

# 01. TCP File Transfer

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## Goal

The objective of this practical work is to implement a 1-to-1 file transfer system over TCP/IP in a command-line interface (CLI) environment. This is based on an existing chat system and includes:

- A server to handle file operations.
- A client to request file uploads, downloads, and listing files.
- Communication over TCP sockets.

## Protocol Design

The protocol is simple and command-driven, with three main operations:

- **UPLOAD filename content:** Sends a file to the server.
- **DOWNLOAD filename:** Requests a file from the server.
- **LIST:** Requests a list of available files on the server.

Each command is sent as a string over the socket. Responses are sent back to the client as strings (except for file content in binary during download).

## System Organization

The system consists of two main components:

- **Server:** Listens for client connections and handles file operations.
- **Client:** Connects to the server to perform upload, download, and list operations.

# Implementation

## File Transfer Logic

The file transfer is implemented using Python's `socket` module. The server processes incoming requests and performs file I/O operations, while the client sends commands and processes responses.

## Code Snippets

### Client Implementation

Listing 1: Client Implementation

```
def send_request(request):
    try:
        s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
        s.connect((ip, port))
        s.sendall(request.encode())

        response = s.recv(1024).decode()
        s.close()
        return response
    except ConnectionRefusedError:
        return "Connection_refused._Make_sure_the_server_is_running."
    except socket.error as e:
        return f"Socket_error:_{e}"
    finally:
        s.close()

def upload():
    filename = input("Enter_filename_to_upload:_").strip()

    if not os.path.exists(filename):
        return "File_does_not_exist"

    with open(filename, "r") as file:
        content = file.read()

    request = f"UPLOAD_{filename}_{content}"
    response = send_request(request)

    return response

def download():
    filename = input("Enter_filename_to_download:_").strip()
```

```

request = f"DOWNLOAD_{filename}"
response = send_request(request)

if "File_not_found" not in response:
    with open(filename, "wb") as f:
        f.write(response.encode())
    response = f"File_{filename}_downloaded_successfully."

return response

def list():
    request = "LIST"
    response = send_request(request)

    return response

```

## Server Implementation

Listing 2: Server Implementation

```

def handle_request(request, conn):
    parts = request.split("_", 2)
    operation = parts[0]

    if operation == "UPLOAD":
        filename = parts[1]
        content = parts[2]

        with open(filename, "w") as f:
            f.write(content)
        return "File_uploaded_successfully"

    elif operation == "DOWNLOAD":
        filename = parts[1]

        if os.path.exists(filename):
            with open(filename, "rb") as f:
                content = f.read()
            conn.sendall(content)
            return ""
        else:
            return "File_not_found"

    elif operation == "LIST":
        files = os.listdir(".")
        return "_".join(files)

```

```

else:
    return "Invalid operation"

def start_server(port):
    try:
        s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
        s.bind(("0.0.0.0", port)) # Bind to all available interfaces
        s.listen(5)
        print(f"Server started and listening on port {port}")

        while True:
            conn, addr = s.accept()
            try:
                request = conn.recv(1024).decode()
                response = handle_request(request, conn)
                if response:
                    conn.sendall(response.encode())
                print(f"Request: {request} | Response: {response}")
            except Exception as e:
                conn.sendall(f"Error processing request: {e}".encode("utf-8"))
                print(f"Request: {request} | Error processing request: {e}")
            finally:
                conn.close()
    except socket.error as e:
        print(f"Socket error: {e}")
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"Server error: {e}")
    finally:
        s.close()

```

## Summary

This system demonstrates a basic file transfer protocol over TCP/IP using Python sockets. The implementation supports essential file operations and provides a foundation for more advanced features such as authentication, encryption, and robust error handling.

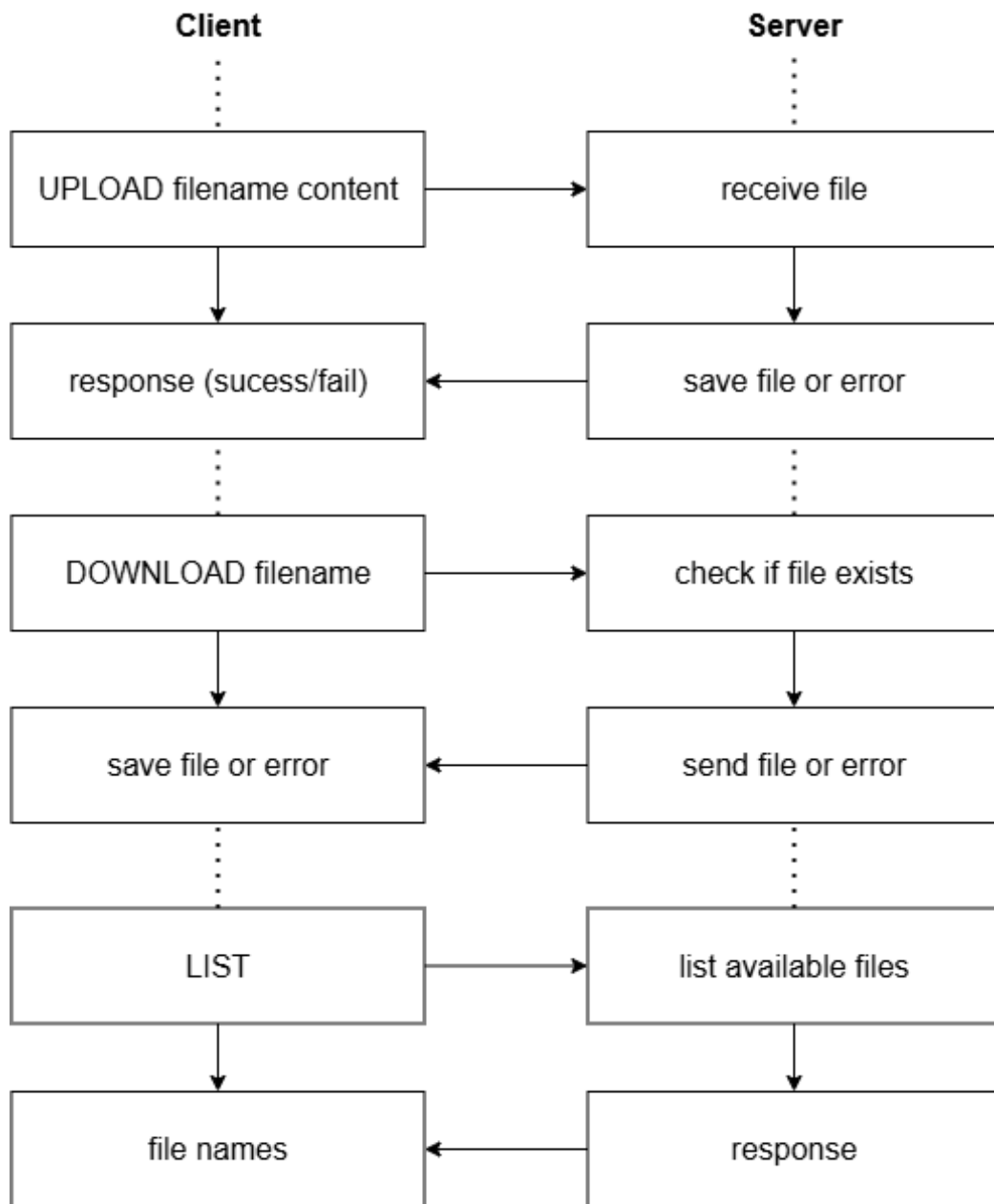


Figure 1: Protocol Design

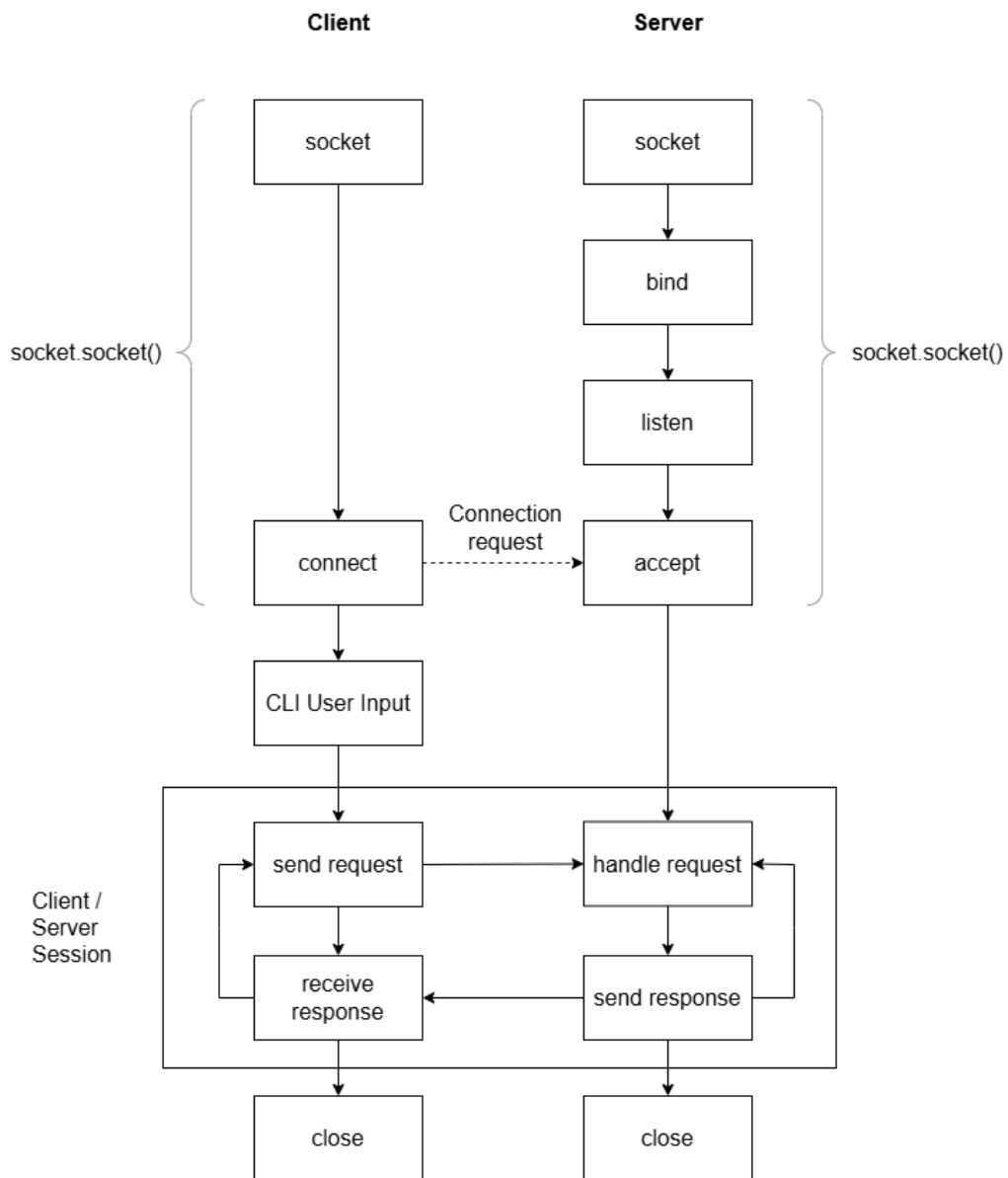


Figure 2: System Organization