Homework 7

Juwon Lee, Economics and Statistics, UCLA

2023-05-15

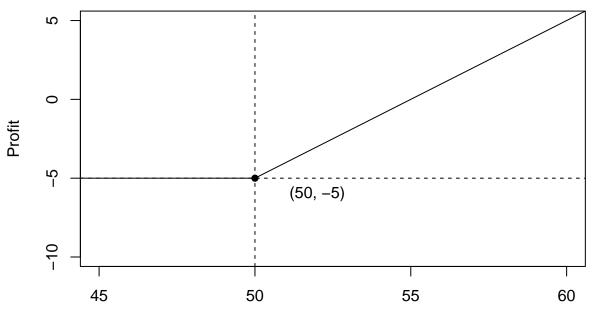
tinytex::install_tinytex()

Exercise 1.

```
a. Buy 1 put, and buy 1 stock.
Let the price of put p, the stock price S_0 and S_1, exercise price E.
```

```
Then, (1) if S_1 \uparrow, then -p + (S_1 - S_0), (2) if S_1 \downarrow, then -p + (E - S_1) + (S_1 - S_0) = -p + E - S_0. x7_hw7 \leftarrow seq(30, 50) y7_hw7 \leftarrow rep(-5, length(x7_hw7)) x8_hw7 \leftarrow seq(50, 70) y8_hw7 \leftarrow -55 + x8_hw7 plot(c(x7_hw7, x8_hw7), c(y7_hw7, y8_hw7), type='l', xlim=c(45, 60), ylim=c(-10, 5), xlab='Stock Price abline(v=50, lty='dashed'); abline(h=-5, lty='dashed') points(50,-5, pch=16); text(52,-6, '(50, -5)')
```

Buy 1 put + Buy 1 Stock (Example)



Suppose you sell 1 call option and sell 1 stock.

Then (1) if $S_1 \uparrow$, then $-c + (S_1 - S_0)$.

(2) if
$$S_1 \downarrow$$
, then $-c + (E - S_1) + (S_1 - S_0) = -c + E - S_0$.

It is equivalent to protective put, if put-call parity holds.

b. We don't know the price of call options c_1, c_2, c_3 , but we take long position of two call options at each of 50 and 60, and take take one short position of call option at 55.

Exercise 2.

```
a. S_0 = 110, c = 17, p = 5, r = 0.05, E = 105, t = 1. put-call parity is p + S_0 = c + Ee^{-rt}, so that 5 + 110 \neq 17 + 105 * e^{-0.05} = 17 + 99.87909 = 116.87909. Thus, call option is overprised.
```

If we take short call, long put, and long the stock, then

- (1) S < 105: 17 + (-5) + (105 S) + (S 110) = 7.
- (2) S > 105: 17 + (-5) + (S 110) = S 98 > 7.

Thus, there can be riskless profit.

b.
$$p_A = 4, S_0 = 46, E = 51, t = 1, r = 0.005.$$

Lower bound of put is $p \ge Ee^{-rt} - S_0$, so that $4 \ge 51 * e^{-0.005} - 46 = 4.745636$. Thus, it doesn't hold.

In this situation, if we lend 50\$ and buy 1 put and 1 stock.

- (1) $S_1 < 51$: $S_1 + (51 S_1) 50 * 1.005 = 0.75$.
- (2) $S_1 > 51$: $S_1 50 * 1.005 = S_1 50.25 > 0.75$.

Thus, there can be riskless profit.

Exercise 3.

```
Sell call option at c = 4, S_0 = 47, E = 50.
```

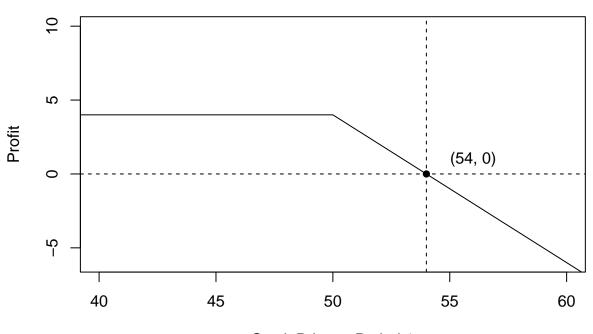
- (1) $S_1 < 50$: 4.
- (2) $S_1 > 50$: $4 + (50 S_1) = 54 S_1$.

```
x_hw7 <- seq(30, 50)
y_hw7 <- rep(4,21)

x2_hw7 <- seq(50, 70)
y2_hw7 <- 54 - x2_hw7

plot(c(x_hw7,x2_hw7), c(y_hw7,y2_hw7), type='l', xlim=c(40, 60), ylim=c(-6, 10), xlab='Stock Price at Pabline(v=54, lty='dashed')
abline(h=0, lty='dashed')
points(54, 0, pch=16)
text(56, 1, '(54, 0)')</pre>
```

Sell 1 call



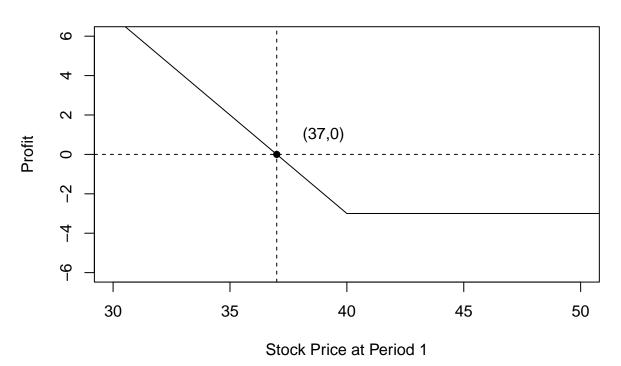
Stock Price at Period 1

Exercise 4

Buy 1 put option at $p = 3, S_0 = 42, E = 40$.

```
 \begin{array}{l} (1) \; S_1 < 40: \; (-3) + (40 - S_1) = 37 - S_1. \\ (2) \; S_1 > 40: \; -3. \\ \\ x3\_hw7 \; <- \; \sec(20, \; 40) \\ y3\_hw7 \; <- \; 37 \; - \; x3\_hw7 \\ \\ x4\_hw7 \; <- \; \exp(40, \; 60) \\ y4\_hw7 \; <- \; \operatorname{rep}(-3, \; \operatorname{length}(x4\_hw7)) \\ \\ plot(c(x3\_hw7, \; x4\_hw7), \; c(y3\_hw7, \; y4\_hw7), \; \operatorname{type='l'}, \; \operatorname{xlim=c}(30, \; 50), \; \operatorname{ylim=c}(-6,6), \; \operatorname{xlab='Stock} \; \operatorname{Price} \; \operatorname{at} \; \operatorname{abline}(v=37, \; \operatorname{lty='dashed'}) \\ \operatorname{abline}(h=0, \; \operatorname{lty='dashed'}) \\ \operatorname{points}(37,0,\operatorname{pch=16}) \\ \operatorname{text}(39,1, \; '(37,0)') \\ \end{array}
```

Buy 1 put



Exercise 5

b. (1) S < 50: -5.

Buy 2 put at 6 * 2 = 12, 1 call at 5. Let E = 50.

```
a. (1) S < 50: -12 + 2 * (50 - S) = 88 - 2S. (2) S > 50: -12.
```

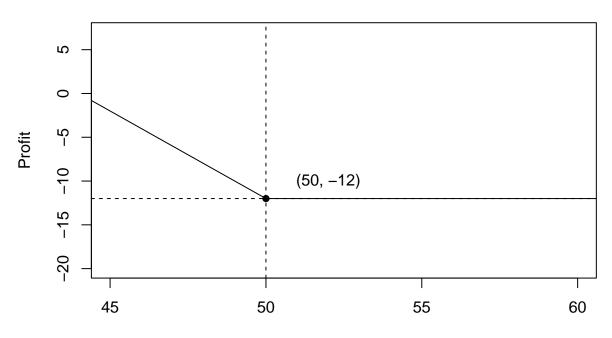
```
(2) S > 50: -5 + (S - 50) = -55 + S.

x6_hw7 <- seq(50, 70)
y6_hw7 <- rep(-12, length(x6_hw7))

x5_hw7 <- seq(30, 50)
y5_hw7 <- 88 - 2 * x5_hw7

plot(c(x5_hw7, x6_hw7), c(y5_hw7, y6_hw7), type='l', xlim=c(45, 60), ylim=c(-20, 7), xlab='Stock Price abline(v=50, lty='dashed')
abline(h=-12, lty='dashed')
points(50,-12,pch=16)
text(52,-10, '(50, -12)')
```

Buy 2 puts



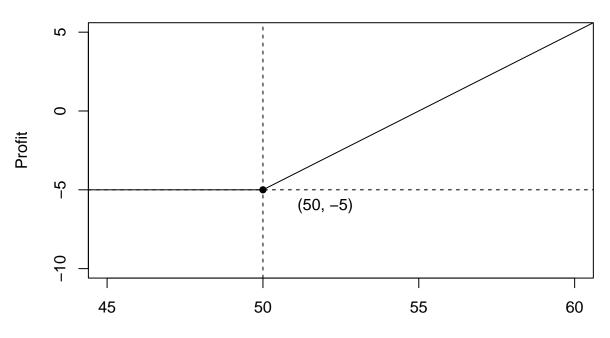
Stock Price at Period 1

```
x7_hw7 <- seq(30, 50)
y7_hw7 <- rep(-5, length(x7_hw7))

x8_hw7 <- seq(50, 70)
y8_hw7 <- -55 + x8_hw7

plot(c(x7_hw7, x8_hw7), c(y7_hw7, y8_hw7), type='l', xlim=c(45, 60), ylim=c(-10, 5), xlab='Stock Price abline(v=50, lty='dashed')
abline(h=-5, lty='dashed')
points(50,-5, pch=16)
text(52,-6, '(50, -5)')</pre>
```

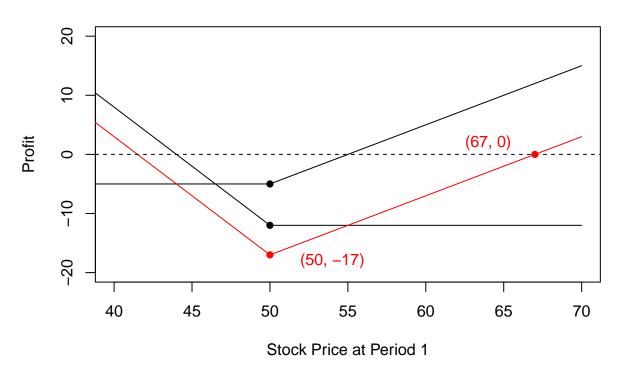
Buy 1 call



Stock Price at Period 1

```
plot(c(x7_hw7, x8_hw7), c(y7_hw7, y8_hw7), type='l', xlim=c(40, 70), ylim=c(-20, 20), xlab='Stock Price
lines(c(x5_hw7, x6_hw7), c(y5_hw7, y6_hw7))
lines(c(x5_hw7, x6_hw7), c(y5_hw7 + y7_hw7, y6_hw7 + y8_hw7), col='red')
points(50, -5, pch=16)
points(50, -12, pch=16)
points(50, -17, pch=16, col='red')
abline(h=0, lty='dashed')
points(67, 0, pch=16, col='red')
text(54, -18, '(50, -17)', col='red')
text(64, 2, '(67, 0)', col='red')
```

Buy (1 call + 2 puts)



Exercise 6.

Sell two calls at $E_a=45, C_a=5$, buy one call at $E_b=40, C_b=8$.

```
a. (1) S < 45: 10. (2) S > 45: 10 + 2 * (45 - S) = 100 - 2S. b. (1) S < 40: -8. (2) S > 40: -8 + (S - 40) = S - 48. a + b. (1) S < 40: 2. (2) S < 40: 2. (2) S < 40: 2. (3) S > 45: S - S = (S - S).
```

```
x9_hw7 <- seq(20, 40)
y9_hw7 <- rep(2, length(x9_hw7))

x10_hw7 <- seq(40, 45)
y10_hw7 <- x10_hw7 - 38

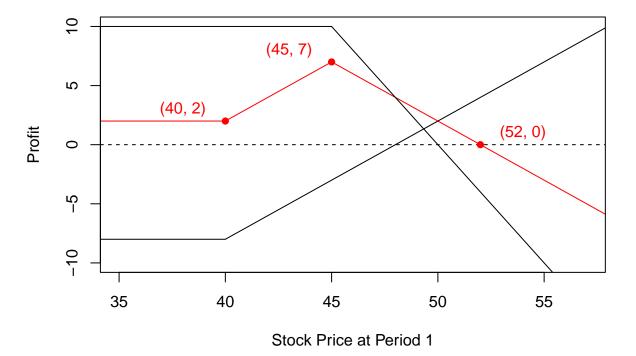
x11_hw7 <- seq(45, 60)
y11_hw7 <- 52 - x11_hw7

x12_hw7 <- seq(20, 45)
y12_hw7 <- rep(10, length(x12_hw7))

x13_hw7 <- seq(45, 60)
y13_hw7 <- 100 - 2 * x13_hw7</pre>
```

```
x14_hw7 \leftarrow seq(20, 40)
y14_hw7 <- rep(-8, length(x14_hw7))
x15_hw7 \leftarrow seq(40, 60)
y15_hw7 <- x15_hw7 - 48
plot(c(x9_hw7, x10_hw7, x11_hw7), c(y9_hw7, y10_hw7, y11_hw7), type='l', col='red', xlim=c(35, 57), ylim=c(35, 57), ylim=c(35,
                     xlab='Stock Price at Period 1', ylab='Profit', main='Buy 1 call + Sell 2 calls')
lines(x12_hw7, y12_hw7)
lines(x13_hw7, y13_hw7)
lines(x14_hw7, y14_hw7)
lines(x15_hw7, y15_hw7)
abline(h=0, lty='dashed')
points(40, 2, pch=16, col='red')
points(45, 7, pch=16, col='red')
points(52, 0, pch=16, col='red')
text(38, 3, '(40, 2)', col='red')
text(43, 8, '(45, 7)', col='red')
text(54, 1, '(52, 0)', col='red')
```

Buy 1 call + Sell 2 calls



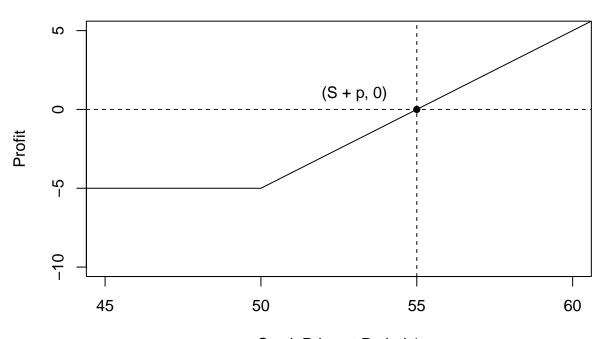
Exercise 7.

```
p + S_0 = c + Ee^{-rt}.
```

a. Long put, long stock. (1) $S_1 < E$: $-p + (E - S_1) + (S_1 - S_0) = -p + E - S_0$. (2) $S_1 > E$: $-p + (S_1 - S_0)$.

```
plot(c(x7_hw7, x8_hw7), c(y7_hw7, y8_hw7), type='l', xlim=c(45, 60), ylim=c(-10, 5), xlab='Stock Price abline(v=55, lty='dashed')
abline(h=0, lty='dashed')
points(55,0, pch=16)
text(53,1, '(S + p, 0)')
```

Long put + Long Stock

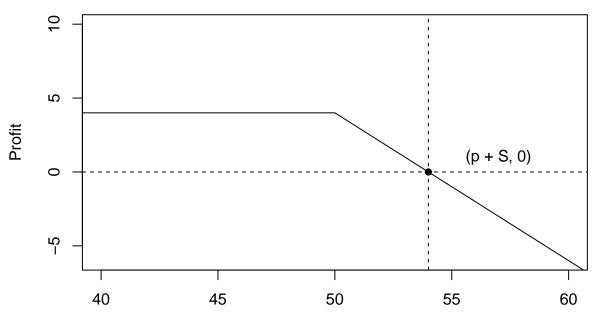


Stock Price at Period 1

b. Short put, short stock. (1) $S_1 < E$: $p + (S_1 - E) + (S_0 - S_1) = p + S_0 - E$. (2) $S_1 > E$: $p + (S_0 - S_1)$.

```
plot(c(x_hw7,x2_hw7), c(y_hw7,y2_hw7), type='1', xlim=c(40, 60), ylim=c(-6, 10), xlab='Stock Price at P
abline(v=54, lty='dashed')
abline(h=0, lty='dashed')
points(54, 0, pch=16)
text(57, 1, '(p + S, 0)')
```

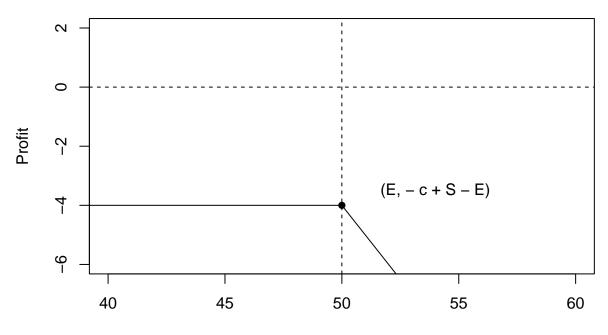
Short put + Short stock



Stock Price at Period 1

c. Long call, short stock. (1) $S_1 < E$: $-c + (S_0 - S_1)$. (2) $S_1 > E$: $-c + (S_1 - E) + (S_0 - S_1) = -c + S_0 - E$.

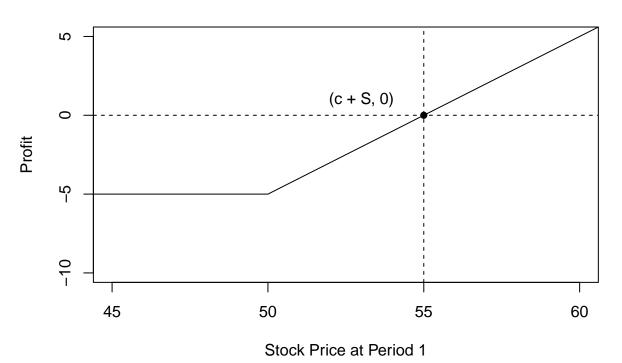
Long call + Short stock



Stock Price at Period 1

```
d. Short call, long stock. (1) S_1 < E: -c + (S_1 - S_0). (2) S_1 > E: -c + (E - S_1) + (S_1 - S_0) = -c + E - S_0. plot(c(x7_hw7, x8_hw7), c(y7_hw7, y8_hw7), type='l', xlim=c(45, 60), ylim=c(-10, 5), xlab='Stock Price abline(v=55, lty='dashed') abline(h=0, lty='dashed') points(55,0, pch=16) text(53,1, '(c + S, 0)')
```

Short call + Long Stock



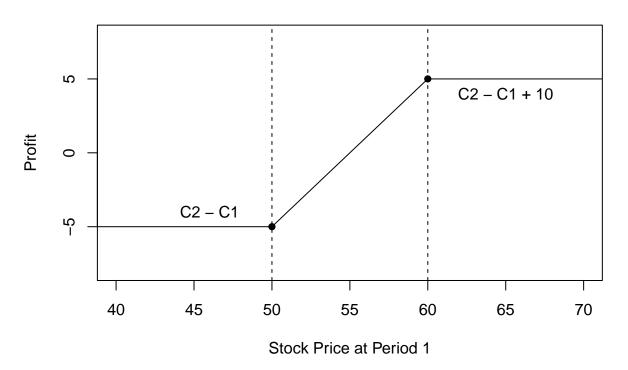
Exercise 8.

a. Bull call spread Buy one call at $c_1, E = 50$, sell one call at $c_2, E = 60$. Larger the exercise price, then cheaper option price, because it is the right to buy more expensive option. Thus, suppose $c_1 > c_2$.

```
 \begin{array}{l} (1) \ S_1 < 50: \ -c_1 + c_2. \\ (2) \ 50 < S_1 < 60: \ -c_1 + (S_1 - 50) + c_2. \\ (3) \ S_1 > 60: \ -c_1 + (S_2 - 50) + c_2 + (60 - S_2) = (c_2 - c_1) + 10. \\ \\ x16\_hw7 < -seq(-10, 50) \\ y16\_hw7 < -rep(-5, length(x16\_hw7)) \\ \\ x17\_hw7 < -seq(50, 60) \\ y17\_hw7 < --5 - 50 + x17\_hw7 \\ \\ x18\_hw7 < -seq(60, 90) \\ y18\_hw7 < -rep(5, length(x18\_hw7)) \\ \\ plot(c(x16\_hw7, x17\_hw7, x18\_hw7), c(y16\_hw7, y17\_hw7, y18\_hw7), type='l', xlim=c(40, 70), ylim=c(-8, 8 \\ xlab='Stock Price at Period 1', ylab= 'Profit', main='Bull call spread') \\ abline(v=50, lty='dashed') \\ \end{array}
```

```
abline(v=60, lty='dashed')
points(50,-5, pch=16)
points(60, 5, pch=16)
text(46, -4, 'C2 - C1')
text(65, 4, 'C2 - C1 + 10')
```

Bull call spread



b. Bear put spread Buy one put at $p_1, E = 60$, sell one put at $p_2, E = 50$. Larger the exercise price, more expensive the option price, because it is the right to sell at that level of price. Thus, suppose $p_1 > p_2$.

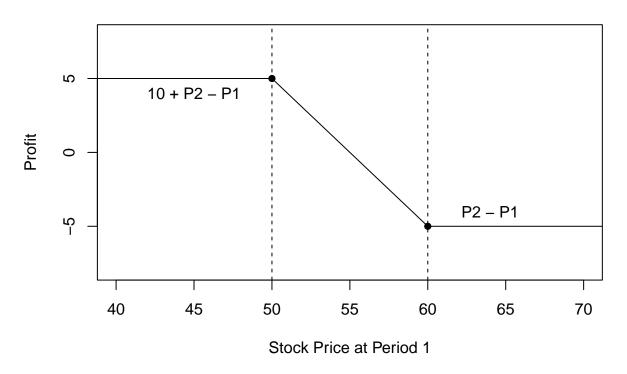
```
(1) S_1 < 50: -p_1 + (60 - S_1) + p_2 + (S_1 - 50) = 10 + (p_2 - p_1).
```

(2) $50 < S_1 < 60$: $-p_1 + (60 - S_1) + p_2$.

(3) $S_1 > 60$: $-p_1 + p_2$.

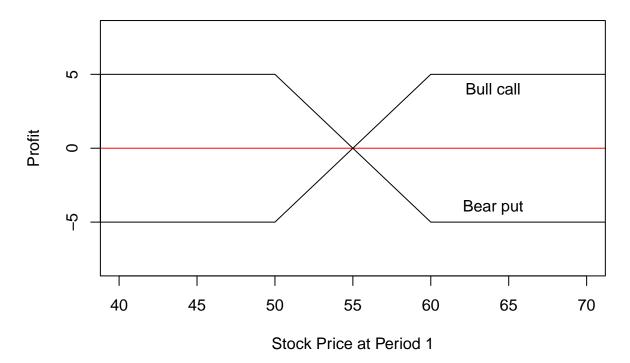
```
plot(c(x16_hw7, x17_hw7, x18_hw7), c(y16_hw7 + 10, (-1) * y17_hw7, y18_hw7 - 10), type='l', xlim=c(40, xlab='Stock Price at Period 1', ylab= 'Profit', main='Bear put spread')
abline(v=50, lty='dashed')
abline(v=60, lty='dashed')
points(50, 5, pch=16)
points(60, -5, pch=16)
text(45, 4, '10 + P2 - P1')
text(64, -4, 'P2 - P1')
```

Bear put spread



c. Bull call spread + Bear put spread

Bull call Spread + Bear put spread



Exercise 9.

Sell put option at p_2 , $E_1 = 50$, buy one put option at p_1 , $E_2 = 60$, then $E_2 > E_1$. This is same with the case of Exercise 8. a. Bear put spread, if we take $p_2 - p_1 = 5$. QED

Exercise 10.

```
Sell one call at c_1, E_1 = 50, buy one call at c_2, E_2 = 60.
Suppose c_1 > c_2.
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} (1) \; S_1 < 50: \; c_1 - c_2. \\ (2) \; 50 < S_1 < 60: \; c_1 + (50 - S_1) - c_2. \\ (3) \; S_1 > 60: \; c_1 + (50 - S_1) - c_2 + (S_1 - 60) = c_1 - c_2 - 10. \\ \\ \text{plot}(c(\texttt{x}16\_\texttt{hw7}, \ \texttt{x}17\_\texttt{hw7}, \ \texttt{x}18\_\texttt{hw7}), \; c(\texttt{y}16\_\texttt{hw7} + 10, \ (-1) \ * \ \texttt{y}17\_\texttt{hw7}, \; \texttt{y}18\_\texttt{hw7} - 10), \; \texttt{type='l'}, \; \texttt{xlim=c}(40, \ \texttt{xlab='Stock Price at Period 1'}, \; \texttt{ylab='Profit'}, \; \texttt{main='Sell one call + Buy one call'}) \\ \text{abline}(\texttt{v=50}, \ \texttt{lty='dashed'}) \\ \text{points}(50, \ 5, \ \texttt{pch=16}) \\ \text{points}(60, \ -5, \ \texttt{pch=16}) \\ \text{text}(46, \ 4, \ '\texttt{C}1 - \texttt{C}2') \\ \text{text}(65, \ -4, \ '\texttt{C}1 - \texttt{C}2 - 10') \\ \end{array}
```

Sell one call + Buy one call

