon_1 \\ &= 2E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_1) (\cos 2\alpha + 2\cos \alpha \cos \beta) + \epsilon_1 \end{aligned}$$

\* **h1**

$$\begin{aligned}
h_1 &= \sum_{\mathbf{R} \neq 0} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} \langle \phi_1^1(\mathbf{r}) | H | \phi_1^2(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}) \rangle \\
&= e^{ik_x a} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{-ik_x a} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_2) + e^{-i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_5) \\
&+ e^{-i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_3) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_6)
\end{aligned}$$

trong đó

$$\begin{aligned}
E^{12}(\mathbf{R}_2) &= E^{12}(\sigma'' \mathbf{R}_1) = D^1(\sigma'') E^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) \left[ D^2(\sigma'') \right]^\dagger \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) & E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} & \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)\sqrt{3} - E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} \end{bmatrix} \\
\Rightarrow E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_2) &= \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

Tương tự ta có cho:

$$\begin{aligned}
E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_3) &= \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} ; E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_4) = -E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) \\
E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_5) &= \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} ; E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_6) = \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
h_1 &= e^{i2\alpha} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) - e^{i2\alpha} E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) \\
&+ e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} + e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)} \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} \\
&+ e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} \frac{-E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) - \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} + e^{i(\alpha+\beta)} \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) + \sqrt{3}E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} \\
&= 2i \sin 2\alpha E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1) + 2i \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} \sin(\alpha - \beta) - 2 \frac{E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos(\alpha - \beta) \\
&+ 2i \frac{E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)}{2} \sin(\alpha + \beta) + 2 \frac{E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1)\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos(\alpha - \beta) \\
&= -2\sqrt{3}t_2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta + 2it_1(\sin 2\alpha + \sin \alpha \cos \beta)
\end{aligned}$$

Đặt

$$\begin{aligned} t_0 &= E_{11}^{11}(\mathbf{R}_1); \quad t_1 = E_{11}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1); \quad t_2 = E_{12}^{12}(\mathbf{R}_1); \\ t_{11} &= E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1); \quad t_{12} = E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1); \quad c_{21} = E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1); \quad t_{22} = E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1); \end{aligned}$$

\* **h22**

$$\begin{aligned} h_{22} &= \sum_R e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}) \\ &= e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_1} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_2} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_3} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) \\ &\quad + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_4} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_5} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_6} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) + E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{0}) \\ E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) &= E^{22}(\sigma''_v \mathbf{R}_1) \\ &= D^2(\sigma''_v) E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) \left[ D^2(\sigma''_v) \right]^\dagger \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) & E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) \\ E_{21}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) & E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{t_{11}-t_{12}\sqrt{3}-c_{21}\sqrt{3}+3t_{22}}{4} & \frac{-t_{11}\sqrt{3}-t_{12}+3c_{21}+\sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\ \frac{-t_{11}\sqrt{3}+3t_{12}-c_{21}+\sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} & \frac{3t_{11}+t_{12}\sqrt{3}+c\sqrt{3}+t_{22}}{4} \end{bmatrix} \\ \Rightarrow E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) &= \frac{3t_{11} + t_{12}\sqrt{3} + c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Tương tự ta có cho:

$$\begin{aligned} E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) &= \frac{3t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4} \\ E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) &= t_{22} \\ E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) &= \frac{3t_{11} + t_{12}\sqrt{3} + c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4} \\ E_{22}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) &= \frac{3t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Ta được:

$$\begin{aligned}
h_{22} &= e^{i2\alpha}t_{22} + e^{-i2\alpha}t_{22} \\
&+ e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} \left( \frac{3t_{11} + t_{12}\sqrt{3} + c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4} \right) + e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)} \left( \frac{3t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4} \right) \\
&+ e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} \left( \frac{3t_{11} + t_{12}\sqrt{3} + c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4} \right) + e^{i(\alpha+\beta)} \left( \frac{3t_{11} - t_{12}\sqrt{3} - c\sqrt{3} + t_{22}}{4} \right) \\
&= 2\cos(2\alpha)t_{22} + \frac{1}{4}3t_{11} (e^{i\alpha} + e^{-i\alpha}) (e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta}) + \frac{1}{4}t_{22} (e^{i\alpha} + e^{-i\alpha}) (e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta}) \\
&+ c\sqrt{3}(e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} - e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} + e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} - e^{i(\alpha+\beta)}) \\
&+ t_{12}\sqrt{3}(e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} - e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} + e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} - e^{i(\alpha+\beta)}) \\
&= 2\cos(2\alpha)t_{22} + (3t_{11} + t_{22})\cos\alpha \cos\beta
\end{aligned}$$

Sử dụng tính Hermite của Hamiltonian  $h_{22}$  là số thực, nên  $t_{12} = -t_{21}$

**\*\*h11**

$$\begin{aligned}
H_{11}^{22} &= \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}) = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_1} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_2} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_3} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) \\
&+ e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_4} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_5} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) + e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{R}_6} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) + E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{0}) \\
&= e^{ik_x a} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) + e^{i\left(-k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) \\
&+ e^{-ik_x a} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i\left(-k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) + \epsilon_2 \\
&= e^{2i\alpha}t_{11} + e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}c_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} \\
&+ e^{i(-\alpha-\beta)} \frac{t_{11} - \sqrt{3}t_{12} - \sqrt{3}c_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} + e^{-2i\alpha}t_{11} \\
&+ e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}c_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} + e^{i(\alpha+\beta)} \frac{t_{11} + \sqrt{3}t_{12} + \sqrt{3}c_{21} + 3t_{22}}{4} + \epsilon_2 \\
&= 2t_{11}\cos(2\alpha) + (t_{11} + 3t_{22})\cos(\alpha)\cos(\beta) + \epsilon_2
\end{aligned}$$

**Lưu ý ở đây đã sử dụng tính chất Hermite của  $h_{11}$  phải là số thực**

$$\Rightarrow t_{12} = -t_{21}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) &= E^{22}(\sigma''_\nu \mathbf{R}_1) = D^2(\sigma''_\nu) E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) [D^2(\sigma''_\nu)]^\dagger \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \text{ Trong đó } \begin{bmatrix} a = t_{11} \\ b = t_{12} \\ c = c_{21} \\ d = t_{22} \end{bmatrix} \\
\Rightarrow E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) &= \frac{a - \sqrt{3}b - \sqrt{3}c + 3d}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

Tương tự ta tìm được:

$$\begin{aligned}
E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) &= \frac{a - \sqrt{3}b - \sqrt{3}c + 3d}{4} \\
E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) &= a \\
E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) &= \frac{a + \sqrt{3}b + \sqrt{3}c + 3d}{4} \\
E_{11}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) &= \frac{a + \sqrt{3}b + \sqrt{3}c + 3d}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

**\*\*h12**

$$\begin{aligned}
H_{12}^{22} &= \sum_{\mathbf{R}} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}) \\
&= e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_1} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_2} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_3} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) \\
&\quad + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_4} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_5} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) + e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{R}_6} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) + E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{0}) \\
&= e^{ik_x a} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) \\
&\quad + e^{i\left(-k_x \frac{a}{2} - k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) \\
&\quad + e^{-ik_x a} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) + e^{i\left(-k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) \\
&\quad + e^{i\left(k_x \frac{a}{2} + k_y \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)} E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) \\
&= e^{2i\alpha} t_{12} + e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3c_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\
&\quad + e^{i(-\alpha-\beta)} \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3c_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\
&\quad - e^{-2i\alpha} t_{12} + e^{i(-\alpha+\beta)} \frac{-\sqrt{3}t_{11} + t_{12} - 3c_{21} + \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\
&\quad + e^{i(\alpha+\beta)} \frac{\sqrt{3}t_{11} - t_{12} + 3c_{21} - \sqrt{3}t_{22}}{4} \\
&= \sqrt{3}(t_{22} - t_{11}) \sin(\alpha) \sin(\beta) + 4it_{12} \sin(\alpha)(\cos(\alpha) - \cos(\beta)) + 3ic_{21} \sin(\alpha) \cos(\beta)
\end{aligned}$$

$$E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) = E^{22}(\sigma''_{\nu} \mathbf{R}_1) = D^2(\sigma''_{\nu}) E^{22}(\mathbf{R}_1) [D^2(\sigma''_{\nu})]^{\dagger}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \text{ Trong đó } \begin{bmatrix} a = t_{11} \\ b = t_{12} \\ c = c_{21} \\ d = t_{22} \end{bmatrix} \\
&\Rightarrow E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_2) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}a - b + 3c + \sqrt{3}d}{4}
\end{aligned}$$



Tương tự ta tìm được:

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_3) = \frac{\sqrt{3}a + b - 3c - \sqrt{3}d}{4}$$

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_4) = -b$$

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_5) = \frac{\sqrt{3}a + b - 3c + \sqrt{3}d}{4}$$

$$E_{12}^{22}(\mathbf{R}_6) = \frac{\sqrt{3}a - b + 3c - \sqrt{3}d}{4}$$