

# 1. EDA REPORT

## Land Type Classification - Exploratory Data Analysis Report

Date: [Current Date]  
Project: Land Type Classification using EuroSAT Sentinel-2 Images  
Dataset: EuroSAT RGB (27,000 images, 10 classes)

### Executive Summary

This exploratory data analysis examines the EuroSAT dataset containing 27,000 satellite images across 10 land type categories. The analysis reveals a moderately balanced dataset with some class imbalances, diverse visual characteristics across categories, and good potential for deep learning model development.

### Dataset Overview

|  |      |          |
|--|------|----------|
| text                                       | Copy | Download |
| AnnualCrop: 3,000 images (11.1%)           |      |          |
| Forest: 3,000 images (11.1%)               |      |          |
| HerbaceousVegetation: 3,000 images (11.1%) |      |          |
| Highway: 2,500 images (9.3%)               |      |          |
| Industrial: 2,500 images (9.3%)            |      |          |
| Pasture: 2,000 images (7.4%)               |      |          |
| PermanentCrop: 2,500 images (9.3%)         |      |          |
| Residential: 3,000 images (11.1%)          |      |          |
| River: 2,500 images (9.3%)                 |      |          |
| SeaLake: 3,000 images (11.1%)              |      |          |

### Key Findings

#### 1. Data Quality Assessment

- All images are properly labeled and accessible
- Consistent 64x64 pixel resolution across dataset
- RGB color space uniformity maintained
- No corrupted or missing images detected

#### 2. Class Balance Analysis

The dataset shows moderate class imbalance

Pasture class has the fewest samples (2,000)

Seven classes have adequate representation (2,500-3,000 samples)

Data augmentation recommended for minority classes

### 3. Visual Characteristics

Clear visual distinctions between natural and man-made classes

Seasonal variations visible in agricultural classes

Urban classes show structural patterns

Water bodies exhibit distinctive color signatures

### **Recommendations**

Implement class-weighted loss functions to handle imbalance

Apply data augmentation for underrepresented classes

Consider transfer learning for improved feature extraction

Monitor model performance across all classes during training